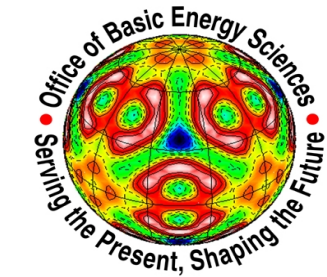


Modification of Au Catalysts with Metal Oxide for CO Oxidation Reactions

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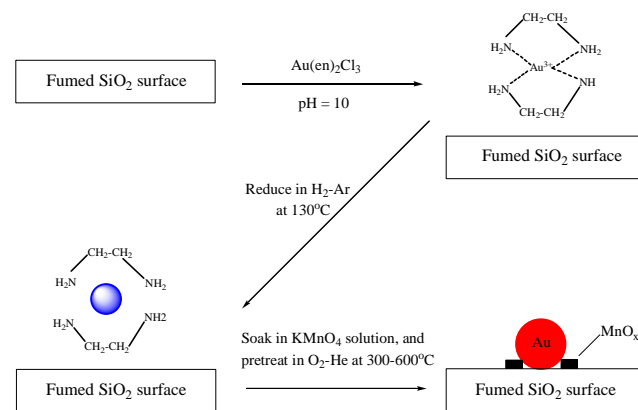
FWP KCC053 Fundamentals of Heterogeneous Catalysis on Surfaces and Nanostructures

Synopsis: Supported gold catalysts with unique gold-metal oxide interfaces were prepared through oxidation treatment of gold nanoparticles protected by organic ligands with KMnO_4 . The method can lead to a significant enhancement in activity and stability for CO oxidation.

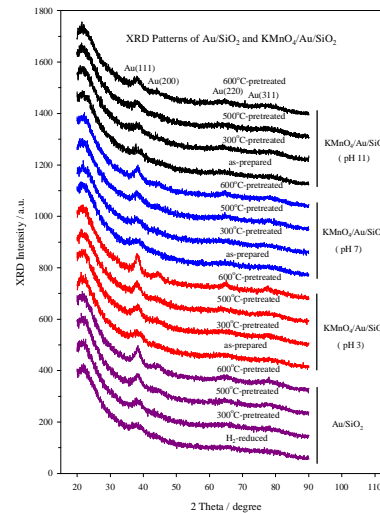
Background

- Critical factors affecting Au catalysts in CO oxidation
 - Ø Size of Au nanoparticles (sintering)
 - Ø Support Property (interface property between Au nanoparticles and support)
 - Ø Available active sites (organic surfactant coverage)
- Calcination under high-temperature conditions is widely used so far to remove these organic ligands and further to activate the nanoparticles for catalysis applications
- The key drawback associated with calcination strategy is the facile sintering of nanoparticle catalysts under high-temperature conditions

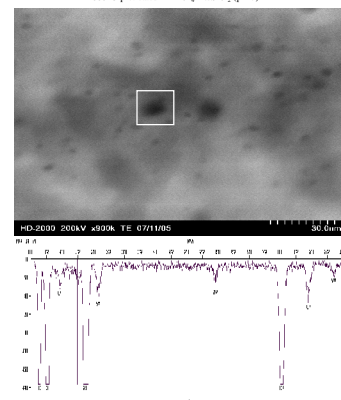
Synthesis



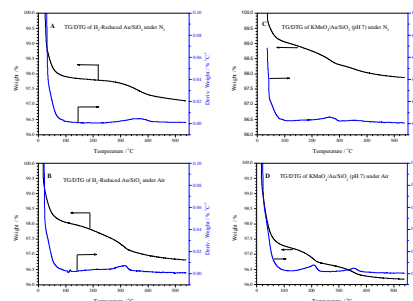
Results



- XRD patterns of Au/SiO_2 , $\text{KMnO}_4/\text{Au/SiO}_2$ (pH 3), $\text{KMnO}_4/\text{Au/SiO}_2$ (pH 7), and $\text{KMnO}_4/\text{Au/SiO}_2$ (pH 11)



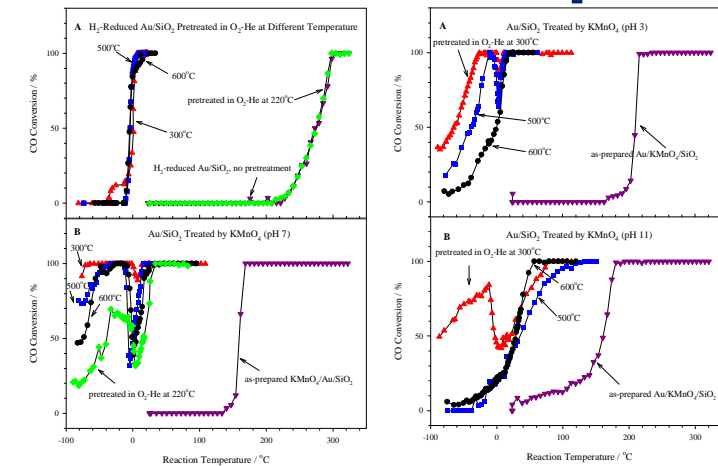
- TEM image of 600°C-pretreated $\text{KMnO}_4/\text{Au/SiO}_2$ (pH 7) and EDX analysis indicate the presence of MnO_x near Au active sites via conformal redox precipitation, while no Mn observed outside of Au surroundings



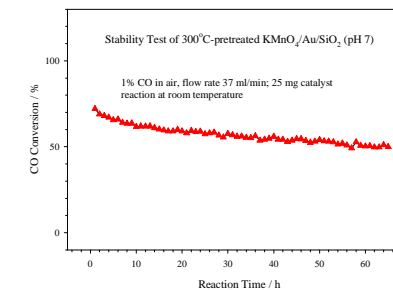
- TG/DTG analysis of H_2 -reduced Au/SiO_2 and $\text{KMnO}_4/\text{Au/SiO}_2$ (pH 7) under N_2 or air

	As reduced	300°C	500°C	600°C
As prepared	2.1	3.3	4.5	4.8
pH = 3	2.5	3.0	4.4	7.0
pH = 7	2.5	3.0	3.6	4.4
pH = 11	2.8	2.5	3.4	4.1

Introducing metal oxide stabilizes Au nanoparticles against sintering. The presence of MnO_x promoter can activate oxygen at very low temperatures



- CO conversions on H_2 -reduced Au/SiO_2 and $\text{KMnO}_4/\text{Au/SiO}_2$ (pH 7)
- CO conversions on $\text{KMnO}_4/\text{Au/SiO}_2$ (pH 3) and $\text{KMnO}_4/\text{Au/SiO}_2$ (pH 11)
- Au particle sizes (nm) of $\text{KMnO}_4/\text{Au/SiO}_2$



- Stability test of 300°C-pretreated $\text{KMnO}_4/\text{Au/SiO}_2$ (pH 7)

Conclusion

- Ø The treatment of $\text{Au(en)}_2\text{Cl}_3$ -derived Au/SiO_2 with KMnO_4 promotes the catalysis activity of Au/SiO_2 for low-temperature (-10°C) CO oxidation
- Ø A new methodology to remove organics on catalytic nanoparticles with minimum sintering is developed