

Grid Computing—The Hype, the Truth and the progression of ideas

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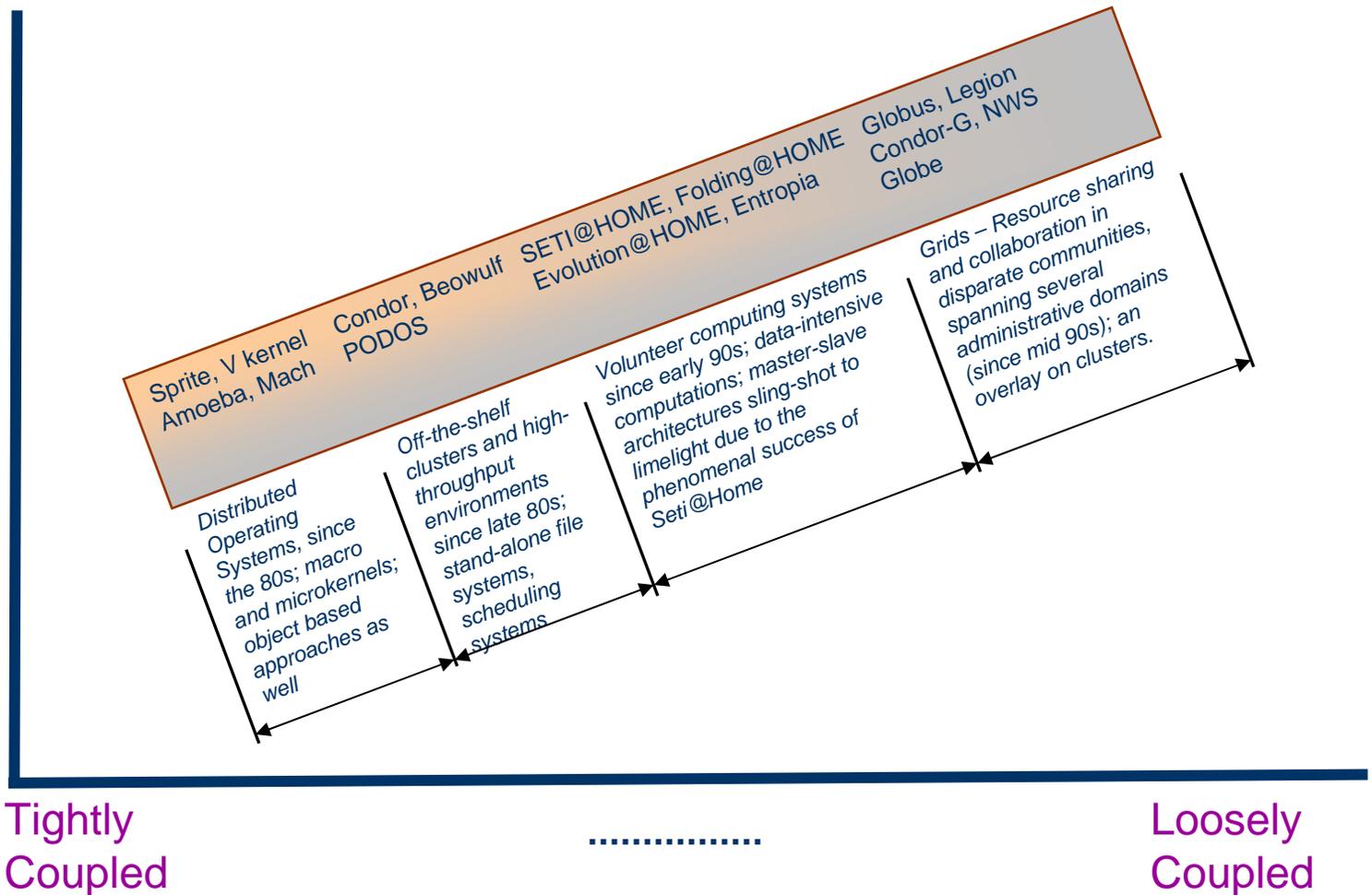
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Outline

- The Evolving Computing Landscape
- The Evolving Storage Landscape
- The Evolving Networking Landscape
- Grids

Evolving Computing Landscape

Time flies....



Distributed Operating Systems

- Highlights:

- Transparency
- Single system image
- Performance
- Resource Sharing
- Availability
- Fault Tolerance

- Illustrious Examples:

- Sprite
- Amoeba

- Drawbacks:

- Commercial viability?

In Search for Clusters...

- Highlights:

- COTS
- Excellent price/performance ratio
- Relaxed constraints
- High sustained throughput

- Illustrious Examples:

- Beowulf
- Condor

- Drawbacks:

- Single domain
- High maintenance

Volunteer Computing Systems

- **Highlights:**

- Harnessing idle compute cycles from Internet PCs
- Amassing tremendous aggregated CPU power
- Loosely coupled
- Divide & Conquer
- Client Server paradigm

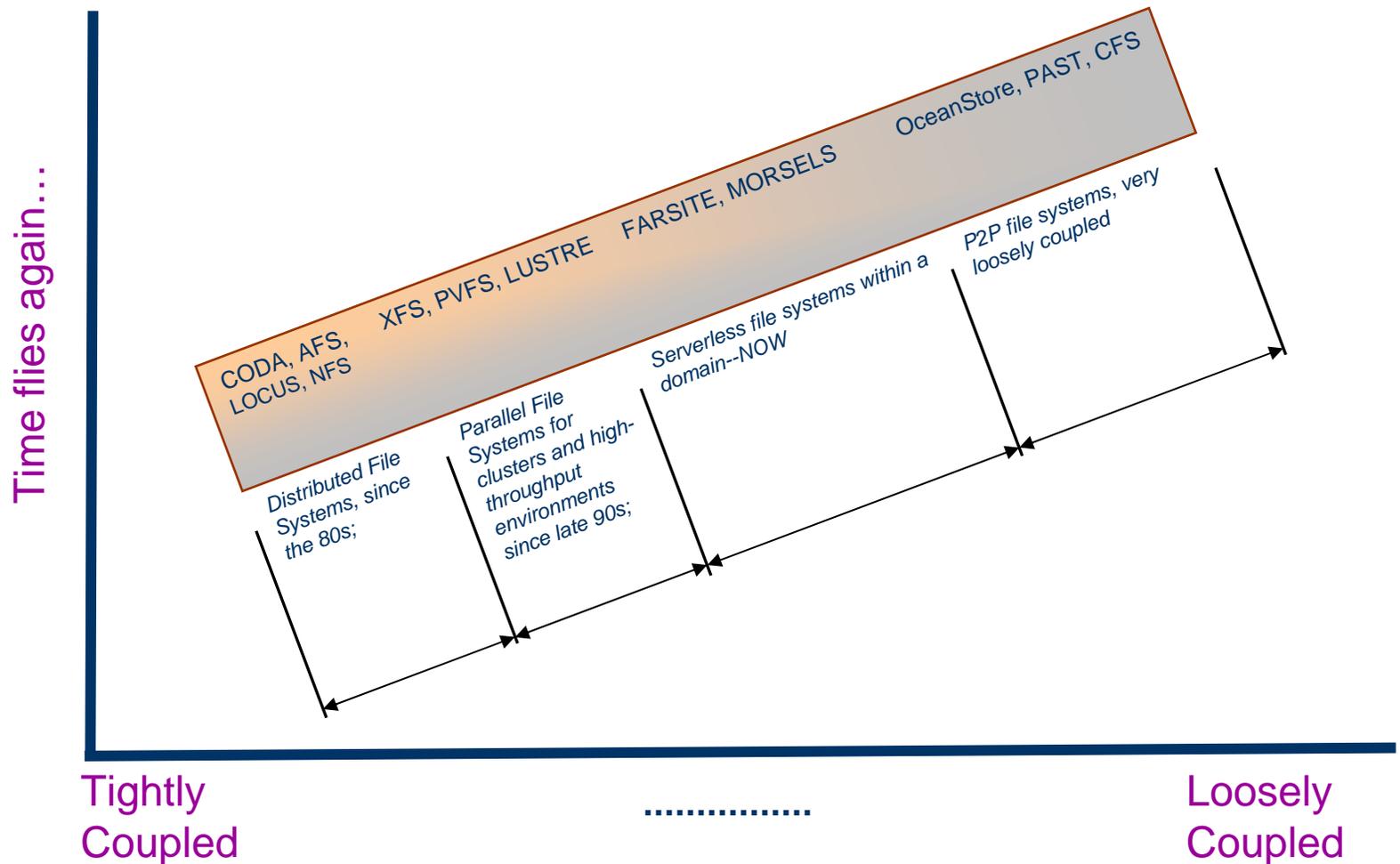
- **Illustrious Examples:**

- Seti@Home
- Folding@Home

- **Drawbacks:**

- Trust
- Malicious users
- Problem specific
- User contribution proportional to mass appeal of project

Evolving Storage Landscape



Family of File Systems

- **Distributed File Systems:**
 - Single system image (LOCUS)
 - Availability (Zebra)
 - Fault Tolerance (CODA)
- **Networked File Systems:**
 - Performance (NFS, PODOS)
- **Parallel File Systems:**
 - High performance for clusters
 - High-speed connectivity
 - Tightly coupled environments
- **Serverless File Systems:**
 - Resource sharing
 - Loosely coupled but within a domain (xFS, FARSITE, Morsels)
 - Small file sizes except in Morsels
- **P2P File Systems**
 - Very loosely coupled
 - Fault tolerant
 - Idle storage harnessing

Evolving Networks

- Simple LANs
- High-speed cluster interconnects: infiniband, myrinet, etc
- Optical Links
- TeraGrid



- UltraNet

3 DVDs? Factoids

OC192	10Gbps
OC48	2.4Gbps
OC12	622Mbps
OC3	155.5Mbps
OC1	51.8Mbps
T3	44.7Mbps
T1	1.54Mbps

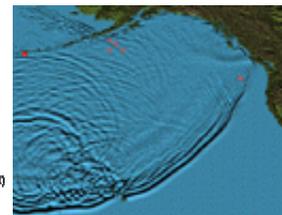
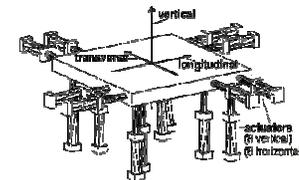
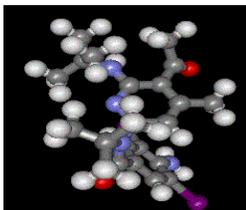
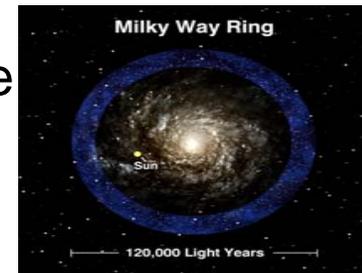
Meta-Message: *When multigigabit LANs and WANs become ubiquitous, and when message passing applications can tolerate high latency, the Grid becomes a Beowulf. – Jim Gray*

Why Grids...?



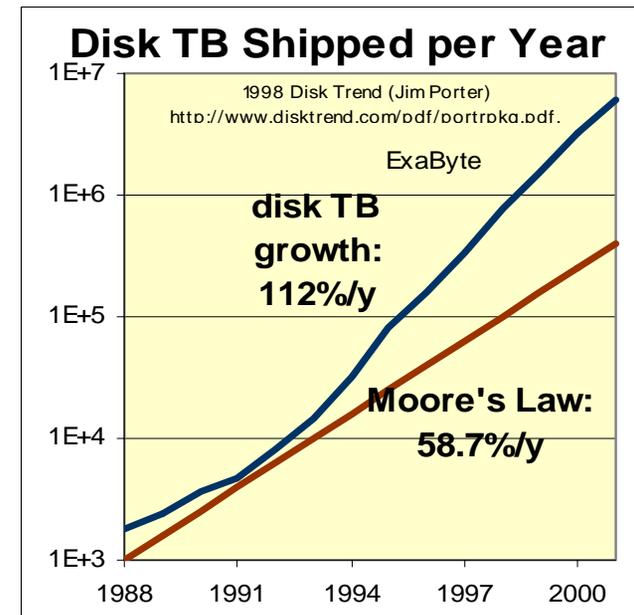
Challenge for the 21st Century

- All the kinds of problems we can solve using distributed data-intensive science
 - High Energy Physics (**GriPhyN**, **EUDataGrid**, **PPDG**)
 - Digital Sky Survey (**SDSS**)
 - Earthquake Simulations (**NEESgrid**)
 - SETI@Home, FightAIDS@Home, Folding@Home, Evolution@Home
 - Bio Terrorism (**Small Pox Research Grid**)
 - BioInformatics, Geo Spatial Analysis
 - Medical data, digitizing patient records (**Health Grid**)



Technology Trends

- Moore's Law: Price/Performance doubles every 18 months
- Storage capacity beating Moore's Law – doubles every 12 months
- What does it mean...?
 - New Storage = sum of all old storage
- Gilder's Law: Networks are improving every 8 months
 - WANs are becoming faster than LANs!
- So, Distributed Data-Intensive Science is the Next Step in Evolution...
- **E. coli doubles every 20 minutes!**



Meta-Message: Should we spend millions building petaflop supercomputers or spend it in building distributed software infrastructure?

So, What is the “Not-so-good” News?

- The Data Deluge...

- 2000 ~0.5 Petabyte
- 2005 ~10 Petabytes
- 2010 ~100 Petabytes
- 2015 ~1000 Petabytes?



- Problem:

- Massive data collections
- Computationally intensive analyses
- Rapid access to large subsets
- Data, computers, and users **distributed** across networks of varying capability
- How to collect, manage, access and interpret such huge quantities of data?

Factoids

10²⁴ Yotta

Zetta

Exa

10¹⁵ Peta

Tera

Giga

Mega

Kilo

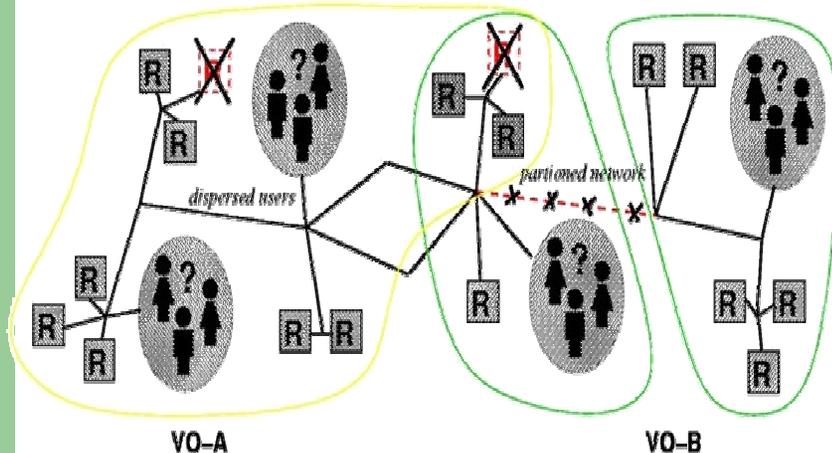
Meta-Message: “Remember this: With great power comes great responsibility!!” – Spiderman 😊

What are Grids anyway?

- Grids Galore:

- Data Grids, Compute Grids, Commodity Grids, Science Grids, Terra Grids, PC Grids, Bio Grids, **Rent-A-Grid?**

- The Grid Problem:



- Problem Elements:

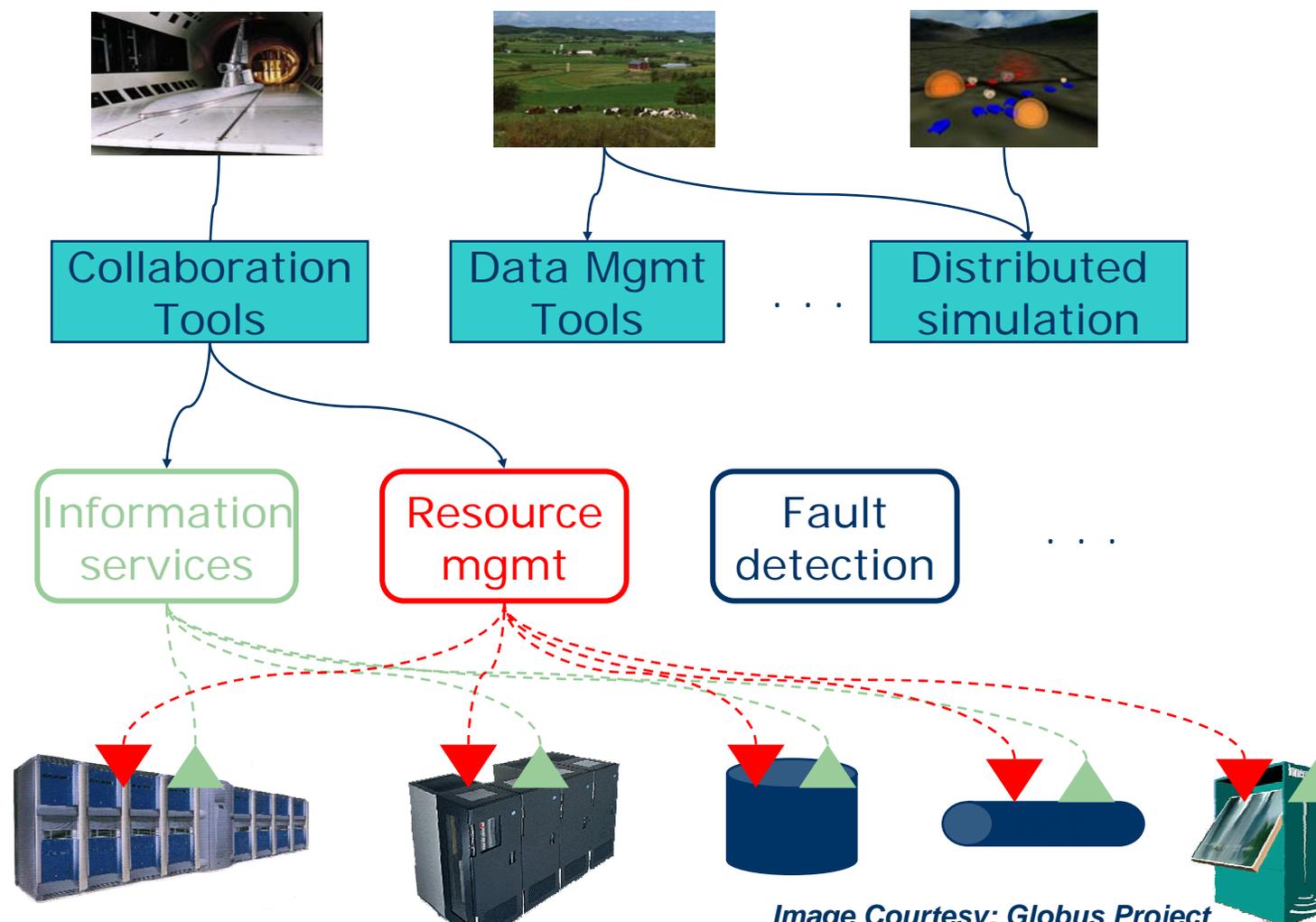
- Resource Sharing across massively disparate Virtual Organizations
- No implicit trust
- Coordinated problem solving (data, computation, networks)

- What constitutes a Grid then?

- Middleware
- No centralized control
- The Web is NOT a Grid (**not yet!**)
- Grid is NOT a distributed OS
- “On-the-Internet” = Speak IP
- “On-the-Grid” = Speak Intergrid Protocols

Meta-Message: Provide dependable, consistent, pervasive access to high-end computational capabilities – Carl & Ian

The Role of Grid Middleware



Remote access



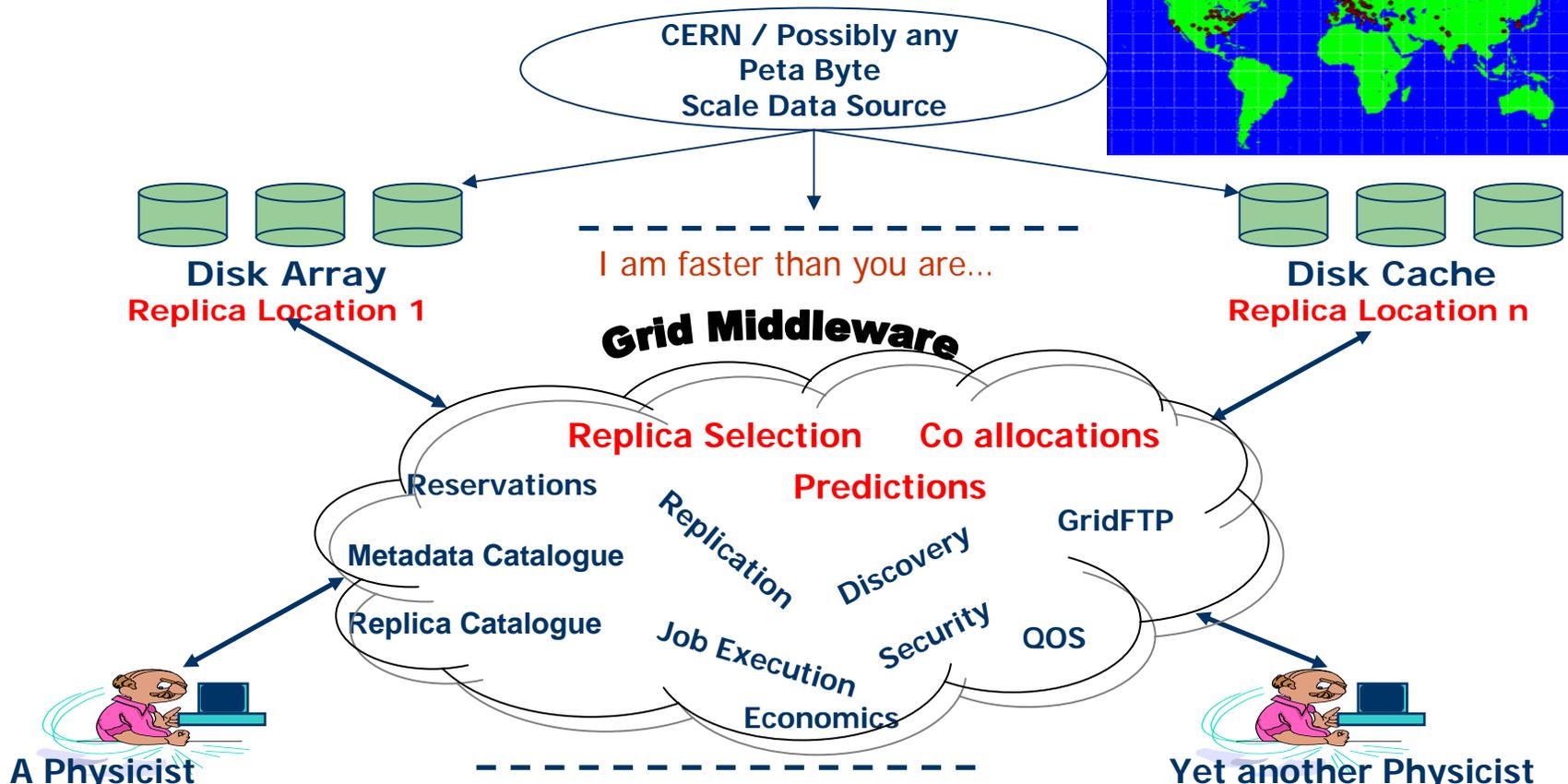
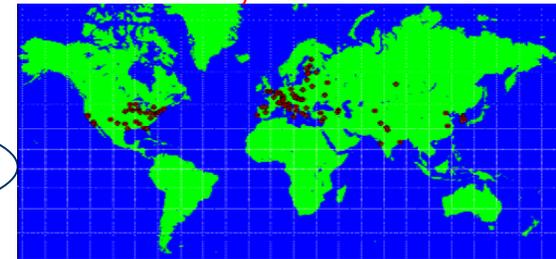
Remote monitor



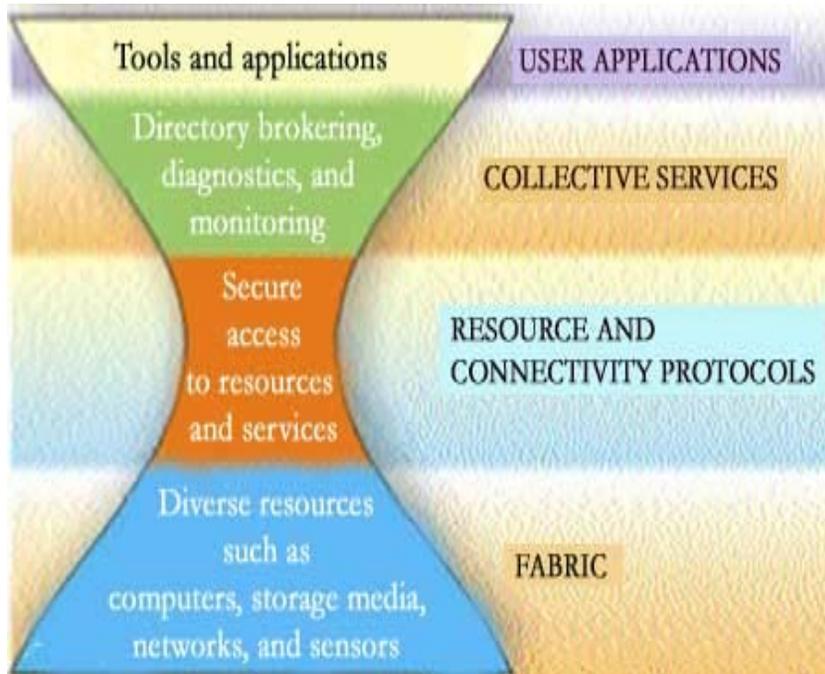
Problem Scope

- Problem:
 - Resource sharing across domains

2000 Physicists, 150
Institutes, 32 Countries



Globus Grid Architecture



Constructing Layered Services to handle Data Management

How to manage/select/co-allocate replicas?

How to access/retrieve data?
GridFTP, SRB, etc.

How to authenticate to these?
Kerberos, GSI, etc.

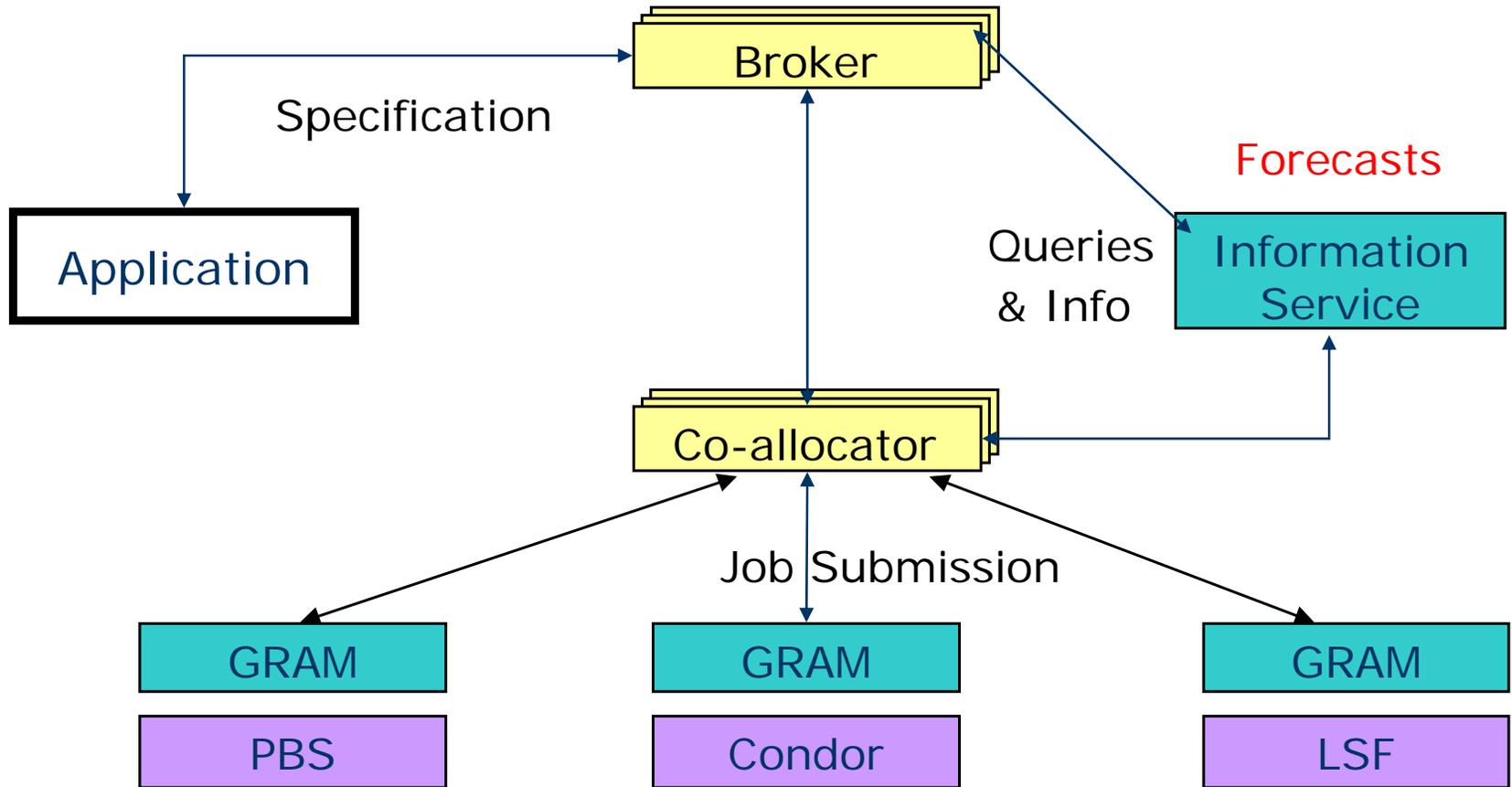
How to create/delete files?
DPSS, HPSS, UNIX FS, etc.



Talk Resource & Connectivity Protocols and you are on the Grid.

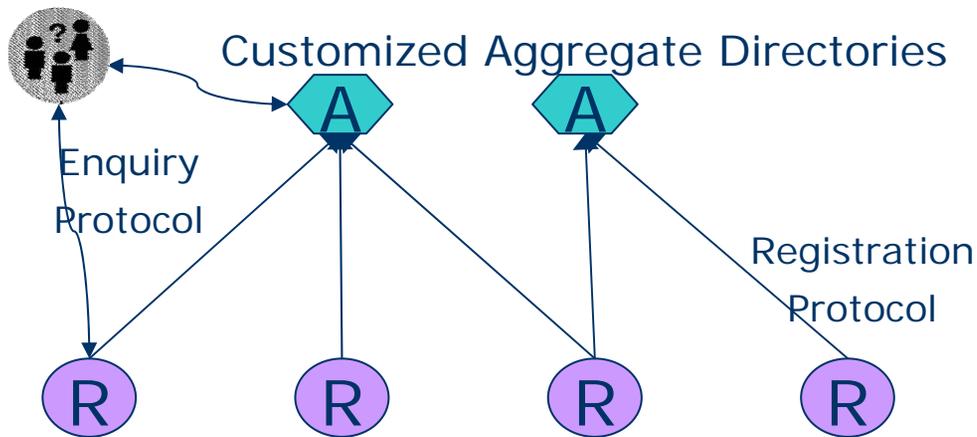
Meta-Message: Bottom-Up approach Works!!

Resource Management Architecture



Grid Information Service

- Mechanisms to expose:
 - Identify, collect and publish server load details
 - Discovery in the context of an information service
- Publish/Query Infrastructure



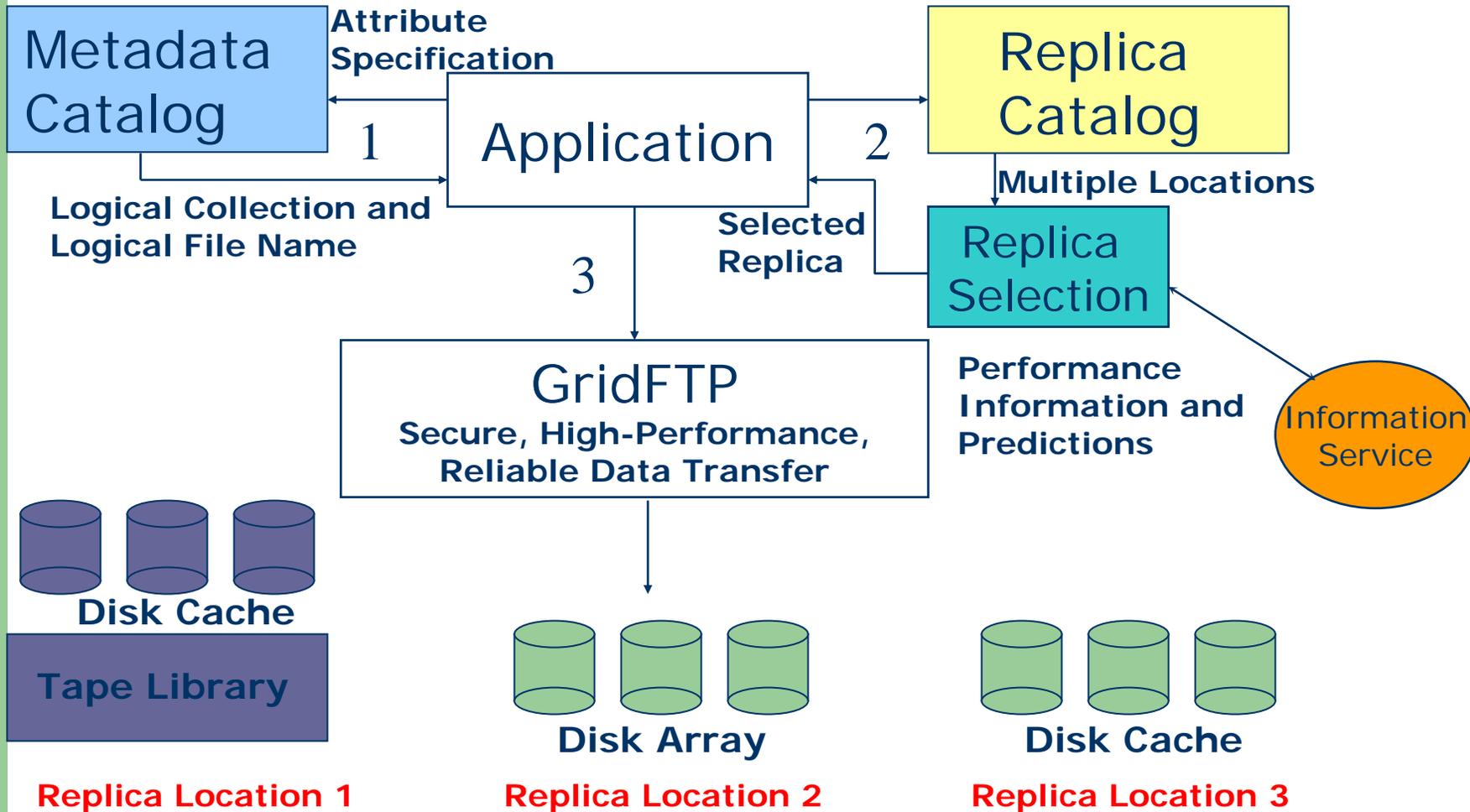
Standard Resource Description Services

Sample Storage Information Provider

```
dn:"140.221.65.69,  
hostname=dpsslx04.lbl.gov,dc=lbl,dc=gov,o  
=grid"  
cn:"140.221.65.69"  
gridftpurl:"gsiftp://dpsslx04.lbl.gov:61000"  
minrdbandwidth:1462K  
maxrdbandwidth:12800K  
avgrdbandwidth:6062K
```

.....
Policy: only these sites & at this time

Data Location and Scheduling Architecture



Further Information...

- Grid Forum: www.ggf.org
- My Website: www.csm.ornl.gov/~vazhkuda
- Email: vazhkudaiss@ornl.gov

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