Localized states due to oxygen in II-VI semiconductors

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Localized-Delocalized Transition in GaAsN



Do oxygen cluster states occur in II-VI materials?

What are their properties?

Computational methodology

- I. Isolated impurity calculations
 - Zn<u>Te</u>:O, Zn<u>Se</u>:O,Zn<u>S</u>:O
 - $Cd\underline{Te}:O, Cd\underline{Se}:O, Cd\underline{S}:O$
- 2. Fully relaxed self-consistent density functional calculations
 - PAW and norm-conserving pseudopotential
 - Up to 216 atom supercells (~18x18x18A)
 - Local density approximation
- 3. Electronic states characterised using:
 - Calculated localisation (charge within sphere) Q =

$$\int_0^R |\Psi|^2 dr$$

- Density of states under hydrostatic pressure
- "Majority representation" G/L/X
 Wang et al. PRL 80 4725 (1998)

Localization in GaP:N



Nitrogen localized a₁(N) 4096 atom EPM calculation 50% of charge with ~5A In Ga<u>P</u>:N (0.01%):

Level ~30 meV below CBM Introduces Γ character -"direct gap"

Delocalized wavefunction



Localized states in ZnTe:O



Oxygen localized a1(O)

216 atom LDA-DFT 50% of charge within ~6A In Zn<u>Te</u>:O:

Level ~0.6 eV below conduction band edge.

"Deeper" version of GaX:N

Delocalized wavefunction



Localization in ZnTe:O



More localised than for Ga<u>As</u>:N due to larger energetic separation between states. Kent and Zunger PRB **64** 115208 (2001)

DOS and Pressure effects in ZnTe:O



Summary of II-VI:O results





 Localization always found: gap state only for ZnTe, resonant states in other cases.
 O level *approximately* pinned in energy across material

Pressure effects

Resonant states emerge into the gap with hydrostatic pressure



"Few GPa emergence"

Band edge: Large pressure coefficient O level: Small pressure coefficient



All O levels can be observed under sufficient pressure

Gamma and L-point states strongly coupled



⁶⁴ atom G/L/X data

- O causes localized states in II-VI
 - ZnTe:O level in gap
 - Other materials: resonant level
- Similar to N levels in III-Vs
 - Small pressure coefficient
 - O pairs, clusters (deeper)
 - Large, composition dependent bowing
- Many band phenomenon:
 - G,L-states strongly coupled