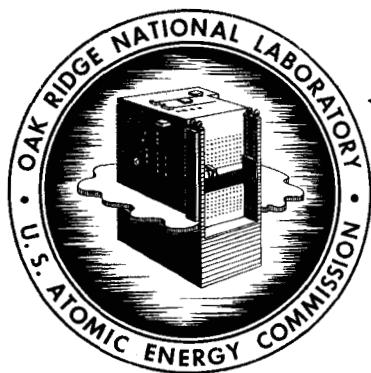


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A CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC FUNCTION AND
ERROR PROGRAM FOR THE IBM 704



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A CRYSTALLOGRAPHIC FUNCTION AND ERROR
PROGRAM FOR THE IBM 704

by

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December, 1959

IDENTIFICATION

OR XFE

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GENERAL DESCRIPTION

Given the unit cell parameters of a crystal together with the atomic coordinates and/or the anisotropic temperature factor coefficients, this program will compute various functions of these parameters such as the distance between two atoms, an angle defined by three atoms, the principal axes of the anisotropic temperature factor, etc. Furthermore, if the errors of the input parameters are available to the program in the form of a variance-covariance matrix obtained, for example, from the inverse matrix of a least squares refinement, then the program will also compute the standard errors of the various functions with and without the contribution of the cell parameter errors. This program may be used independently, reading all input data from cards, or it may be used in conjunction with the least squares refinement program OR XLSI-6, in which case much of the input is taken from the binary output tape of a cycle of least squares.

The various types of functions which can be evaluated are defined by subroutines, fifteen of which are included in the present program. The detailed specification of each function or group of functions to be computed is made by means of an instruction card which will be described below. If functions are desired other than those already included the user need only write a Fortran II subroutine for the function, compile it, and add it to the deck. To facilitate such programming several subroutines for the manipulation of matrices and vectors are included in the program, and descriptions of these will be given below together with detailed specifications for writing subroutines for new functions.

MACHINE REQUIREMENTS

Minimum 704 with

1. 8192 word core storage or more.*
2. 3 on-line tape units.
3. CAD instruction.
4. Off-line tape printer.

*See "Operating Procedure" and "Specifications for Subroutines to Compute New Types of Functions" for special procedures to be followed when an 8192 word machine is used.

MATHEMATICAL METHOD

The functions which the program computes are of the form

$$f = f(p_1, p_2, p_3 \dots a_1, a_2 \dots a_6)$$

where the p 's are the atomic parameters and the a 's are the unit cell parameters. Each kind of f is computed by a special subroutine for this purpose, and the mathematical expressions are best obtained from the Fortran language listings of these subroutines designated FUN1, FUN2, etc.

The standard error of f is given by

$$\epsilon = (\epsilon'^2 + \epsilon''^2)^{1/2}$$

where

$$\epsilon'^2 = \sum_{j=1}^n \sum_{i=1}^n (2 - \delta_{ij}) \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial p_i} \right) \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial p_j} \right) V_{ij}$$

and

$$\epsilon''^2 = \sum_{j=1}^6 \sum_{i=1}^6 (2 - \delta_{ij}) \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial a_i} \right) \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial a_j} \right) U_{ij}.$$

Here V_{ij} is an element of the variance-covariance matrix which describes the errors of the atomic parameters, and U_{ij} is an element of a similar matrix for the unit cell parameters.

When errors are to be computed the user has the option of obtaining \bar{V} from the binary output tape of OR XLS. In this case the program stores

$$V_{ij} = \left[\sum w(OBS - CALC)^2 / (m-n) \right] b_{ij}$$

where b_{ij} is an element of the inverse matrix of the normal equations, and the constant in brackets is the sum of the weighted residuals squared divided by the number of degrees of freedom. The other option available to the user is to read V_{ij} directly from cards.

The unit cell errors may be put in in two ways. If no covariances are known then the user may supply only the six standard errors $\sigma(a_i)$. The program then sets

$$U_{ii} = \sigma^2(a_i)$$

$$U_{ij} = 0, i \neq j.$$

Alternatively the 21 independent values of U_{ij} ($i \leq j$) can be read from cards.

The necessary derivatives are computed numerically by adding an increment Δp_i to p_i and re-entering the subroutine for f . The derivative is then

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial p_i} \approx \frac{f(p_1, p_2, \dots, p_i + \Delta p_i, \dots, p_n, a_1, \dots) - f(p_1, p_2, \dots, p_i, \dots, a_1, \dots)}{\Delta p_i}.$$

The increment used is $\Delta p_i = (0.01)V_{ii}^{1/2}$. The derivatives with respect to the cell parameters are obtained similarly.

The program is arranged so that it computes derivatives only with respect to the parameters actually involved in f . The information as to which these are provided by the subroutines PRE1, PRE2, etc., which are supplied for each type of function. Derivative computations are also omitted with respect to fixed parameters which are not represented in the variance-covariance matrix (e.g., the coordinates of atoms in special positions).

Note that for the derivative computation to be correct all symmetry transformations must be made after Δp_i has been added to p_i . Similarly all constraints on the parameters must be set after incrementing. (See the section entitled "Constraints on the Parameters".) In other words, the function f is always computed directly from the fundamental parameters, the errors of which are described by the matrices V and U .

The output of the program includes a description of the function, the value, f , of the function, the standard error, e , of the function, and e' , the standard error not including the effect of unit cell errors.

CONSTRAINTS ON THE PARAMETERS

In order to insure that this program correctly computes the errors of various functions it is necessary for the user to consider whether the symmetry of the crystal introduces constraints either on the cell parameters, A , or on the atomic parameters, P . A simple case occurs when the symmetry forces a parameter to have a fixed value, and this situation is correctly handled by specifying that the error of this parameter is zero. A more complicated procedure is required when the symmetry imposes a relationship between two or more parameters. In this case one of the interrelated parameters is chosen as independent and a Fortran II subroutine is written to set the values of the dependent parameters in terms of it. The main program will enter this

subroutine immediately before each entry to the function computing subroutine so that the derivatives needed for the error calculation are correctly computed. In the input data the errors associated with the dependent parameters should be set to zero. In the case of atomic parameters from a least squares refinement this is probably automatic since the dependent parameters would not have been varied.

Specifications for Fortran II Subroutines

1. Name the subroutine SETA or SETP.
2. The subroutine has no arguments.
3. Use the standard COMMON and DIMENSION statements such as are used in SEG2 of OR XFE.
4. Write the programs to set A or P for the dependent variables in terms of the independent variables.
5. Compile with Fortran II and insert just before the transfer card of Segment 2 (see Operating Procedure, page 13). This subroutine will automatically supercede a dummy subroutine of the same name which is part of the program deck.

Example 1

For a hexagonal crystal we have $\cos \gamma = -0.5$ and $a = b$. Choosing a as the independent variable we write the subroutine:

```
C EXAMPLE 1
      SUBROUTINE SETA
      COMMON (Fill in)
      DIMENSION (Fill in)
      DIMENSION (Fill in)
      A(2) = A(1)
      RETURN
      END (0, 1, 0, 0, 0)
```

The cell parameter errors associated with b and with $\cos \alpha$, $\cos \beta$, and $\cos \gamma$ are put in as zero. The parameter b (i.e. $A(2)$) which is read in is irrelevant.

Example 2

Let us assume that there are no restrictions on the atomic parameters of atom 1 but atoms 2 and 3 have $y = x$, $\beta_{22} = \beta_{11}$, and $\beta_{23} = -\beta_{13}$. Let us take x , β_{11} , and β_{13} as independent. The subroutine may then be written as follows:

C EXAMPLE 2

```
SUBROUTINE SETP
COMMON (Fill in)
DIMENSION (Fill in)
DIMENSION (Fill in)
DO 1 I = 2, 3
J = IC(7) * (I-1) + IC(8)
K = IC(9) * (I-1) + IC(10)
P (J+1) = P(J)          (Sets y)
P (K+1) = P(K)          (Sets  $\beta_{22}$ )
1  P (K+5) = -P(K+4)    (Sets  $\beta_{23}$ )
RETURN
END (0, 1, 0, 0, 0)
```

This example makes use of the parameter arrangement integers IC(7), IC(8), IC(9), and IC(10) to compute the parameter locations. (See "Atomic Parameters", page 15.) The user may prefer to compute these locations in advance.

SPECIFICATIONS FOR SUBROUTINES TO COMPUTE
NEW TYPES OF FUNCTIONS

To program a new type of function the user selects a function designation integer, i, where $1 \leq i \leq 20$. (Function designations 1-15 have already been assigned in the program as written, but these may be redefined if desired.) The user then writes four Fortran II subroutines named HEDi, PREi, FUNi, and OUTi. These are compiled and added to the binary deck before the transfer card of Segment 2. They will automatically supercede dummy subroutines with the same names which are already in the program.*

The programmer should refer to the symbolic listing of functions 1-15 for examples of these routines.

HEDi

The user may omit this subroutine if desired. Its purpose is to put out an overall heading which defines the type of function. It is entered each time the function designation IN(1) is changed.

*When an 8192 word machine is used the user should check the section "Binary Cards Supplied" to be sure that the memory capacity is not exceeded. Subroutines for functions 1-15 may be omitted entirely if necessary.

1. The subroutine has no arguments.
2. No COMMON or DIMENSION statements are needed.
3. Put out the heading on tape 3.
4. The first Hollerith character should be zero to cause double spacing.
5. More than one line may be put out if desired.

PREi

This subroutine need be included only if standard errors are to be computed. Its purpose is to instruct the program as to which parameters are involved in the function to be computed. The program thus avoids computing unnecessary derivatives.

1. The subroutine has no arguments.
2. Include the standard COMMON and DIMENSION statements used throughout Segment 2.
3. Enter the subroutines SETKX and/or SETKB once for each atom involved in the function. See page 9 for more details.

FUNi

The purpose of this subroutine is to compute the desired function given the various input data found in common storage.

1. The subroutine has no arguments.
2. Include the standard COMMON and DIMENSION statements used throughout Segment 2.
3. The significance of the instruction integers IN(K) except for IN(1) is at the discretion of the programmer.
4. The necessary atomic coordinates or temperature factor coefficients are called for by means of subroutines ATOM or BETA.
5. If the metric tensors AA or BB are to be used the subroutines STOAA and/or STOBB must be entered.
6. See the section on arithmetic subroutines for their usage.
7. Store the function at FX in common and return.

OUTi

The purpose of this subroutine is to put out the detailed description of the individual function computed. Its inclusion is optional but certainly desirable.

1. The subroutine has no arguments.
2. Include the standard COMMON and DIMENSION statements used throughout Segment 2.

3. The description which probably includes the relevant instruction integers, IN, is put out on tape 3.
4. The first character of the first line of this description should be a Hollerith + to suppress spacing.
5. The description should not extend past column 49 or it will print over the computed value of the function.
6. More than one line may be put out if desired.

ARITHMETIC SUBPROGRAMS AVAILABLE FOR
PROGRAMMING NEW FUNCTIONS

1. CALL SETKX (IN(K))

Instructs the program to calculate derivatives with respect to the coordinates of the atom designated in IN(K). This subroutine is used by the PREliminary subroutines.

2. CALL SETKB (IN(K))

Instructs the program to calculate derivatives with respect to the anisotropic temperature factor coefficients of the atom designated in IN(K). This subroutine is used by the PREliminary subroutines.

3. CALL STOAA

Stores the 3×3 metric tensor g (where $g_{ij} = \underline{a}_i \cdot \underline{a}_j$) at AA in common storage.

4. CALL STOBB

Stores the 3×3 reciprocal metric tensor g^{-1} (where $(g^{-1})_{ij} = \underline{b}_i \cdot \underline{b}_j$) at BB in common storage.

5. CALL ATOM (IN(K),Z)

DIMENSION Z(3)

Stores at Z the coordinates of the atom specified by the instruction integers IN(K) and IN(K+1). These coordinates refer to the triclinic axes. They have been transformed according to the symmetry specified.

6. CALL BETA (IN(K),Z)

DIMENSION Z(3,3)

Stores at Z the 3×3 matrix of the temperature factor coefficients of the atom specified by instruction integers IN(K) and IN(K+1). The matrix has been transformed according to the symmetry specified.

7. CALL MM (X, Y, Z)
DIMENSION X(3,3), Y(3,3), Z(3,3)
Performs the matrix multiplication $\underline{XY} = \underline{Z}$. The location of \underline{Z} must be different from \underline{X} and \underline{Y} .
8. CALL MV (X, Y, Z)
DIMENSION X(3,3), Y(3), Z(3)
Performs the matrix-vector multiplication $\underline{XY} = \underline{Z}$. The location of \underline{Z} must be different from \underline{Y} .
9. CALL VM (X, Y, Z)
DIMENSION X(3), Y(3,3), Z(3)
Performs the vector-matrix multiplication $\underline{X^TY} = \underline{Z^T}$. The locations of \underline{Z} must be different from \underline{X} .
10. Function VV(X, Y)
DIMENSION X(3), Y(3)
Performs the vector-vector multiplication $\underline{X^TY} = \underline{Z}$ (a scalar).
11. Function VMV (W, X, Y)
DIMENSION W(3), X(3,3), Y(3)
Performs the vector-matrix-vector multiplication $\underline{W^TXY} = \underline{Z}$ (a scalar).
12. CALL DIFV (X, Y, Z)
DIMENSION X(3), Y(3), Z(3)
Performs the vector subtraction $\underline{X} - \underline{Y} = \underline{Z}$. \underline{Z} may have the same location as \underline{X} or \underline{Y} .
13. CALL SUMV (X, Y, Z)
DIMENSION X(3), Y(3), Z(3)
Performs the vector summation $\underline{X} + \underline{Y} = \underline{Z}$. \underline{Z} may have the same location as \underline{X} or \underline{Y} .
14. Function COSVV (X,Y)
DIMENSION X(3), Y(3)
Computes the cosine of the angle defined by vectors \underline{X} and \underline{Y} . These vectors are assumed to refer to the triclinic coordinate system, and it is also assumed that the metric tensor has been stored at AA in common storage.
15. Function ARCCOS (X)
Computes θ , the arc cos of X in degrees. $0 \leq \theta < 180$.

16. CALL NORM (X, Y, Z)

DIMENSION X(3), Y(3), Z(3)

Stores at \underline{Z} a vector perpendicular to both \underline{X} and \underline{Y} . The sense of \underline{Z} is that of the vector product, $\underline{Z} = k \underline{X} \times \underline{Y}$, but its length is arbitrary. All vectors are referred to the triclinic coordinate system, and it is assumed that the reciprocal metric tensor has been stored at BB in common storage.

17. CALL AXES (U, V, X)

DIMENSION U(3), V(3), X(3,3)

Stores three mutually perpendicular vectors of arbitrary length at $X(I,1)$, $X(I,2)$, and $X(I,3)$. $X(I,1) = U(I)$. $X(I,2)$ is normal to \underline{U} and \underline{V} , i.e., in the direction of $\underline{U} \times \underline{V}$. $X(I,3)$ is normal to $X(I,1)$ and $X(I,2)$ so as to yield a right-handed coordinate system. All these vectors are referred to the triclinic coordinate system, and it is assumed that the reciprocal metric tensor has been stored at BB in common storage.

18. CALL EIGVAL (W,Y)

DIMENSION W(3,3), Y(3)

Stores the three eigenvalues Y of the matrix \underline{W} .

19. CALL EIGVEC (W,Y,Z)

DIMENSION W(3,3), Z(3)

Given an eigenvalue Y of the matrix \underline{W} , this subroutine stores the eigenvector \underline{Z} .

20. Function TRACE (X)

DIMENSION X(3,3)

Computes the trace of the matrix \underline{X} .

ATOM DESIGNATION AND SYMMETRY TRANSFORMATIONS

In the course of preparing an instruction card to specify a function to be computed it will be necessary to define the one or more atoms involved in this function. This is done by means of an atom designation consisting of the two integers a and $100 c + s$. Here $a = 1, 2, 3, \dots$ is the number of the atom in the parameter list, $s = 0, 1, 2, \dots$ is the number of the symmetry transformation to be applied, and $c = 0, 1, \dots, 7$ defines the unit cell translations as described below.

The program obtains the coordinates of an atom in the following way.

1. The integer a is used to compute the location of the coordinates in the parameter list and x, y, z are picked up. If a = 0 the program sets x = y = z = 0.

2. These coordinates are then transformed to x', y', z' according to the symmetry information punched on symmetry card s. If s = 0 no transformation is made.

3. The cell translations are then made according to the following table:

<u>c</u>	<u>z"</u>	<u>y"</u>	<u>x"</u>
0	z'	y'	x'
1	z'	y'	$x' - 1$
2	z'	$y' - 1$	x'
3	z'	$y' - 1$	$x' - 1$
4	$z' - 1$	y'	x'
5	$z' - 1$	y'	$x' - 1$
6	$z' - 1$	$y' - 1$	x'
7	$z' - 1$	$y' - 1$	$x' - 1$

(As a memory aid, note that the 1's in this table correspond to the binary representation of c.)

For example, atom (3,208) is atom 3 in the parameter list transformed to symmetry position 8 of cell 2, while atom (5,0) is atom 5 just as it appears in the list of parameters. In the subsequent section we will use the term "molecule" in a non-rigorous way, referring to atom 3 in molecule 208 or atom 5 in the basic molecule (molecule 0).

Note that transformations such as $x' = -x$ and $x' = 1-x$ are not equivalent for purposes of this program.

The program obtains the matrix of the anisotropic temperature factor coefficients of an atom in a similar way except that the elements of this matrix are transformed as the corresponding products of the coordinates. This procedure is valid for an atom in either a special or general position provided that the symmetry card s is written for a general position. (See H. A. Levy, Acta Cryst. (1956). 9,679). The translational part of the symmetry transformation is irrelevant in this case as is the cell translation c. Setting a at zero causes a null matrix to be generated.

OPERATING PROCEDURE

Card deck

If control card (6.b. below) will specify that

....no variance-covariance matrix is to be used.variance-covariance matrix has been taken from binary output tape of OR XLS.variance-covariance matrix has been read from cards.
1. ---	1. Segment 1A (red)	1. Segment 1B (orange)
2. ---	2. ---	2. Data consisting of: a) Variance-covariance matrix.

3. Segment 2 main deck.

- a. Basic program (yellow)
- b. Functions 1-6 (green)
- * { c. Functions 7-11 (blue)
- d. Functions 12-15 (brown)

* With 8192 core memory only one of these decks may be used at one time.

4. Any Fortran II subprograms added by user.

5. Segment 2 transfer card. (red stripe)

6. Data consisting of:

- a) Title card.
- b) Control card.
- c) Atomic parameters if called for by control card. Otherwise they are read from binary output tape from OR XLS.
- d) Parameter selection cards if matrix is read from cards and if called for by control card.
- e) Cell parameters.
- f) Cell parameter errors if called for by control card.
- g) Symmetry cards if called for by control card.
- h) Instruction cards.

7. Three blank cards.

Operating instructions

1. Mount a blank tape on unit 3 for BCD output. It will not be rewound by the program before using.
2. If the binary output tape from OR XLS is to be used mount it on unit 5. File protect on if desired.
3. If errors are to be computed mount a blank on unit 6.
4. Clear and load cards. Stops with 77777s in storage register.
5. List tape 3, program control, automatic overflow.
6. Hold tape 5 if desired.

DETAILS OF DATA INPUT

All data cards with the exception of the parameter selection cards are read by the Fortran READ subroutines. In the following description the FORMAT statement will be given as an aid to data preparation.

Variance-covariance matrix, PM, for structure parameters

The user has the option of omitting this matrix if errors based on it are not to be computed. When it is to be used it may be read from the binary output tape of OR XLS or from cards prepared as follows:

First card. FORMAT (I9, E9.4)

Columns

1-9 N, the order of the matrix.

10-18 A scale factor by which the matrix will be multiplied. This could be unity or $\Sigma w(F_o - F_c)^2 / (m-n)$, for example.

Subsequent cards. FORMAT (8E9.4)

The $N(N+1)/2$ unique elements of the matrix PM punched eight per card in the order PM(1,1), PM(1,2)PM(1,N), PM(2,2), PM(2,3)PM(2,N), PM(3,3)PM(N,N). The parameters with which this matrix is associated are defined by the parameter selection cards (see below).

Title

FORMAT (72H)

Columns

1 Blank.

2-72 Any desired Hollerith information. This will be printed unchanged on the output.

Control card integers, IC

Ten integers which control the program are read from this card. FORMAT (10I3).

Columns

1-3 IC(1), variance-covariance matrix and parameter selection information will
(0) not be used.
(1) be read from binary output tape of OR XLS.
(2) be read from cards.

4-6 IC(2), number of structure parameters to be read from cards (see below). If IC(2) = 0 these parameters will be read from binary output tape of OR XLS.

7-9 IC(3), cell parameter errors are
(0) not to be used.
(1) to be read in the form of standard errors.
(2) to be read in the form of a variance-covariance matrix.

Control card, cont'd.

Columns

- 10-12 IC(4), the number of symmetry cards to be read. $0 \leq IC(4) \leq 48$.
- 13-15 IC(5), the order of the variance-covariance matrix, PM, if it was read from cards (i.e., if IC(1) = 2). Otherwise this control integer is supplied automatically by the program. $1 \leq IC(5) \leq 251$.
- 16-18 IC(6), the number of parameter-selection cards to be read if matrix was read from cards (i.e., if IC(1) = 2). Otherwise this field is irrelevant. $IC(6) \leq 20$.

The following parameter arrangement integers must be supplied if the structure parameters are read from cards. They are supplied automatically by the program if the parameters are read from the binary output tape of OR XLS.

- 19-21 IC(7), the period of the position parameters in the parameter list. If no position parameters are included in the list then IC(7) and IC(8) are irrelevant.
- 22-24 IC(8), the position of the first x coordinate in the parameter list.
- 25-27 IC(9), the period of the temperature factor coefficients in the parameter list. If no temperature factor coefficients are included in the list, then IC(9) and IC(10) are irrelevant.
- 28-30 IC(10), the position of the first temperature factor coefficient in the parameter list.

Atomic parameters, P

These will be read from the binary output tape of OR XLS if IC(2) = 0. Otherwise IC(2) parameters must be punched eight per card, FORMAT (8E9.4).

The arrangement of these parameters is subject to the following restrictions:

- a) For each atom the position parameters x, y, z must be in sequence.
- b) Position parameters for successive atoms must appear periodically in the order of the atom designation.
- c) If anisotropic temperature factor coefficients are included they must be in the sequence $\beta_{11}, \beta_{22}, \beta_{33}, \beta_{12}, \beta_{13}, \beta_{23}$, for each atom.
- d) Temperature factor coefficients of successive atoms must appear periodically in the order of the atom designation.

Thus the position parameters of atom I start with P(J) where $J = IC(7)*(I-1) + IC(8)$ and the temperature factor coefficients of atom I start with P(K) where $K = IC(9)*(I-1) + IC(10)$.

Parameter selection cards

The purpose of these cards is to identify those parameters which are associated with elements of the variance-covariance matrix. They are exactly the same as the parameter selection cards used with OR XLS.

These cards are not to be supplied unless the control card integer IC(1) specified that the variance-covariance matrix and parameter selection information is to be read from cards. Furthermore, if the variance-covariance matrix of order N corresponds to the first N parameters read, then it is permissible to set IC(6) = 0 and to omit the parameter selection cards.

Each column of a parameter selection card corresponds to one parameter. The first card is associated with parameters 1 to 72, the second with parameters 73 to 144, etc. If a parameter is represented in the matrix a one is punched in the corresponding column, otherwise a zero or a blank is punched. (Actually, all rows but the 1 row are ignored by the program.) The total number of one punches must be equal to N, the order of the matrix. The first parameter in the list for which a one punch is found is assumed to correspond to the first row and column of the matrix, the second with the second, etc.

Cell parameters, A

These six direct unit cell parameters must always be supplied.

FORMAT (6E9.4)

Columns

1-9	A(1) = a
10-18	A(2) = b
19-27	A(3) = c
28-36	A(4) = cos α
37-45	A(5) = cos β
46-54	A(6) = cos γ

Cell parameter errors, AM

The effect of cell parameter errors is to be considered they must be supplied in one of two forms as specified by the control card integer IC(3).

a) Standard error form, (IC(3) = 1). If this input is used the covariances between the cell parameters are assumed to be zero.

FORMAT (6E9.4)

Columns

1-9	$\sigma(a)$
10-18	$\sigma(b)$
19-27	$\sigma(c)$
28-36	$\sigma(\cos \alpha)$
37-45	$\sigma(\cos \beta)$
47-54	$\sigma(\cos \gamma)$

b) Variance-covariance matrix form, ($IC(3) = 2$). If information on the covariances between cell parameters is available, then the 21 unique elements of this 6×6 matrix may be read from three cards.

FORMAT (8E9.4)

- Card 1: AM(a,a), AM(a,b) AM(a, cos γ), AM(b,b), AM(b,c).
Card 2: AM(b, cos α) AM(b, cos γ), AM(c,c) AM(cos α , cos α).
Card 3: AM(cos α , cos β) AM(cos γ , cos γ).

CAUTION: If symmetry gives rise to constraints on the cell parameters the errors will not be correctly computed unless the instructions in the section "Constraints on the parameters" are followed.

Symmetry cards

The number of symmetry cards to be read is given by $IC(4)$ on the control card. There must be a card for each symmetry transformation which will be called for by an instruction card (see the section on "Specification of an atom"). If the functions to be computed require no symmetry transformations then no symmetry cards need be supplied.

The form of a symmetry card is essentially the same as those for OR XLS2.
FORMAT (E11.8, 4H E11.8, 4H E11.8, 4H)

Columns

- 1-15 The expression for the transformed coordinate x' as follows:
1-11 Floating point translational part of x' or blank.
12 Hollerith -, +, or blank. The sign associated with the symbol in column 13. Blank and + are equivalent.
13 Hollerith X, Y, Z, or blank.
14 Hollerith -, +, or blank. The sign associated with the symbol in column 15. Blank and + are equivalent.
15 Hollerith X, Y, Z, or blank. Note that columns 12 and 13 are exactly equivalent to 14 and 15. Thus the transformation $x' = 1/2-x$ may be punched

1	11	12	13	14	15
.5	-	X			

or

1	11	12	13	14	15
.5	-X

Note that the expression $x' = 2x$ must be treated as $x' = x + x$.

- 16-30 The expression for the transformed coordinate y' as follows:
16-26 The floating point translational part of y' or blank.
27-30 Hollerith sign, symbol, sign, symbol as described above.
31-45 The expression for the transformed coordinate z' as follows:
31-41 Floating point translational part of z' or blank.
42-45 Hollerith sign, symbol, sign, symbol as described above.

CAUTION: Note that transformations such as $x' = 1-x$ and $x' = -x$ are not equivalent in this application.

DETAILS OF INSTRUCTION INPUT

Each function to be computed by the program is specified by a sequence of integers, IN, which are read from one or more instruction cards. The first integer in this sequence, IN(1), defines the type of function to be computed, and the interpretation of the remaining instruction integers will in general be different for different types of functions. Details of the instruction integers for each type of function are given below.

Each instruction card is read with FORMAT (24I3). Of the 24 integers on this card only the first 23 are considered to be part of the instruction, IN. Usually one card will suffice to specify a function, but if a function requires more than 23 integers to define it then up to ten cards may be used with 23 integers on each card. Punching a one (or any non-zero integer) in field 24 of an instruction card indicates that the instruction is continued on the next card.

Function 1

One interatomic distance.

Columns

1-3	1	
4-6	a_1	
7-9	$100c_1 + s_1$	} atom designation 1.
10-12	a_2	
13-15	$100c_2 + s_2$	} atom designation 2.

Function 101

All distances (less than d(max)) between atoms in two molecules.

Columns

1-3	101	
4-6	$a(\max)$, the number of atoms in the parameter list.	
7-9	$100c_1 + s_1$, molecule designation 1.	
10-12	---	
13-15	$100c_2 + s_2$, molecule designation 2. (This may be the same as 1.)	
16-18	The integer $10d(\max)$. If this is left blank then $d(\max) = 4.0A$.	

Function 201

All distances (less than d(max)) between atoms in the basic molecule and all molecules (i.e., all combinations of c and s). Note that this does not necessarily compute all distances in the crystal which are less than d(max).

Columns

1-3 201
4-6 a(max), the number of atoms in the parameter list.
7-15 ---
16-18 The integer 10d(max). If this is left blank then d(max) = 4.0A.

Function 2

Angle defined by three atoms.

Columns

1-3 2
4-9 Atom designation 1.
10-15 Atom designation 2 (vertex).
16-21 Atom designation 3.

Function 3

Angle between normals to planes each defined by three atoms. The direction of the normals is that of $(1,2)x(1,3)$ and $(4,5)x(4,6)$ where $1,2$ is the vector defined by atom designations 1 and 2, etc.

Columns

1-3 3
4-9 Atom designation 1
10-15 Atom designation 2 } Plane 1
16-21 Atom designation 3 }
22-27 Atom designation 4
28-33 Atom designation 5 } Plane 2
34-39 Atom designation 6 }

Function 4

Difference between two interatomic distances.

Columns

1-3 4
4-9 Atom designation 1 } Distance 1
10-15 Atom designation 2 }
16-21 Atom designation 3 }
22-27 Atom designation 4 } Distance 2

Function 5

Difference between two angles each defined by three atoms.

Columns

1-3	5
4-9	Atom designation 1
10-15	Atom designation 2 (vertex)
16-21	Atom designation 3
22-27	Atom designation 4
28-33	Atom designation 5 (vertex)
34-39	Atom designation 6

} Angle 1

} Angle 2

Function 6

The sum of several angles each defined by three atoms.

Columns

1-3	6
4-6	n, the number of angles to be summed.
7-12	Atom designation 1
13-18	Atom designation 2 (vertex)
19-24	Atom designation 3
25-30	Atom designation 4
31-36	Atom designation 5 (vertex)
37-42	Atom designation 6

} Angle 1

} Angle 2

etc.

Function 7

The RMS component of thermal displacement of one atom along principal axis r.

Columns

1-3	7
4-9	Atom designation
10-12	r (= 1, 2, or 3)

Function 107

Same as Function 7 computed for each of the three values of r.

Columns

1-3	107
4-9	Atom designation

Function 207

Same as Function 7 computed for each atom of a given molecule, each with the three values of r.

Columns

- 1-3 207
- 4-6 a(max), the number of atoms in the parameter list.
- 7-9 Molecule designation

Function 8

Angle between principal axis r of atom 1 and a vector defined by atoms 2 and 3.

Columns

- 1-3 8
- 4-9 Atom designation 1
- 10-12 r (= 1, 2, or 3)
- 13-18 Atom designation 2 }
19-24 Atom designation 3 } Vector

Function 108

Same as Function 8 computed for each of the three values of r.

Columns

- 1-3 108
- 4-9 Atom designation 1
- 10-12 ---
- 13-18 Atom designation 2 }
19-24 Atom designation 3 } Vector

Function 208

Same as Function 8 computed for each atom in a given molecule, each with the three values of r.

Columns

- 1-3 208
- 4-6 a(max), the number of atoms in the parameter list.
- 7-9 Molecule designation
- 10-12 ---
- 13-18 Atom designation 2 }
19-24 Atom designation 3 } Vector

Function 9

The RMS component of thermal displacement of atom 1 along principal axis r, projected on a vector defined by atoms 2 and 3.

Columns

1-3	9
4-9	Atom designation 1
10-12	r (= 1, 2, or 3)
13-18	Atom designation 2
19-24	Atom designation 3 } Vector

Function 109

Same as Function 9 computed for the three values of r.

Columns

1-3	109
4-9	Atom designation 1
10-12	---
13-18	Atom designation 2
19-24	Atom designation 3 } Vector

Function 209

Same as Function 9 computed for each atom in a given molecule, each with the three values of r.

Columns

1-3	209
4-6	a(max), the number of atoms in the parameter list.
7-9	Molecule designation
10-12	---
13-18	Atom designation 2
19-24	Atom designation 3 } Vector

Function 10

Angle between principal axis r of atom 1 and axis i of a cartesian coordinate system. The latter is defined by atoms 2, 3, 4, and 5 as follows: Axis 1 is vector $(\vec{2}, \vec{3})$. Axis 2 is $(\text{Axis 1}) \times (\vec{4}, \vec{5})$. Axis 3 is $(\text{Axis 1}) \times (\text{Axis 2})$.

Columns

1-3	10
4-9	Atom designation 1
10-12	r (= 1, 2, or 3)
13-15	i (= 1, 2, or 3)

Function 10, cont'd

Columns

16-21	Atom designation 2	Vector	Axis defining vectors
22-27	Atom designation 3		
28-33	Atom designation 4		
34-39	Atom designation 5		

Function 110

Same as Function 10 computed for the nine combinations of r and i.

Columns

1-3	110		
4-9	Atom designation 1		
10-15	---		
16-21	Atom designation 2	Vector	Axis defining vectors
22-27	Atom designation 3		
28-33	Atom designation 4		
34-39	Atom designation 5		

Function 210

Same as Function 10 computed for all atoms in a given molecule, each with the nine combinations of r and i.

Columns

1-3	210		
4-6	a(max), the number of atoms in the parameter list.		
7-9	Molecule designation		
10-15	---		
16-21	Atom designation 2	Vector	Axis defining vectors
22-27	Atom designation 3		
28-33	Atom designation 4		
34-39	Atom designation 5		

Function 11

The RMS component of thermal displacement of atom 1 along principal axis r, projected on axis i of a cartesian coordinate system defined by atoms 2, 3, 4, and 5 as described under Function 10.

Columns

1-3	11
4-9	Atom designation 1

Function 11, cont'd

Columns

10-12	r (= 1, 2, or 3)		
13-15	i (= 1, 2, or 3)		
16-21	Atom designation 2	Vector	Axis defining vectors
22-27	Atom designation 3		
28-33	Atom designation 4		
34-39	Atom designation 5		

Function 111

Same as Function 11 computed for the nine combinations of r and i.

Columns

1-3	111		
4-9	Atom designation 1		
10-15	---		
16-21	Atom designation 2	Vector	Axis defining vectors
22-27	Atom designation 3		
28-33	Atom designation 4		
34-39	Atom designation 5		

Function 211

Same as Function 11 computed for all atoms in a given molecule, each with the nine combinations of r and i.

Columns

1-3	211		
4-6	a(max), the number of atoms in the parameter list.		
7-9	Molecule designation		
10-15	---		
12-21	Atom designation 2	Vector	Axis defining vectors
22-27	Atom designation 3		
28-33	Atom designation 4		
34-39	Atom designation 5		

Function 12

The RMS component of thermal displacement of atom 1 in the direction of a vector defined by atoms 2 and 3.

Columns

1-3	12		
4-9	Atom designation 1		
10-15	Atom designation 2	Vector	
16-21	Atom designation 3		

Function 13

The RMS radial thermal displacement of an atom.
Columns

1-3 13
4-9 Atom designation

Function 14

Interatomic distance averaged over thermal motion. Second atom is assumed to ride on the first. The function is $R = R_0 + (\bar{r}_2^2 - \bar{\xi}_2^2 - \bar{r}_1^2 + \bar{\xi}_1^2)/2R_0$ where R_0 is the uncorrected interatomic distance, \bar{r}_i^2 is the mean square radial thermal displacement of atom i, and $\bar{\xi}_i^2$ is the mean square component of displacement of atom i in the direction defined by the interatomic vector

Columns

1-3 14
4-9 Atom designation 1
10-15 Atom designation 2

Function 15

Interatomic distance averaged over thermal motion. Atoms assumed to move independently. The function is $R = R_0 + (\bar{r}_2^2 - \bar{\xi}_2^2 + \bar{r}_1^2 - \bar{\xi}_1^2)/2R_0$ where the symbols are defined as in Function 14 above.

Columns

1-3 15
4-9 Atom designation 1
10-15 Atom designation 2

ERROR INDICATORS

During the course of calculation the program makes many tests for errors which may indicate that the problem is not set up correctly. If the error is one which would probably cause all answers to be incorrect the program stops with an octal number in the storage register, the meaning of which can be found in the table below. If, on the other hand, the error is likely to cause trouble in only one answer then the program does not halt. Instead of the incorrect answer the program puts out "****NG" where NG is an integer, the meaning of which is tabulated below. The program then proceeds with the next function to be computed.

Stops

<u>Storage Register</u>	<u>Subprogram</u>	<u>Meaning</u>
2	SUB2	Record 1 on unit 5 (from OR XLS) is not long enough, or RTT fails 3 times. To try again, push START.
3	SUB3	Record 3 on unit 5 (from OR XLS) is not long enough, or RTT fails 3 times. To try again, push START.
4	SUB4	Number of parameter selection cards specified is too large for storage area, or card reader indicates end-of-file. Replenish cards and start.
5	SUB5	Number of symmetry cards specified is too large, i.e. IC(4) > 48.
17	SUB17	Number of one-punches in parameter selection cards (i.e., K1) is less than the order of the matrix.
30	SUB3	Number of parameter selection words from OR XLS binary tape is larger than the storage area for these words. Storage capacity is 40 words.
77777	SEG2	End of problem as indicated by IN(1) = 0. To read more instruction cards push START.

Error Returns

<u>NG</u>	<u>Subprogram</u>	<u>Meaning</u>
1	ATOM, BETA	The symmetry position specified is negative or greater than the number of symmetry cards.
2	PRE	No PRE routine has been supplied for the function specified.
3	FUN	No FUN routine has been supplied for the function specified.
4	BETA	Temperature factors are not in anisotropic form, i.e., IC(9) < 6.
5	ATOM, BETA	The program is looking for a parameter before the start or beyond the end of the list.
6	STOBB	The cell parameter A(1), A(2), or A(3) ≤ 0 .
7	EIGVAL	The eigenvalues are imaginary.
8	EIGVEC	Only null eigenvectors are found.
9	COSVV	One of the vectors is null.
10	FUNXI	The vector is null.
11	SUB 12,14,18	A non-existent function has been specified, i.e. XMDF(IN(1),100) > 20.

COMMON STORAGE

<u>Symbol and Dimension</u>	<u>Description</u>
NG	Error return indicator.
IC(10)	Control card integers.
PM(251)	One row of the variance-covariance matrix associated with the atomic parameters. PM(1) = V_{ii} , PM(2) = V_{ii+1} , etc.
DP(251)	The increments $\Delta p_i = (0.01)V_{ii}^{1/2}$.
DFDP(251)	The derivatives $\partial f / \partial p_i$.
AM(21)	The variance-covariance matrix associated with the six cell parameters. AM(1) = U_{11} , AM(2) = U_{12} , ... AM(6) = U_{16} , AM(7) = U_{22} , ..., etc.
DA(6)	The increments $\Delta a_i = (0.01)U_{ii}^{1/2}$.
DFDA(6)	The derivatives $\partial f / \partial a_i$.
IN(231)	Instruction integers.
TS(3,48)	The translational part of the symmetry information. See below.
IS(2,3,48)	Integers representing the non-translational part of the symmetry information. For example if the Jth symmetry transformation is $y-x$, $-x$, $1/3 + z$, this information would be stored as follows: $TS(1,J) = 0.0$ $IS(1,1,J) = 2$ (for y) $IS(2,1,J) = -1$ (for $-x$) $TS(2,J) = 0.0$ $IS(1,2,J) = -1$ (for $-x$) $IS(2,2,J) = 0$ $TS(3,J) = 0.333333$ $IS(1,3,J) = 3$ (for z) $IS(2,3,J) = 0$
A(6)	The direct lattice parameters a , b , c , $\cos \alpha$, $\cos \beta$, and $\cos \gamma$.
AA(3,3)	The metric tensor g where $g_{ij} = a_i \cdot a_j$.
BB(3,3)	The reciprocal metric tensor g^{-1} where $(g^{-1})_{ij} = b_i \cdot b_j$.
F	The computed value of function f to be put out.
FX	The computed value of function f as stored by the subroutines FUNi.
P(300)	The atomic or least squares parameters. The dimension 300 is only a dummy dimension. The true capacity will be greater than this and is determined by the memory size and the length of any subroutines added by the user.

BINARY DECKS SUPPLIED

<u>Identification</u>	<u>Number of Locations</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
<u>Segment 1A (red*)</u>		
NYRBLL		Loader
SEG1A		Program
SEG1A		Transfer card
<u>Segment 1B (orange)</u>		
SEG1B		Fortran II BSS loader
SEG1B		Calling program
SEG1B		Fortran library subroutine
WRITE		SAP subroutine
SEG1B		Fortran II transfer card
<u>Segment 2</u>		
<u>Loader (yellow)</u>		
SEG2		Fortran II BSS loader
<u>Basic program, SAP (yellow)</u>		
SUB2	123	
SUB6	51	
SUBG	125	SUB7, 12, 14, + 18
SUBK	280	SUB1, 3, 4, 15, 16, 17, + 20
READ	37	
SET	1	
HED	1	
PRE	4	
FUN	4	
OUT	1	
	<u>627</u>	
<u>Basic program, Fortran (yellow)</u>		
SEG2	365	Calling program
SUB5	83	
SUB8	101	
SUB10	30	
SUB11	39	
SUB13	403	
SUB19	33	
SUB21	149	
SUBF	<u>1280</u>	Fortran library subroutines
	<u>2483</u>	

* It is suggested that the user reproduce the binary decks in the indicated colors.

<u>Identification</u>	<u>Number of Locations</u>
<u>Arithmetic subprograms, Fortran (yellow)</u>	
SETKX	60
SETKB	60
STOAA	49
STOBB	149
ATOM	231
BETA	296
MM	52
MV	48
VM	46
VV	36
VMV	36
DIFV	33
SUMV	33
COSVV	58
ARCCOS	38
NORM	71
AXES	56
EIGVAL	239
EIGVEC	157
TRACE	32
	<u>1780</u>

Functions 1-6, Fortran (green)

FUNA	75
FUND	53
HED1	36
PRE1	20
FUN1	19
OUT1	46
HED2	38
PRE2	29
FUN2	19
OUT2	48
HED3	40
PRE3	29
FUN3	122
OUT3	57
HED4	38
PRE4	29
FUN4	25
OUT4	53
HED5	36

FUN5	25

HED6	35
PRE6	38
FUN6	41
OUT6	67
	<u>1018</u>

<u>Identification</u>	<u>Number of Locations</u>
<u>Functions 7-11, Fortran (blue)</u>	
FUNB	71
FUNC	80
FUNX	152
HED7	47
PRE7	18
FUN7	30
OUT7	44
HED8	48
PRE8	32
FUN8	25
OUT8	50
HED9	57

FUN9	24

HED10	53
PRE10	32
FUN10	25
OUT10	60
HED11	62

FUN11	24

	<u>934</u>
<u>Functions 12-15, Fortran (brown)</u>	
FUNR	58
FUNCR	93
FUNXI	113
HED12	51
PRE12	32
FUN12	25
OUT12	50
HED13	39
PRE7	18 (duplicate)
FUN13	24
OUT13	43
HED14	45
PRE14	38
FUN14	36
OUT1	46 (duplicate)
HED15	45

FUN15	36

	<u>792</u>

<u>Identification</u>	<u>Number of Locations</u>	<u>Remarks</u>	
<u>Transfer card (red stripe)</u>			
SEG2			
<u>Storage requirements, Segment 2</u>			
<u>Functions:</u>	<u>1-6</u>	<u>7-11</u>	<u>12-15</u>
Basic program, SAP	627	627	627
Basic program, Fortran	2483	2483	2483
Arithmetic	1780	1780	1780
Functions	1018	934	792
Loader	24	24	24
Common (program)	1786	1786	1786
Common (Fortran)	<u>205</u>	<u>205</u>	<u>205</u>
Total	7923	7839	7697
			9649

SEG1A	REM SEGMENT TO READ INVERSE MATRIX FROM TAPE	SEG1A
START	EQU 301	SEG1A
T68	EQU 4391	SEG1A
K2	EQU 32753	SEG1A
	ORG 85	SEG1A
A1	REW 5	SEG1A
	REW 6	SEG1A
	TSX RTB,4	SEG1A
	PZE 5	SEG1A
	PZE -PM	SEG1A
	HTR 0	END OF FILE
	LDQ PM-START+T68	SEG1A
	FMP PM-START+T68	SEG1A
	STO SCALE	SEG1A
	RTB 5	SEG1A
A14	TSX RTB,4	SEG1A
	PZE 5	SEG1A
	PZE -PM	SEG1A
	HTR 0	END OF FILE
	CLA PM-32512+K2	SEG1A
	STO N	SEG1A
	TNZ A15	SEG1A
	HTR 0	ORDER OF MATRIX IS ZERO
A15	RTB 5	SEG1A
A2	RTB 5	SEG1A
	CPY DISC	SEG1A
	TRA A2	SEG1A
	LXD A4,4	SEG1A
A3	RTB 5	SEG1A
	CPY DISC	SEG1A
A4	TXI A5,0,4	SEG1A
	HTR 0	END OF FILE
A5	TIX A3,4,1	SEG1A
	TSX RTB,4	SEG1A
	PZE 5	SEG1A
A6	PZE -PM	SEG1A
	HTR 0	END OF FILE

	REW 5	SEG1A	
	CLA N	SEG1A	
	ADD I1	SEG1A	
	LRS 35	SEG1A	
	MPY N	SEG1A	
	LRS 1	SEG1A	
	STQ M	SEG1A	
	LXA M,4	SEG1A	
	LXA A6,2	SEG1A	
A7	LDQ SCALE	SEG1A	
	FMP 0,2	SEG1A	
	STO 0,2	SEG1A	
	TXI A8,2,-1	SEG1A	
A8	TIX A7,4,1	SEG1A	
	CAL N	SEG1A	
	SUB I1	SEG1A	
	ALS 18	SEG1A	
	ADD N	SEG1A	
	SLW DELTA	SEG1A	
	CAL A6	SEG1A	
	SUB N	SEG1A	
	ALS 18	SEG1A	
	ADD A6	SEG1A	
	SLW A10	SEG1A	
	LXA N,1	SEG1A	
A9	SXD X1,1	SEG1A	
	TSX WTB,4	SEG1A	
	PZE 6	SEG1A	
A10	PZE **	-INITIAL,0,-(FINAL+1)	SEG1A
	LXD X1,1	SEG1A	
	TNX A11,1,1	SEG1A	
	CAL A10	SEG1A	
	SUB DELTA	SEG1A	
	SLW A10	SEG1A	
	CAL DELTA	SEG1A	
	SUB ID1	SEG1A	
	SLW DELTA	SEG1A	
	TRA A9	SEG1A	
A11	WEF 6	SEG1A	

A12	REW 6	SEG1A	
	RCD	SEG1A	
	CPY 0	SEG1A	
	TRA A13	SEG1A	
	HTR A12	END OF FILE	SEG1A
A13	CPY 1	SEG1A	
	TRA 0	SEG1A	
	REM SUBROUTINE TO STORE BLOCK ON TAPE	XLS 037	
WTB	CLA 1,4	XLS 038	
	ADD WTB12	XLS 039	
	STA WTB3	XLS 040	
	STA WTB7	XLS 041	
	CLA 1,4	XLS 042	
	ADD WTB13	XLS 043	
	STA WTB6	XLS 044	
	STA WTB11	XLS 045	
WTB1	LXD WTB9,1	XLS 046	
WTB2	CLA 2,4	XLS 047	
	PAX 0,2	XLS 048	
	STD WTB5	XLS 049	
WTB3	WTB 0	ADDRESS TO BESET	XLS 050
WTB4	CPY 0,2	XLS 051	
	TXI WTB5,2,-1	XLS 052	
WTB5	TXH WTB4,2,0	DECREMENT TO BE SET	XLS 053
WTB6	BST 0	ADDRESS TO BE SET	XLS 054
WTB7	RTB 0	ADDRESS TO BE SET	XLS 055
	RTT	XLS 056	
	NOP	XLS 057	
WTB8	CPY WTB10	XLS 058	
WTB9	TXI WTB8,0,3	XLS 059	
WTB10	PZE	READ-BACK COPIED HERE	XLS 060
	IOD	XLS 061	
	RTT	XLS 062	
	TRA WTB11	XLS 063	
	TRA 3,4	XLS 064	
WTB11	BST 0	ADDRESS TO BE SET	XLS 065
	TIX WTB2,1,1	XLS 066	
	HTR WTB1	RTT FAILS 3 TIMES. START TO TRY AGAIN	XLS 067
WTB12	WTB 0	CONSTANT	XLS 068

WTB13	BST 0	CONSTANT	XLS 069
	REM SUBROUTINE TO READ RECORD FROM TAPE		XLS 070
RTB	CLA 1,4		XLS 071
	ADD RTB7		XLS 072
	STO RTB3		XLS 073
	CLA 1,4		XLS 074
	ADD RTB8		XLS 075
	STO RTB6		XLS 076
RTB1	LXD RTB5,1		XLS 077
RTB2	CLA 2,4		XLS 078
	PAX 0,2		XLS 079
RTB3	RTB 0	TO BE SET	XLS 080
	RTT		XLS 081
	NOP		XLS 082
RTB4	CPY 0,2		XLS 083
	TXI RTB4,2,-1		XLS 084
	TRA 3,4		XLS 085
	IOD		XLS 086
	RTT		XLS 087
RTB5	TXI RTB6,0,3		XLS 088
	TRA 4,4		XLS 089
RTB6	BST 0	TO BE SET	XLS 090
	TIX RTB2,1,1		XLS 091
	HTR RTB1	RTT FAILS 3 TIMES. START TO TRY AGAIN.	XLS 092
RTB7	RTB 0	CONSTANT	XLS 093
RTB8	BST 0	CONSTANT	XLS 094
I1	PZE 1		SEG1A
ID1	PZE 1,0,1		SEG1A
SCALE		SCALE FACTOR FOR MATRIX	SEG1A
N		ORDER OF MATRIX	SEG1A
M		NUMBER OF MATRIX ELEMENTS	SEG1A
DELTA		INCREMENT FOR A10	SEG1A
X1		INDEX SAVED HERE	SEG1A
DISC		DISCARDS COPIED HERE	SEG1A
PM		START OF MAIN STORAGE	SEG1A
	END A1		SEG1A
CSEG1B	1471 WRB SEGMENT 1R CALLING PROGRAM		SEG1B101
	COMMONPM		SEG1B103

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C      DIMENSIONPM(1000)          SEG1B105
      ABOVE DIMENSION IS DUMMY. MATRIX LIMITED ONLY BY MEMORY CAPACITY.  SEG1B106
      READ109,N,SCALE           SEG1B107
109   FORMAT(19,E9.4)            SEG1B109
      M=(N*(N+1))/2             SEG1B111
      READ115,(PM(I),I=1,M)     SEG1B113
115   FORMAT(8E9.4)              SEG1B115
      DO119I=1,M                 SEG1B117
119   PM(I)=SCALE*PM(I)         SEG1B119
      REWIND6                     SEG1B121
      K=1                         SEG1B123
      L=N                         SEG1B125
      DO207J=1,N                  SEG1B201
      CALLWRITE(6,PM(K),L)        SEG1B203
      K=K+L                       SEG1B205
207   L=L-1                     SEG1B207
      REWIND6                     SEG1B209
      END(0,1,0,0,1)              SEG1B211

      REM WRB 1471 SUBROUTINE WRITE(TAPE,LOC,NO.WORDS)
      ORG 0
      FUL
      MZE 0,0,4
      PZE
      PZE WTB13+1
      PZE
      BCD 1WRITE
      PZE A
      ORG 0
      REL
      PZE                      SAVE INDEX 1
      PZE                      SAVE INDEX 2
      PZE                      SAVE INDEX 4

A      SXD A-3,1
      SXD A-2,2
      SXD A-1,4
      CLA 1,4
      STA WTB
      CLA 2,4

```

STA WTB4
CLA 3,4
STA WTB2
WTB CLA 0 ADDRESS TO BE SET
ARS 18
STO WTB10
ADD WTB12
STA WTB3
STA WTB7
CLA WTB10
ADD WTB13
STA WTB6
STA WTB11
WTB1 LXD WTB9,1
WTB2 LXD 0,4 ADDRESS TO BE SET
PXD 0,0
PDX 0,2
WTB3 WTB 0 ADDRESS TO BESET
WTB4 CPY 0,2
TXI WTB5,2,1
WTB5 TIX WTB4,4,1
WTB6 BST 0 ADDRESS TO BE SET
WTB7 RTB 0 ADDRESS TO BE SET
RTT
NOP
WTB8 CPY WTB10
WTB9 TXI WTB8,0,3
WTB10 PZE READ-BACK COPIED HERE
IOD
RTT
TRA WTB11
LXD A-3,1
LXD A-2,2
LXD A-1,4
TRA 4,4
WTB11 BST 0 ADDRESS TO BE SET
TIX WTB2,1,1
HTR WTB1
WTB12 WTB 0 RTT FAILS 3 TIMES. START TO TRY AGAIN
CONSTANT

WTB13	BST 0	CONSTANT	
	END 0		
SUB2	REM 1471 WRB READ PARAMETERS FROM XLS BINARY TAPE		SUB2 001
	REM PROGRAM CARD		SUB2 002
	FUL		SUB2 003
	MZE 0,0,4	9L	SUB2 004
	PZE		SUB2 005
	PZE T1+1		SUB2 006
	PZE		SUB2 007
	BCD 1SUB2		SUB2 008
	PZE SUB2	7R	SUB2 009
	REM SUBROUTINE SUB2(P,IC)		SUB2 010
	ORG 0		SUB2 011
	REL		SUB2 012
SUB2	SXD X1,1		SUB2 013
	SXD X2,2		SUB2 014
	SXD X4,4		SUB2 015
	CLA 1,4		SUB2 016
	STA S2U		SUB2 017
	STA S2AA		SUB2 018
	CLA 2,4		SUB2 019
	SUB I1		20
	STA S2AC		21
	SUB I5		22
	STA S2AF		SUB2 023
	SUB I1		SUB2 024
	STA S2AD		SUB2 025
	SUB I1		SUB2 026
	STA S2AG		SUB2 027
	SUB I1		SUB2 028
	STA S2AE		SUB2 029
S2A	LXA I3,1		SUB2 030
S2B	REW 5		SUB2 031
	RTB 5		SUB2 032
	RTT		SUB2 033
	NOP		SUB2 034
	LXA C1,2		SUB2 035
S2C	CPY S3		SUB2 036

	TRA S2E	SUB2 037
S2D	HPR 2	SUB2 038
	TRA S2D	SUB2 039
S2E	TIX S2C,2,1	SUB2 040
	LXA C2,2	SUB2 041
S2F	CPY S11	SUB2 042
	TRA S2H	SUB2 043
S2G	HPR 2	SUB2 044
	TRA S2G	SUB2 045
S2H	TIX S2F,2,1	SUB2 046
	LXA C3,2	SUB2 047
S2I	CPY T61	SUB2 048
	TRA S2K	SUB2 049
S2J	HPR 2	SUB2 050
	TRA S2J	SUB2 051
S2K	TIX S2I,2,1	SUB2 052
	LXA C4,2	SUB2 053
S2L	CPY T6	SUB2 054
	TRA S2N	SUB2 055
S2M	HPR 2	SUB2 056
	TRA S2M	SUB2 057
S2N	TIX S2L,2,1	SUB2 058
	LXA C5,2	SUB2 059
S2O	CPY T5	SUB2 060
	TRA S2Q	SUB2 061
S2P	HPR 2	SUB2 062
	TRA S2P	SUB2 063
S2Q	TIX S2O,2,1	SUB2 064
	CLA T5	SUB2 065
	SUB C6	SUB2 066
	PAX 0,2	SUB2 067
S2R	CPY T1	SUB2 068
	TRA S2T	SUB2 069
S2S	HPR 2	SUB2 070
	TRA S2S	SUB2 071
S2T	TIX S2R,2,1	SUB2 072
	PXD 0,0	SUB2 073
	PDX 0,4	SUB2 074
	LXA S11,2	SUB2 075

	TXI S2U,2,1	SUB2 076
S2U	CPY **,4	SUB2 077
	TXI S2W,4,1	SUB2 078
S2V	HPR 2	SUB2 079
	TRA S2V	SUB2 080
S2W	TIX S2U,2,1	SUB2 081
	CLA T61	SUB2 082
	SUB T6	SUB2 083
	TZE S2AA	SUB2 084
	PAX 0,2	SUB2 085
S2X	CPY T1	SUB2 086
	TRA S2Z	SUB2 087
S2Y	HPR 2	SUB2 088
	TRA S2Y	SUB2 089
S2Z	TIX S2X,2,1	SUB2 090
S2AA	CPY **,4	P(1) SUB2 091
	TXI S2AA,4,1	SUB2 092
	HTR 0	SUB2 093
S2AB	IOD	SUB2 095
	RTT	SUB2 096
	TRA S2AH	SUB2 097
	PXD 0,4	SUB2 098
S2AC	STO **	IC(2) SUB2 981
	LXA S11,4	SUB2 099
	TXI S2AI,4,3	SUB2 100
S2AI	PXD 0,4	SUB2 101
S2AD	STO **	IC(8) SUB21011
	TXI S2AJ,4,3	SUB2 102
S2AJ	PXD 0,4	SUB2 103
S2AE	STO **	IC(10) SUB21031
	LDQ S3	SUB2 104
	MPY I5	SUB2 105
	LLS 18	SUB2 106
S2AF	STQ **	IC(7) SUB2 107
S2AG	STQ **	IC(9) SUB2 108
	LXD X1,1	SUB2 109
	LXD X2,2	SUB2 110
	LXD X4,4	SUB2 111
	TRA 3,4	SUB2 112

S2AH	TIX S2B,1,1		
	HPR 2	RTT FAILS 3 TIMES. START	SUB2 113
	TRA S2A	TO TRY AGAIN	SUB2 114
L1	EQU 301	455(8) LOC START IN XLS2	SUB2 115
L2	EQU 4295	10307(8) LOC S3 IN XLS2	SUB2 116
L3	EQU 4304	10320(8) LOC S11 IN XLS2	SUB2 117
L4	EQU 4308	10324(8) LOC T61 IN XLS2	SUB2 118
L5	EQU 4309	10325(8) LOC T6 IN XLS2	SUB2 119
L6	EQU 4437	10525(8) LOC T5 IN XLS2	SUB2 120
I1	PZE 1		SUB2 121
I3	PZE 3		SUB2 122
I5	PZE 5		SUB2 123
C1	PZE L2-L1+1		SUB2 124
C2	PZE L3-L2		SUB2 125
C3	PZE L4-L3		SUB2 126
C4	PZE L5-L4		SUB2 127
C5	PZE L6-L5		SUB2 128
C6	PZE L6		SUB2 129
X1		INDEX SAVED HERE	SUB2 130
X2		INDEX SAVED HERE	SUB2 131
X4		INDEX SAVED HERE	SUB2 132
S3		XLS2 SYMM OR ANIS INDICATOR	SUB2 133
S11		XLS2 NO. OF SCALE FACTORS	SUB2 134
T61		XLS2 COMP LOC SYMM CODE	SUB2 135
T6		XLS2 COMP LOC ATOM PARATEETERS	SUB2 136
T5		XLS2 LAST LOC USED BY CODE	SUB2 137
T1		DISCARDS COPIED HERE	SUB2 138
	END 0		SUB2 139
			SUB2 140
SUB6	REM 1471 WRB DECODE SYMMETRY INFORMATION		SUB6 001
	REM PROGRAM CARD		SUB6 002
	FUL		SUB6 003
	MZE 0,0,4	9L	SUB6 004
	PZE		SUB6 005
	PZE TEMP+1		SUB6 006
	PZE		SUB6 007
	BCD 1SUB6		SUB6 008
	PZE SUB6	7R	SUB6 009
	REM SUBROUTINE SUB6(1,1,K) TO DECODE SYMM CARD K		SUB6 010

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	REL	SUB6 011
	ORG 0	SUB6 012
SUB6	SXD X1,1	SUB6 013
	SXD X4,4	SUB6 014
	CLA 1,4	SUB6 015
	STA S6D	SUB6 016
	STA S6H	SUB6 017
	PXD 0,0	SUB6 018
	PDX 0,1	SUB6 019
S6A	CAL F2,4	FROM FORMAT IN SUB5
	ALS 12	SUB6 020
	ANA MASK	SUB6 021
	TZE S6B	SUB6 022
	SUB D6	SUB6 023
	SLW TEMP	SUB6 024
	CAL F2,4	SUB6 025
	ANA MASK1	SUB6 026
	TNZ S6C	SUB6 027
	CLS TEMP	SUB6 028
	TRA S6D	SUB6 029
S6B	PXD 0,0	SUB6 030
	TRA S6D	SUB6 031
S6C	CLA TEMP	SUB6 032
S6D	STO **,1	LOC IS(1,1,K)
	TXI S6E,1,1	SUB6 033
S6E	CAL F2+1,4	FROM FORMAT IN SUB5
	ARS 12	SUB6 034
	ANA MASK	SUB6 035
	TZE S6F	SUB6 036
	SUB D6	SUB6 037
	SLW TEMP	SUB6 038
	CAL F2,4	SUB6 039
	ANA MASK2	SUB6 040
	TNZ S6G	SUB6 041
	CLS TEMP	SUB6 042
	TRA S6H	SUB6 043
S6F	PXD 0,0	SUB6 044
	TRA S6H	SUB6 045
S6G	CLA TEMP	SUB6 046

S6H	STO **,1	LOC IS(1,1,K)	SUB6 050
	TXI S6I,1,1		SUB6 051
S6I	TXH S6J,1,5		SUB6 052
	TXI S6A,4,-2		SUB6 053
S6J	LXD X1,1		SUB6 054
	LXD X4,4		SUB6 055
	TRA 2,4		SUB6 056
MASK	OCT 000017000000		SUB6 057
MASK1	OCT 000000400000		SUB6 058
MASK2	OCT 000000000040		SUB6 059
D4	PZE 0,0,4		SUB6 060
X1		INDEX SAVED HERE	SUB6 061
X4		INDEX SAVED HERE	SUB6 062
TEMP			SUB6 063
F2	EQU 22	SECOND FORMAT WORD LESS TSX SUB6	SUB6 064
	END 0		SUB6 065
SUBG	REM 1471 WRB COMPUTED SUBROUTINE ENTRIES		SUBG 001
	REM PROGRAM CARD		SUBG 002
	FUL		SUBG 003
	MZE 0,0,10	9L	SUBG 004
	PZE		SUBG 005
	PZE X4+1,0,82		SUBG 006
	PZE		SUBG 007
	BCD 1SUB7		SUBG 008
	PZE SUB7		SUBG 009
	BCD 1SUB12		SUBG 010
	PZE SUB12		SUBG 011
	BCD 1SUB14		SUBG 012
	PZE SUB14		SUBG 013
	BCD 1SUB18		SUBG 014
	PZE SUB18	4R	SUBG 015
	ORG 0		SUBG 016
	REL		SUBG 017
SETA	BCD 1SETA		SUBG 018
SETP	BCD 1SETP		SUBG 019
	BCD 1HED20		SUBG 020
	BCD 1HED19		SUBG 021
	BCD 1HED18		SUBG 022

	BCD 1HED17	SUBG 023
	BCD 1HED16	SUBG 024
	BCD 1HED15	SUBG 025
	BCD 1HED14	SUBG 026
	BCD 1HED13	SUBG 027
	BCD 1HED12	SUBG 028
	BCD 1HED11	SUBG 029
	BCD 1HED10	SUBG 030
	BCD 1HED9	SUBG 031
	BCD 1HED8	SUBG 032
	BCD 1HED7	SUBG 033
	BCD 1HED6	SUBG 034
	BCD 1HED5	SUBG 035
	BCD 1HED4	SUBG 036
	BCD 1HED3	SUBG 037
	BCD 1HED2	SUBG 038
	BCD 1HED1	SUBG 039
HED	BSS 0	SUBG 040
	BCD 1PRE20	SUBG 041
	BCD 1PRE19	SUBG 042
	BCD 1PRE18	SUBG 043
	BCD 1PRE17	SUBG 044
	BCD 1PRE16	SUBG 045
	BCD 1PRE14	SUBG 046
	BCD 1PRE14	SUBG 047
	BCD 1PRE7	SUBG 048
	BCD 1PRE12	SUBG 049
	BCD 1PRE10	SUBG 050
	BCD 1PRE10	SUBG 051
	BCD 1PRE8	SUBG 052
	BCD 1PRE8	SUBG 053
	BCD 1PRE7	SUBG 054
	BCD 1PRE6	SUBG 055
	BCD 1PRE3	SUBG 056
	BCD 1PRE4	SUBG 057
	BCD 1PRE3	SUBG 058
	BCD 1PRE2	SUBG 059
	BCD 1PRE1	SUBG 060
PRE	BSS 0	SUBG 061

	BCD 1FUN20	SUBG 062
	BCD 1FUN19	SUBG 063
	BCD 1FUN18	SUBG 064
	BCD 1FUN17	SUBG 065
	BCD 1FUN16	SUBG 066
	BCD 1FUN15	SUBG 067
	BCD 1FUN14	SUBG 068
	BCD 1FUN13	SUBG 069
	BCD 1FUN12	SUBG 070
	BCD 1FUN11	SUBG 071
	BCD 1FUN10	SUBG 072
	BCD 1FUN9	SUBG 073
	BCD 1FUN8	SUBG 074
	BCD 1FUN7	SUBG 075
	BCD 1FUN6	SUBG 076
	BCD 1FUN5	SUBG 077
	BCD 1FUN4	SUBG 078
	BCD 1FUN3	SUBG 079
	BCD 1FUN2	SUBG 080
	BCD 1FUN1	SUBG 081
FUN	BSS 0	SUBG 082
	BCD 1OUT20	SUBG 083
	BCD 1OUT19	SUBG 084
	BCD 1OUT18	SUBG 085
	BCD 1OUT17	SUBG 086
	BCD 1OUT16	SUBG 087
	BCD 1OUT1 SAME AS OUT15	SUBG 088
	BCD 1OUT1 SAME AS OUT14	SUBG 089
	BCD 1OUT13	SUBG 090
	BCD 1OUT12	SUBG 091
	BCD 1OUT10 SAME AS OUT11	SUBG 092
	BCD 1OUT10	SUBG 093
	BCD 1OUT8 SAME AS OUT9	SUBG 094
	BCD 1OUT8	SUBG 095
	BCD 1OUT7	SUBG 096
	BCD 1OUT6	SUBG 097
	BCD 1OUT3 SAME AS OUT5	SUBG 098
	BCD 1OUT4	SUBG 099
	BCD 1OUT3	SUBG 100

BCD 1OUT2
BCD 1OUT1
OUT BSS 0
SUB7 SXD X2,2
SXD X4,4
CLM
LDQ IN
LLS 0
DVP D100
PDX 0,2
TXH EXIT,2,20
TSX HEDI,4
TRA EXIT
HEDI TRA HED,2
SUB12 SXD X2,2
SXD X4,4
TSX SETA,4
TSX SETP,4
LXD IN,2
TXH EXNG,2,20
TSX FUNI,4
TRA EXIT
FUNI TRA FUN,2
SUB14 SXD X2,2
SXD X4,4
LXD IN,2
TXH EXNG,2,20
TSX PREI,4
TRA EXIT
PREI TRA PRE,2
SUB18 SXD X2,2
SXD X4,4
LXD IN,2
TXH EXNG,2,20
TSX OUTI,4
TRA EXIT
OUTI TRA OUT,2
EXNG CLA D11
STO NG

SUBG 101
SUBG 102
SUBG 103
SUBG 104
SUBG 105
SUBG 106
SUBG 107
SUBG 108
SUBG 109
SUBG 110
SUBG 111
SUBG 112
SUBG 113
SUBG 114
SUBG 115
SUBG 116
SUBG 117
SUBG 118
SUBG 119
SUBG 120
SUBG 121
SUBG 122
SUBG 123
SUBG 124
SUBG 125
SUBG 126
SUBG 127
SUBG 128
SUBG 129
SUBG 130
SUBG 131
SUBG 132
SUBG 133
SUBG 134
SUBG 135
SUBG 136
SUBG 137
SUBG 138
SUBG 139

EXIT	LXD X2,2	SUBG 140	
	LXD X4,4	SUBG 141	
	TRA 1,4	SUBG 142	
D11	PZE 0,0,11	SUBG 143	
D100	PZE 0,0,100	SUBG 144	
IN	SYN 31765	REFERS TO COMMON STORAGE	SUBG 145
NG	SYN 32562	REFERS TO COMMON STORAGE	SUBG 146
X2		INDEX STORED HERE	SUBG 147
X4		INDEX STORED HERE	SUBG 148
	END 0	SUBG 149	
SUBK	REM 1471 WRB KEY WORD SUBROUTINES	SUBK 001	
	REM PROGRAM CARD	SUBK 002	
	FUL	SUBK 003	
	MZE 0,0,16	9L	SUBK 004
	PZE	SUBK 005	
	PZE X4+1	SUBK 006	
	PZE	SUBK 007	
	BCD 1SUB1	SUBK 008	
	PZE SUB1	SUBK 009	
	BCD 1SUB3	SUBK 010	
	PZE SUB3	SUBK 011	
	BCD 1SUB4	SUBK 012	
	PZE SUB4	SUBK 013	
	BCD 1SUB15	SUBK 014	
	PZE SUB15	SUBK 015	
	BCD 1SUB16	SUBK 016	
	PZE SUB16	SUBK 017	
	BCD 1SUB17	SUBK 018	
	PZE SUB17	SUBK 019	
	BCD 1SUB20	SUBK 020	
	PZE SUB20	SUBK 021	
	1R		
	REM SUBROUTINE SUB1 TO CLEAR K2	SUBK 022	
	ORG 0	SUBK 023	
	REL	SUBK 024	
SUB1	SXD X1,1	SUBK 025	
	LXA IDIMK,1	SUBK 026	
S1A	STZ K2+DIMK,1	SUBK 027	
	TIX S1A,1,1	SUBK 028	

	LXD X1,1	SUBK 029	
	TRA 1,4	SUBK 030	
	REM SUBROUTINE SUB3(IC(5)) TO READ K1 AND IC(5) FROM TAPE	SUBK 031	
SUB3	SXD X1,1	SUBK 032	
	SXD X2,2	SUBK 033	
	CLA 1,4	SUBK 034	
	STA S3K	SUBK 035	
	RTB 5	SUBK 036	
S3A	LXA 13,1	SUBK 037	
S3B	RTB 5	SUBK 038	
	RTT	SUBK 039	
	NOP	SUBK 040	
	LXA IDIS,2	SUBK 041	
S3C	CPY K1	SUBK 042	
	TRA S3E	SUBK 043	
S3D	HPR 3	END OF FILE OR RECORD	SUBK 044
	TRA S3D	SUBK 045	
S3E	TIX S3C,2,1	SUBK 046	
	LXA IDIMK,2	SUBK 047	
S3F	CPY K1+DIMK,2	SUBK 048	
	TRA S3H	SUBK 049	
S3G	HPR 3	END OF RECORD	SUBK 050
	TRA S3G	SUBK 051	
S3H	TIX S3F,2,1	SUBK 052	
	CPY NK	SUBK 053	
	CPY N	SUBK 054	
	TRA S3J	SUBK 055	
S3I	HPR 3	END OF RECORD	SUBK 056
	TRA S3I	SUBK 057	
S3J	CPY K2	SUBK 058	
	TRA S3J	SUBK 059	
	HPR 3	SUBK 060	
	IOD	SUBK 061	
	RTT	SUBK 062	
	TRA S3O	SUBK 063	
	LXA N,1	SUBK 064	
	PXD 0,1	SUBK 065	
S3K	STO **	LOC IC(5)	SUBK 651
	CLA NK	SUBK 066	

	ADD LOCK1	SUBK 067	
	STA S3N	SUBK 068	
	LXA NK,1	SUBK 069	
	SXD NK,1	SUBK 070	
	TXL S3M,1,DIMK	SUBK 071	
S3L	HPR 24	NK GREATER THAN DIMK	SUBK 072
	TRA S3L	SUBK 073	
S3M	CAL K1+DIMK,1	SUBK 074	
S3N	SLW **,1	NK+LOCK1	SUBK 075
	TIX S3M,1,1	SUBK 076	
	LXD X1,1	SUBK 077	
	LXD X2,2	SUBK 078	
	REW 5	SUBK 079	
	TRA 2,4	SUBK 080	
S3O	BST 5	SUBK 081	
	TIX S3B,1,1	SUBK 082	
	HPR 3	RTT FAILS 3 TIMES.	SUBK 083
	TRA S3A	START TO TRY AGAIN	SUBK 084
	REM SUBROUTINE SUB4(IC(6)) TO READ K1 FROM CARDS	SUBK 085	
SUB4	SXD X1,1	SUBK 086	
	SXD X2,2	SUBK 087	
	CAL 1,4	SUBK 088	
	STA S4A	SUBK 089	
S4A	CLA **	LOC IC(6)	SUBK 090
	TZE S4F	SUBK 091	
	ALS 1	SUBK 092	
	STD NK	SUBK 093	
	PDX 0,1	SUBK 094	
	ARS 18	SUBK 095	
	ADD LOCK1	SUBK 096	
	STA S4D	SUBK 097	
	ADD I1	SUBK 098	
	STA S4E	SUBK 099	
	TXL S4C,1,DIMK	SUBK 100	
S4B	HPR 4	SUBK 101	
	TRA S4B	SUBK 102	
S4C	LXA I9,2	SUBK 103	
	RCD	SUBK 104	
S4D	CPY **,1	NK+LOCK1	SUBK 105

	TRA S4E		SUBK 106
	HPR 4	END OF FIEL	SUBK 107
	TRA S4C		SUBK 108
S4E	CPY **,1	NK+LOCK1+1	SUBK 109
	TIX S4D,2,1		SUBK 110
	TIX S4C,1,2		SUBK 111
	TRA S4H		SUBK 112
S4F	LXA IDIMK,1		SUBK 113
	SXD NK,1		SUBK 114
	PXD 0,0		SUBK 115
	COM		SUBK 116
S4G	SLW K1+DIMK,1		SUBK 117
	TIX S4G,1,1		SUBK 118
S4H	LXD X1,1		SUBK 119
	LXD X2,2		SUBK 120
	TRA 2,4		SUBK 121
	REM SUBROUTINE SUB15(K3) TO STORE SECONDARY KEY WORDS		SUBK 122
	REM STORES K3(1) ONE BITS STARTING WITH K3(2) BIT		SUBK 123
	REM OF K3(3) WORD		SUBK 124
SUB15	CAL 1,4		SUBK 125
	STA S15A		SUBK 126
	SUB I1		SUBK 127
	STA S15B		SUBK 128
	SUB I1		SUBK 129
	STA S15C		SUBK 130
S15A	CLA **	LOC K3(1)	SUBK 131
	ARS 18		SUBK 132
	STA S15D		SUBK 133
S15B	CLA **	LOC K3(2)	SUBK 134
	ARS 18		SUBK 135
	STA S15E		SUBK 136
S15C	CLA **	LOC K3(3)	SUBK 137
	ARS 18		SUBK 138
	ADD LOCK2		SUBK 139
	STA S15G		SUBK 140
	SUB I1		SUBK 141
	STA S15F		SUBK 142
	PXD 0,0		SUBK 143
	LRS 35		SUBK 144

	COM		
S15D	ARS **	K3(1)	SUBK 145
	COM		SUBK 146
S15E	LRS **	K3(2)	SUBK 147
S15F	ORS **	K3(3)+LOCK2-1	SUBK 148
	LLS 36		SUBK 149
S15G	ORS **	K3(3)+LOCK2	SUBK 150
	TRA 2,4		SUBK 151
	REM SUBROUTINE SUB16 TO INITIALIZE SUB17		SUBK 152
SUB16	CLA NK		SUBK 153
	STD XWORD		SUBK 154
	ARS 18		SUBK 155
	ADD LOCK1		SUBK 156
	STA S17B		SUBK 157
	CLA NK		SUBK 158
	ARS 18		SUBK 159
	ADD LOCK2		SUBK 160
	STA S17G		SUBK 161
	CLA D36		SUBK 162
	STD XBIT		SUBK 163
	CAL K1		SUBK 164
	SLW TK1		SUBK 165
	CAL K2		SUBK 166
	SLW TK2		SUBK 167
	TRA 1,4		SUBK 168
	REM FUNCTION SUB17 TO TEST KEY WORDS		SUBK 169
SUB17	SXD X1,1		SUBK 170
	LXD XBIT,1		SUBK 171
	TIX S17C,1,1		SUBK 172
	LXD XWORD,1		SUBK 173
	TIX S17B,1,1		SUBK 174
S17A	HPR 71	N AND KEY WORDS DISAGREE	SUBK 175
	TRA S17A		SUBK 176
S17B	CAL **,1	NK+LOCK1 SET BY SUB16	SUBK 177
	SLW TK1		SUBK 178
S17G	CAL **,1	NK+LOCK2 SET BY SUB16	SUBK 179
	SLW TK2		SUBK 180
	SXD XWORD,1		SUBK 181
	LXD D36,1		SUBK 182
			SUBK 183

S17C	SXD XBIT,1	SUBK 184
	CAL TK1	SUBK 185
	PBT	SUBK 186
	TRA S17E	SUBK 187
	ALS 1	SUBK 188
	SLW TK1	SUBK 189
	CAL TK2	SUBK 190
	PBT	SUBK 191
	TRA S17D	SUBK 192
	ALS 1	SUBK 193
	SLW TK2	SUBK 194
	CLA ONE	SUBK 195
	TRA S17F	SUBK 196
S17D	ALS 1	SUBK 197
	SLW TK2	SUBK 198
	CLA ONE	SUBK 199
	CHS	SUBK 200
	TRA S17F	SUBK 201
S17E	ALS 1	SUBK 202
	SLW TK1	SUBK 203
	CAL TK2	SUBK 204
	ALS 1	SUBK 205
	SLW TK2	SUBK 206
	PXD 0,0	SUBK 207
S17F	LXD X1,1	SUBK 208
	TRA 2,4	SUBK 209
	REM SUBROUTINE SUB20	SUBK 210
SUB20	REW 5	SUBK 211
	RTB 5	SUBK 212
	TRA 1,4	SUBK 213
	REM CONSTANTS AND TEMPORARIES	SUBK 214
DIMK	EQU 40	DIMENSION K1 AND K2 SUBK 215
L1	EQU 256	WORDS IN XLS TAPE RECORD 3 SUBK 216
L2	EQU 16	WORDS IN XLS INTERSEGMENT STORAGE SUBK 217
IDIS	PZE L1-L2-DIMK	WORDS TO BE DISCARDED FROM TAPE SUBK 218
IDIMK	PZE DIMK	SUBK 219
I1	PZE 1	SUBK 220
I3	PZE 3	SUBK 221
I9	PZE 9	SUBK 222

D36	PZE 0,0,36	
ONE	DEC 1,0	SUBK 223
LOCK1	PZE K1	SUBK 224
LOCK2	PZE K2	SUBK 225
K1	BSS DIMK	SUBK 226
K2	BSS DIMK	SUBK 227
TK1		SUBK 228
TK2		SUBK 229
XWORD	PRIMARY KEY WORDS	SUBK 230
XBIT	DECONDARY KEY WORDS	SUBK 231
NK	CURRENT K1	SUBK 232
N	CURRENT K2	SUBK 233
X1	KEY WORD COUNTER SAVED	SUBK 234
X2	BIT COUNTER SAVED	SUBK 235
X4	NUMBER OF KEY WORDS USED	SUBK 236
	ORDER OF MATRIX	SUBK 237
	IDEX SAVED HERE	SUBK 238
	IDEX SAVED HERE	
	IDEX SAVED HERE	
	END 0	
REM WRB 1471 SUBROUTINE READ(TAPE,LOC)		
ORG 0		
FUL		
MZE 0,0,4		
PZE		
PZE RTB9+1		
PZE		
BCD 1READ		
PZE A		
ORG 0		
REL		
PZE SAVE INDEX 1		
PZE SAVE INDEX 2		
PZE SAVE INDEX 4		
A	SXD A-3,1	
	SXD A-2,2	
	SXD A-1,4	
	CLA 1,4	
	STA RTB	
	CLA 2,4	
	STA RTB4	
RTB	CLA 0	ADDRESS TO BE SET

ARS 18
STO RTB9
ADD RTB7
STO RTB3
CLA RTB9
ADD RTB8
STO RTB6
RTB1 LXD RTB5,1
RTB2 PXD 0,0
PDX 0,2
RTB3 RTB 0 TO BE SET
RTT
NOP
RTB4 CPY 0,2
TXI RTB4,2,1
HTR RTB3 END OF FILE
IOD
RTT
RTB5 TXI RTB6,0,3
LXD A-3,1
LXD A-2,2
LXD A-1,4
TRA 3,4
RTB6 BST 0 TO BE SET
TIX RTB2,1,1
HTR RTB1 RTT FAILS 3 TIMES. START TO TRY AGAIN.
RTB7 RTB 0 CONSTANT
RTB8 BST 0 CONSTANT
RTB9 PZE TAPE NUMBER
END 0

SET REM 1471 WRB DUMMY ROUTINES. MAY BE SUPERCEDED BY USER. SET 001
REM PROGRAM CARD SET 002
FUL SET 003
MZE 0,0,6 9L SET 005
PZE SET 006
PZE SET+1 SET 007
PZE SET 008
BCD 1SETA SET 009

	PZE SET	SET 010
	BCD 1SETP	SET 011
	PZE SET 6R	SET 012
	REM SUBROUTINES SETA AND SETP	SET 013
	REL	SET 014
	ORG 0	SET 015
SET	TRA 1,4	SET 016
	END 0	SET 017
HED	REM 1471 WRB DUMMY ROUTINES TO BE SUPERCEDED	HED 001
	REM PROGRAM CARD 1	HED 002
	FUL	HED 003
	MZE 0,0,22 9L	HED 004
	PZE	HED 005
	PZE HED+1	HED 006
	PZE	HED 007
	BCD 1HED1	HED 008
	PZE HED	HED 009
	BCD 1HED2	HED 010
	PZE HED	HED 011
	BCD 1HED3	HED 012
	PZE HED	HED 013
	BCD 1HED4	HED 014
	PZE HED	HED 015
	BCD 1HED5	HED 016
	PZE HED	HED 017
	BCD 1HED6	HED 018
	PZE HED	HED 019
	BCD 1HED7	HED 020
	PZE HED	HED 021
	BCD 1HED8	HED 022
	PZE HED	HED 023
	BCD 1HED9	HED 024
	PZE HED	HED 025
	BCD 1HED10	HED 026
	PZE HED 12R	HED 027
	REM PROGRAM CARD 2	HED 028
	MZE 0,0,20 9L	HED 029
	PZE	HED 030

BCD 1HED11 HED 031
PZE HED HED 032
BCD 1HED12 HED 033
PZE HED HED 034
BCD 1HED13 HED 035
PZE HED HED 036
BCD 1HED14 HED 037
PZE HED HED 038
BCD 1HED15 HED 039
PZE HED HED 040
BCD 1HED16 HED 041
PZE HED HED 042
BCD 1HED17 HED 043
PZE HED HED 044
BCD 1HED18 HED 045
PZE HED HED 046
BCD 1HED19 HED 047
PZE HED HED 048
BCD 1HED20 HED 049
PZE HED 11R HED 050
REM DUMMY SUBROUTINE HED HED 051
REL HED 052
ORG 0 HED 053
HED TRA 1,4 HED 054
END 0 HED 055

PRE REM 1471 WRB DUMMY ROUTINES TO BE SUPERCEDED PRE 001
REM PROGRAM CARD 1 PRE 002
FUL PRE 003
MZE 0,0,22 9L PRE 004
PZE PRE 005
PZE D2+1 PRE 006
PZE PRE 007
BCD 1PRE1 PRE 008
PZE PRE 009
BCD 1PRE2 PRE 010
PZE PRE 011
BCD 1PRE3 PRE 012
PZE PRE 013

BCD 1PRE4 PRE 014
PZE PRE PRE 015
BCD 1PRE5 PRE 016
PZE PRE PRE 017
BCD 1PRE6 PRE 018
PZE PRE PRE 019
BCD 1PRE7 PRE 020
PZE PRE PRE 021
BCD 1PRE8 PRE 022
PZE PRE PRE 023
BCD 1PRE9 PRE 024
PZE PRE PRE 025
BCD 1PRE10 PRE 026
PZE PRE 12R PRE 027
REM PROGRAM CARD 2 PRE 028
MZE 0,0,20 9L PRE 029
PZE PRE PRE 030
BCD 1PRE11 PRE 031
PZE PRE PRE 032
BCD 1PRE12 PRE 033
PZE PRE PRE 034
BCD 1PRE13 PRE 035
PZE PRE PRE 036
BCD 1PRE14 PRE 037
PZE PRE PRE 038
BCD 1PRE15 PRE 039
PZE PRE PRE 040
BCD 1PRE16 PRE 041
PZE PRE PRE 042
BCD 1PRE17 PRE 043
PZE PRE PRE 044
BCD 1PRE18 PRE 045
PZE PRE PRE 046
BCD 1PRE19 PRE 047
PZE PRE PRE 048
BCD 1PRE20 PRE 049
PZE PRE 11R PRE 050
REM DUMMY SUBROUTINES PRE
REL PRE 051
PRE 052

PRE	ORG 0		PRE	053
	CLA D2		PRE	054
	STO NG		PRE	055
	TRA 1,4		PRE	056
D2	PZE 0,0,2		PRE	057
NG	SYN 32562	77462(8) START OF COMMON	PRE	058
	END 0		PRE	059
FUN	REM 1471 WRB DUMMY ROUTINES TO BE SUPERCEDED		FUN	001
	REM PROGRAM CARD 1		FUN	002
	FUL		FUN	003
	MZE 0,0,22	9L	FUN	004
	PZE		FUN	005
	PZE D3+1		FUN	006
	PZE		FUN	007
	BCD 1FUN1		FUN	008
	PZE FUN		FUN	009
	BCD 1FUN2		FUN	010
	PZE FUN		FUN	011
	BCD 1FUN3		FUN	012
	PZE FUN		FUN	013
	BCD 1FUN4		FUN	014
	PZE FUN		FUN	015
	BCD 1FUN5		FUN	016
	PZE FUN		FUN	017
	BCD 1FUN6		FUN	018
	PZE FUN		FUN	019
	BCD 1FUN7		FUN	020
	PZE FUN		FUN	021
	BCD 1FUN8		FUN	022
	PZE FUN		FUN	023
	BCD 1FUN9		FUN	024
	PZE FUN		FUN	025
	BCD 1FUN10		FUN	026
	PZE FUN	12R	FUN	027
	REM PROGRAM CARD 2		FUN	028
	MZE 0,0,20	9L	FUN	029
	PZE		FUN	030
	BCD 1FUN11		FUN	031

	PZE	FUN		FUN	032
	BCD	1FUN12		FUN	033
	PZE	FUN		FUN	034
	BCD	1FUN13		FUN	035
	PZE	FUN		FUN	036
	BCD	1FUN14		FUN	037
	PZE	FUN		FUN	038
	BCD	1FUN15		FUN	039
	PZE	FUN		FUN	040
	BCD	1FUN16		FUN	041
	PZE	FUN		FUN	042
	BCD	1FUN17		FUN	043
	PZE	FUN		FUN	044
	BCD	1FUN18		FUN	045
	PZE	FUN		FUN	046
	BCD	1FUN19		FUN	047
	PZE	FUN		FUN	048
	BCD	1FUN20		FUN	049
	PZE	FUN	11R	FUN	050
	REM	DUMMY SUBROUTINE	FUN	FUN	051
	REL			FUN	052
	ORG	0		FUN	053
FUN	CLA	D3		FUN	054
	STO	NG		FUN	055
	TRA	1,4		FUN	056
D3	PZE	0,0,3		FUN	057
NG	SYN	32562	77462(8) START OF COMMON	FUN	058
	END	0		FUN	059
OUT	REM	1471 WRB DUMMY ROUTINES TO BE SUPERCEDED		OUT	001
	REM	PROGRAM CARD 1		OUT	002
	FUL			OUT	003
	MZE	0,0,22	9L	OUT	004
	PZE			OUT	005
	PZE	OUT+1		OUT	006
	PZE			OUT	007
	BCD	1OUT1		OUT	008
	PZE	OUT		OUT	009
	BCD	1OUT2		OUT	010

PZE OUT	OUT 011
BCD 1OUT3	OUT 012
PZE OUT	OUT 013
BCD 1OUT4	OUT 014
PZE OUT	OUT 015
BCD 1OUT5	OUT 016
PZE OUT	OUT 017
BCD 1OUT6	OUT 018
PZE OUT	OUT 019
BCD 1OUT7	OUT 020
PZE OUT	OUT 021
BCD 1OUT8	OUT 022
PZE OUT	OUT 023
BCD 1OUT9	OUT 024
PZE OUT	OUT 025
BCD 1OUT10	OUT 026
PZE OUT	OUT 027
REM PROGRAM CARD 2	12R
MZE 0,0,20	9L
PZE	
BCD 1OUT11	OUT 031
PZE OUT	OUT 032
BCD 1OUT12	OUT 033
PZE OUT	OUT 034
BCD 1OUT13	OUT 035
PZE OUT	OUT 036
BCD 1OUT14	OUT 037
PZE OUT	OUT 038
BCD 1OUT15	OUT 039
PZE OUT	OUT 040
BCD 1OUT16	OUT 041
PZE OUT	OUT 042
BCD 1OUT17	OUT 043
PZE OUT	OUT 044
BCD 1OUT18	OUT 045
PZE OUT	OUT 046
BCD 1OUT19	OUT 047
PZE OUT	OUT 048
BCD 1OUT20	OUT 049

PZE OUT	11R	OUT 050
REM DUMMY SUBROUTINE OUT		OUT 051
REL		OUT 052
ORG 0		OUT 053
OUT TRA 1,4		OUT 054
END 0		OUT 055
CSEG2 1471 WRB SEGMENT 2 CALLING PROGRAM		
READ107		SEG2 101
107 FORMAT(72H		SEG2 105
1)		SEG2 107
READ505,(IC(I),I=1,10)		SEG2 108
IF(IC(2))113,113,203		SEG2 109
113 CALLSUB2(P,IC)		SEG2 111
IF(IC(1)-1)117,121,125		SEG2 113
117 REWIND5		SEG2 115
GOTO217		SEG2 117
121 CALLSUB3(IC(5))		SEG2 119
GOTO217		SEG2 121
125 REWIND5		SEG2 123
GOTO215		SEG2 125
203 J=IC(2)		SEG2 201
READ207,(P(I),I=1,J)		SEG2 203
207 FORMAT(8E9.4)		SEG2 205
IF(IC(1)-1)217,211,215		SEG2 207
211 CALLSUB20		SEG2 211
GOTO121		SEG2 213
215 CALLSUB4(IC(6))		SEG2 215
217 READ207,(A(I),I=1,6)		SEG2 217
IF(IC(3)-1)323,223,309		SEG2 221
223 DO225I=1,21		SEG2 223
225 AM(I)=0.0		SEG2 225
READ207,AM(1),AM(7),AM(12),AM(16),AM(19),AM(21)		SEG2 301
DO305I=1,21		SEG2 303
305 AM(I)=AM(I)*AM(I)		SEG2 305
GOTO311		SEG2 307
309 READ207,(AM(I),I=1,21)		SEG2 309
311 K=1		SEG2 311
L=6		SEG2 313

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DO321I=1,6          SEG2 315
DA(I)=(0.01)*SQRTF(AM(K))  SEG2 317
K=K+L              SEG2 319
321 L=L-1          SEG2 321
323 CALLSUB5        SEG2 323
IF(IC(1))411,411,401  SEG2 325
401 N=IC(5)         SEG2 401
DO407I=1,N          SEG2 403
CALLREAD(6,PM)      SEG2 405
407 DP(I)=(0.01)*SQRTF(PM(1))  SEG2 407
REWIND6             SEG2 409
411 WRITEOUTPUTTAPE3,413  SEG2 411
413 FORMAT(1H1)      SEG2 413
WRITEOUTPUTTAPE3,107  SEG2 415
WRITEOUTPUTTAPE3,419  SEG2 417
419 FORMAT(1H )      SEG2 419
421 INSAVE=IN(I)    SEG2 421
423 K=1              SEG2 423
DO509I=1,10          SEG2 425
L=K+23              SEG2 501
READ505,(IN(J),J=K,L)  SEG2 503
505 FORMAT(24I3)      SEG2 505
IF(IN(L))509,511,509  SEG2 507
509 K=L              SEG2 509
511 IF(IN(1))515,513,515  SEG2 511
513 PAUSE77777       SEG2 513
GOTO423             SEG2 514
515 IF(IN(1)-INSAVE)517,519,517  SEG2 515
517 CALLSUB7          SEG2 517
519 IF(IN(1)-100)521,521,525  SEG2 519
521 CALLSUB19         SEG2 521
GOTO421             SEG2 523
525 CALLSUB21         SEG2 525
GOTO421             SEG2 601
END(0,1,0,0,0)       SEG2 603

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CSUB10 1471 WRB MULTIVALUED FUNCTIONS 7, 8, AND 9
SUBROUTINESUB10
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P

SUB10 01
SUB10 03
COM 01

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DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)      DIM   01
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300)    DIM   03
DO109I=1,3
IN(4)=I
109 CALLSUB19
RETURN
END(0,1,0,0,0)                                         SUB10  05
                                                SUB10  07
                                                SUB10  09
                                                SUB10  11
                                                SUB10  13

CSUB5     1471 WRB READ SYMMETRY CARDS
SUBROUTINESUB5
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P           SUB5  101
DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)      COM   01
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300)    DIM   01
NS=IC(4)
IF(NS=48)107,107,203
203 STOP5
107 IF(NS)117,117,109
109 DO115K=1,NS
READ113,(TS(J,K),J=1,3)
113 FORMAT(E11.8,4H E11.8,4H E11.8,4H )
115 CALLSUB6(IS(1,1,K))
117 RETURN
END(0,1,0,0,0)                                         SUB5  103
                                                SUB5  105
                                                SUB5  201
                                                SUB5  203
                                                SUB5  107
                                                SUB5  109
                                                SUB5  111
                                                SUB5  113
                                                SUB5  115
                                                SUB5  117
                                                SUB5  119

CSUB8     1471 WRB COMPUTE ALL DISTANCES BETWEEN TWO MOLECULES
SUBROUTINESUB8
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P           SUB8  101
DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)      SUB8  103
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300)    COM   01
IF(IN(6))107,107,111
107 DMAX=4.0
GOTO113
111 DMAX=IN(6)/10
113 N=IN(2)
IF(N)217,217,117
117 DO215I=1,N
IN(2)=I
DO213J=1,N
IF(IN(3)-IN(5))201,125,201
                                                DIM   01
                                                DIM   03
                                                SUB8  105
                                                SUB8  107
                                                SUB8  109
                                                SUB8  111
                                                SUB8  113
                                                SUB8  115
                                                SUB8  117
                                                SUB8  119
                                                SUB8  121
                                                SUB8  123

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125 IF(J-I)201,215,215	SUB8 125
201 IN(4)=J	SUB8 201
NG=0	SUB8 203
CALLSUB12	SUB8 205
IF(FX=DMAX)209,209,213	SUB8 207
209 F=FX	SUB8 209
CALLSUB13	SUB8 211
213 CONTINUE	SUB8 213
215 CONTINUE	SUB8 215
217 RETURN	SUB8 217
END(0,1,0,0,0)	SUB8 219
 CSUB11 1471 WRB MULTIVALUED FUNCTIONS 10 AND 11	 SUB11 01
SUBROUTINESUB11	SUB11 03
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P	COM 01
DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)	DIM 01
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300)	DIM 03
DO113I=1,3	SUB11 05
IN(4)=I	SUB11 07
DO113J=1,3	SUB11 09
IN(5)=J	SUB11 11
113 CALLSUB19	SUB11 13
RETURN	SUB11 15
END(0,1,0,0,0)	SUB11 17
 CSUB13 1471 WRB ERROR CALCULATION AND OUTPUT	 SUB13101
SUBROUTINESUB13	
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P	COM 01
DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)	DIM 01
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300)	DIM 03
IF(NG)105,113,105	SUB13103
105 WRITEOUTPUTTAPE3,107,NG	SUB13105
107 FORMAT(55H0	*** SUB13107
1I3)	SUB13109
GOTO715	SUB13111
113 VARA=0.0	SUB13113
VARP=0.0	SUB13115
IF(IC(3))119,313,119	SUB13117
119 DO211I=1,6	SUB13120

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IF(DA(I))201,123,201 SUB13121
123 DFDA(I)=0.0 SUB13123
GOTO211 SUB13125
201 SAVEA=A(I) SUB13201
A(I)=A(I)+DA(I) SUB13203
CALLSUB12 SUB13205
A(I)=SAVEA SUB13207
DFDA(I)=(FX-F)/DA(I) SUB13209
211 CONTINUE SUB13211
K=1 SUB13213
L=6 SUB13215
DO311I=1,6 SUB13217
IF(DFDA(I))225,221,225 SUB13219
221 K=K+L SUB13221
GOTO311 SUB13223
225 C=1.0 SUB13225
DO309J=1,6 SUB13301
IF(DFDA(J))305,307,305 SUB13303
305 VARA=VARA+C*DFDA(I)*DFDA(J)*AM(K) SUB13305
307 K=K+1 SUB13307
309 C=2.0 SUB13309
311 L=L-1 SUB13311
313 IF(IC(1))315,525,315 SUB13313
315 CALLSUB14 SUB13315
CALLSUB16 SUB13317
J=0 SUB13319
N=IC(5) SUB13321
DO423I=1,N SUB13323
325 J=J+1 SUB13325
S=SUB17(J) SUB13401
403 IF(S)407,325,411 SUB13403
FREQUENCY403(10,2,1) SUB13405
407 DFDP(I)=0.0 SUB13407
GOTO423 SUB13409
411 IF(DP(I))413,407,413 SUB13411
413 SAVEP=P(J) SUB13413
P(J)=P(J)+DP(I) SUB13415
CALLSUB12 SUB13417
P(J)=SAVEP SUB13419
```

DFDP(I)=(FX-F)/DP(I)	SUB13421
L=I	SUB13422
423 CONTINUE	SUB13423
D0519I=1,L	SUB13425
CALLREAD(6,PM)	SUB13501
503 IF(DFDP(I))505,519,505	SUB13503
505 C=1.0	SUB13505
K=1	SUB13507
D0517J=I,L	SUB13509
511 IF(DFDP(J))513,515,513	SUB13511
513 VARP=VARP+C*DFDP(I)*DFDP(J)*PM(K)	SUB13513
515 K=K+1	SUB13515
517 C=2.0	SUB13517
519 CONTINUE	SUB13519
FREQUENCY503(1,10,1),511(1,10,1)	SUB13521
REWIND6	SUB13523
525 IF(NG)601,609,601	SUB13525
601 WRITEOUTPUTTAPE3,603,F,NG	SUB13601
603 FORMAT(49H0	F9.4,
19H ***I3)	SUB13603
GOTO715	SUB13605
609 E1=SQRTF(VARP)	SUB13607
E=SQRTF(VARP+VARA)	SUB13609
IF(IC(1))615,617,615	SUB13611
615 IF(IC(3))619,701,619	SUB13613
617 IF(IC(3))701,709,701	SUB13615
619 WRITEOUTPUTTAPE3,621,F,E,E1	SUB13617
621 FORMAT(49H0	SUB13619
1F9.4,5H +OR=F7.4,2H (F7.4,1H))	SUB13621
GOTO715	SUB13623
701 WRITEOUTPUTTAPE3,703,F,E	SUB13625
703 FORMAT(49H0	SUB13701
1F9.4,5H +OR=F7.4)	SUB13703
GOTO715	SUB13705
709 WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3, 711, F	SUB13707
711 FORMAT(49H0	F9.4) SUB13711
715 CALLSUB18	SUB13715
RETURN	SUB13717
END(0,1,0,0,0)	SUB13719

67

CSUB19	1471 WRB FUNCTION AND ERROR CALCULATION	SUB19101
	SUBROUTINESUB19	SUB19103
	COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P	COM 01
	DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)	DIM 01
	DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300)	DIM 03
	NG=0	SUB19105
	IF(IN(1))117,117,109	SUB19107
109	IF(IN(1)-20)111,111,117	SUB19109
111	CALLSUB12	SUB19111
	F=FX	SUB19113
	CALLSUB13	SUB19115
117	RETURN	SUB19117
	END(0,1,0,0,0)	SUB19119
CSUB21	1471 WRB COMPUTE MULTIVALUED FUNCTIONS	SUB21101
	SUBROUTINESUB21	SUB21103
	COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P	COM 01
	DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)	DIM 01
	DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300)	DIM 03
	IH=IN(1)/100	SUB21105
	IN(1)=IN(1)-100*IH	SUB21107
	IF(IN(1)-11)111,111,319	SUB21109
111	IF(IN(1)-9)113,113,305	SUB21111
113	IF(IN(1)-6)115,115,215	SUB21113
115	IF(IN(1)-1)117,117,319	SUB21115
117	IF(IH-1)119,119,123	SUB21117
119	CALLSUB8	SUB21119
	GOTO319	SUB21121
123	N=IN(2)	SUB21123
	M=IC(4)+1	SUB21125
	IN(3)=0	SUB21201
	DO211I=1,8	SUB21203
	DO211J=1,M	SUB21205
	IN(2)=N	SUB21207
	IN(5)=100*(I-1)+J-1	SUB21209
211	CALLSUB8	SUB21211
	GOTO319	SUB21213
215	IF(IH-1)217,217,221	SUB21215

217	CALLSUB10	SUB21217
	GOTO319	SUB21219
221	N=IN(2)	SUB21221
	DO301I=1,N	SUB21223
	IN(2)=I	SUB21225
301	CALLSUB10	SUB21301
	GOTO319	SUB21303
305	IF(IH-1)307,307,311	SUB21305
307	CALLSUB11	SUB21307
	GOTO319	SUB21309
311	N=IN(2)	SUB21311
	DO317I=1,N	SUB21313
	IN(2)=I	SUB21315
317	CALLSUB11	SUB21317
319	RETURN	SUB21319
	END(0,1,0,0,0)	SUB21321

CSETKX	1471 WRB SET KEY WORDS FOR ATOM COORDINATES	SETKX1
	SUBROUTINESETKX(I)	SETKX1
C	I=IN(K), THE INSTRUCTION INTEGER SPECIFYING THE ATOM NUMBER	SETKX1
	COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P	COM 01
	DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)	DIM 01
	DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300)	DIM 03
	DIMENSIONK3(3)	SETKX1
	IF(I)123,123,111	SETKX1
111	K3(1)=3	SETKX1
	J=IC(8)+IC(7)*(I-1)	SETKX1
	K=J/36	SETKX1
	K3(2)=J-36*K	SETKX1
	K3(3)=K+1	SETKX1
	CALLSUB15(K3)	SETKX1
123	RETURN	SETKX1
	END(0,1,0,0,0)	SETKX1

CSETKB	1471 WRB SET KEY WORDS FOR ATOM BETAS	SETKB1
	SUBROUTINESETKB(I)	SETKB1
C	I=IN(K), THE INSTRUCTION INTEGER SPECIFYING THE ATOM NUMBER	SETKB1
	COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P	COM 01

```

DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6) DIM 01
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300) DIM 03
DIMENSIONK3(3)
IF(I)123,123,111
111 K3(1)=6 SETKB1
J=IC(10)+IC(9)*(I-1) SETKB1
K=J/36 SETKB1
K3(2)=J-36*K SETKB1
K3(3)=K+1 SETKB1
CALLSUB15(K3) SETKB1
123 RETURN SETKB1
END(0,1,0,0,0) SETKB1

CSTOAA 1471 WRB STORE METRIC TENSOR STOAA1
SUBROUTINESTOAA STOAA1
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P COM 01
DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6) DIM 01
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300) DIM 03
AA(1,1)=A(1)*A(1) STOAA1
AA(2,2)=A(2)*A(2) STOAA1
AA(3,3)=A(3)*A(3) STOAA1
AA(1,2)=A(1)*A(2)*A(6) STOAA1
AA(2,1)=AA(1,2) STOAA1
AA(1,3)=A(1)*A(3)*A(5) STOAA1
AA(3,1)=AA(1,3) STOAA1
AA(2,3)=A(2)*A(3)*A(4) STOAA1
AA(3,2)=AA(2,3) STOAA1
RETURN STOAA1
END(0,1,0,0,0) STOAA1

CSTOBB 1471 WRB STORE RECIPROCAL METRIC TENSOR STOBB101
SUBROUTINESTOBB STOBB103
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P COM 01
DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6) DIM 01
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300) DIM 03
DIMENSIONAI(6),CI(6),BBI(3),BBJK(3) STOBB105
DO121I=1,3 STOBB107
IF(A(I))111,111,115 STOBB109
111 NG=6 STOBB111

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GOTO225                               STOBB113
115 AI(I)=A(I)                      STOBB115
      AI(I+3)=A(I)
      CI(I)=A(I+3)
121 CI(I+3)=A(I+3)                  STOBB117
      X=1.0/(AI(1)*AI(2)*AI(3)*(1.0-CI(1)*CI(1)-CI(2)*CI(2)
      1-CI(3)*CI(3)+2.0*CI(1)*CI(2)*CI(3)))
      DO205 I=1,3                     STOBB119
      BBII(I)=X*(1.0-CI(I)*CI(I))*AI(I+1)*AI(I+2)/AI(I)
205 BBJK(I)=X*AI(I)*(CI(I+1)*CI(I+2)-CI(I))   STOBB121
      BB(1,1)=BBII(1)                 STOBB123
      BB(1,2)=BBJK(3)                STOBB125
      BB(1,3)=BBJK(2)                STOBB201
      BB(2,1)=BBJK(3)                STOBB203
      BB(2,2)=BBII(2)                STOBB205
      BB(2,3)=BBJK(1)                STOBB207
      BB(3,1)=BBJK(2)                STOBB209
      BB(3,2)=BBJK(1)                STOBB211
      BB(3,3)=BBII(3)                STOBB213
225 RETURN                           STOBB215
      END(0,1,0,0,0)                STOBB217
                                         STOBB219
                                         STOBB221
                                         STOBB223
                                         STOBB225
                                         STOBB227

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CATOM    1471 WRB ATOM COORDINATE SUBROUTINE          ATOM 101
         SUBROUTINE ATOM(I,Z)                         ATOM 103
         COMMON NG, IC, PM, DP, DFDP, AM, DA, DFDA, IN, TS, IS, A, AA, BB, F, FX, P
         DIMENSION IC(10), PM(251), DP(251), DFDP(251), AM(21), DA(6), DFDA(6)
         DIMENSION IN(231), TS(3,48), IS(2,3,48), A(6), AA(3,3), BB(3,3), P(300)
         DIMENSION I(2), X(3), Y(3), Z(3)
         IF(I(1))109,109,117
109  X(1)=0.0
     X(2)=0.0
     X(3)=0.0
     GOTO125
117  K=IC(7)*(I(1)-1)+IC(8)
     IF(K+2-IC(2))119,119,503
503  NG=5
     GOTO325
119  DO123 J=1,3
     X(J)=P(K)

```

```

123 K=K+1                                ATOM 123
125 KC=I(2)/100                           ATOM 125
    KS=I(2)-100*KC                         ATOM 201
    IF(KS-IC(4))203,203,403
403 NG=1                                  ATOM 401
    GOTO325
203 IF(KS)403,205,213                     ATOM 403
205 Y(1)=X(1)                            ATOM 405
    Y(2)=X(2)
    Y(3)=X(3)
    GOTO311
213 DO215J=1,3                           ATOM 203
215 Y(J)=TS(J,KS)                         ATOM 205
    DO309K=1,3                           ATOM 207
    DO307J=1,2                           ATOM 209
    L=IS(J,K,KS)                         ATOM 211
    IF(L)225,307,305
225 L=-L                                 ATOM 213
    Y(K)=Y(K)-X(L)                        ATOM 215
    GOTO307
305 Y(K)=Y(K)+X(L)                        ATOM 217
307 CONTINUE
309 CONTINUE
311 KC4=KC/4                             ATOM 219
    KC3=KC-4*KC4                          ATOM 221
    KC2=KC3/2                            ATOM 223
    KC1=KC3-2*KC2                          ATOM 225
    Z(1)=Y(1)-FLOATF(KC1)
    Z(2)=Y(2)-FLOATF(KC2)
    Z(3)=Y(3)-FLOATF(KC4)
325 RETURN
END(0,1,0,0,0)

```

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CBETA   1471 WRB STORE TRANSFORMED ANISOTROPIC TEMP FACTOR MATRIX
SUBROUTINEBETA(IN$,$)
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P
DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300)
DIMENSIONINS(2),Z(3,3),B1(6),B2(9)
BETA 1
BETA 1
COM 01
DIM 01
DIM 03
BETA 1

```

```

C      INS IS ATOM DESCRIPTION, Z IS TRANSFORMED MATRIX          BETA 1
      IF(IC(9)-6)111,115,115
111  NG=4
      GOTO423
115  KS=XMODF(INS(2),100)
      IF(KS)121,119,119
119  IF(KS-IC(4))125,125,121
121  NG=1
      GOTO423
125  IF(INS(1))211,201,207
201  DO203I=1,6
203  B1(I)=0.0
      GOTO221
207  J=IC(10)+IC(9)*(INS(1)-1)
      IF(J+5-IC(2))215,215,211
211  NG=5
      GOTO423
215  DO219I=1,6
      B1(I)=P(J)
219  J=J+1
221  B2(1)=B1(1)
      B2(2)=B1(4)
      B2(3)=B1(5)
      B2(4)=B1(2)
      B2(6)=B1(6)
      B2(9)=B1(3)
      DO421I=1,3
      DO419J=I,3
      IF(KS)121,313,319
313  M=I*J
      B3=B2(M)
      GOTO415
319  B3=0.0
      DO413K=1,2
      DO411L=1,2
      M=IS(K,I,KS)*IS(L,J,KS)
      IF(M)407,411,403
403  B3=B3+B2(M)
      GOTO411

```

407	M=-M	BETA	4
	B3=B3-B2(M)	BETA	4
411	CONTINUE	BETA	4
413	CONTINUE	BETA	4
415	Z(I,J)=B3	BETA	4
	Z(J,I)=B3	BETA	4
419	CONTINUE	BETA	4
421	CONTINUE	BETA	4
423	RETURN	BETA	4
	END(0,1,0,0,0)	BETA	4
CMM	1471 WRB MULTIPLY TWO MATRICES	MM	101
C	Z(3,3)=X(3,3)*Y(3,3)	MM	103
	SUBROUTINEMM(X,Y,Z)	MM	105
	DIMENSIONX(3,3),Y(3,3),Z(3,3)	MM	107
	DO117I=1,3	MM	109
	DO117K=1,3	MM	111
	Z(I,K)=0.0	MM	113
	DO117J=1,3	MM	115
117	Z(I,K)=Z(I,K)+X(I,J)*Y(J,K)	MM	117
	RETURN	MM	119
	END(0,1,0,0,0)	MM	121
CMV	1471 WRB MATRIX * VECTOR	MV	1
C	Z(3)=X(3,3)*Y(3)	MV	1
	SUBROUTINEMV(X,Y,Z)	MV	1
	DIMENSIONX(3,3),Y(3),Z(3)	MV	1
	DO113I=1,3	MV	1
	Z(I)=0.0	MV	1
	DO113J=1,3	MV	1
113	Z(I)=Z(I)+X(I,J)*Y(J)	MV	1
	RETURN	MV	1
	END(0,1,0,0,0)	MV	1
CVM	1471 WRB TRANSPOSED VECTOR TIMES MATRIX	VM	101
C	Z(3)=X(3)*Y(3,3)	VM	103
	SUBROUTINEVM(X,Y,Z)	VM	105
	DIMENSIONX(3),Y(3,3),Z(3)	VM	107
	DO115J=1,3	VM	109

Z(J)=0.0	VM	111
DO115I=1,3	VM	113
115 Z(J)=Z(J)+X(I)*Y(I,J)	VM	115
RETURN	VM	117
END(0,1,0,0,0)	VM	119
CVV 1471 WRB TRANSPOSED VECTOR * VECTOR	VV	1
VV=X(3)*Y(3)	VV	1
C FUNCTIONVV(X,Y)	VV	1
DIMENSIONX(3),Y(3)	VV	1
VV=0.0	VV	1
DO111I=1,3	VV	1
111 VV=VV+X(I)*Y(I)	VV	1
RETURN	VV	1
END(0,1,0,0,0)	VV	1
CVMV 1471 WRB TRANSPOSED VECTOR * MATRIX * VECTOR	VMV	1
VMV=W(3)*X(3,3)*Y(3)	VMV	1
C FUNCTIONVMV(W,X,Y)	VMV	1
DIMENSIONW(3),X(3,3),Y(3),Z(3)	VMV	1
CALLMV(X,Y,Z)	VMV	1
VMV=VV(W,Z)	VMV	1
RETURN	VMV	1
END(0,1,0,0,0)	VMV	1
CDIFV 1471 WRB VECTOR - VECTOR	DIFV	1
Z(3)=X(3)-Y(3)	DIFV	1
C SUBROUTINEDIFV(X,Y,Z)	DIFV	1
DIMENSIONX(3),Y(3),Z(3)	DIFV	1
DO111I=1,3	DIFV	1
111 Z(I)=X(I)-Y(I)	DIFV	1
RETURN	DIFV	1
END(0,1,0,0,0)	DIFV	1
CSUMV 1471 WRB COMPUTE THE SUM OF TWO VECTORS	SUMV	101
Z(3)=X(3)+Y(3)	SUMV	103
C SUBROUTINESUMV(X,Y,Z)	SUMV	105
DIMENSIONX(3),Y(3),Z(3)	SUMV	107
DO111I=1,3	SUMV	109

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111 Z(I)=X(I)+Y(I)           . SUMV 111
RETURN                         . SUMV 113
END(0,1,0,0,0)                 . SUMV 115

CCOSVV 1471 WRB COSINE OF ANGLE BETWEEN VECTORS X AND Y
FUNCTIONCOSVV(X,Y)
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P
DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300)
DIMENSIONX(3),Y(3)
D=SQRTF(VMV(X,AA,X)*VMV(Y,AA,Y))
IF(D)111,111,115
111 NG=9                      . COSVV101
GOTO117                        . COSVV103
115 COSVV=VMV(X,AA,Y)/D      . COM 01
117 RETURN                      . DIM  01
END(0,1,0,0,0)                  . DIM  03
                                         . COSVV105
                                         . COSVV107
                                         . COSVV109
                                         . COSVV111
115 COSVV=VMV(X,AA,Y)/D      . COSVV113
117 RETURN                      . COSVV115
END(0,1,0,0,0)                  . COSVV117
                                         . COSVV119

CARCCOS 1471 WRB ARCCOS(X) IN DEGREES
FUNCTIONARCCOS(X)
ARCCOS=90.0-(57.29577051)*SIGNF(ASINF(X),X)
RETURN
END(0,1,0,0,0)                  . ARCCOS01
                                         . ARCCOS03
                                         . ARCCOS05
                                         . ARCCOS07
                                         . ARCCOS09

CNORM   1471 WRB STORE A VECTOR Z NORMAL TO VECTORS X AND Y
SUBROUTINENORM(X,Y,Z)
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P
DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300)
DIMENSIONX(3),Y(3),Z(3),X1(6),Y1(6),Z1(3)
D0115I=1,3
X1(I)=X(I)
X1(I+3)=X(I)
Y1(I)=Y(I)
115 Y1(I+3)=Y(I)
D0119I=1,3
119 Z1(I)=X1(I+1)*Y1(I+2)-X1(I+2)*Y1(I+1)
CALLMV(BB,Z1,Z)
RETURN                          . NORM 101
                                         . NORM 103
                                         . COM  01
                                         . DIM  01
                                         . DIM  03
                                         . NORM 105
                                         . NORM 107
                                         . NORM 109
                                         . NORM 111
                                         . NORM 113
                                         . NORM 115
                                         . NORM 117
                                         . NORM 119
                                         . NORM 121
                                         . NORM 123

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END(0,1,0,0,0)	NORM 125
CAXES 1471 WRB STORE THREE MUTUALLY PERPENDICULAR	AXES 101
C VECTORS X(I,1), X(I,2), AND X(I,3) GIVEN	AXES 103
C VECTORS U AND V.	AXES 105
SUBROUTINE AXES(U,V,X)	AXES 107
DIMENSION U(3),V(3),X(3,3)	AXES 109
DO113 I=1,3	AXES 111
113 X(I,1)=U(I)	AXES 113
CALL NORM(U,V,X(1,2))	AXES 115
CALL NORM(X(1,1),X(1,2),X(1,3))	AXES 117
RETURN	AXES 119
END(0,1,0,0,0)	AXES 121
CEIGVAL 1471 WRB FIND EIGENVALUES Y OF MATRIX W	EIGVAL01
SUBROUTINE EIGVAL(W,Y)	EIGVAL03
COMMON NG	EIGVAL04
DIMENSION W(3,3),Y(3),X(3),Z(6,6)	EIGVAL05
DO119 J=1,3	EIGVAL07
DO119 I=1,3	EIGVAL09
Z1=W(I,J)	EIGVAL11
Z(I,J)=Z1	EIGVAL13
Z(I+3,J)=Z1	EIGVAL15
Z(I,J+3)=Z1	EIGVAL17
119 Z(I+3,J+3)=Z1	EIGVAL19
P=0.0	EIGVAL21
Q=0.0	EIGVAL23
R=0.0	EIGVAL25
DO207 I=1,3	EIGVAL01
P=P-Z(I,I)	EIGVAL03
Q=Q+Z(I,I)*Z(I+1,I+1)-Z(I,I+1)*Z(I+1,I)	EIGVAL05
207 R=R+Z(3,I)*Z(2,I+1)*Z(1,I+2)-Z(1,I)*Z(2,I+1)*Z(3,I+2)	EIGVAL07
P3=P/3.0	EIGVAL09
A=Q-P*P3	EIGVAL11
B=2.0*P3*P3*P3-Q*P3+R	EIGVAL13
B2=B/2.0	EIGVAL15
A3=A/3.0	EIGVAL17
B4=B2*B2	EIGVAL19
A27=A3*A3*A3	EIGVAL21

```

IF(B4+A27)303,303,225
225 NG=7 EIGVAL23
      GOTO317 EIGVAL25
303 PHI3=ASINF(SQRTF(1.0+(B4/A27)))/3.0 EIGVAL01
      C=-SIGNF((2.0*SQRTF(-A3)),B) EIGVAL03
      X(1)=C*COSF(PHI3) EIGVAL05
      X(2)=C*COSF(PHI3+4.188790205) EIGVAL07
      X(3)=C*COSF(PHI3+2.094395103) EIGVAL09
      DO315I=1,3 EIGVAL11
315 Y(I)=X(I)-P3 EIGVAL13
317 RETURN EIGVAL15
      END(0,1,0,0,0) EIGVAL17
                           EIGVAL19

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CEIGVEC 1471 WRB COMPUTE EIGENVECTOR Z OF MATRIX
C          W GIVEN EIGENVALUE Y
          SUBROUTINE EIGVEC(W,Y,Z)
          COMMON NNG
          DIMENSION W(3,3),X(6,6),Z(3),P(3)
          DO123J=1,3 EIGVEC01
          DO123I=1,3 EIGVEC03
          X1=W(I,J) EIGVEC05
          X(I,J)=X1 EIGVEC07
          X(I+3,J)=X1 EIGVEC09
          X(I,J+3)=X1 EIGVEC11
          X1=Y EIGVEC13
          DO209I=1,3 EIGVEC15
          X(I,I)=X(I,I)-Y1 EIGVEC17
          X(I+3,I)=X(I+3,I)-Y1 EIGVEC19
          X(I,I+3)=X(I,I+3)-Y1 EIGVEC21
          123 X(I+3,J+3)=X1 EIGVEC23
          Y1=Y EIGVEC25
          DO209I=1,3 EIGVEC27
          X(I,I)=X(I,I)-Y1 EIGVEC01
          X(I+3,I)=X(I+3,I)-Y1 EIGVEC03
          X(I,I+3)=X(I,I+3)-Y1 EIGVEC05
          209 X(I+3,I+3)=X(I+3,I+3)-Y1 EIGVEC07
          S1=0.0 EIGVEC09
          DO307I=1,3 EIGVEC11
          S=0.0 EIGVEC13
          DO223J=1,3 EIGVEC15
          PJ=X(I,J+1)*X(I+1,J+2)-X(I,J+2)*X(I+1,J+1) EIGVEC17
          P(J)=PJ EIGVEC01
          223 S=S+PJ*PJ EIGVEC21
          IF(S-S1)307,307,301 EIGVEC23
                           EIGVEC25

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301 S1=S	EIGVEC01
DO305 J=1,3	EIGVEC03
305 Z(J)=P(J)	EIGVEC05
307 CONTINUE	EIGVEC07
IF(S1)311,311,313	EIGVEC09
311 NG=8	EIGVEC11
313 RETURN	EIGVEC13
END(0,1,0,0,0)	EIGVEC15
CTRACE 1471 WRB COMPUTE TRACE OF MATRIX X	
FUNCTIONTRACE(X)	TRACE101
DIMENSIONX(3,3)	TRACE103
TRACE=0.0	TRACE105
DO111 I=1,3	TRACE107
111 TRACE=TRACE+X(I,I)	TRACE109
RETURN	TRACE111
END(0,1,0,0,0)	TRACE113
	TRACE115
CFUNA 1471 WRB ANGLE SUBROUTINE USED BY FUN2, FUN5, FUN6	
FUNCTIONFUNA(I)	FUNA 01
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P	FUNA 03
DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)	COM 01
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300)	DIM 01
DIMENSIONI(6),X1(3),X2(3),X3(3),V1(3),V2(3)	DIM 03
CALLSTOAA	FUNA 05
CALLATOM(I(1),X1)	FUNA 07
CALLATOM(I(3),X2)	FUNA 09
CALLATOM(I(5),X3)	FUNA 11
IF(NG)123,117,123	FUNA 13
117 CALLDIFV(X1,X2,V1)	FUNA 15
CALLDIFV(X3,X2,V2)	FUNA 17
FUNA=ARCCOS(COSVV(V1,V2))	FUNA 19
123 RETURN	FUNA 21
END(0,1,0,0,0)	FUNA 23
	FUNA 25
CFUND 1471 WRB DISTANCE SUBROUTINE USED BY FUN1 AND FUN4	
FUNCTIONFUND(I)	FUND 01
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P	FUND 03
DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)	COM 01
	DIM 01

DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300)	DIM	03
DIMENSIONI(4),X1(3),X2(3),V(3)	FUND	05
CALLSTOAA	FUND	07
CALLATOM(I(1),X1)	FUND	09
CALLATOM(I(3),X2)	FUND	11
CALLDIFV(X2,X1,V)	FUND	13
FUND=SQRTF(VMV(V,AA,V))	FUND	15
RETURN	FUND	17
END(0,1,0,0,0)	FUND	19
CHED1 1471 WRB HEADING 1	HED1	01
SUBROUTINEHED1	HED1	03
WRITEOUTPUTTAPE3,107	HED1	05
107 FORMAT(34H0INTERATOMIC DISTANCE IN ANGSTROMS)	HED1	107
RETURN	HED1	09
END(0,1,0,0,0)	HED1	11
CPRE1 1471 WRB SET KEY WORDS FOR INTERATOMIC DISTANCE	PRE1	1
SUBROUTINEPRE1	PRE1	1
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P	COM	01
DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)	DIM	01
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300)	DIM	03
CALLSETKX(IN(2))	PRE1	1
CALLSETKX(IN(4))	PRE1	1
RETURN	PRE1	1
END(0,1,0,0,0)	PRE1	1
CFUN1 1471 WRB COMPUTE INTERATOMIC DISTANCE	FUN1	01
SUBROUTINEFUN1	FUN1	03
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P	COM	01
DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)	DIM	01
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300)	DIM	03
FX=FUND(IN(2))	FUN1	05
RETURN	FUN1	07
END(0,1,0,0,0)	FUN1	09
COUT1 1471 WRB PUT OUT DESCRIPTION OF INTERATOMIC DISTANCE	OUT1	1
SUBROUTINEOUT1	OUT1	1
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P	COM	01

DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)	DIM	01
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300)	DIM	03
WRITEOUTPUTTAPE3,107,(IN(I),I=2,5)	OUT1	1
107 FORMAT(12H+ (I2,1H,I3,3H) (I2,1H,I3,1H))	OUT1	1
RETURN	OUT1	1
END(0,1,0,0,0)	OUT1	1
 CHED2 1471 WRB HEADING 2	HED2	01
SUBROUTINEHED2	HED2	03
WRITEOUTPUTTAPE3,107	HED2	05
107 FORMAT(46HOBOND ANGLE IN DEGREES. CENTRAL ATOM IS VERTEX)	HED2	107
RETURN	HED2	09
END(0,1,0,0,0)	HED2	11
 CPRE2 1471 WRB PRELIMINARY SUBROUTINE 2	PRE2	01
SUBROUTINEPRE2	PRE2	03
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P	COM	01
DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)	DIM	01
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300)	DIM	03
DO107I=2,6,2	PRE2	05
107 CALLSETKX(IN(I))	PRE2	07
RETURN	PRE2	09
END(0,1,0,0,0)	PRE2	11
 CFUN2 1471 WRB BOND ANGLE SUBROUTINE	FUN2	01
SUBROUTINEFUN2	FUN2	03
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P	COM	01
DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)	DIM	01
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300)	DIM	03
FX=FUNA(IN(2))	FUN2	05
RETURN	FUN2	07
END(0,1,0,0,0)	FUN2	09
 COUT2 1471 WRB OUTPUT DESCRIPTION 2	OUT2	01
SUBROUTINEOUT2	OUT2	03
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P	COM	01
DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)	DIM	01
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300)	DIM	03
WRITEOUTPUTTAPE3,107,(IN(I),I=2,7)	OUT2	05

107	FORMAT(12H+ RETURN END(0,1,0,0,0))	(I2,1H,I3,3H) (I2,1H,I3,3H) (I2,1H,I3,1H))	OUT2 107 OUT2 09 OUT2 11
CHED3	1471 WRB HEADING 3 SUBROUTINE HED3 WRITEOUTPUTTAPE3,107		HED3 01 HED3 03 HED3 05
107	FORMAT(58HODIHEDRAL ANGLE BETWEEN PLANES EACH DEFINED BY THREE ATOHED3 1MS) RETURN END(0,1,0,0,0)		ATOHED3 107 HED3 108 HED3 09 HED3 11
CPRE3	1471 WRB PRELIMINARY SUBROUTINE 3 SUBROUTINE PRE3 COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6) DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300) DO107I=2,12,2		PRE3 01 PRE3 03 COM 01 DIM 01 DIM 03 PRE3 05
107	CALLSETKX(IN(I)) RETURN END(0,1,0,0,0)		PRE3 07 PRE3 09 PRE3 11
CFUN3	1471 WRB DIHEDRAL ANGLE SUBROUTINE SUBROUTINE FUN3 COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6) DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300) DIMENSIONX(3,6),V1(3),V2(3),V3(3),V4(3),V5(3),V6(3) CALLSTOAA CALLSTOBB IF(NG)207,113,207		FUN3 01 FUN3 03 COM 01 DIM 01 DIM 03 FUN3 05 FUN3 07 FUN3 09 FUN3 11 FUN3 13 FUN3 15 FUN3 17 FUN3 19 FUN3 21 FUN3 23 FUN3 25 FUN3 01
113	DO115I=1,6		
115	CALLATOM(IN(2*I),X(1,I)) IF(NG)207,119,207		
119	CALLDIFV(X(1,2),X(1,1),V1) CALLEIFV(X(1,3),X(1,1),V2) CALLEIFV(X(1,5),X(1,4),V3) CALLEIFV(X(1,6),X(1,4),V4) CALLNORM(V1,V2,V5)		

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CALLNORM(V3,V4,V6)                                FUN3  03
FX=ARCCOS(COSVV(V5,V6))                           FUN3  05
207 RETURN                                         FUN3  07
END(0,1,0,0,0)                                     FUN3  09

COUT3    1471 WRB OUTPUT DESCRIPTION 3             OUT3  01
SUBROUTINEOUT3                                     OUT3  03
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P   COM  01
DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6) DIM  01
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300) DIM  03
WRITEOUTPUTTAPE3,107,(IN(I),I=2,13)                OUT3  05
107 FORMAT(12H+          (I2,1H,I3,3H) (I2,1H,I3,3H) (I2,1H,I3,1H)/12HOUT3 107
      1          (I2,1H,I3,3H) (I2,1H,I3,3H) (I2,1H,I3,1H))        OUT3  108
      RETURN                                         OUT3  09
      END(0,1,0,0,0)                                 OUT3  11

CHED4    1471 WRB HEADING 4                      HED4  01
SUBROUTINEHED4                                     HED4  03
WRITEOUTPUTTAPE3,107                               HED4  05
107 FORMAT(45H0DIFFERENCE BETWEEN TWO INTERATOMIC DISTANCES) HED4  107
      RETURN                                         HED4  11
      END(0,1,0,0,0)                                 HED4  13

CPRE4    1471 WRB PRELIMINARY SUBROUTINE 4       PRE4  01
SUBROUTINEPRE4                                     PRE4  03
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P   COM  01
DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6) DIM  01
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300) DIM  03
DO107I=2,8,2                                      PRE4  05
107 CALLSETKX(IN(I))                            PRE4  07
      RETURN                                         PRE4  09
      END(0,1,0,0,0)                                 PRE4  11

CFUN4    1471 WRB DIFFERENCE BETWEEN BOND DISTANCES FUN4  01
SUBROUTINEFUN4                                     FUN4  03
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P   COM  01
DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6) DIM  01
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300) DIM  03
FX=FUND(IN(2))-FUND(IN(6))                      FUN4  05

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RETURN	FUN4	07
END(0,1,0,0,0)	FUN4	09
COUT4 1471 WRB OUTPUT DESCRIPTION 4	OUT4	01
SUBROUTINEOUT4	OUT4	03
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P	COM	01
DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)	DIM	01
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300)	DIM	03
WRITEOUTPUTTAPE3,107,(IN(I),I=2,9)	OUT4	05
107 FORMAT(12H+ (I2,1H,I3,3H) (I2,1H,I3,1H)/12H 1,1H,I3,3H) (I2,1H,I3,1H))	(I2OUT4	107
RETURN	OUT4	108
END(0,1,0,0,0)	OUT4	09
	OUT4	11
CHED5 1471 WRB HEADING 5	HED5	01
SUBROUTINEHED5	HED5	03
WRITEOUTPUTTAPE3,107	HED5	05
107 FORMAT(35HODIFFERENCE BETWEEN TWO BOND ANGLES)	HED5	107
RETURN	HED5	11
END(0,1,0,0,0)	HED5	13
CFUN5 1471 WRB DIFFERENCE BETWEEN BOND ANGLES	FUN5	01
SUBROUTINEFUN5	FUN5	03
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P	COM	01
DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)	DIM	01
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300)	DIM	03
FX=FUNA(IN(8))-FUNA(IN(2))	FUN5	05
RETURN	FUN5	07
END(0,1,0,0,0)	FUN5	09
CHED6 1471 WRB HEADING 6	HED6	01
SUBROUTINEHED6	HED6	03
WRITEOUTPUTTAPE3,107	HED6	05
107 FORMAT(27HOSUM OF SEVERAL BOND ANGLES)	HED6	107
RETURN	HED6	11
END(0,1,0,0,0)	HED6	13
CPRE6 1471 WRB PRELIMINARY SUBROUTINE 6	PRE6	01
SUBROUTINEPRE6	PRE6	03

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COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P      COM   01
DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)  DIM   01
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300) DIM   03
J=IN(2)*6+1          PRE6   05
DO109I=3,J,2         PRE6   07
109 CALLSETKX(IN(I))  PRE6   09
RETURN               PRE6   11
END(0,1,0,0,0)        PRE6   13

CFUN6    1471 WRB SUM OF BOND ANGLES                      FUN6   01
SUBROUTINEFUN6          FUN6   03
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P      COM   01
DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)  DIM   01
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300) DIM   03
N=IN(2)                FUN6   05
FX=0.0                 FUN6   07
DO111J=1,N              FUN6   09
111 FX=FX+FUNA(IN(6*j-3))  FUN6   11
RETURN                 FUN6   13
END(0,1,0,0,0)          FUN6   15

COUT6    1471 WRB OUTPUT DESCRIPTION 6                     OUT6   01
SUBROUTINEOUT6          OUT6   03
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P      COM   01
DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)  DIM   01
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300) DIM   03
J=IN(2)*6+2            OUT6   05
WRITEOUTPUTTAPE3,109,(IN(I),I=3,J)                         OUT6   07
109 FORMAT(12H+           (I2,1H,I3,3H) (I2,1H,I3,3H) (I2,1H,I3,1H)/(12OUT6 109
     1H                  (I2,1H,I3,3H) (I2,1H,I3,3H) (I2,1H,I3,1H)))  OUT6 110
RETURN                 OUT6   11
END(0,1,0,0,0)          OUT6   13

CFUNB    1471 WRB SET UP MATRIX AND GET EIGENVALUE       FUNB   01
SUBROUTINEFUNB(W,Z,Z1)          FUNB   03
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P      COM   01
DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)  DIM   01
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300) DIM   03
DIMENSIONB(3,3),W(3,3),Y(3)          FUNB   05

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CALLSTOAA	FUNB	07
CALLBETA(IN(2),B)	FUNB	09
IF(NG)123,113,123	FUNB	11
113 CALLMM(B,AA,W)	FUNB	13
CALLEIGVAL(W,Y)	FUNB	15
I=IN(4)	FUNB	17
Z=Y(I)	FUNB	19
Z1=SQRTF(Z*0.0506605918)	FUNB	21
123 RETURN	FUNB	23
END(0,1,0,0,0)	FUNB	25
 CFUNC 1471 WRB COS ANGLE OF PRINCIPAL AXIS AND VECTOR	FUNC	01
SUBROUTINEFUNC(C,Z)	FUNC	03
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P	COM	01
DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)	DIM	01
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300)	DIM	03
DIMENSIONW(3,3),X1(3),X2(3),V1(3),V2(3)	FUNC	05
CALLFUNB(W,Y,Z)	FUNC	07
IF(NG)125,111,125	FUNC	09
111 CALLEIGVEC(W,Y,V1)	FUNC	11
IF(NG)125,115,125	FUNC	13
115 CALLATOM(IN(5),X1)	FUNC	15
CALLATOM(IN(7),X2)	FUNC	17
IF(NG)125,121,125	FUNC	19
121 CALLDIFV(X2,X1,V2)	FUNC	21
C=COSVV(V1,V2)	FUNC	23
125 RETURN	FUNC	25
END(0,1,0,0,0)	FUNC	27
 CFUNX 1471 WRB COS ANGLE OF PRINCIPAL AND CARTESIAN AXES	FUNX	101
SUBROUTINEFUNX(C,Z)	FUNX	103
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P	COM	01
DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)	DIM	01
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300)	DIM	03
DIMENSIONW(3,3),V(3),X(3,4),V1(3),V2(3),AX(3,3)	FUNX	105
CALLFUNB(W,Y,Z)	FUNX	107
CALLSTOBB	FUNX	109
IF(NG)207,113,207	FUNX	111
113 CALLEIGVEC(W,Y,V)	FUNX	113

IF(NG)207,117,207	FUNX 115
117 D0119I=1,4	FUNX 117
119 CALLATOM(IN(2*I+4),X(1,I))	FUNX 119
IF(NG)207,123,207	FUNX 121
123 CALLDIFV(X(1,2),X(1,1),V1)	FUNX 123
CALLDIFV(X(1,4),X(1,3),V2)	FUNX 125
CALLAXES(V1,V2,AX)	FUNX 201
I=IN(5)	FUNX 203
C=COSVV(V,AX(1,I))	FUNX 205
207 RETURN	FUNX 207
END(0,1,0,0,0)	FUNX 209
CHED7 1471 WRB HEADING 7	HED7 01
SUBROUTINEHED7	HED7 03
WRITEOUTPUTTAPE3,107	HED7 05
107 FORMAT(72HORMS COMPONENT OF THERMAL DISPLACEMENT ALONG PRINCIPAL AXIS R. ANGSTROMS/25HO	AHED7 107
ATOM R)	HED7 108
RETURN	HED7 11
END(0,1,0,0,0)	HED7 13
CPRE7 1471 WRB PRELIMINARY SUBROUTINE 7	PRE7 01
SUBROUTINEPRE7	PRE7 03
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P	COM 01
DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)	DIM 01
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300)	DIM 03
CALLSETKB(IN(2))	PRE7 05
RETURN	PRE7 07
END(0,1,0,0,0)	PRE7 09
CFUN7 1471 WRB RMS PRINCIPAL DISPLACEMENT	FUN7 01
SUBROUTINEFUN7	FUN7 03
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P	COM 01
DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)	DIM 01
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300)	DIM 03
DIMENSIONW(3,3)	FUN7 05
CALLFUNB(W,Z,FX)	FUN7 07
RETURN	FUN7 09
END(0,1,0,0,0)	FUN7 11

COUT7	1471 WRB OUTPUT DESCRIPTION 7	OUT7	01
	SUBROUTINEOUT7	OUT7	03
	COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P	COM	01
	DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)	DIM	01
	DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300)	DIM	03
	WRITEOUTPUTTAPE3,107,(IN(I),I=2,4)	OUT7	05
107	FORMAT(12H+ (I2,1H,I3,6H) I1)	OUT7	107
	RETURN	OUT7	09
	END(0,1,0,0,0)	OUT7	11
CHED8	1471 WRB HEADING 8	HED8	01
	SUBROUTINEHED8	HED8	03
	WRITEOUTPUTTAPE3,107	HED8	05
107	FORMAT(63HOANGLE BETWEEN PRINCIPAL AXIS R AND VECTOR DEFINED BY TWHED8 107	TWHED8	107
	10 ATOMS/40HO ATOM R VECTOR)	HED8	108
	RETURN	HED8	11
	END(0,1,0,0,0)	HED8	13
CPRE8	1471 WRB PRELIMINARY SUBROUTINE 8	PRE8	01
	SUBROUTINEPRE8	PRE8	03
	COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P	COM	01
	DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)	DIM	01
	DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300)	DIM	03
	CALLSETKB(IN(2))	PRE8	05
	DO109I=5,7,2	PRE8	07
109	CALLSETKX(IN(I))	PRE8	09
	RETURN	PRE8	11
	END(0,1,0,0,0)	PRE8	13
CFUN8	1471 WRB ANGLE BETWEEN PRINCIPAL AXIS AND VECTOR	FUN8	01
	SUBROUTINEFUN8	FUN8	03
	COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P	COM	01
	DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)	DIM	01
	DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300)	DIM	03
	CALLFUNC(C,Z)	FUN8	05
	FX=ARCCOS(C)	FUN8	07
	RETURN	FUN8	09
	END(0,1,0,0,0)	FUN8	11

COUT8	1471 WRB OUTPUT DESCRIPTION 8	OUT8	01
	SUBROUTINEOUT8	OUT8	03
	COMMONNG, IC, PM, DP, DFDP, AM, DA, DFDA, IN, TS, IS, A, AA, BB, F, FX, P	COM	01
	DIMENSIONIC(10), PM(251), DP(251), DFDP(251), AM(21), DA(6), DFDA(6)	DIM	01
	DIMENSIONIN(231), TS(3,48), IS(2,3,48), A(6), AA(3,3), BB(3,3), P(300)	DIM	03
	WRITEOUTPUTTAPE3,107, (IN(I), I=2,8)	OUT8	05
107	FORMAT(12H+ (I2,1H,I3,6H) I1,5H (I2,1H,I3,3H) (I2,OUT8 107		
	11H,I3,1H))	OUT8	108
	RETURN	OUT8	09
	END(0,1,0,0,0)	OUT8	11
CHED9	1471 WRB HEADING 9	HED9	01
	SUBROUTINEHED9	HED9	03
	WRITEOUTPUTTAPE3,107	HED9	05
107	FORMAT(113HORMS COMPONENT OF THERMAL DISPLACEMENT ALONG PRINCIPAL HED9 107		
	1AXIS R PROJECTED ON VECTOR DEFINED BY TWO ATOMS. ANGSTROMS/40HO HED9 108		
2	ATOM R VECTOR)	HED9	109
	RETURN	HED9	11
	END(0,1,0,0,0)	HED9	13
CFUN9	1471 WRB PRINCIPAL AXIS PROJECTED ON VECTOR	FUN9	01
	SUBROUTINEFUN9	FUN9	03
	COMMONNG, IC, PM, DP, DFDP, AM, DA, DFDA, IN, TS, IS, A, AA, BB, F, FX, P	COM	01
	DIMENSIONIC(10), PM(251), DP(251), DFDP(251), AM(21), DA(6), DFDA(6)	DIM	01
	DIMENSIONIN(231), TS(3,48), IS(2,3,48), A(6), AA(3,3), BB(3,3), P(300)	DIM	03
	CALLFUNC(C,Z)	FUN9	05
	FX=C*Z	FUN9	07
	RETURN	FUN9	09
	END(0,1,0,0,0)	FUN9	11
CHED10	1471 WRB HEADING 10	HED10	01
	SUBROUTINEHED10	HED10	03
	WRITEOUTPUTTAPE3,107	HED10	05
107	FORMAT(85HOANGLE BETWEN PRINCIPAL AXIS R AND AXIS I OF CARTESIAN HED10107		
	1SYSTEM DEFINED BY TWO VECTORS/45HO ATOM R I DEFIHED10108		
2NING VECTORS)		HED10109	
	RETURN	HED10	11
	END(0,1,0,0,0)	HED10	13

CPRE10	1471 WRB PRELIMINARY SUBROUTINE 10	PRE10 01
	SUBROUTINEPRE10	PRE10 03
	COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P	COM 01
	DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)	DIM 01
	DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300)	DIM 03
	CALLSETKB(IN(2))	PRE10 05
	DO109I=6,12,2	PRE10 07
109	CALLSETKX(IN(I))	PRE10 09
	RETURN	PRE10 11
	END(0,1,0,0,0)	PRE10 13
CFUN10	1471 WRB ANGLE BETWEEN PRINCIPAL AND CARTESIAN AXES	FUN10 01
	SUBROUTINEFUN10	FUN10 03
	COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P	COM 01
	DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)	DIM 01
	DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300)	DIM 03
	CALLFUNX(C,Z)	FUN10 05
	FX=ARCCOS(C)	FUN10 07
	RETURN	FUN10 09
	END(0,1,0,0,0)	FUN10 11
COUT10	1471 WRB OUTPUT DESCRIPTION 10	OUT10 01
	SUBROUTINEOUT10	OUT10 03
	COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P	COM 01
	DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)	DIM 01
	DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300)	DIM 03
	WRITEOUTPUTTAPE3,107,(IN(I),I=2,13)	OUT10 05
107	FORMAT(12H+ (I2,1H,I3,4H) I1,I3,4H (I2,1H,I3,3H) (I2,OUT10106 11H,I3,1H)/30H (I2,1H,I3,3H) (I2,1H,I3,OUT10107 21H))	OUT10108
	RETURN	OUT10 09
	END(0,1,0,0,0)	OUT10 11
CHE11	1471 WRB HEADING 11	HED11 01
	SUBROUTINEHED11	HED11 03
	WRITEOUTPUTTAPE3,107	HED11 05
107	FORMAT(101HORMS COMPONENT OF THERMAL DISPLACEMENT ALONG PRINCIPAL 1AXIS R PROJECTED ON AXIS I OF CARTESIAN SYSTEM/34H DEFINED BY TWO 2VECTORS. ANGSTROMS/45H0 ATOM R I DEFINING VECTOR	HED11107 HED11108 HED11109

3S)	HED11110
RETURN	HED11 11
END(0,1,0,0,0)	HED11 13
 CFUN11 1471 WRB PRINCIPAL AXIS PROJECTED ON CARTESIAN AXIS	FUN11 01
SUBROUTINEFUN11	FUN11 03
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P	COM 01
DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)	DIM 01
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300)	DIM 03
CALLFUNX(C,Z)	FUN11 05
FX=C*Z	FUN11 07
RETURN	FUN11 09
END(0,1,0,0,0)	FUN11 11
 CFUNR 1471 WRB MEAN SQUARE RADIAL DISPLACEMENT	FUNR 101
SUBROUTINEFUNR(I,RSQ)	FUNR 103
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P	COM 01
DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)	DIM 01
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300)	DIM 03
DIMENSIONB(3,3),BAA(3,3)	FUNR 105
CALLSTOAA	FUNR 107
CALLBETA(I,B)	FUNR 109
CALLMM(B,AA,BAA)	FUNR 111
RSQ=TRACE(BAA)*0.0506605918	FUNR 113
RETURN	FUNR 115
END(0,1,0,0,0)	FUNR 117
 CFUNCR 1471 WRB COMPUTE QUANTITIES FOR MEAN BOND DISTANCE	FUNCR 01
SUBROUTINEFUNCR(C,R)	FUNCR 03
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P	COM 01
DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)	DIM 01
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300)	DIM 03
DIMENSIONC(2),X(3,2),V(3)	FUNCR 05
DO115I=1,2	FUNCR 07
CALLFUNR(IN(2*I),RSQ)	FUNCR 09
CALLFUNXI(IN(2*I),IN(2),XISQ)	FUNCR 11
C(I)=RSQ-XISQ	FUNCR 13
115 CALLATOM(IN(2*I),X(1,I))	FUNCR 15
CALLDIFV(X(1,2),X(1,1),V)	FUNCR 17

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R=SQRTF(VMV(V,AA,V))
RETURN
END(0,1,0,0,0)

CFUNXI 1471 WRB MS DISPLACEMENT IN GIVEN DIRECTION
SUBROUTINEFUNXI(I,J,XISQ)
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P
DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300)
DIMENSIONI(2),J(4),B(3,3),X1(3),X2(3),V(3),BAA(3,3),AABAA(3,3)
CALLSTOAA
CALLBETA(I,B)
CALLATOM(J,X1)
CALLATOM(J(3),X2)
IF(NG)207,117,207
117 CALLDIFV(X2,X1,V)
D=VMV(V,AA,V)
IF(D)123,123,201
123 NG=10
GOTO207
201 CALLMM(B,AA,BAA)
CALLMM(AA,BAA,AABAA)
XISQ=VMV(V,AABAA,V)*0.0506605918/D
207 RETURN
END(0,1,0,0,0)

CHED12 1471 WRB HEADING 12
SUBROUTINECHED12
WRITEOUTPUTTAPE3,107
107 FORMAT(83HORMS COMPONENT OF THERMAL DISPLACEMENT IN DIRECTION DEF
1NED BY TWO ATOMS. ANGSTROMS/40HO ATOM
2ECTOR)
RETURN
END(0,1,0,0,0)

CPRE12 1471 WRB PRELIMINARY SUBROUTINE 12
SUBROUTINEPRE12
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P
DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6)

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DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300) DIM 03
 CALLSETKB(IN(2)) PRE12 05
 DO109I=4,6,2 PRE12 07
 109 CALLSETKX(IN(I)) PRE12 09
 RETURN PRE12 11
 END(0,1,0,0,0) PRE12 13

CFUN12 1471 WRB RMS DISPLACEMENT LN GIVEN DIRECTION FUN12 01
 SUBROUTINEFUN12 FUN12 03
 COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P COM 01
 DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6) DIM 01
 DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300) DIM 03
 CALLFUNXI(IN(2),IN(4),XISQ) FUN12 05
 FX=SQRTF(XISQ) FUN12 07
 RETURN FUN12 09
 END(0,1,0,0,0) FUN12 11

COUT12 1471 WRB OUTPUT DESCRIPTION 12 OUT12 01
 SUBROUTINEOUT12 OUT12 03
 COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P COM 01
 DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6) DIM 01
 DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300) DIM 03
 WRITEOUTPUTTAPE3,107,(IN(I),I=2,7) OUT12 05
 107 FORMAT(12H+ (I2,1H,I3,12H) (I2,1H,I3,3H) (I2,1H,OUT12107
 1I3,1H)) OUT12108
 RETURN OUT12 09
 END(0,1,0,0,0) OUT12 11

CHED13 1471 WRB HEADING 13 HED13 01
 SUBROUTINEHED13 HED13 03
 WRITEOUTPUTTAPE3,107 HED13 05
 107 FORMAT(51HORMS RADIAL THERMAL DISPLACEMENT OF ATOM. ANGSTROMS) HED13107
 RETURN HED13 11
 END(0,1,0,0,0) HED13 13

CFUN13 1471 WRB RMS RADIAL DISPLACEMENT FUN13 01
 SUBROUTINEFUN13 FUN13 03
 COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P COM 01
 DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6) DIM 01

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DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300) DIM 03
CALLFUNR(IN(2),RSQ)
FX=SQRTF(RSQ)
RETURN
END(0,1,0,0,0) FUN13 05
FUN13 07
FUN13 09
FUN13 11

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COUT13 1471 WRB OUTPUT DESCRIPTION 13 OUT13 01
SUBROUTINEOUT13 OUT13 03
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P COM 01
DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6) DIM 01
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300) DIM 03
WRITEOUTPUTTAPE3,107,(IN(I),I=2,3) OUT13 05
107 FORMAT(12H+ (I2,1H,I3,1H)) OUT13 107
RETURN OUT13 09
END(0,1,0,0,0) OUT13 11

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CHED14 1471 WRB HEADING 14 HED14 01
SUBROUTINEHED14 HED14 03
WRITEOUTPUTTAPE3,107 HED14 05
107 FORMAT(88H0INTERATOMIC DISTANCE AVERAGED OVER THERMAL MOTION. SECOHED14107
1ND ATOM ASSUMED TO RIDE ON FIRST) HED14108
RETURN HED14 11
END(0,1,0,0,0) HED14 13

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CPRE14 1471 WRB PRELIMINARY SUBROUTINE 14 PRE14 01
SUBROUTINEPRE14 PRE14 03
COMMONNG,IC,PM,DP,DFDP,AM,DA,DFDA,IN,TS,IS,A,AA,BB,F,FX,P COM 01
DIMENSIONIC(10),PM(251),DP(251),DFDP(251),AM(21),DA(6),DFDA(6) DIM 01
DIMENSIONIN(231),TS(3,48),IS(2,3,48),A(6),AA(3,3),BB(3,3),P(300) DIM 03
DO109I=2,4,2 PRE14 05
CALLSETKX(IN(I))
109 CALLSEJKB(IN(I))
RETURN PRE14 07
END(0,1,0,0,0) PRE14 09
PRE14 11
PRE14 13

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CFUN14 1471 WRB MEAN BOND DISTANCE ASSUMING RIDING FUN14 01

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SUBROUTINE FUN14          FUN14 03
COMMON NG, IC, PM, DP, DFDP, AM, DA, DFDA, IN, TS, IS, A, AA, BB, F, FX, P   COM 01
DIMENSION IC(10), PM(251), DP(251), DFDP(251), AM(21), DA(6), DFDA(6)   DIM 01
DIMENSION IN(231), TS(3,48), IS(2,3,48), A(6), AA(3,3), BB(3,3), P(300)   DIM 03
DIMENSION C(2)               FUN14 05
CALL FUNC R(C, R)           FUN14 07
FX=R+(C(2)-C(1))/(2.0*R)      FUN14 09
RETURN                      FUN14 11
END(0,1,0,0,0)              FUN14 13

CHED15    1471 WRB HEADING 15          HED15 01
SUBROUTINE HED15            HED15 03
WRITE OUTPUT TAPE 3, 107       HED15 05
107 FORMAT(87H0INTERATOMIC DISTANCE AVERAGED OVER THERMAL MOTION. ATOM HED15 107
IS ASSUMED TO MOVE INDEPENDENTLY)          HED15 108
RETURN                      HED15 11
END(0,1,0,0,0)              HED15 13

CFUN15    1471 WRB MEAN INTERATOMIC DISTANCE ASSUMING INDEPENDENT MOTION FUN15 01
SUBROUTINE FUN15            FUN15 03
COMMON NG, IC, PM, DP, DFDP, AM, DA, DFDA, IN, TS, IS, A, AA, BB, F, FX, P   COM 01
DIMENSION IC(10), PM(251), DP(251), DFDP(251), AM(21), DA(6), DFDA(6)   DIM 01
DIMENSION IN(231), TS(3,48), IS(2,3,48), A(6), AA(3,3), BB(3,3), P(300)   DIM 03
DIMENSION C(2)               FUN15 05
CALL FUNC R(C, R)           FUN15 07
FX=R+(C(2)+C(1))/(2.0*R)      FUN15 09
RETURN                      FUN15 11
END(0,1,0,0,0)              FUN15 13

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