



## Energy Market in California

Microturbine Applications Workshop  
January 17, 2006

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# Overview

- California Energy Crisis
- Climate Change Policy
- CHP Market Study Results
- Looking Forward: Win-Win-Win in CA

# California Energy Crisis - 2000

1. We need more power! Encourage self-generation



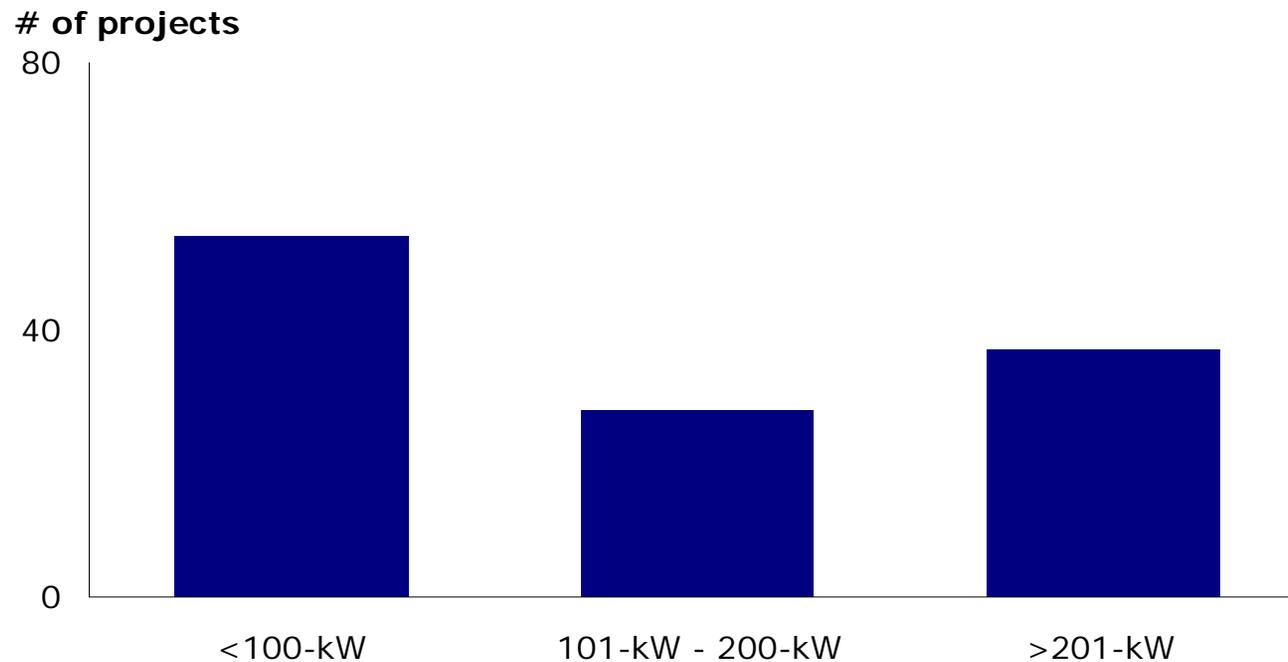
2. Natural market drivers

- High spark spread (electricity vs. natural gas prices)
- Electricity price and availability risk

# SGIP Incentives- Past and Current

Level	Eligible Technologies	Incentive Offered, \$/Watt		Max System Size, MW	
		Prior	Current	Prior	Current
3-R	Renewable Fuel Microturbines (<1 MW)	\$1.50	\$1.30	1.5 MW	5 MW
	Renewable Fuel ICE, Gas Turbines > 1 MW		\$1.00		
3-N	Non-Renewable & Waste Gas Fuel Microturbines (<1 MW)	\$1.00	\$0.80		
	Non-Renewable & Waste Gas Fuel ICE, Gas Turbines > 1 MW		\$0.60		

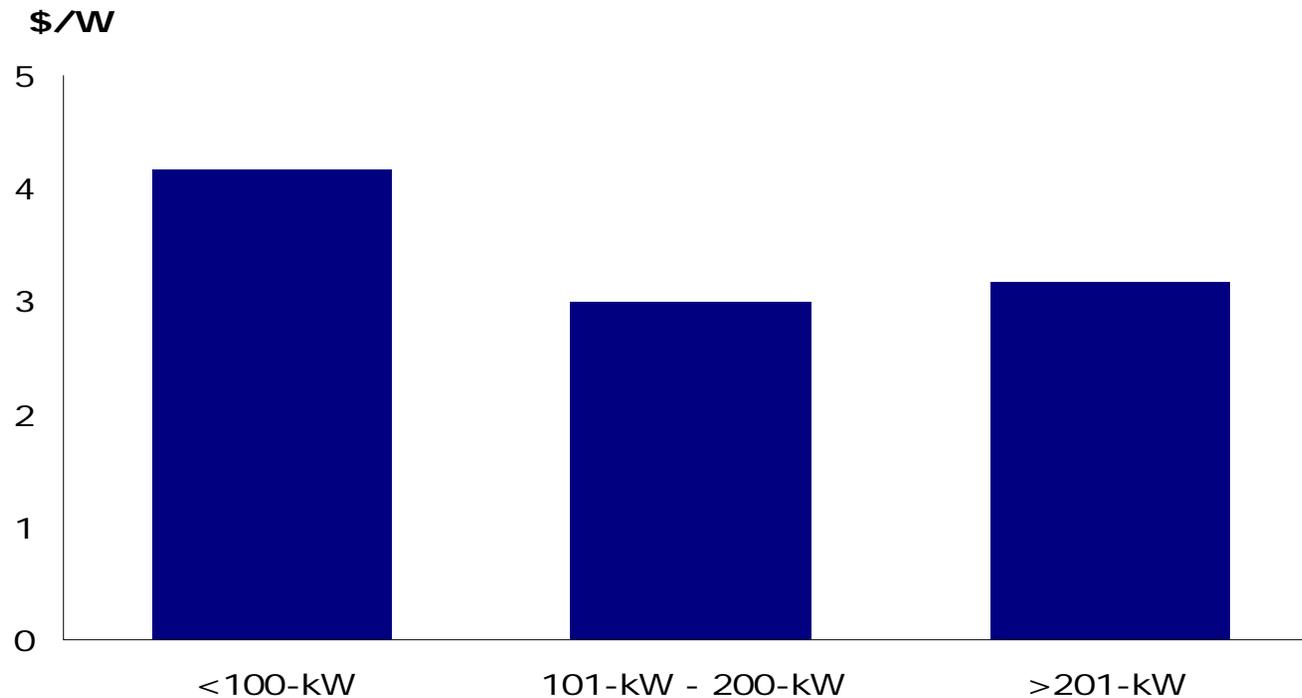
# SGIP Results: Microturbine Projects 2001 - 2004



**Source:** EPRI Solutions, based on California Self Generation Incentive Program data

# SGIP Results: Microturbine Project Costs

Installed cost of CA SGIP microturbine projects,  
2001-2004



**Source:** EPRI Solutions, based on California Self Generation Incentive Program data

# California Loading Order - 2003

1. Energy efficiency, demand response
2. Renewable energy
3. Distributed generation, CHP
4. Clean, efficient fossil-fired generation
5. Improve transmission, distribution; support interconnection



**ENERGY COMMISSION**



**PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION**

# Climate Change in California - 2005



“I say the debate is over. We know the science. We see the threat. And we know the time for action is now.”

-- Arnold Schwarzenegger, June 1, 2005

## Goals:

- By 2010, Reduce to 2000 Emission Levels
- By 2020, Reduce to 1990 Emission Levels
- By 2050, Reduce to 80 percent Below 1990 Levels



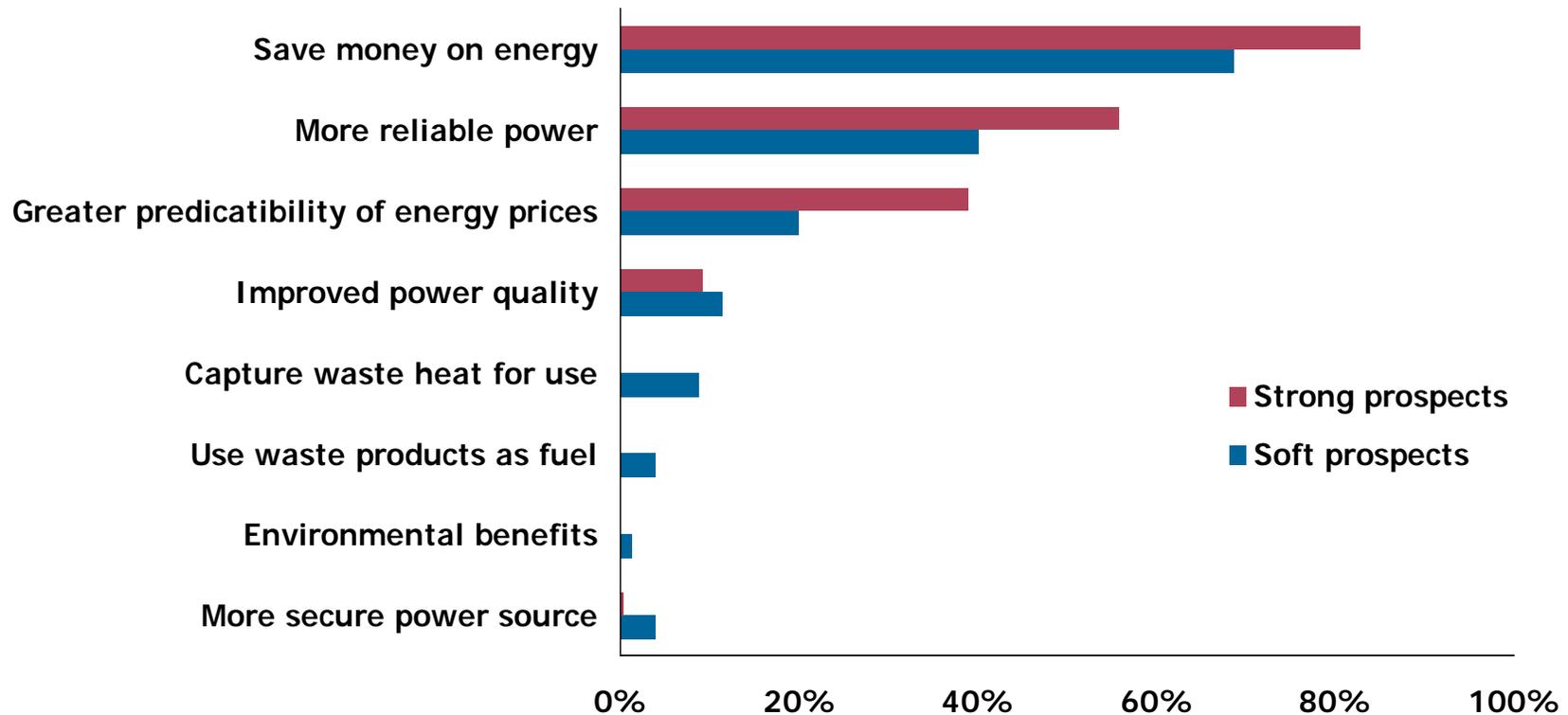
# California Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reduction Programs

CPUC Programs	GHG Savings (Million Tons CO <sub>2</sub> )	
	2010	2020
Energy Efficiency Programs through 2013	5	11
Energy Efficiency Programs 2014 - 2020	0.4	3
33 % Renewable Portfolio Standard	4	8.8
California Solar Initiative	NA	2.6 – 5.1
Combined Heat and Power Initiative	0 – 1.1	0.7 – 4.5
Electricity Sector Carbon Policy	0 – 1.6	2.7
Total	12.1	28.8 – 35.1

# California Greenhouse Gas Emissions Reduction Program Will Encourage CHP

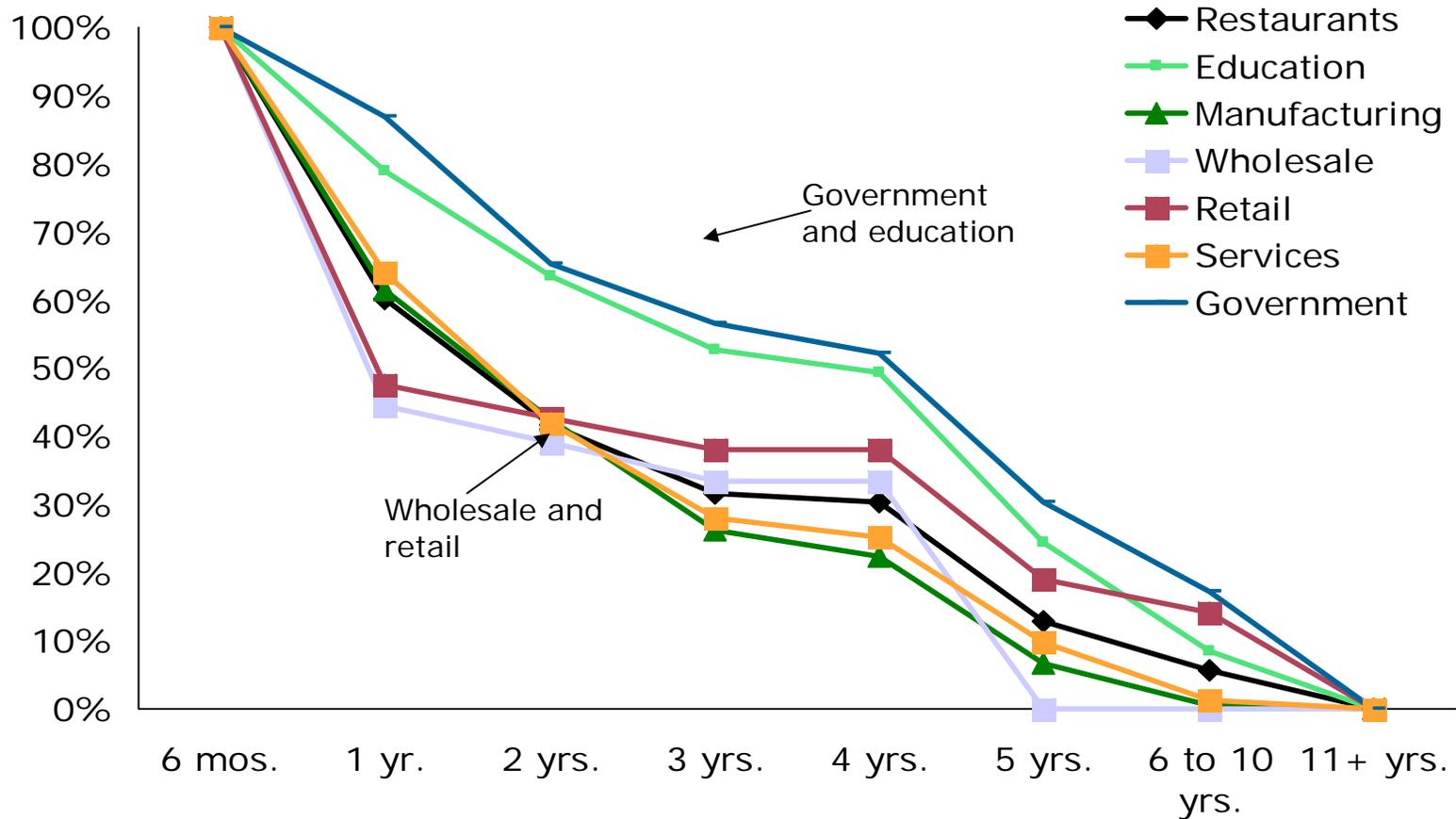
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# DER Customers Want Bottom Line and Reliability



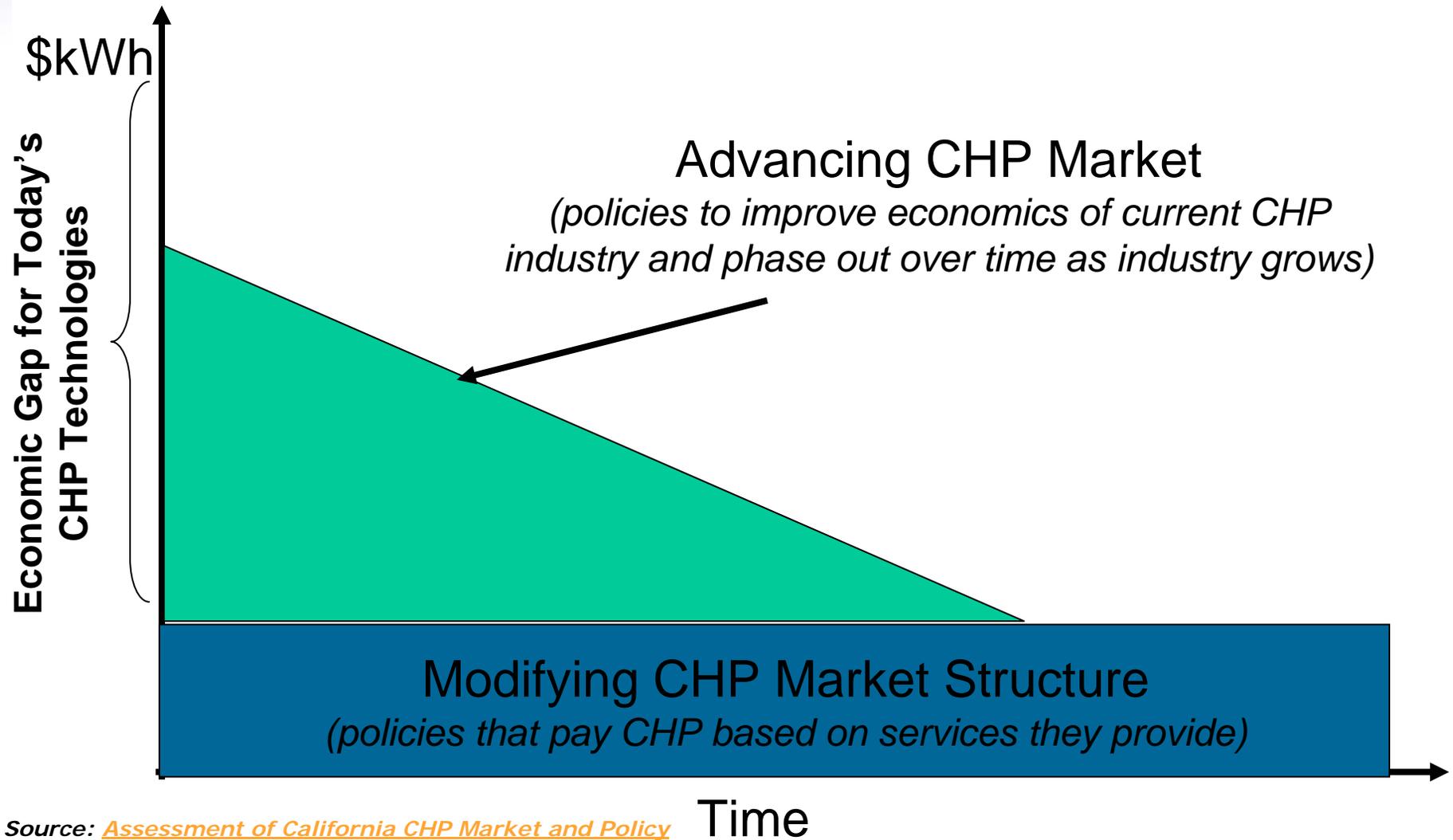
*Source: Primen's 2003 Distributed Energy Market Survey*

# Barrier: Payback Acceptance



Source: Primen's 2003 Distributed Energy Market Survey

# Exit Strategy for Subsidies



Source: [Assessment of California CHP Market and Policy Options for Increased Penetration](#), California Energy Commission

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Time

# Win-Win-Win will Stimulate the Market

DER Customer



**Win**

DG Benefits

Public Incentives

Utility Shareholder  
& Other Customers



**Win**

Cost Savings

Shareholder Incentives

Innovative Regulation

Cleaner Environment  
Lower Total Costs

Society

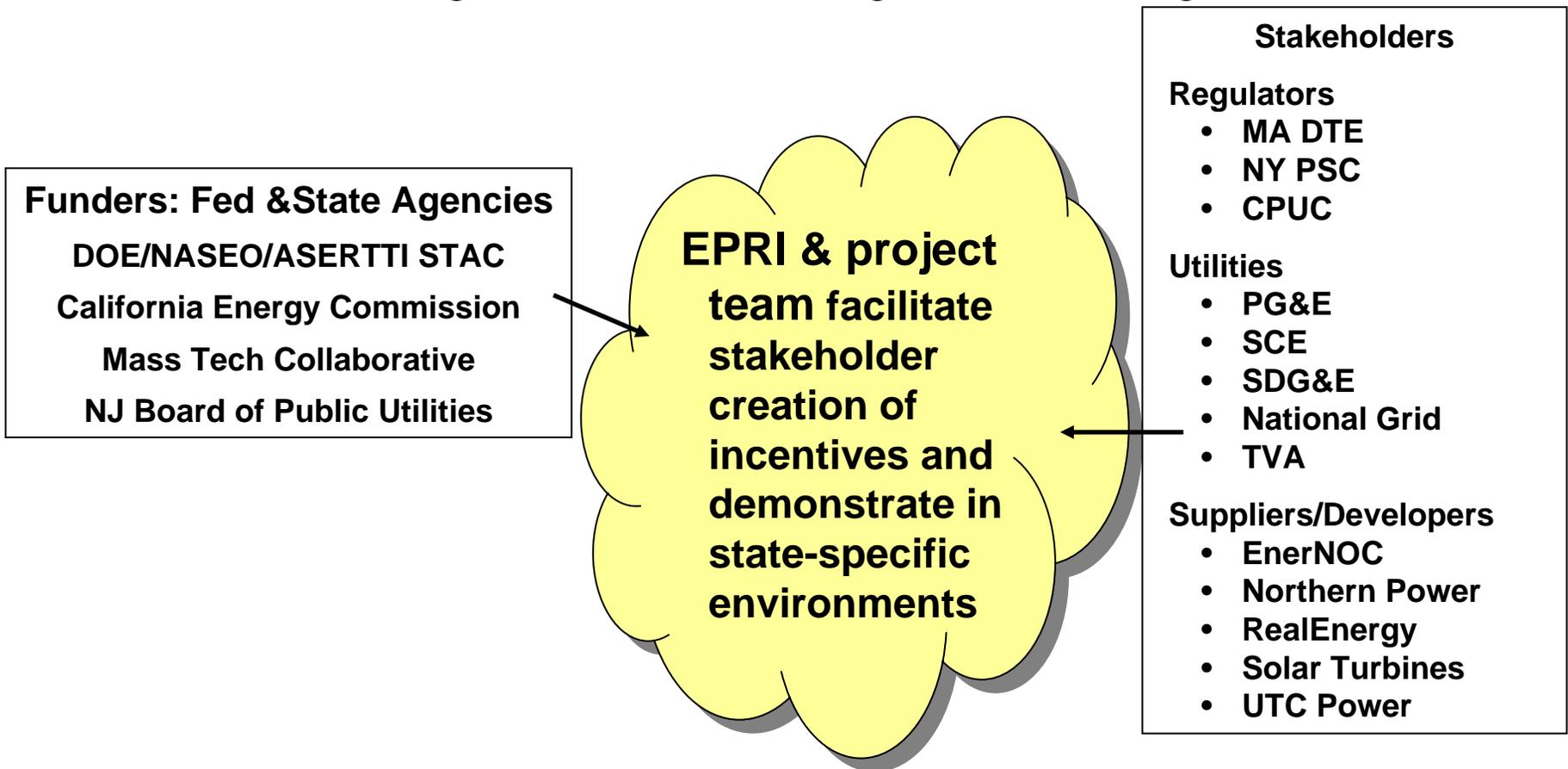


**Win**

Website <http://www.epri.com/der-ppp/index.html>

# Stakeholder Collaboration to Create Incentives for Utilities to Integrate DER

DER Public/Private Partnership will change business and regulatory models to encourage DER where it brings value to the grid



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