

# Phase Selection Phenomena During Low Alloy Steel Weld Solidification

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Phase selection of nonequilibrium austenite phase at rapid liquid/solid interface velocities instead of equilibrium delta-ferrite in stainless-steel weld is a well-known phenomenon. Although, such transitions are possible even in low-alloy steel weld solidification, experimental observations of such transitions have been very difficult due to subsequent low-temperature solid-state transformation. Recently, transitions from the ferrite to austenite mode of solidification by increasing the liquid-solid interface velocities were measured in Fe-C-Al-Mn spot welds with different aluminum concentrations. The measurements were made through in-situ Synchrotron time-resolved X-ray diffraction investigations. Since spot-welds experience uncontrollable increasing liquid-solid interface velocity, additional laser welding experiments were performed to obtain well-controlled liquid-solid interface velocities. In these welds, the transition from ferrite to austenite phase selection did not occur due to the geometry of the weld pool restricting the liquid-solid interface velocity below a critical level. In this paper, these transitions were evaluated with computational thermodynamic calculations. The calculations showed that the  $T_0$  temperature for liquid - ferrite phase equilibria was always higher than that of the  $T_0$  temperature for liquid - austenite phase equilibria indicating the improbability of transition from ferrite to austenite mode of solidification. In addition, a multicomponent interface-response function model was used to evaluate the dendrite tip temperature of ferrite and austenite as a function of interface velocity. The calculations showed that the change in ferrite to austenite mode of solidification in these steels could only be predicted by modifying Gibbs Thompson coefficients ( $\Gamma$ ) or stability parameter ( $\sigma^*$ ). The implication of these results and practical application of these models on prediction of low-alloy steel weld microstructure will be discussed.

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