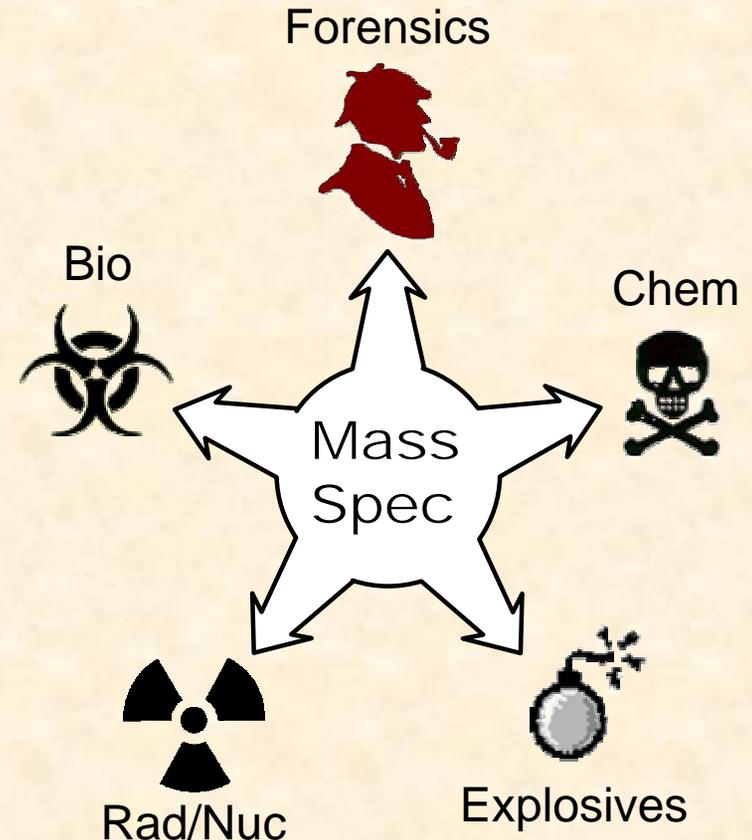


# Mass Spectrometry's Role in National Security

- **Mass Spectrometry (MS) is key technology for addressing the broadest range of national security issues – chemical, biological or nuclear related**
- **Oak Ridge National Laboratory has a**
  - 60 year long history in MS (beginning with the Y-12 Calutrons)
  - an expansive and often unique MS infrastructure (people and equipment)
  - and an unparalleled reputation for the research, development and application of mass spectrometry as an analytical technique, both in the National Laboratory and wider scientific communities
- **ORNL's MS programs provide a unique resource for Homeland Security and National Defense**

# Why is Mass Spectrometry So Important?

- **Target Identification**, not just *detection* (sensors)
- **Unknown identification**, (if not target, then what?)
- **Universal detector** (biological, organic, inorganic molecules, low-to-high molecular mass) for “chemical” and elemental signatures
- **High sensitivity** (reduces false negatives)
- **High specificity** (reduces false positives)
- **Legally defensible**, ultimate standard identification technique (gold standard)
- **Versatile** (rapidly reprogrammable for new threats)
- **Fast** (physical/electronic measurement)



# Mass Spectrometry National Security Research Areas Currently at ORNL

- **Nuclear**

- Inorganic and Isotope Ratio MS
- IAEA Treaty Support
- Chemical and Nuclear Signatures
- Surfaces and Particle Isotope Imaging
- Environmental

- **Chem/Bio**

- Chemical and Biological Agent Detection
- Protein Analysis (Toxins/Virus)
- CW Treaty Verification

- **Other Counterterrorism**

- Explosives detection
- Taggants

- **Miscellaneous**

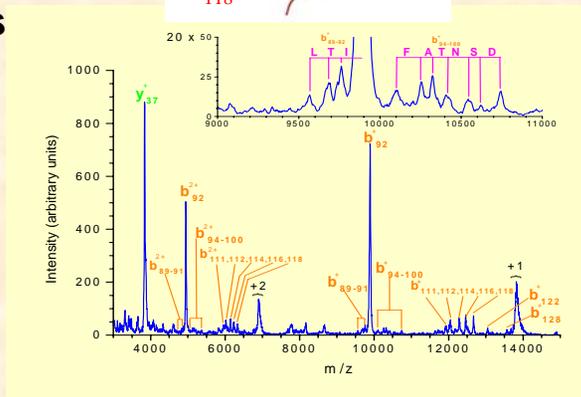
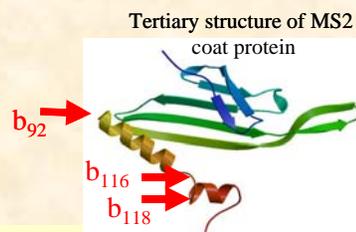
- Forensic
- Drug Detection
- Fieldable and Miniature MS Instrumentation



MicroTrapMS  
Hand-held Mass Spectrometer  
2003 R&D 100  
Award Winner



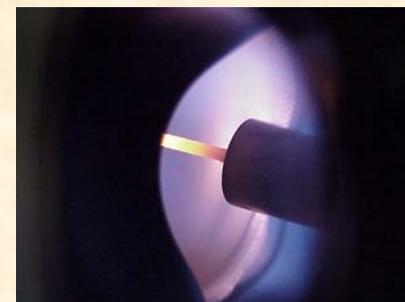
Boarding Pass Analyzer  
for Airport Security



Protein sequence mass spectrum for the coat protein of the bacteriophage and DoD BW simulant - MS2



Block II  
Chemical and  
Biological Mass  
Spectrometer  
(CBMS)  
2000 R&D 100  
Award Winner



New rf cavity  
ion source for  
inorganic mass spectrometry

# Examples of Broader Impact of Mass Spec Technologies Derived from National Security Efforts

- **Fieldable MS** => handheld chemical detectors, forensics, environmental monitoring and remediation
- **ESI/protein** => public health, agriculture monitoring, proteomics, bioassay, clinical diagnostics
- **Particle MS** => indoor air monitoring, auto exhaust
- **CBMS** => building monitoring, process monitors,
- **Inorganic** => geological applications, bioassays, materials science, environmental
- **Negative ion det.** => environmental, bioassay
- **Wide field of view SIMS** => bio-tissue imaging; geological applications (dating); forensic applications

# Mass Spectrometry Important in Many ORNL Science & Technology Initiatives – Cross Directorate

*Advanced Materials*



**Center for Nanophase Materials Sciences**



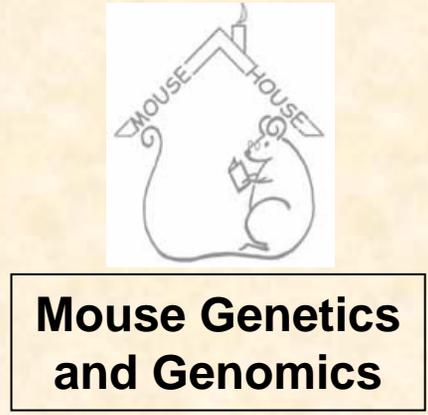
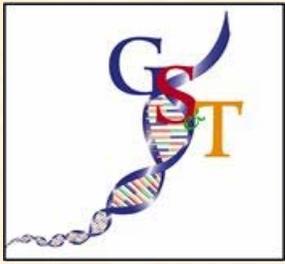
*Complex Biological Systems*



**Center for Molecular and Cellular Systems**



**CMBS Block II**



**Mouse Genetics and Genomics**

*National Security*

*University Partnerships*

# Some of the Mass Spectrometry at the Oak Ridge National Laboratory Site

