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URANIUM-235 FISSION-PRODUCT PRODUCTION AS A
FUNCTION OF THERMAL NEUTRON FLUX,
IRRADIATION TIME, AND DECAY TIME.

I. ATOMIC CONCENTRATIONS AND GROSS TOTALS

J. G. Biernacki

Mary F. Todd

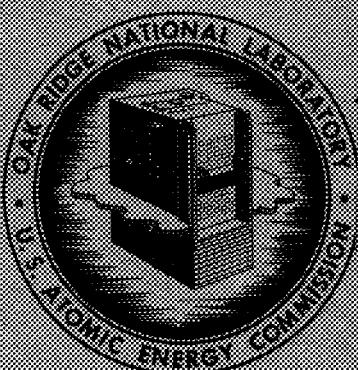
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IRRADIATION TIME, AND DECAY TIME. I. ATOMIC CONCENTRATIONS AND GROSS TOTALS

J. O. Blomeke
Chemical Technology Division

Mary F. Todd
Mathematics Panel

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I. ATOMIC CONCENTRATIONS AND GROSS TOTALS

J. O. Blomeke Mary F. Todd

ABSTRACT

Levels of fission products resulting from thermal fission of U²³⁵ in reactor fuels were computed over a wide range of reactor operating conditions and decay times. Values for approximately 300 fission products are presented in graphical form together with gross totals of their activities, radiation powers, and thermal neutron poisoning. The gamma spectrum is further broken into four groups of specified energy ranges, which are suitable for use in shielding design. Tabulations of these properties are arranged as to chain or mass number, element, and as to the rare-gas and rare-earth groups. The calculations assume constant replenishment of U²³⁵, constant reactor power operation, and no fission-product separations during irradiation.

1. INTRODUCTION

The production of fission products during reactor operation is an important consideration in almost every phase of atomic energy operations. While their presence must be considered in the design and operation of the reactor itself because of their contribution to neutron poisoning, they are of greatest importance in the chemical processing facilities. In these facilities the fission-product levels determine the shielding, off-gas treatment, and waste-disposal methods required for safe and successful operations, as well as the type of chemical process needed for their separation from the unused fissionable or fertile material in the fuel. It becomes mandatory, therefore, to have available extensive information on the chemical compositions and nuclear properties of the fission-product mixtures to be encountered.

The fission-product level in an irradiated reactor fuel is a function of three parameters: the operating power level of the reactor, the time of irradiation, and the decay time, or time elapsed since reactor shutdown. Estimates of fission-product levels normally are based either on calculations utilizing the fission yields, half lives, and genetic relations of the various species involved or on physical measurements of fission-product mixtures. Since about 300 nuclides — both radioactive and stable — are known or expected to exist after fission, calculations of fission-product mixtures can become quite laborious and in the most comprehensive cases are limited in accuracy by the uncertainties in the nuclear data. Experimental measurements of fission-product levels are normally limited in accuracy by the uncertainty in determining the number of fissions that have occurred in the experimental sample.

Fortunately, there are in the literature a large number of calculations and experimental determinations which frequently are of great aid in predicting those properties of fission-product mixtures which are of most interest. The curves of Borst and Wheeler (1), based on a series of

cyclotron irradiations of uranyl nitrate salt, were among the first to be used for predictions of the total heat evolved. The mathematical relations of Way and Wigner (2), derived from a statistical consideration of the fission process, and the curves of Untermeyer and Weills (3), based on calorimetric measurements of irradiated uranium, are more recent studies of fission-product heat evolution. Very extensive calculations of the individual fission products have been performed by Faller, Chapman, and West (4); by Lock (5); and by Hunter and Ballou (6). Fission-product gamma decay levels, divided into seven energy groups suitable for shielding design, have been calculated by Motteff (7) and by Clark (8). The thermal neutron poisoning by fission products has been computed by Sampson *et al.* (9) and by Walker (10).

The present work represents an extension of the above calculations, both in detail and in the range of parameters considered. The calculations presented here, performed on the Oracle, an electronic digital computer at Oak Ridge National Laboratory (ORNL), were designed to give the information needed in the design of power reactor auxiliary systems over the widest ranges of parameters consistent with the accuracy of the nuclear data. Use of the Oracle has permitted calculations for virtually all known fission products, while at the same time taking into account the effect of neutron capture within the fission-product spectrum and the independent yields where known. In so far as possible, the most current and reliable nuclear data have been used to compute the number of atoms of each nuclide present, its activity, gamma power, total power, and thermal neutron poisoning. The gamma disintegrations have been classified into four groups of specified energy ranges. These properties have been totaled for each fission-product chain, for the isotopes of each element appearing as a fission product, for the rare gases, and for the rare earths. Finally, totals of these properties have been made over the entire fission-product spectrum.

The calculations assumed continuous replenishment of U^{235} during fission, constant reactor operating power, and no fission-product removal during irradiation. They were made for six values of thermal neutron flux ranging from 10^{12} to 10^{15} neutrons/cm²/sec, for seven values of irradiation times from 10^5 to 10^8 sec, and for seven values of decay time from 10^3 to 10^9 sec.

The results are presented in two parts. Part I, this volume, contains curves expressing the atomic levels of the individual nuclides and the gross totals of the properties mentioned above. Also included in Part I are the nuclear data used in the calculations, a discussion of the calculations, and an explanation of how to interpret and use the curves.

Part II contains the results of the summations made on a "per chain" and a "per element" basis and for the rare-gas and rare-earth groups. These results appear in the form of tables from which graphs can be constructed for purposes of interpolation.

1.1 Nomenclature

The following nomenclature is used in this report.

N = number of atoms of any fission-product nuclide,

τ = irradiation time, sec,

t = decay time, sec,
 ϕ = thermal neutron flux, neutrons/cm²/sec,
 N_T = number of atoms of any fission-product nuclide at irradiation time, T ,
 N_t = number of atoms of any fission-product nuclide at decay time, t ,
 N_s = number of atoms of any fission-product nuclide at saturation,
 N_{25}^0 = number of atoms of U²³⁵ initially present,
 N_s/N_{25}^0 = number of atoms of any fission-product nuclide present at saturation, per initial atom U²³⁵,
 N_T/N_s = fraction of saturation of any fission-product nuclide at irradiation time, T ,
 N_T/N_{25}^0 = number of atoms of any fission-product nuclide present at irradiation time, T , per initial atom U²³⁵; $N_T/N_s \times N_s/N_{25}^0 = N_T/N_{25}^0$,
 N_t/N_T = fraction of shutdown value of any fission-product nuclide at decay time, t ,
 N_t/N_{25}^0 = number of atoms of any fission-product nuclide present at decay time, t , per initial atom U²³⁵; $N_t/N_T \times N_T/N_s \times N_s/N_{25}^0 = N_t/N_{25}^0$,
 Σ_f = macroscopic fission cross section of U²³⁵, $580 \times 10^{-24} N_{25}^0$,
 Σ = summation
 σ_a = thermal neutron absorption cross section, barns,
 λ = decay constant, ($\ln 2$)/half life, sec⁻¹,
 Y = independent fission yield, per cent or ratio,
 E = total energy of radiation, Mev,
 E_g = total gamma energy, Mev,
 E_b = total beta energy, Mev,
 α, β = branching ratios,
Mw = megawatts,
Mwd = megawatt-days.

1.2 Acknowledgments

The writers would like to express their appreciation to all who have contributed their assistance and support in this problem. In particular, they would like to acknowledge the contributions of L. E. Glendenin and E. P. Steinberg, Argonne National Laboratory, for providing fission yields and for their review of Table 1. In addition, the assistance of the following personnel of ORNL is acknowledged: C. P. Hubbard, S. G. Campbell, and C. L. Gerberich for help with the Oracle code and operations; W. H. Sullivan, H. S. Pomerance, and H. E. Williamson for assistance in gathering and checking the nuclear data; Mrs. Evelyn Bridges for her patience and perseverance in the preparation of the graphs; and H. E. Goeller for his many helpful suggestions relating to the format of the report. Finally, the writers feel that without the encouragement and support of R. A. Charpie, R. W. Stoughton, and J. Halperin, completion of the problem in its present form would have been impossible.

2. CALCULATIONS

The calculations are based on fitting each fission product chain to the generalized decay scheme proposed by Stoughton and Halperin (11) (Fig. 1). In this diagram the positions of the possible members of chain of mass number A are denoted by the numbers 6 through 11. The branching ratios are denoted by α and β ; Y is the independent yield or the fraction of fissions resulting in the direct formation of the nuclide in question, and σ is the thermal-neutron absorption cross-section. Although not every decay chain fits this scheme perfectly, the few exceptions can be made to fit with the proper improvisations. Production by neutron capture is taken into account by consideration of the previous, or A-1, chain. To calculate the buildup of the A chain, there is a total of 11 possible nuclides for which expressions are needed, as follows:

$$(1) \quad \frac{dN_1}{d\tau} = \Sigma_f \phi Y_1 - N_1 \lambda_1 - N_1 \sigma_1 \phi ,$$

$$(2) \quad \frac{dN_2}{d\tau} = \Sigma_f \phi Y_2 + N_1 \lambda_1 - N_2 \lambda_2 - N_2 \sigma_2 \phi ,$$

$$(3) \quad \frac{dN_3}{d\tau} = \Sigma_f \phi Y_3 + N_2 \lambda_2 - N_3 \lambda_3 - N_3 (\sigma_3 + \sigma_3') \phi ,$$

$$(4) \quad \frac{dN_4}{d\tau} = \Sigma_f \phi Y_4 + N_3 \lambda_3 - N_4 \lambda_4 - N_4 \sigma_4 \phi ,$$

$$(5) \quad \frac{dN_5}{d\tau} = \Sigma_f \phi Y_5 + N_4 \lambda_4 - N_5 \sigma_5 \phi ,$$

$$(6) \quad \frac{dN_6}{d\tau} = \Sigma_f \phi Y_6 + N_5 \sigma_5 \phi - N_6 \lambda_6 - N_6 \sigma_6 \phi ,$$

$$(7) \quad \frac{dN_7}{d\tau} = \Sigma_f \phi Y_7 + N_6 \sigma_6 \phi + N_6 \lambda_6 - N_7 \lambda_7 - N_7 \sigma_7 \phi ,$$

$$(8) \quad \frac{dN_8}{d\tau} = \Sigma_f \phi Y_8 + N_7 \sigma_7 \phi + a N_7 \lambda_7 - N_8 \lambda_8 - N_8 \sigma_8 \phi ,$$

$$(9) \quad \frac{dN_9}{d\tau} = \Sigma_f \phi Y_9 + N_8 \sigma_8 \phi + (1 - a) N_7 \lambda_7 + (1 - \beta) N_8 \lambda_8 - N_9 \lambda_9 - N_9 \sigma_9 \phi ,$$

$$(10) \quad \frac{dN_{10}}{d\tau} = \Sigma_f \phi Y_{10} + N_9 \sigma_9 \phi + \beta N_8 \lambda_8 + N_9 \lambda_9 - N_{10} \lambda_{10} - N_{10} \sigma_{10} \phi ,$$

$$(11) \quad \frac{dN_{11}}{d\tau} = \Sigma_f \phi Y_{11} + N_{10} \sigma_{10} \phi + N_{10} \lambda_{10} - N_{11} \sigma_{11} \phi .$$

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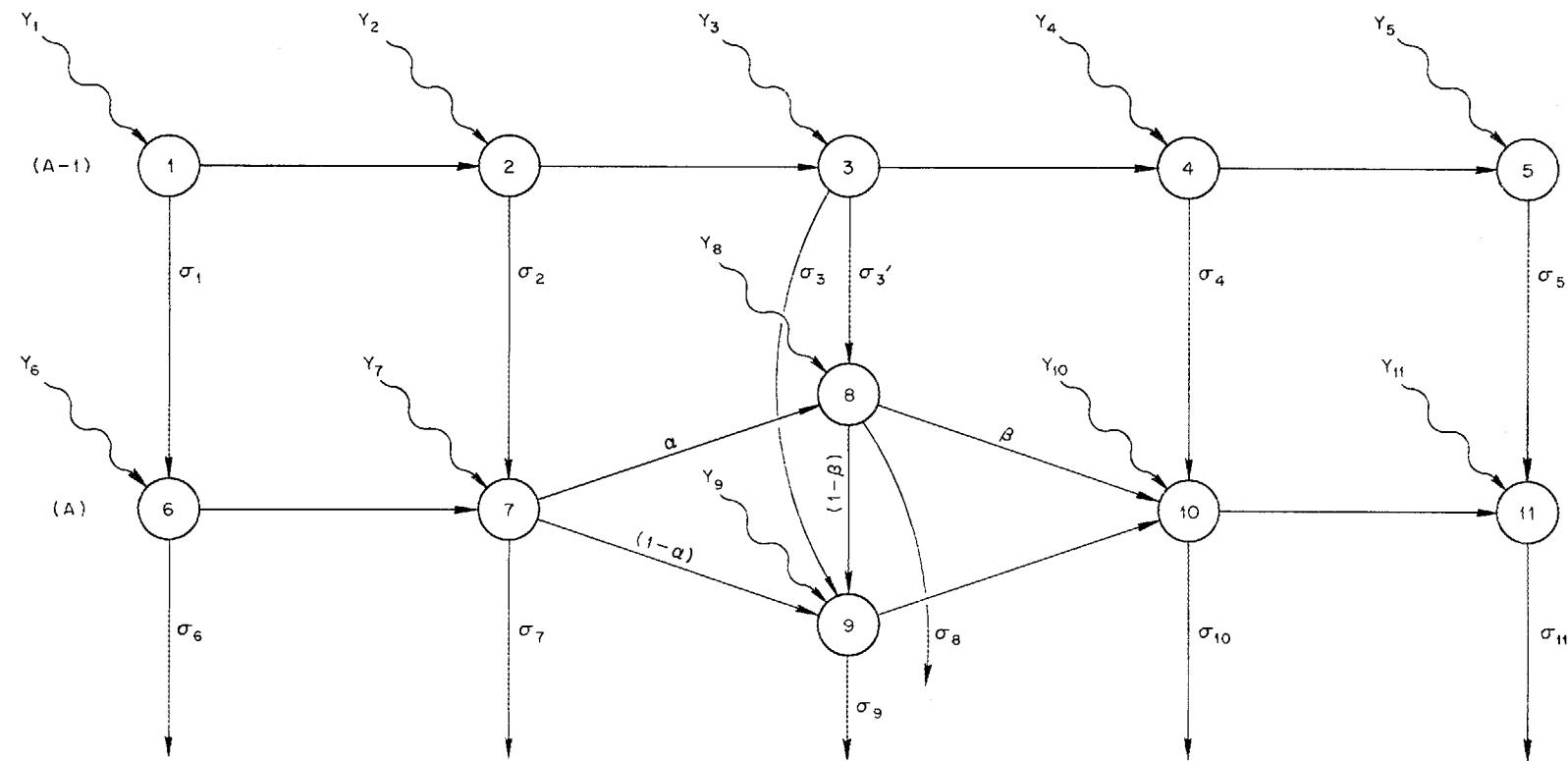


Fig. 1. Generalized Fission-Product Decay Scheme.

In the above equations the numerical subscripts refer to the respective nuclides as denoted in Fig. 1. The value N represents the number of atoms present at irradiation time, τ , and $dN/d\tau$ is the differential change in N with respect to time. Furthermore, Σ_f represents the macroscopic fission cross section, or the product of the number of atoms of U²³⁵ present and the microscopic fission cross section; Y , the independent fission yield; ϕ , the thermal neutron flux; λ , the decay constant, ($\ln 2$)/half life; σ , the thermal-neutron capture cross section; and α and β , the branching ratios.

Equations 1 through 11 were solved analytically, considering Σ_f and ϕ as constants, to give N_1 through N_{11} as functions of τ . The significance of maintaining Σ_f constant is that, in so doing, the number of atoms of U²³⁵ initially present, N_{25}^0 , is assumed to remain constant by virtue of replenishment of the atoms at a rate equal to that at which they are being consumed. In these calculations, N_{25}^0 was taken as unity, and the fission cross section of U²³⁵ was assumed as 580 barns.

To obtain solutions of N as functions of decay time, t , those terms containing ϕ in Eqs. 6 through 11 were dropped, and the resulting expressions were solved analytically for N_6 through N_{11} .

The two groups of solutions were coded for Oracle operations, and, by using the nuclear data given in Tables 1, 2, and 3, numerical values of N for every isotope were computed for the following values of parameters:

Thermal Neutron Flux, ϕ (neutrons/cm ² /sec)	Irradiation Time, τ (sec)	Cooling Time, t (sec)
10^{12}	10^5	10^3
10^{13}	3×10^5	10^4
3×10^{13}	10^6	10^5
10^{14}	3×10^6	10^6
3×10^{14}	10^7	10^7
10^{15}	3×10^7	10^8
	10^8	10^9

From the values of N so calculated, the various functions of N (including activity, power, and poisoning) were computed, stored on magnetic tape, and eventually summed in the several groups desired.

3. NUCLEAR DATA

A compilation of the nuclear properties of U²³⁵ fission products made primarily for use in these calculations has been published previously (12). The data were current in January 1954 and represented an accumulation of what was believed to be the best single values available at that time. The data of Tables 1, 2, and 2a (Table 3 in this report) are republished in this report with those changes made prior to starting the calculations.

Since nuclear data are very well organized and abstracted in the literature, the information was collected from a relatively few major sources. The decay chains were taken chiefly from Coryell and Sugarman (13); half-life values and decay schemes were taken from Hollander, Perlman, and Seaborg (14) and from the nuclear data collection of W. H. Sullivan of ORNL. Thermal-neutron capture cross sections were taken from the compilation of Hughes and Harvey (15), and the majority of fission yields were values recommended by Glendenin and Steinberg (16).

In Table 1, the fission-product decay chains from mass number 72 through mass number 161 are given. Besides containing all nuclides for which evidence of formation in fission exists, this table includes certain products which could be formed indirectly as a result of n - γ reactions. Cumulative yields are given directly below each radioactive nuclide, and independent yields of stable and shielded nuclides are denoted by a superscript a . Yield values not in parentheses are those values recommended by Glendenin and Steinberg. These values were selected for their internal consistency as well as absolute accuracy and are given only to as many significant figures as their accuracy and consistency warrant. The yield values enclosed in parentheses were calculated by the equal charge displacement method of Glendenin, Coryell, and Edwards (17). The calculated values were used in cases where the cumulative yields could be expected to be less than about 99% of the chain yield. Where no yields are given for radioactive nuclides, it should be understood that these are products of neutron capture from the preceding chain.

A summary of nuclear properties, arranged in increasing order of atomic number and mass of the nuclides, is presented in Table 2. In addition to the cumulative and chain yields, independent yields are given where known. The average beta energies were computed as one-third the maximum beta energies. Again, those yields calculated by the method of equal charge displacement are enclosed in parentheses. While experimental values of the decay energies were always used in this table when available, there were many instances where none have been reported, and in such cases the energies were estimated either by use of the Q values or on the basis of mass difference. For shielding considerations, the gamma transitions were classified in four groups, depending on the energy of the transitions: group I, 0 to 0.25 Mev; group II, 0.26 to 1.00 Mev; group III, 1.01 to 1.70 Mev; group IV, 1.71 Mev and higher.

Table 3 is a separate listing of nuclides which may be expected to be present only as products of neutron capture from the preceding chain. This table is not complete, in that only those nuclides are included which can be calculated from known values of thermal-neutron absorption cross sections.

In the tables the symbol a denotes an independent fission yield; b shows that it is an energy value computed, by means of the Table of Atomic Masses (18), from the mass change; c denotes a nuclide which decays in part by K electron capture or positron emission; and d denotes an energy computed from the total disintegration energy or Q value.

4. RESULTS

The results given in Part I of this report are the N values for the individual fission-product nuclides and the grand totals of those functions of N which were computed. The results, all in graphical form, are presented in five groups (A, B, C, D, and T, in Appendix E) and are preceded by Table 5 (in Appendix A), which serves as an index to the figures. To facilitate and condense the presentation, the N values for the radioactive nuclides have been normalized as described below.

In Table 5, each isotope for which results are presented is listed under its chain, or mass number. Those isotopes which appear solely as the products of neutron capture are denoted both in the table and in the figures by an asterisk. Comparison of Table 5 with Tables 1, 2, and 3 indicates that a number of nuclides known or expected to be present in fission have not been considered in the present calculations. These omissions were made for reasons of necessity or convenience and in all cases were of minor or negligible importance.

Group A: The curves of Figs. A-1 through A-4d give the saturation values of each radioactive isotope as a function of thermal neutron flux. These values were obtained by setting the left side of Eqs. 6 through 10 equal to zero and solving for the respective N 's for different values of ϕ . In the nomenclature of this report, the saturation values are represented by N_s and are plotted as N_s/N_{25}^0 , the number of atoms at saturation per initial atom of U²³⁵. Most of the curves are straight-line functions within the limits of plotting accuracy, the exceptions being those isotopes possessing significantly large rates of production or destruction by neutron capture. These saturation values were used to normalize the N values during their buildup (irradiation time) in the reactor. Saturation values of stable isotopes were not computed, for there is no advantage to be gained from normalizing the buildup of the stable species.

Group B: Values of N_τ , the number of atoms of fission-product nuclides present as a function of irradiation time, are presented for the radioactive nuclides in Figs. B-1 through B-46a. By normalizing these numbers with the saturation values from the curves of group A, the buildup of an isotope can frequently be represented by a single curve, independent of flux, expressing the fraction of saturation of the isotope, N_τ/N_s , at various irradiation times. The product of this number and the saturation value of the isotope at the flux in question, N_s/N_{25}^0 , yields the number of atoms present at irradiation time, τ , per initial atom U²³⁵, N_τ/N_{25}^0 .

Group C: The curves in Figs. C-1 through C-60a give N_t , the number of atoms of the individual radioactive nuclides present as a function of decay time, or time following reactor shutdown. These numbers have been normalized with values of N_τ at reactor shutdown and are presented as fraction-of-shutdown values, N_t/N_τ . Normalization in this way made it possible in many cases to represent the values for all fluxes and irradiation times by a single curve. The number of atoms present at decay time, t , per initial atom U²³⁵, N_t/N_{25}^0 , is found as the product of N_t/N_τ , N_τ/N_s , and N_s/N_{25}^0 .

Group D: The buildup of the stable isotopes during irradiation is presented in the curves of Figs. D-1 through D-111. These numbers are not normalized and are presented directly as

N_T/N_{25}^0 . Values of the stable isotopes as a function of decay time are not presented primarily because of space limitations. In those cases where this information is desired, it can be obtained by difference, considering the levels of all previous chain members.

Group T: The curves of Figs. T-1 through T-56a present the gross totals of the various properties of the fission product spectrum as a function of ϕ , T , and t .

Figures T-1 through T-7a: Total fission-product activity, expressed in curies per initial

$$\text{atom of U}^{235}, \frac{\sum N/N_{25}^0 \lambda}{3.7 \times 10^{10}} .$$

Figures T-8 through T-14a: Total fission-product gamma power, expressed in watts per initial atom of U²³⁵, $1.602 \times 10^{-13} \sum E_g \lambda N/N_{25}^0$.

Figures T-15 through T-21a: Total fission-product power, expressed in watts per initial atom of U²³⁵, $1.602 \times 10^{-13} \sum E \lambda N/N_{25}^0$.

Figures T-22 through T-28a: Total fission-product poisoning, expressed in barns per initial atom of U²³⁵, $\sum \sigma_a N/N_{25}^0$.

Figures T-29 through T-35a: Total fission-product gamma disintegrations per second per initial atom of U²³⁵ of energy ≤ 0.25 Mev.

Figures T-36 through T-42a: Total fission-product gamma disintegrations per second in the energy range 0.26 to 1.00 Mev.

Figures T-43 through T-49a: Total fission-product gamma disintegrations per second in the energy range 1.01 to 1.70 Mev.

Figures T-50 through T-56a: Total fission-product gamma disintegrations per second with energy greater than 1.70 Mev.

4.1 Illustrative Example

As an illustration of the use of these graphs, the amount will be determined of each member of chain 95 present in 1 metric ton of natural uranium which has been irradiated for 1160 Mwd at a power level of $33\frac{1}{3}$ Mw, then allowed to decay for 120 days.

Since natural uranium contains approximately 0.72% U²³⁵, 1 metric ton of natural uranium contains 7.2 kg of U²³⁵. Therefore,

$$N_{25}^0 = \frac{(7.2 \text{ kg}) (1000 \text{ g/kg}) (6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ atoms/mole})}{235 \text{ g/mole}} = 1.84 \times 10^{25} \text{ atoms ,}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \phi &= \frac{(\text{power level, Mw}) (3.2 \times 10^{16} \text{ fissions/sec/Mw})}{(N_{25}^0) (\text{U}^{235} \text{ thermal fission cross section, cm}^2)} \\ &= \frac{(33.3) (3.2 \times 10^{16})}{(1.84 \times 10^{25}) (580 \times 10^{-24})} = 10^{14} \text{ neutrons/cm}^2/\text{sec} , \end{aligned}$$

$$\tau = \frac{(1160 \text{ Mwd}) (8.64 \times 10^4 \text{ sec/day})}{(33.3 \text{ Mw})} = 3 \times 10^6 \text{ sec},$$

$$t = 120 \text{ days} = 10^7 \text{ sec}.$$

From Table 5, the nuclides of chain 95 which have been calculated are: $^{10.5}\text{m Y}$, $^{63}\text{d Zr}$, $^{90}\text{h Nb}^m$, $^{35}\text{d Nb}$, and stable Mo. Opposite each of these entries is given the numbers of the appropriate figures to be used in finding the number of atoms of each of these nuclides present under the prescribed conditions. The results of the stepwise procedure required are given in Table 4.

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APPENDIX A

TABLES

TABLE I. U²³⁵ FISSION PRODUCT DECAY CHAINS

Mass No.	Atomic No.						
	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
72	49.0h Zn 1.5×10^{-5}	\longrightarrow 14.3h Ga 1.5×10^{-5}	\longrightarrow Stable Ge				
73	<2m Zn (9.8×10^{-5})	\longrightarrow 5.0h Ga 1×10^{-4}	\longrightarrow Stable Ge				
74			Stable Ge $3 \times 10^{-4}\alpha$				
75			82m Ge 8×10^{-4}	\longrightarrow Stable As			
76			Stable Ge $2 \times 10^{-3}\alpha$	26.6h As	\longrightarrow Stable Se		
77			52s Ge 5.4×10^{-3}	\longrightarrow 38.8h As 9.1×10^{-3}	$\begin{cases} \nearrow 2\% \\ \searrow 98\% \end{cases}$	17.5s Se $<2 \times 10^{-4}$	
			↓	12h Ge 3.7×10^{-3}		↓	
78			86m Ge 0.018	\longrightarrow 91m As 0.02	\longrightarrow Stable Se		
79			9m As 0.04	\longrightarrow 3.5m Se 0.04	\downarrow	6.5 $\times 10^4$ y Se 0.04	\longrightarrow Stable Br
80					Stable Se 0.08^α		

TABLE I. (continued)

		Atomic No.					
Mass No.		33	34	35	36	37	38
81	<10m As (0.125)	56.5m Se 0.008	17m Se 0.133		Stable Br		
82		Stable Se 0.25 ^a		35.87h Br $3.8 \times 10^{-5}a$	Stable Kr		
83		67s Se 0.30		2.4h Br 0.48	114m Kr 0.48		
		$\nearrow 90\%$			\searrow		
		$\downarrow <10\%$					
84		25m Se 0.21			Stable Kr		
85		$\sim 2m$ Se 1.1	30m Br 1.1		4.36h Kr 1.5		
					$\searrow 80\%$		
					$\downarrow 20\%$		
86		3.00m Br 1.5		10.27y Kr 0.3	Stable Rb		
						19.5d Rb $2.8 \times 10^{-5}a$	Stable Sr
		Stable Kr 2.1 ^a					

TABLE I. (continued)

Mass No.	Atomic No.						
	35	36	37	38	39	40	41
86		Stable Kr					
		n					
87	55.6s Br 2.7 98%	Instant Kr 2.7	6.2 × 10 ¹⁰ y Rb 2.7	Stable Sr			
		78m Kr 2.7					
88	15.5s Br (2.9)	2.77h Kr 3.7	17.8m Rb 3.7	Stable Sr			
		n					
89	4.51s Br	3.18m Kr (4.6)	15.4m Rb 4.8	54d Sr 4.8	Stable Y		
		Instant Kr					
90	33s Kr (5.2)	2.74m Rb 5.9	28y Sr 5.9	64.5h Y 5.9	Stable Zr		
91	9.8s Kr (3.7)	1.67m Rb	9.7h Sr 5.9	51m Y 2.4	Stable Zr		
		↓					
		14m Rb (5.7)		58d Y 5.9	Stable Zr		
92	3.0s Kr 2.7	80s Rb 5.5	2.7h Sr 6.1	3.60h Y 6.1	Stable Zr		

TABLE I. (continued)

Mass No.	Atomic No.						
	36	37	38	39	40	41	42
93	2.0s Kr (1.3)	Short Rb (4.4)	7m Sr (6.4)	10.0h Y 6.5	1.1 × 10 ⁶ y Zr 6.5	4.2Y Nb 2.1 33% 67% → Stable Nb	
94	1.4s Kr (0.6)	Short Rb (2.9)	2.0m Sr (5.8)	16.5m Y 6.5	Stable Zr		
95	Short Kr (0.2)	Short Rb (1.6)	Short Sr (4.7)	10.5m Y 6.4	63d Zr 6.4	90h Nb 0.06 1% 99% → 35d Nb 6.4	Stable Mo
96				Stable Zr 6.4 ^a	23.4h Nb 5.7 × 10 ⁻⁴ ^a	Stable Mo	
97	~1s Kr (~0)	Short Rb (0.1)	Short Sr (1.7)	Short Y (4.8)	17.0h Zr 6.2	60s Nb 6.2 ↓ 72.1m Nb 6.2	Stable Mo

TABLE I. (continued)

		Atomic No.				
Mass No.		42	43	44	45	46
98	Stable Mo 5.9 ^a					
99	67h Mo 6.1 ~90%	~10%	6.04h Tc ~0.6	2.12 × 10 ⁵ y Tc 6.1	Stable Ru	
100	Stable Mo 6.5 ^a		15.8s Tc	→ Stable Ru		
101	14.6m Mo 5.0	→ 14.0m Tc	→ Stable Ru			
102	12m Mo 4.2	→ <25s Tc	→ Stable Ru			
103				41d Ru 2.9	54m Rh 2.9	
				→ 95% → <5%	↓ Stable Rh	
104					4.4m Rh	
					↓ 42s Rh	→ Stable Pd

TABLE I. (continued)

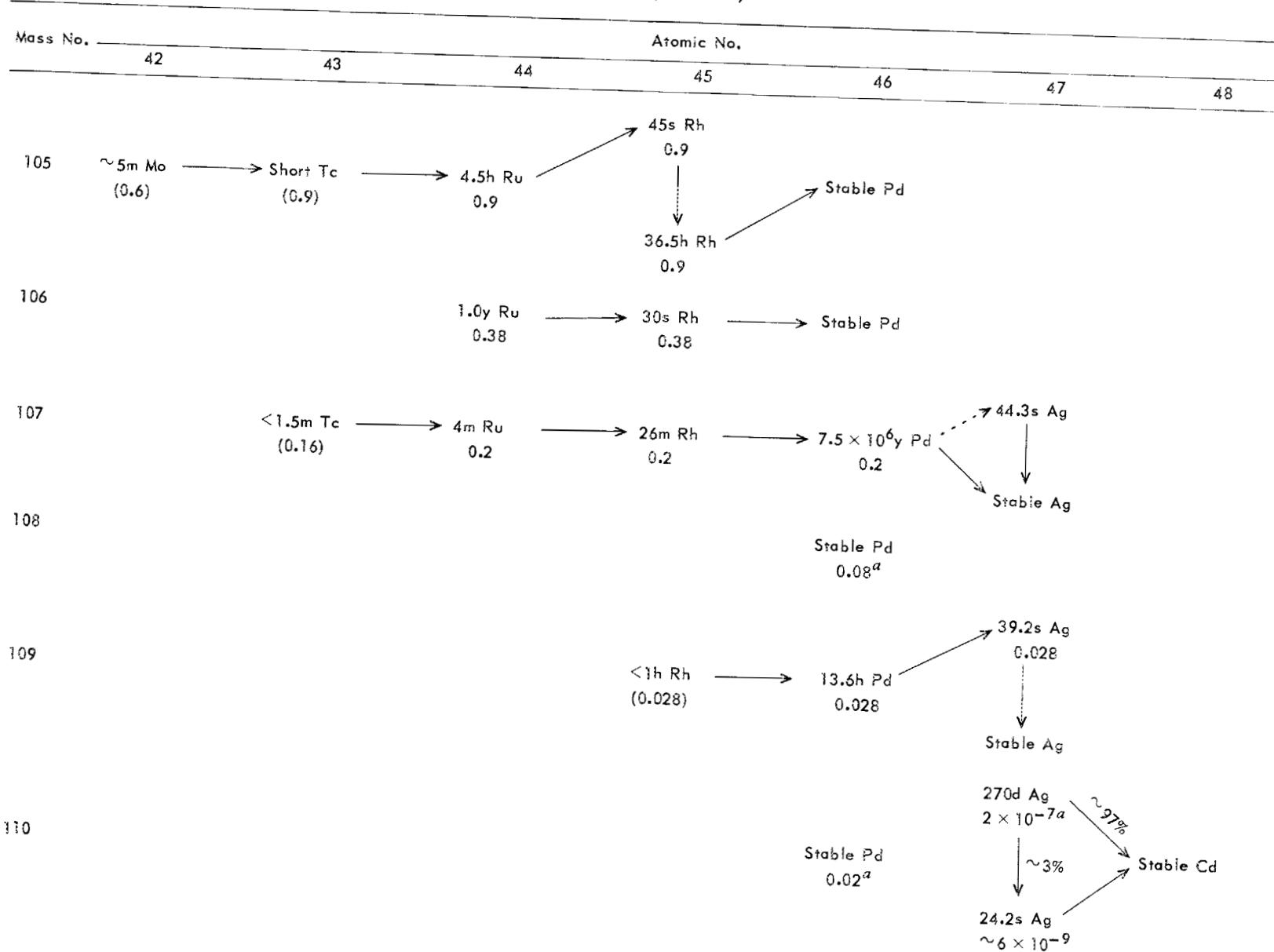


TABLE I. (continued)

Mass No.		46	47	48	49	50	Atomic No.
111		22m Pd 0.018	7.6d Ag 0.018		Stable Cd		
112		21h Pd 0.011	3.2h Ag 0.011		Stable Cd		
113		5.3h Ag 0.01		5.1y Cd		Stable In	
						Stable Cd	
114		2m Ag 0.01		Stable Cd			
115		20m Ag (~0.01)		43d Cd 7.1×10^{-4}	4.50h In 9.8×10^{-3}	Stable Sn	
						6 $\times 10^{14}$ y In 9.9×10^{-3}	
				9%	94%	6%	
				91%			
116		Stable Cd 0.01 ^a		54.2m In		Stable Sn	
					13s In		

TABLE I. (continued)

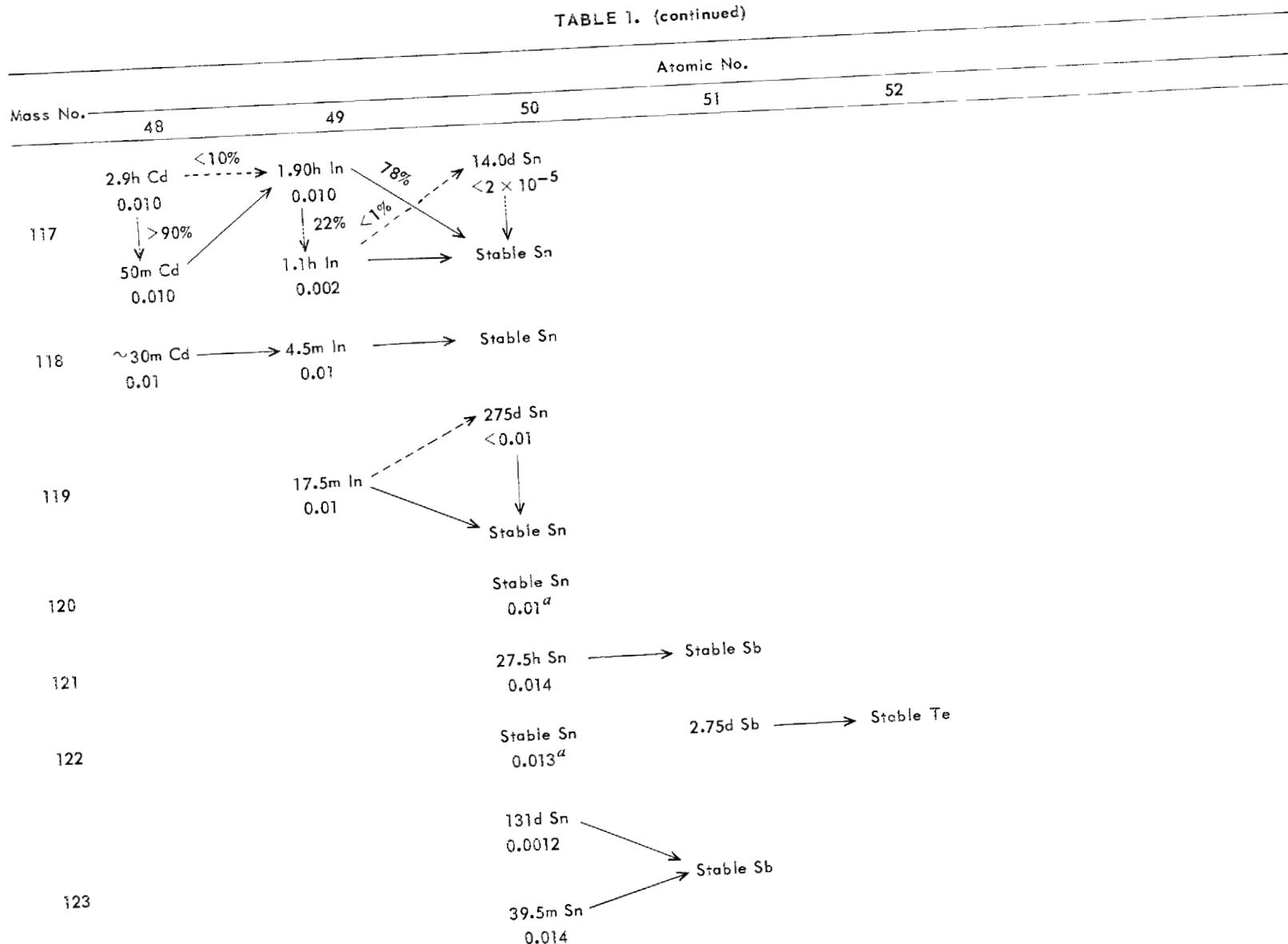


TABLE I. (continued)

Mass No.	Atomic No.				
	50	51	52	53	54
124	Stable Sn 0.02 ^a				
125	9.4d Sn 0.012	~2.7y Sb 0.023	58d Te 3×10^{-3} 14% 86%	Stable Te	
	9.5m Sn 0.011				
126	50m Sn 0.1	9h Sb 0.1		Stable Te	
127	1.5h Sn (0.24)	93h Sb 0.25	90d Te 0.056 ~16% ~84%	Stable I	
128		1.1h Sb 0.5	Stable Te	24.98m I	Stable Xe
129		4.6h Sb 1.0	33d Te 0.34 ~24% ~76%	1.72×10^7 y I 1.0	Stable Xe $4 \times 10^{-4}a$
130		12m Sb 2.0	> 10^{15} y Te	12.6h I	Stable Xe

TABLE I. (continued)

Mass No.	Atomic No.					
	51	52	53	54	55	56
131	21.0m Sb (2.7)	$\begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{\sim 15\%} 30h\ Te \\ \xrightarrow{\sim 85\%} 24.8m\ Te \\ \quad\quad\quad 2.9 \end{array}$	0.44	$\begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{8.05d\ I} 2.9 \\ \xrightarrow{99\%} \text{Stable Xe} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{1\%} 12d\ Xe \\ \xrightarrow{0.03} \text{Stable Xe} \end{array}$	
132	1.9m Sb (3.4)	$\longrightarrow 77h\ Te$	4.4	$\longrightarrow 2.4h\ I$	$\longrightarrow 4.4$	$\longrightarrow \text{Stable Xe}$
133	4.1m Sb (3.8)	$\begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{? \% } 63m\ Te \\ \xrightarrow{? \% } 2m\ Te \\ \quad\quad\quad 6.0 \end{array}$	4.6	$\begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{20.8h\ I} 6.5 \\ \xrightarrow{97.6\%} 5.27d\ Xe \\ \quad\quad\quad 6.5 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{2.3d\ Xe} 0.16 \\ \xrightarrow{\text{Stable}} \text{Cs} \end{array}$	
134	45s Sb (3.0)	$\longrightarrow 44m\ Te$	6.7	$\longrightarrow 52.5m\ I$	$\longrightarrow 7.6$	$\begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{3.2h\ Cs} \\ \xrightarrow{2.0y\ Cs} \text{Stable Ba} \end{array}$
135	$<2m\ Te$ (4.2)	$\longrightarrow 6.68h\ I$	5.9	$\begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{30\%} 15.6m\ Xe \\ \xrightarrow{70\%} 9.13h\ Xe \\ \quad\quad\quad 6.2 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{l} \xrightarrow{1.8} \\ \xrightarrow{6.2} 3.0 \times 10^6y\ Cs \longrightarrow \text{Stable Ba} \end{array}$	

TABLE I. (continued)

Mass No.	Atomic No.							
	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
136	86s 1 3.1	→ Stable Xe 3.2 ^a	13d Cs 0.0060 ^a	→ Stable Ba				
137	22.0s 1 (4.9)	Instant Xe ~6% ~94%	26.6y Cs 5.9	2.60m Ba 5.4 8%	→ 2.60m Ba 5.4	→ Stable Ba (5.9)		
138	5.9s 1 (3.4)	→ 17m Xe (5.5)	→ 32m Cs 5.8	→ Stable Ba				
139	2.7s 1 (1.8)	→ 41s Xe (4.7)	→ 9.5m Cs (5.9)	→ 85m Ba 6.0	→ Stable La			
140		16s Xe (3.7)	→ 66s Cs (6.0)	→ 12.80d Ba 6.3	→ 40.2h La 6.3	→ Stable Ce		
141		1.7s Xe (1.8)	→ Short Cs (4.7)	→ 18m Ba 5.9	→ 3.7h La 6.0	→ 32d Ce 6.0	→ Stable Pr	
142			~1m Cs (3.4)	→ 6m Ba (5.6)	→ 74m La 5.9	→ Stable Ce	19.3h Pr → Stable Nd	
143		1s Xe (0.2)	→ Short Cs (1.9)	→ <0.5m Ba (4.9)	→ 19m La 6.2	→ 32h Ce 6.2	→ 13.7d Pr 6.2	→ Stable Nd
144		~1s Xe (~0)	→ Short Cs (1.0)	→ Short Ba (3.5)	→ Short La (5.8)	→ 290d Ce 6.1	→ 17.5m Pr 6.1	→ 1.5×10^{15} y Nd

TABLE I. (continued)

Mass No.	Atomic No.						
	58	59	60	61	62	63	64
145	3.0m Ce	6.0h Pr		Stable Nd			
	4.2	4.2					
146	13.9m Ce	24.4m Pr		Stable Nd			
	(3.2)	3.3					
147		11.3d Nd	2.6y Pm		1.4×10^{11} y Sm		
		2.6	2.6				
148		Stable Nd	5.3d Pm		Stable Sm		
		1.8 ^a					
149		2.0h Nd	54h Pm		Stable Sm		
		1.3	1.3				
150		$>2 \times 10^{15}$ y Nd			Stable Sm		
		0.74 ^a					
151		15m Nd	27.5h Pm	93y Sm		Stable Eu	
		(0.48)	0.5	0.5			
152				Stable Sm			
				0.3 ^a			
					9.2h Eu		
						Stable Gd	
						13y Eu	
153			47h Sm		Stable Eu		
			0.15				
154			Stable Sm		16y Eu		Stable Gd
			0.09 ^a				

TABLE I. (concluded)

Mass No.					Atomic No.
	62	63	64	65	66
155	23.5m Sm 0.031	→ 1.7y Eu 0.031	→ Stable Gd		
156	~10h Sm 0.013	→ 15.4d Eu 0.013	→ Stable Gd		
157		15.4h Eu 7.4×10^{-3}	→ Stable Gd		
158		60m Eu 2×10^{-3}	→ Stable Gd		
159		18.0h Gd 1.1×10^{-3}	→ Stable Tb		
160		Stable Gd $3 \times 10^{-4\alpha}$	73.5d Tb	→ Stable Dy	
161		3.6m Gd 8.0×10^{-5}	→ 7.0d Tb 8.0×10^{-5}	→ Stable Dy	

TABLE 2. NUCLEAR PROPERTIES OF U²³⁵ FISSION PRODUCTS
Arranged According to Increasing Order of Atomic Number and Mass

Nuclide	Mass Number, A	Half-life, t _{1/2}	Decay Constant, λ (sec ⁻¹)	Absorption Cross Section σ _a (barns)	Yield, Y (%)	Energy of Radiation								
						Beta Particles			Gamma Transitions			Total E (MeV)		
						E _b (MeV)	%	Av. E _b (MeV)	E _γ (MeV)	%	Shielding Group	%	Total E _γ (MeV)	
³⁰ Zn	72	49h	3.93×10^{-6}	---	1.5×10^{-5}	0.3	~95	~0.122	---	---	II	~100	0.91 ^b	1.03
	73	<2m	5.75×10^{-3}	---	(9.8×10^{-5})	4.9 ^b	100	1.6 ^b	---	~0	---	---	~0	1.6 ^b
³¹ Ga	72	14.3h	1.351×10^{-5}	---	1.5×10^{-5}	0.6	40	0.390	2.51	26	II	~126	2.70	3.09
						0.9	32		2.21	33	III	~12		
						1.5	11		1.87	8	IV	~67		
						2.52	8		1.59	5				
						3.15	9		1.20	<2				
									1.05	5				
									0.84	100				
									0.68	<2				
									0.63	24				
	73	5.0h	3.85×10^{-5}	---	1×10^{-4} (2×10^{-6}) ^a	1.4	100	0.47	0.054	100	I	200	0.068	0.538
³² Ge	72	Stable	0	0.94	1.5×10^{-5}	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	73	Stable	0	13.7	1×10^{-4}	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	74	Stable	0	0.60	3×10^{-4} ^a	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	75	82m	1.41×10^{-4}	---	8×10^{-4}	0.614	15	0.353	0.572	---	II	15	0.08 ^d	0.43
						1.137	85		0.418					
									0.265					
	76	Stable	0	0.015 + 0.30	2×10^{-3} ^a	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	77 ^m	52s	1.340×10^{-2}	---	5.4×10^{-3}	2.7	100	0.90	0.215	100	I	200	0.384	1.27
									0.159					
	77	12h	1.60×10^{-5}	---	3.7×10^{-3}	0.71	23	0.523	0.26	---	I	~100	0.89 ^d	1.41
									0.21	---	II	~100		
³³ As	78	86m	1.34×10^{-4}	---	1.8×10^{-2}	0.9	100	0.3	0	0	---	---	0	0.3
	75	Stable	0	4.1	8×10^{-4}	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	77	38.8h	4.96×10^{-6}	---	9.1×10^{-3}	0.700	~100	~0.233	0	0	---	---	0	0.233
	78	91m	1.27×10^{-4}	---	2×10^{-2}	1.4	30	1.10	0.27	---	II	~300	0.8 ^d	1.90
						2 × 10 ⁻³ ^a	4.1	70						
³⁴ Se	79	9m	1.28×10^{-3}	---	4×10^{-2}	2.1	100	0.7	0	0	---	---	0	0.7
	81	<10m	1.16×10^{-3}	---	(0.125)	5.1 ^b	100	1.7 ^b	---	~0	---	---	~0	1.7 ^b
	77 ^m	17.5s	3.96×10^{-2}	---	$<2 \times 10^{-4}$	0	0	0	0.162	100	I	100	0.162	0.162
	77	Stable	0	40	9.1×10^{-3}	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	78	Stable	0	0.4	2×10^{-2}	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
⁷⁹ Br	79 ^m	3.9m	1.28×10^{-3}	---	4×10^{-2}	0	0	0	0.096	100	I	100	0.096	0.096
	79	6.5×10^4 y	3.38×10^{-13}	---	4×10^{-2}	0.160	100	0.053	0	0	---	---	0	0.053
	80	Stable	0	0.03 + 0.5	8×10^{-2} ^a	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	81 ^m	56.5m	2.04×10^{-4}	---	8×10^{-3}	0	0	0	0.103	100	I	100	0.103	0.103

TABLE 2. (continued)

Nuclide	Mass Number, A	Half-life, $t_{1/2}$	Decay Constant, λ (sec $^{-1}$)	Absorption Cross Section σ_a (barns)	Yield, Y (%)	Beta Particles			Gamma Transitions			Energy of Radiation		
						E_b (Mev)	(%)	Ave. E_b (Mev)	E_g (Mev)	(%)	Shielding Group	(%)	Total E_g (Mev)	Total E (Mev)
³⁴ Se	81	17m	6.80×10^{-4}	---	0.133	1.38	100	0.46	0	0	---	---	0	0.46
	82	Stable	0	2	0.25 ^a	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	83 ^m	67s	1.03×10^{-2}	---	0.30	3.4	100	1.13	0	---	---	---	---	~1.13
	83	25m	4.62×10^{-4}	---	0.21	1.5	100	0.5	0.950	---	I	~200	~3.1 ^b	~3.6
								0.176	---	II	~200			
									0.061					
									0.04					
	84	~2m	5.78×10^{-3}	---	1.1	2.94 ^b	100	0.98 ^b	---	~0	---	---	~0	0.98 ^b
³⁵ Br	79	Stable	0	2.6 + 7.6	3.7×10^{-2}	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	81	Stable	0	2.6	0.133	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	82	35.87h	5.37×10^{-6}	---	$3.8 \times 10^{-5}^a$	0.465	100	0.155	1.312	---	II	~100	3.6 ^b	~3.8
									1.031	---	III	~200		
									0.823					
									0.766					
									0.692					
									0.608					
									0.547					
³⁶ Kr	83	2.4h	8.02×10^{-5}	---	0.48	0.940	100	0.313	0.051	100	I	100	0.051	0.364
	84	30m	3.85×10^{-4}	---	1.1	1.72	35	1.065	1.89	---	II	~150	2.4 ^b	3.5
									2.53	16	0.89	---	IV	~50
									3.56	9				
									4.68	40				
	85	3.0m	3.85×10^{-3}	---	1.5	2.5	100	0.83	0	0	---	---	0	0.83
	87	55.6s	1.25×10^{-2}	---	2.7	2.6	70	1.41	5.4	56	IV	70	~3.78 ^d	~5.19
									8.0	30	~3	14		
³⁸ Kr	88	15.5s	4.47×10^{-2}	---	(2.9)	8.70 ^b	100	2.90 ^b	---	~0	---	---	~0	2.90 ^b
	89	4.51s	1.54×10^{-2}	---	?	7.10 ^b	100	2.37 ^b	---	~0	---	---	~0	2.37 ^b
⁴⁰ Kr	82	Stable	0	45	3.5×10^{-5}	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	83 ^m	114m	1.01×10^{-4}	---	0.48	0	0	0	0.0322	100	I	200	0.0415	0.0415
									0.0093	100				
⁴² Kr	83	Stable	0	205	0.48	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	84	Stable	0	$1.0 + 0.06$	1.1	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	85 ^m	4.36h	4.41×10^{-5}	0.096	1.5	0.835	80	0.233	0.305	20	I	80	0.181	0.414
									0.1495	80	II	20		
⁴⁴ Kr	85	10.27y	2.14×10^{-9}	<15	0.3	0.695	99+	~0.232	0	~0	---	---	~0	0.232
	86	Stable	0	0.06	2.1 ^a	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	87	78m	1.48×10^{-4}	<470	2.7	1.27	25	1.01	2.3	<25	II	~20	0.56 ^d	1.57
									3.63	75	1.89	<25	IV	~25
											0.41	<25		
⁴⁶ Kr	88	2.77h	6.95×10^{-5}	---	3.7	0.52	70	0.331	2.40	35	I	49	2.07	2.40
					(0.8) ^a	0.9	10	*	2.19	18	II	28		
						2.7	20		1.85	15	III	18		
										1.55	14	IV	68	
											1.20	4		
											0.85	23		
											0.365	5		
											0.191	35		
											0.163	7		
											0.028	7		

TABLE 2. (continued)

Nuclide	Mass Number, A	Half-life, $t_{1/2}$	Decay Constant, λ (sec $^{-1}$)	Absorption Cross Section σ_a (barns)	Yield, Y (%)	Energy of Radiation								
						Beta Particles			Gamma Transitions			Shielding Group	Total E (MeV)	
						E_b (MeV)	(%)	Av. E_b (MeV)	E_γ (MeV)	(%)	Total E_γ (MeV)			
^{36}Kr	89	3.18m	3.63×10^{-3}	---	(4.6)	4.0	100	1.3	0	0	---	---	0	1.3
	90	$\sim 33\text{s}$	2.10×10^{-2}	---	(5.2)	3.2	100	1.07	0	0	---	---	0	1.07
	91	9.8s	7.08×10^{-2}	---	(3.7)	3.6	100	1.20	0	0	---	---	0	1.20
	92	3.0s	0.231	---	(2.7)	5.0 ^b	100	1.67 ^b	---	~ 0	---	---	~ 0	1.67 ^b
	93	2.0s	0.347	---	(1.3)	8.0 ^b	100	2.66 ^b	---	~ 0	---	---	~ 0	2.66 ^b
	94	1.4s	0.495	---	(0.6)	6.4 ^b	100	2.14 ^b	---	~ 0	---	---	~ 0	2.14 ^b
	95	Short	---	---	(0.2)	9.3 ^b	100	3.1 ^b	---	~ 0	---	---	~ 0	3.1 ^b
	97	$\sim 1\text{s}$	0.693	---	(~ 0)	10.6 ^b	100	3.5 ^b	---	~ 0	---	---	~ 0	3.5 ^b
^{37}Rb	85	Stable	0	$0.05 + 0.85$	1.5	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	86	19.5d	4.11×10^{-7}	---	$2.8 \times 10^{-5}^a$	0.68	12	0.543	1.076	12	III	12	0.130	0.673
	87	$6.2 \times 10^{10}\text{y}$	3.54×10^{-19}	0.14	2.7	0.275	100	0.092	0	0	---	---	0	0.092
	88	17.8m	6.49×10^{-4}	<200	3.7	2.5	9	1.61	2.8	---	II	5	0.47 ^d	2.08
						3.6	13		1.86	---	IV	22		
						5.3	78		0.9	---				
	89	15.4m	7.50×10^{-4}	---	4.8	4.5	100	1.5	0	0	---	---	0	1.5
					(0.2) ^a									
	90	2.74m	4.22×10^{-3}	---	5.9	5.7	100	1.9	0	0	---	---	0	1.9
					(0.7) ^a									
	91 ^m	1.67m	6.93×10^{-3}	---	?	4.6	100	1.5	?	?	---	---	?	~ 1.5
	91	14m	8.25×10^{-4}	---	(5.7)	3.0	100	1.0	?	?	---	---	?	~ 1.0
					(2.0) ^a									
	92	80s	8.66×10^{-3}	---	(5.5)	7.59 ^b	100	2.5 ^b	---	~ 0	---	---	~ 0	2.5 ^b
					(2.8) ^a									
	93	Short	---	---	(4.4)	6.04 ^b	100	2.0 ^b	---	~ 0	---	---	~ 0	2.0 ^b
					(3.1) ^a									
	94	Short	---	---	(2.9)	8.97 ^b	100	3.0 ^b	---	~ 0	---	---	~ 0	3.0 ^b
					(2.3) ^a									
	95	Short	---	---	(1.6)	7.43 ^b	100	2.5 ^b	---	~ 0	---	---	~ 0	2.5 ^b
					(1.4) ^a									
	97	Short	---	---	(0.1)	8.75 ^b	100	2.9 ^b	---	~ 0	---	---	~ 0	2.9 ^b
^{38}Sr	86	Stable	0	$1.3 + ?$	2.8×10^{-5}	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	87	Stable	0	---	2.7	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	88	Stable	0	0.005	3.7	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	89	54d	1.48×10^{-7}	<130	4.8	1.463	100	0.487	0	0	---	---	0	0.487
	90	28y	7.85×10^{-10}	~ 1	5.9	0.61	100	0.20	0	0	---	---	0	0.20
	91	9.7h	1.99×10^{-5}	---	5.9	0.62	7	0.533	1.413	7	II	62	0.845	1.38
					(0.2) ^a	1.09	33		1.025	33	III	40		
						1.36	29		0.747	7				
						2.03	4		0.66	22				
						2.665	27		0.64	33				

TABLE 2. (continued)

Nuclide	Mass Number, <i>A</i>	Half-life, <i>t</i> _{1/2}	Decay Constant, λ (sec ⁻¹)	Absorption Cross Section σ_a (barns)	Yield, <i>Y</i> (%)	Energy of Radiation								
						Beta Particles				Gamma Transitions				
						<i>E_b</i> (MeV)	(%)	Av. <i>E_b</i> (MeV)	<i>E_g</i> (MeV)	(%)	Shielding Group	(%)	Total <i>E</i> (MeV)	
³⁸ Sr	92	2.7h	7.13×10^{-5}	---	6.1 (0.6) ^a	1.14 ^b	100	0.4 ^b	---	~0	---	---	~0	0.4 ^b
	93	7m	1.65×10^{-3}	---	(6.4) (2.0) ^a	4.13 ^b	100	1.4 ^b	---	~0	---	---	~0	1.4 ^b
	94	2.0m	5.78×10^{-3}	---	(5.8) (2.9) ^a	2.63 ^b	100	0.9 ^b	---	~0	---	---	~0	0.9 ^b
	95	Short	--	---	(4.7) (3.1) ^a	5.55 ^b	100	1.8 ^b	---	~0	---	---	~0	1.8 ^b
	97	Short	--	---	(1.7) (1.6) ^a	6.90 ^b	100	2.3 ^b	---	~0	---	---	~0	2.3 ^b
³⁹ Y	89	Stable	0	1.4	4.8	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	90	64.5h	2.98×10^{-6}	<6.5	5.9	2.18 ^d	100	0.73	1.4	0.4	III	0.4	~0	~0.73
	91 ^m	51m	2.26×10^{-4}	---	2.4	0	0	0	0.551	100	II	100	0.551	0.551
	91	58d	1.38×10^{-7}	---	5.9	1.537	~100	0.512	1.22	0.3	III	0.3	~0	~0.512
	92	3.60h	5.35×10^{-5}	---	6.1	1.3	---	~1.2 ^b	0.6	---	II	---	~0	~1.2 ^b
					2.7	---								
					3.6	---								
	93	10.0h	1.93×10^{-5}	---	6.5 (0.1) ^a	3.1	100	1.03	0.7	100	II	100	0.7	1.73
	94	16.5m	7.00×10^{-4}	---	6.5 (0.7) ^a	5.4	100	1.8	1.4	100	III	100	1.4	3.2
⁴⁰ Zr	95	10.5m	1.10×10^{-3}	---	(6.4) (1.7) ^a	3.66 ^b	100	1.2	0	0	---	---	0	1.2
	97	Short	--	---	(4.8) (3.1) ^a	5.06 ^b	100	1.7 ^b	---	~0	---	---	~0	1.7 ^b
	90	Stable	0	0.1	5.9	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	91	Stable	0	1.5	5.9	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	92	Stable	0	0.2	6.1	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
⁴¹ Nb	93 ^m	4.2y	5.24×10^{-9}	---	2.1	0	0	0	0.0292	100	I	100	0.0292	0.0292
	93	Stable	0	1.1	6.5	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	95 ^m	90h	2.14×10^{-6}	---	0.06	0	0	0	0.235	100	I	100	0.235	0.235
	95	35d	2.29×10^{-7}	---	6.4	0.160	100	0.053	0.745	100	II	100	0.745	0.798
					0.396	42								
						0.883	1							
	96	Stable	0	0.05	6.4 ^a	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	97	17.0h	1.13×10^{-5}	---	6.2 (1.4) ^a	1.91	100	0.64	---	---	II	100	0.75 ^d	1.39 ^d

TABLE 2. (continued)

Nuclide	Mass Number, A	Half-life, $t_{1/2}$	Decay Constant, λ (sec $^{-1}$)	Absorption Cross Section σ_a (barns)	Yield, Y (%)	Energy of Radiation										
						Beta Particles					Gamma Transitions					Total E (MeV)
						E_b (MeV)	(%)	Av. E_b (MeV)	E_g (MeV)	(%)	Shielding Group	(%)	Total E_g (MeV)			
^{41}Nb	96	23.4h	8.23×10^{-6}	---	$5.7 \times 10^{-4}^a$	0.37	8	0.240	1.187	32	I	17	2.40	2.64		
						0.750	92		1.078	52	II	210				
								0.840	16	III	84					
								0.804	6							
								0.770	100							
								0.560	61							
								0.451	27							
								0.238	10							
								0.216	7							
	$97m$	60s	1.16×10^{-2}	---	6.2	0	0	0	0.747	100	II	100	0.747	0.747		
	97	72.1m	1.60×10^{-4}	---	6.2	1.267	100	0.422	0.665	100	II	100	0.665	1.087		
^{42}Mo	95	Stable	0	13.4	6.4	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0		
	96	Stable	0	1	5.7×10^{-4}	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0		
	97	Stable	0	2	6.2	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0		
	98	Stable	0	0.13	5.9^d	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0		
	99	67h	2.88×10^{-6}	---	6.1	0.45	~13	0.376	0.780	---	I	90	0.24^d	0.616^d		
						1.23	~87		0.740	---	II	10				
								0.181	---							
								0.140	---							
								0.041	---							
	100	Stable	0	0.2	6.5^a	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0		
	101	14.6m	7.91×10^{-4}	---	5.0	1.2	70	0.5	0.960	70	I	100	0.864	1.36		
						2.2	30		0.191	100	II	70	---			
	102	12m	9.63×10^{-4}	---	4.2	0.92^b	100	0.31^b	---	~0	---	---	~0	0.31^b		
	105	~5m	2.31×10^{-3}	---	(0.6)	4.94^b	100	1.65^b	---	~0	---	---	~0	1.65^b		
^{43}Tc	$99m$	6.04h	3.19×10^{-5}	---	~0.6	0	0	0	0.141	100	I	100	0.141	0.141		
	99	2.12×10^5 y	1.04×10^{-13}	19	6.1	0.290	100	0.097	0	0	---	---	0	0.097		
	101	14.0m	8.25×10^{-4}	---	5.0	1.20	100	0.40	0.30	100	II	100	0.30	0.70		
	102	< 25s	2.77×10^{-2}	---	4.2	3.31^b	100	1.10^b	---	~0	---	---	~0	1.1^b		
	105	Short	---	---	(0.9)	3.24^b	100	1.08^b	---	~0	---	---	~0	1.1^b		
						(0.3) ^a										
	107	< 1.5m	7.7×10^{-3}	---	(0.16)	4.5^b	100	1.5^b	---	~0	---	---	~0	1.5^b		
^{44}Ru	99	Stable	0	---	6.1	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0		
	101	Stable	0	2.46	5.0	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0		
	102	Stable	0	1.2	4.2	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0		
	103	41d	1.96×10^{-7}	---	2.9	0.217	95	0.080	0.498	95	II	95	0.473	0.567		
						0.698	5									
	104	Stable	0	0.7	1.8^a	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0		
	105	4.5h	4.28×10^{-5}	---	0.9	1.150	100	0.383	0.726	100	II	100	0.726	1.109		
	106	1.0y	2.20×10^{-8}	---	0.38	0.0392	100	0.0131	0	0	---	---	0	0.0131		
	107	4m	2.89×10^{-3}	---	0.2	2.81^b	100	0.94^b	---	~0	---	---	~0	0.94^b		
						(0.04) ^a										

TABLE 2. (continued)

Nuclide	Mass Number, A	Half-life, $t_{1/2}$	Decay Constant, λ (sec $^{-1}$)	Absorption Cross Section σ_a (barns)	Yield, Y (%)	Energy of Radiation							
						Beta Particles			Gamma Transitions			Total E (MeV)	
						E_b (MeV)	(%)	Av. E_b (MeV)	E_g (MeV)	(%)	Shielding Group	(%)	Total E_g (MeV)
^{45}Rh	103 m	54m	2.14×10^{-4}	---	2.9	0	0	0	0.040	100	I	100	0.04
	103	Stable	0	12 + 138	2.9	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0
	105 m	45s	1.54×10^{-2}	---	0.9	0	0	0	0.130	100	I	100	0.130
	105	36.5h	5.27×10^{-6}	---	0.9	0.25	10	0.183	0.322	10	II	10	0.032
					0.570	90							0.215
	106	30s	2.31×10^{-2}	---	0.38	~ 1.0	6	1.05	2.41	0.25	II	38	0.245
					2.0	3			1.55	0.5	III	2.5	
					2.44	12			1.045	2	IV	1	
					3.1	11			0.87	1			
					3.53	68			0.624	12			
									0.513	25			
	107	26m	4.44×10^{-4}	---	0.2	1.2	100	0.4	0	0	---	---	0
	109	<1h	1.93×10^{-4}	---	(0.028)	2.39 ^b	100	0.8 ^b	---	~ 0	---	---	~ 0
^{46}Pd	105	Stable	0	---	0.9	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0
	106	Stable	0	---	0.38	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0
	107	7.5×10^6 y	2.92×10^{-15}	---	0.2	0.04	100	0.01	0	0	---	---	0.01
	108	Stable	0	0.07 + 11	0.08 ^a	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0
	109	13.6h	1.42×10^{-5}	---	0.028	0.961	100	0.32	0	0	---	---	0.32
	110	Stable	0	? + 0.4	0.02 ^a	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0
	111	22m	5.25×10^{-4}	---	0.018	2.13	100	0.71	0.73	---	II	~ 0	$\sim 0^b$
									0.65	---			0.71
									0.56	---			
									0.38	---			
	112	21h	9.17×10^{-6}	---	0.011	0.2	100	0.07	0.018	100	I	100	0.018
^{47}Ag	107 m	44.3s	1.57×10^{-2}	---	<0.2	0	0	0	0.094	100	I	100	0.094
	107	Stable	0	30	0.2	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0
	109 m	39.2s	1.77×10^{-2}	---	0.028	0	0	0	0.088	100	I	100	0.088
	109	Stable	0	2 + 82	0.028	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0
	110 m	270d	2.98×10^{-8}	---	$2 \times 10^{-7}a$	0.087	58	0.128	1.516	---	I	~ 3	$\sim 2.6^d$
						0.530	35		1.389	---	II	~ 295	
						2.12	3		0.935	---	III	~ 50	
						2.86	3		0.885	---			
									0.814	---			
									0.759	---			
									0.706	---			
									0.676	---			
									0.656	---			
									0.116	---			
	110	24.2s	2.86×10^{-2}	---	6×10^{-9}	2.16	60	0.811	0.66	100	II	100	0.66
						2.84	40						1.48
	111	7.6d	1.06×10^{-6}	---	0.018	0.70	8	0.337	0.243	1	I	1	0.030
						0.80	1		0.340	8	II	8	0.367
						1.04	91						

TABLE 2. (continued)

Nuclide	Mass Number, A	Half-life, $t_{1/2}$	Decay Constant, λ (sec $^{-1}$)	Absorption Cross Section σ_a (barns)	Yield, Y (%)	Energy of Radiation							
						Beta Particles				Gamma Transitions			
						E_b (MeV)	(%)	Av. E_b (MeV)	E_g (MeV)	(%)	Shielding Group	(%)	E_g (MeV)
^{47}Ag	112	3.2h	6.02×10^{-5}	---	0.011	1.0	15	1.04	1.40	---	II	~0	~0 ^b
						2.7	20		0.62	---	III	~0	
						3.5	40						
						4.1	25						
113	5.3h	3.63×10^{-5}	---		0.01	2.0	100	0.67	0	0	---	---	0
114	2m	5.78×10^{-3}	---		0.01	4.11 ^b	100	1.37 ^b	---	~0	---	---	1.37 ^b
115	20m	5.78×10^{-4}	---		(~0.01)	3.0	100	1.0	0	0	---	---	0
^{48}Cd	110	Stable	0	0.2 + ?	2×10^{-7}	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0
	111	Stable	0	---	0.018	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0
	112	Stable	0	0.02 + ?	0.011	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0
	113 _m	5.1y	4.30×10^{-9}	---	?	0.59	100	0.20	0	0	---	---	0
	113	Stable	0	25,000	0.01	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0
	114	Stable	0	0.14 + 1.1	0.01	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0
	115	43d	1.86×10^{-7}	---	0.00071	0.7	2	0.53	1.28	---	II	~0	0.05 ^d
						1.61	98		0.96	---	III	~0	0.58 ^d
									0.50	---			
									0.46	---			
^{49}In	115	53h	3.63×10^{-6}	---	0.0098	0.58	42	0.296	0.525	---	II	42	0.56 ^d
						1.11	58		0.50	---			0.86 ^d
									0.360	---			
	116	Stable	0	1.4 + ?	0.01 ^a	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0
	117 _m	2.9h	6.66×10^{-5}	---	0.01	---	<10	---	2.00	---	II	>90	<0.79 ^b
									1.55	---	III	~0	<0.79 ^b
									1.27	---	IV	~0	
									0.84	---			
									0.43	---			
									0.33	---			
									0.28	---			
									0.27	---			
117	117	50m	2.31×10^{-4}	---	0.010	~1.6	---	<0.79 ^b	---	~0	---	---	~0
						~3.0	---						<0.8 ^b
118	118	~30m	3.85×10^{-4}	---	0.01	1.09 ^b	100	0.36 ^b	---	~0	---	---	~0
													0.36 ^b
119	113	Stable	0	60 + 2	?	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0
	115 _m	4.50h	4.28×10^{-5}	---	0.0098	0.83	6	0.017	0.335	94	II	94	0.317
	115	$6 \times 10^{14}\text{y}$	3.66×10^{-23}	145 + 52	0.0099	0.63	100	-0.21	0	~0	---	---	~0
	117 _m	1.90h	1.01×10^{-4}	---	0.010	1.62	23	0.449	0.311	22	II	22	0.194
						1.77	55		0.161	78	I	78	
	117	1.1h	1.75×10^{-4}	---	2 $\times 10^{-3}$	0.740	100	0.247	0.565	---	I	~10	0.09 ^b
									0.161	---	II	~15	0.34 ^b
118	118	4.5m	2.57×10^{-3}	---	0.01	1.5	100	0.5	?	---	---	---	?
	119	17.5m	6.60×10^{-4}	---	0.01	2.7	100	0.9	0	0	---	---	0
													0.9

TABLE 2. (continued)

Nuclide	Mass Number, A	Half-life, $t_{1/2}$	Decay Constant, λ (sec $^{-1}$)	Absorption Cross Section σ_a (barns)	Yield, Y (%)	Energy of Radiation									
						Beta Particles			Gamma Transitions				Shielding		
						E_b (MeV)	(%)	Av. E_b (MeV)	E_g (MeV)	(%)	Group	(%)	Total E_g (MeV)	Total E (MeV)	
⁵⁰ Sn	115	Stable	0	---	0.01	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0	
	117 ^m	14.0d	5.73×10^{-7}	---	$<2 \times 10^{-5}$	0	0	0	0.162	100	I	200	0.321	0.321	
									0.159	100					
	117	Stable	0	---	0.010	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0	
	118	Stable	0	$0.01 + ?$	0.01	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0	
	119 ^m	275d	2.91×10^{-8}	---	<0.01	0	0	0	0.0653	100	I	200	0.0895	0.09	
									0.0242	100					
	119	Stable	0	---	0.01	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0	
	120	Stable	0	$\sim 0.001 + 0.03$	0.01 ^a	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0	
	121	27.5h	7.00×10^{-6}	1.2×10^{-2}	0.014	0.383	100	0.128	0	0	---	---	0	0.128	
	122	Stable	0	$0.001 + 0.1$	0.013 ^a	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0	
	123	131d	6.12×10^{-8}	---	0.0012	1.42	100	0.47	0	0	---	---	0	0.47	
	123	39.5m	2.92×10^{-4}	---	0.014	1.26	100	0.42	0.153	100	I	100	0.153	0.57	
	124	Stable	0	0.75	0.02 ^a	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0	
	125	9.4d	8.53×10^{-7}	---	0.012	0.40	5	0.76	1.90	5	IV	5	0.095	0.86	
						2.37	95								
	125	9.5m	1.22×10^{-3}	---	0.011	0.51	---	~ 0.7	0.326	100	II	100	0.326	~ 1.03	
						1.17	---								
						2.04	~ 100								
	126	50m	2.31×10^{-4}	---	0.1	2.55 ^b	100	0.85 ^b	---	~ 0	---	---	~ 0	0.85 ^b	
	127	1.5h	1.28×10^{-4}	---	(0.24)	4.84 ^b	100	1.61 ^b	---	~ 0	---	---	~ 0	1.61 ^b	
⁵¹ Sb	121	Stable	0	5.7	0.014	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0	
	123	Stable	0	$0.03 + 0.03 + 2.5$	0.015	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0	
	125	2.7y	8.14×10^{-9}	---	0.023	0.125	29	0.102	0.637	---	I	28	0.46 ^d	0.56 ^d	
						0.300	45		0.601	---	II	72			
						0.414	12		0.465	---					
						0.612	14		0.425	---					
						0.175	---								
						0.110	---								
						0.035	---								
	126	9h	2.14×10^{-5}	---	0.10	1.0	100	0.33	0.90	100	II	200	1.3	1.63	
						0.4	100								
	127	93h	2.07×10^{-6}	---	0.25	1.2	100	0.4	0.72	100	II	100	0.72	1.12	
					(0.01) ^a										
	128	1.1h	1.75×10^{-4}	---	0.5	5.68 ^b	100	1.9 ^b	---	~ 0	---	---	~ 0	1.9 ^b	
	129	4.6h	4.32×10^{-5}	---	1.0	4.42 ^b	100	1.5 ^b	---	~ 0	---	---	~ 0	1.5 ^b	
	130	12m	9.63×10^{-4}	---	2.0	6.68 ^b	100	2.2 ^b	---	~ 0	---	---	~ 0	2.2 ^b	
	131	21.0m	5.50×10^{-4}	---	(2.7)	5.44 ^b	100	1.8 ^b	---	~ 0	---	---	~ 0	1.8 ^b	
	132	1.9m	6.08×10^{-3}	---	(3.4)	7.64 ^b	100	2.6 ^b	---	~ 0	---	---	~ 0	2.6 ^b	
	133	4.1m	2.82×10^{-3}	---	(3.8)	6.41 ^b	100	2.1 ^b	---	~ 0	---	---	~ 0	2.1 ^b	
	134	45s	1.54×10^{-2}	---	(3.0)	8.57 ^b	100	2.9 ^b	---	~ 0	---	---	~ 0	2.9 ^b	

TABLE 2. (continued)

Nuclide	Mass Number, A	Half-life, $t_{1/2}$	Decay Constant, λ (sec^{-1})	Absorption Cross Section σ_a (barns)	Yield, Y (%)	Energy of Radiation									
						Beta Particles			Gamma Transitions			Total			
						E_{β} (MeV)	(%)	Avg. E_{β} (MeV)	E_g (MeV)	(%)	Shielding Group	(%)	Total E (MeV)	E_g (MeV)	
⁵² Te	125 ^m	58d	1.38×10^{-7}	---	3×10^{-3}	0	0	0	0.110	100	I	100	0.110	0.110	
	125	Stable	0	1.5	0.023	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0	
	126	Stable	0	$0.07 + 0.7$	0.10	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0	
	127 ^m	90d	8.82×10^{-8}	---	0.056	0	0	0	0.0885	100	I	100	0.09	0.09	
	127	9.3h	2.07×10^{-5}	---	0.25	0.7	100	0.23	0	0	---	---	0	0.23	
	128	Stable	0	$0.016 + 0.14$	0.5	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0	
	129 ^m	33d	2.43×10^{-7}	---	0.34	0	0	0	0.106	100	I	100	0.106	0.106	
	129	72 ^m	1.60×10^{-4}	---	1.0	1.8	100	0.6	0.8	100	II	200	1.1	1.7	
									0.3	100					
	130	$> 10^{15}$ y	~ 0	$< 0.01 + 0.3$	2.0	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0	
	131 ^m	30h	6.42×10^{-5}	---	0.44	0	0	0	0.177	100	I	100	0.177	0.177	
	131	24.8m	4.66×10^{-4}	---	2.9	1.4	45	0.577	0.7	45	I	100	0.475	1.052	
					(0.2) ^a	2.0	55		0.16	100	II	45			
	132	77h	2.50×10^{-6}	---	4.4	0.22	100	0.073	0.231	100	I	100	0.231	0.961	
					(1.0) ^a										
	133 ^m	63m	1.83×10^{-4}	---	4.6	0	0	0	0.4	100	II	100	0.4	0.4	
	133	2m	5.78×10^{-3}	---	6.0	1.3	70	0.54	1.0	70	II	170	1.3	1.84	
					(2.2) ^a	2.4	30		0.6	100					
	134	44m	2.63×10^{-4}	---	6.7	3.80 ^b	100	1.27 ^b	---	~ 0	---	---	~ 0	1.27 ^b	
					(3.7) ^a										
	135	< 2 m	5.78×10^{-3}	---	(4.2)	5.98 ^b	100	2.0 ^b	---	~ 0	---	---	~ 0	2.0 ^b	
⁵³ I	127	Stable	0	6.1	0.25	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0	
	129	1.72×10^7 y	1.28×10^{-15}	11	1.0	0.15	100	0.05	0.039	100	I	100	0.04	0.09	
	131	8.05d	9.96×10^{-7}	600	2.9	0.250	2.8	0.191	0.722	3	II	97.3	0.39	0.58	
						0.335	9.3		0.637	9					
						0.608	87.2		0.364	80					
						0.815	0.7		0.284	5.3					
	132	2.4h	8.02×10^{-5}	---	4.4	0.7	15	0.434	2.2	2	II	226	1.992	2.43	
						0.9	20		1.96	5	III	19			
						1.16	23		1.40	11	IV	7			
						1.53	24		1.16	8					
						2.12	18		0.96	20					
									0.777	75					
									0.673	100					
									0.624	6					
									0.528	25					
	133	20.8h	9.25×10^{-6}	---	6.5	0.5	6	0.45	1.4	1	II	99	0.555	1.01	
					0.5 ^a	1.4	94		0.85	5	III	1			
									0.53	94					
	134	52.5m	2.20×10^{-4}	---	7.6	1.5	70	0.60	1.78	~ 35	II	3	~ 1.27	~ 1.92	
					0.9 ^a	2.5	30		1.10	~ 35	III	35			
									0.86	~ 30	IV	35			
									0.20	~ 0					
									0.12	~ 0					

TABLE 2. (continued)

Nuclide	Mass Number, A	Half-life, $t_{1/2}$	Decay Constant, λ (sec $^{-1}$)	Absorption Cross Section σ_a (barns)	Yield, Y (%)	Energy of Radiation								
						Beta Particles			Gamma Transitions			Total E (MeV)		
						E_b (MeV)	(%)	Avg. E_b (MeV)	E_g (MeV)	(%)	Shielding Group	(%)	Total E_g (MeV)	
53 ^I	135	6.68h	2.89×10^{-5}	---	5.9 (1.7) ^a	0.5 1.0 1.4	35 40 25	0.308	1.8	~50	III	~50	1.54	1.85
	136	86s	8.06×10^{-3}	---	3.1	3.6 5.0 6.4	---	~2.1 1.38 ~100	2.9 1.38 1.38	---	III	~0	~0	~2.1
	137	22.0s	3.15×10^{-2}	---	(4.9)	0.56	100	0.19	0	0	---	---	0	0.19
	138	5.9s	1.17×10^{-1}	---	(3.4)	7.69 ^b	100	2.56 ^b	---	~0	---	---	~0	2.56 ^b
	139	2.7s	2.57×10^{-1}	---	(1.8)	6.48 ^b	100	2.16 ^b	---	~0	---	---	~0	2.16 ^b
54 ^{Xe}	129	Stable	0	45	1.0 4×10^{-4a}	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	131 ^{m2}	12.0d	6.68×10^{-7}	---	0.03	0	0	0	0.163	100	I	100	0.163	0.163
	131	Stable	0	120	2.9	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	132	Stable	0	? + 0.2	4.4	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	133 ^m	2.3d	3.49×10^{-6}	---	0.16	0	0	0	0.233	100	I	100	0.233	0.233
	133	5.270d	1.52×10^{-6}	---	6.5	0.345	100	0.115	0.081	100	I	100	0.081	0.196
	134	Stable	0	? + 0.2	7.6	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	135 ^m	15.6m	7.40×10^{-4}	---	1.8	0	0	0	0.52	100	II	100	0.52	0.52
	135	9.13h	2.11×10^{-5}	2.8×10^6	6.2 0.3 ^a	0.548 0.910	5 95	0.302 0.37	0.60 1	4 II	I	96 5	0.268	0.570
									0.250	96				
	136	Stable	0	0.15	6.3 3.2 ^a	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	137	3.9m	2.96×10^{-3}	---	(5.9) (1.3) ^a	4.0	100	1.33	0	0	---	---	0	1.33
	138	17m	6.79×10^{-4}	---	(5.5) (2.1) ^a	3.02 ^b	100	1.0 ^b	---	~0	---	---	~0	1.0 ^b
	139	41s	1.69×10^{-2}	---	(4.7) (2.9) ^a	5.15 ^b	100	1.7 ^b	---	~0	---	---	~0	1.7 ^b
	140	16s	4.33×10^{-2}	---	(3.7)	3.97 ^b	100	1.3 ^b	---	~0	---	---	~0	1.3 ^b
	141	1.7s	4.08×10^{-1}	---	(1.8)	6.07 ^b	100	2.0 ^b	---	~0	---	---	~0	2.0 ^b
	143	1s	6.93×10^{-1}	---	(0.2)	6.95 ^b	100	2.3 ^b	---	~0	---	---	~0	2.3 ^b
	144	1s	6.93×10^{-1}	---	(~0)	5.78 ^b	100	1.9 ^b	---	~0	---	---	~0	1.9 ^b
55 ^{Cs}	133	Stable	0	0.16 + 26	6.5	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	135	3.0×10^6 y	7.33×10^{-15}	15	6.2	0.21	100	0.07	0	0	---	---	0	0.07
	136	13d	6.17×10^{-7}	---	6×10^{-3a}	0.35	100	0.12	0.9	100	II	100	0.9	1.02
	137	26.6y	8.27×10^{-10}	<2	5.9	0.523	92	0.192	0	0	---	---	0	0.19
						1.17	8							
	138	32m	3.62×10^{-4}	8.7	5.8	2.0	33	1.08	1.44	100	II	100	2.01	3.09
						2.9	10		0.98	43	III	100		
						3.4	67		0.463	33				
	139	9.5m	1.22×10^{-3}	---	(5.9) (1.2) ^a	3.82 ^b	100	1.3 ^b	---	~0	---	---	~0	1.3 ^b

TABLE 2. (continued)

Nuclide	Mass Number, A	Half-life, $t_{1/2}$	Decay Constant, λ (sec $^{-1}$)	Absorption Cross Section σ_a (barns)	Yield, Y (%)	Energy of Radiation								
						Beta Particles			Gamma Transitions			Total E (MeV)		
						E_b (MeV)	(%)	Av. E_b (MeV)	E_g (MeV)	(%)	Shielding Group	(%)		
^{55}Cs	140	66s	1.05×10^{-2}	0.63	(6.0) (2.3) ^a	5.93 ^b	100	2.0 ^b	---	~0	---	---	~0	2.0 ^b
	141	Short	---	---	(4.7) (2.9) ^a	4.75 ^b	100	1.6 ^b	---	~0	---	---	~0	1.6 ^b
	142	~1m	1.16×10^{-2}	1.76	(3.4)	6.83 ^b	100	2.3 ^b	---	~0	---	---	~0	2.3 ^b
	143	Short	---	---	(1.9) (1.7) ^a	5.66 ^b	100	1.9 ^b	0.29	~0	I	~0	~0	1.9 ^b
	144	Short	---	---	(1.0) ^a	7.72	100	2.6 ^b	0.12	~0	II	~0	~0	2.6 ^b
$^{56}\text{Ba}^a$	135	Stable	0	5.6	6.2	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	136	Stable	0	0.4	6×10^{-3}	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	137 ^m	2.60m	4.44×10^{-3}	---	5.4	0	0	0	0.661	100	II	100	0.661	0.661
	137	Stable	0	4.9	5.9	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	138	Stable	0	0.68	5.8	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	139	85m	1.36×10^{-4}	4	6.0 (0.1) ^a	0.82	19	0.220	1.43	19	I	66	0.380	0.600
						2.23	66		0.163	66	III	19		
						2.38	15							
	140	12.80d	6.27×10^{-7}	---	6.3 (0.3) ^a	0.480	40	0.268	0.54	30	I	110	0.237	0.505
						1.022	60		0.30	10	II	40		
$^{57}\text{La}^a$	141	18m	6.42×10^{-4}	---	5.9 (1.2) ^a	2.8	100	0.93	0	0	---	---	0	0.93
	142	6m	1.93×10^{-3}	---	(5.6) (2.2) ^a	2.26 ^b	100	0.75 ^b	---	~0	---	---	~0	0.75 ^b
	143	30s	2.31×10^{-2}	---	(4.9) (3.0) ^a	4.34 ^b	100	1.5 ^b	---	~0	---	---	~0	1.5 ^b
	144	Short	---	---	(3.5) (2.5) ^a	3.18 ^b	100	1.1 ^b	---	~0	---	---	~0	1.1 ^b
	139	Stable	0	8.9	6.0	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
$^{57}\text{La}^a$	140	40.2h	4.79×10^{-6}	3	6.3	1.32	70	0.495	3.0	1	I	1.8	2.11	2.61
						1.67	20		2.5	5.4	II	73.4		
						2.26	10		1.596	94	III	94		
									0.8151	29	IV	6.4		
									0.4867	39				
									0.3286	5.4				
									0.093	1.8				
	141	3.7h	5.20×10^{-5}	---	6.0 0.1 ^a	0.9	5	0.785	1.5	5	III	5	0.075	0.86
	142	74m	1.56×10^{-4}	---	5.9 (0.3) ^a	2.43	95							
	143	19m	6.08×10^{-4}	---	6.2 (1.3) ^a	2.5	100	0.83	0.87	10	II	100	0.66	1.49
	144	Short	---	---	(5.8) (2.3) ^a	3.05 ^b	100	1.0 ^b	---	~0	---	---	~0	1.0 ^b
						5.12 ^b	100	1.7 ^b	---	~0	---	---	~0	1.7 ^b

TABLE 2. (continued)

Nuclide	Mass Number, A	Half-life, $t_{1/2}$	Decay Constant, λ (sec $^{-1}$)	Absorption Cross Section σ_a (barns)	Yield, Y (%)	Energy of Radiation								
						Beta Particles			Gamma Transitions			Total E (Mev)		
						E_b (Mev)	(%)	Av. E_b (Mev)	E_g (Mev)	(%)	Shielding Group	(%)	Total E_g (Mev)	
⁵⁸ Ce	140	Stable	0	0.6	6.3	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	141	32d	2.51×10^{-7}	---	6.0	0.442	67	0.163	0.145	67	I	67	0.097	0.260
						0.581	33							
	142	Stable	0	1.8	5.9	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	143	32h	6.01×10^{-6}	---	6.2	0.71	30	0.355	0.660	15.2	I	12.1	0.334	0.689
						1.09	40		0.356	12.1	II	87.9		
						1.39	30		0.289	60.6				
									0.126	12.1				
	144	290d	2.76×10^{-8}	---	6.1	0.170	30	0.087	0.134	~10	I	~50	0.043 ^d	0.130 ^d
						(0.3) ^a		0.300	70					
⁵⁹ Pr	141	Stable	0	11	6.0	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	143	13.7d	5.85×10^{-7}	---	6.2	0.932	100	0.311	0	0	---	---	0	0.31
	144	17.5m	6.60×10^{-4}	---	6.1	0.8	3	0.97	2.185	1	II	4	0.08	1.05
						2.3	2		1.480	2	III	2		
						2.98	95		0.695	4	IV	1		
	145	6.0h	3.21×10^{-5}	---	4.2	~1.7	100	~0.6	---	~0	---	---	~0	~0.6
	146	24.4m	4.73×10^{-4}	---	3.3	2.2	44	1.01	1.49	33	II	122	1.12	2.13
						(0.1) ^a	56		0.75	22	III	33		
									0.46	100				
⁶⁰ Nd	143	Stable	0	290	6.2	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	144	1.5×10^{15} y	~0	4.8	6.1	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	145	Stable	0	52	4.2	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	146	Stable	0	9.8	3.3	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	147	11.3d	7.10×10^{-7}	---	2.6	0.38	25	0.228	0.532	25	I	60	0.236	0.464
						0.60	15		0.318	15	II	40		
						0.83	60		0.092	60				
	148	Stable	0	3.3	1.8 ^a	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	149	2.0h	9.63×10^{-5}	---	1.3	0.95	---	~0.5	0.650	---	I	~0	~0	~0.5
						1.1	---		0.538	---	II	~0		
						1.5	~100		0.424	---				
									0.266	---				
									0.240	---				

TABLE 2. (continued)

Nuclide	Mass Number, A	Half-life, $t_{1/2}$	Decay Constant, λ (sec $^{-1}$)	Absorption Cross Section σ_a (barns)	Yield, Y (%)	Energy of Radiation								
						Beta Particles			Gamma Transitions			Total E (MeV)		
						E_b (MeV)	(%)	Av. E_b (MeV)	E_g (MeV)	(%)	Shielding Group			
^{60}Nd (continued)						0.226	---							
						0.211	---							
						0.198	---							
						0.188	---							
						0.124	---							
						0.114	---							
						0.112	---							
						0.097	---							
						0.030	---							
150	$>2 \times 10^{15}\text{y}$	~ 0	2.9		0.74 ^a	0	0	0	0	0	---	0	0	
151	15m	7.7×10^{-4}	---		(0.48)	1.93	100	0.64	1.14	---	I	~ 150	0.91 ^b	
									0.73	---	II	~ 100		
									0.421	---	III	~ 50		
									0.117	---				
									0.110	---				
									0.085	---				
^{61}Pm	147	2.6y	8.46×10^{-9}	60 + ?	2.6	0.223	100	0.074	0	0	---	---	0	0.074
	149	54h	3.56×10^{-6}	---	1.3	1.05	100	0.35	0.285	100	II	100	0.285	0.635
	151	27.5h	7.00×10^{-6}	---	0.5	1.1	100	0.37	0.715	---	I	~ 100	0.5 ^b	0.87 ^b
					(0.02) ^a				0.340	---	II	~ 100		
									<0.25	---				
									0.177	---				
^{62}Sm	147	$1.4 \times 10^{11}\text{y}$	~ 0	---	2.6	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	149	Stable	0	50,000	1.3	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	151	93y	2.37×10^{-10}	12,000	0.5	0.076	100	0.025	0.019	100	I	100	0.019	0.044
	152	Stable	0	150	0.3 ^a	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	153	47h	4.10×10^{-6}	---	0.15	0.26	10	0.219	0.538	10	I	~ 102	0.149	0.368
						0.64	29		0.1717	~ 0	II	10		
									0.70	44		0.1026	73	
									0.81	17		0.0691	29	
	154	Stable	0	5.5	0.09 ^a	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	155	23.5m	4.91×10^{-4}	---	0.031	1.8	100	0.6	0.246	100	I	200	0.35	0.95
	156	$\sim 10\text{h}$	1.93×10^{-5}	---	0.013	0.9	100	0.3	?	?	---	---	?	0.3 ?
^{63}Eu	151	Stable	0	1400 + 7000	0.5	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	153	Stable	0	400	0.15	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	155	1.7y	1.29×10^{-8}	14,000	0.031	0.152	84	0.056	0.1368	---	I	~ 500	0.7 ^b	0.76 ^b
						0.252	16		0.1309	---				
									0.1045	---				
									0.0858	---				
									0.0593	---				
									0.0187	---				

TABLE 2. (continued)

Nuclide	Mass Number, A	Half-life, $t_{1/2}$	Decay Constant, λ (sec $^{-1}$)	Absorption Cross Section σ_a (barns)	Yield, Y (%)	Energy of Radiation								
						Beta Particles			Gamma Transitions			Total E (Mev)		
						E_b (Mev)	(%)	Av. E_b (Mev)	E_g (Mev)	(%)	Shielding Group	(%)		
^{63}Eu	156	15.4d	5.21×10^{-7}	---	0.013	0.5	60	0.43	2.0	~60	IV	~60	1.2	1.63
	157	15.4h	1.25×10^{-5}			2.4	40							
	158	60m	1.93×10^{-4}			1.0	75	0.392	0.60	100	I	100	0.8	1.19
^{64}Gd	155	Stable	0	70,000	0.031	1.7	25		0.2	100	II	100		
	156	Stable	0			2.6	100	0.87	---	---	---	---	1.1 ^b	2.0 ^b
	157	Stable	0			0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
^{64}Gd	158	Stable	0	160,000	0.0074	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	159	18.0h	1.07×10^{-5}			0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	160	Stable	0			4	0.9	100	0.3	0.38	I	100	0.46	0.76
^{65}Tb	159	Stable	0	1.5	3×10^{-4a}	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	161	7.0d	1.15×10^{-6}			8.0 $\times 10^{-5}$	1.6	100	0.5	0.36	I	100	0.7 ^b	1.2 ^b
	161	3.6m	3.21×10^{-3}			0.316	---		0.102	---	II	200		
^{66}Dy	159	Stable	0	44	1.1×10^{-3}	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	161	7.0d	1.15×10^{-6}			8 $\times 10^{-5}$	0.5	100	0.17	0.05	I	100	0.05	0.22
	161	Stable	0			0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0

^aIndependent fission yield.^bEnergy value computed from the mass change.^cNuclide which decays in part by K electron capture and positron emission.^dEnergy computed from total disintegration energy or Q value.

TABLE 3. PRODUCTS OF NEUTRON CAPTURE BY U²³⁵ FISSION PRODUCTS

Arranged according to increasing order of atomic number and mass

Nuclide	Mass Number, A	Half life, $t_{1/2}$	Decay Constant, λ (sec ⁻¹)	Absorption Cross Section, σ_a (barns)	Energy of Radiation								Total E (MeV)	
					Beta Particles				Gamma Transitions					
					E _b (MeV)	(%)	Ave. E _b (MeV)	E _g (MeV)	(%)	Shielding				
³³ As	76	26.6h	7.24×10^{-6}	---	0.35	3	0.842	2.06	2.3	II	49.1	0.460	1.302	
					1.20	6		1.41	0.7	III	11.1			
					1.75	6		1.21	10.4	IV	2.3			
					2.40	32		0.648	4.1					
					2.96	53		0.555	45					
³⁴ Se	76	Stable	0	7 + 75	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0	
⁴³ Tc	100	15.8s	4.39×10^{-2}	---	2.8	100	0.93	0.55	100	II	100	0.55	1.48	
⁴⁴ Ru	100	Stable	0	---	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0	
⁴⁵ Rh	104 ^m	4.4m	2.63×10^{-3}	---	0	0	0	0.052	100	I	100	0.052	0.052	
					2.6	100	0.87	0.95	100	I	100	1.06	1.93	
	104	425s	1.65×10^{-2}	---				0.18	50	II	100			
								0.04	50					
⁴⁶ Pd	104	Stable	0	---	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0	
⁴⁹ In	116 ^m	54.2m	2.13×10^{-4}	---	0.60	21	0.293	2.090	25	I	3	2.52	2.81	
					0.87	28		1.487	21	II	25			
					1.00	51		1.274	75	III	150			
								1.085	54	IV	25			
								0.406	25					
								0.137	3					
	116	13s	4.33×10^{-2}	---	3.29	100	1.10	0	0	---	---	0	1.10	
⁵⁰ Sn	116	Stable	0	0.006 + ?	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0	
⁵¹ Sb	122	2.75d	2.91×10^{-6}	---	0.45	8	0.51	0.566	8	I	36	0.389	0.90	
					1.40	56		0.553	56	II	64			
					2.00	36		0.095	36					
⁵² Te	122	Stable	0	1.0 + 1.7	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0	
⁵³ I	128 ^c	24.98m	4.62×10^{-4}	---	1.59	6.7	0.63	0.428	6.7	II	6.7	0.03	0.66	
					2.02	88.3				II	292	2.15	2.42	
	130	12.6h	1.53×10^{-5}	---	0.597	54	0.264	1.15	31	III	31			
					1.02	46		0.744	69					
								0.660	100					
								0.528	100					
								0.409	23					

TABLE 3. (continued)

Nuclide	Mass Number, <i>A</i>	Half life, <i>t</i> _{1/2}	Decay Constant, λ (sec ⁻¹)	Absorption Cross Section, σ_a (barns)	Energy of Radiation							
					Beta Particles			Gamma Transitions			Total E	
					<i>E_b</i> (MeV)	Av. <i>E_b</i> (MeV)	<i>E_g</i> (MeV)	(%)	Shielding Group	(%)	<i>E_g</i> (MeV)	Total E (MeV)
⁵⁴ Xe	128	Stable	0	5	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
	130	Stable	0	<5	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0
⁵⁵ Cs	134 ^m	3.2h	6.03×10^{-5}	---	0	0	0	0.128	100	I	100	0.128
	134	2.0y	1.10×10^{-8}	---	0.09	25	0.170	1.365	4	II	206	1.53
					0.648	75		1.037	6	III	10	
								0.794	96			
								0.601	75			
								0.567	15			
								0.561	20			
⁵⁶ Ba	134	Stable	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0
⁵⁹ Pr	142	19.3h	9.97×10^{-6}	18	0.64	7	0.70	1.59	7	III	7	0.11
					2.15	93		0.135	~0			0.81
⁶⁰ Nd	142	Stable	0	18	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0
⁶¹ Pm	148	5.3d	1.51×10^{-6}	---	2.5	100	0.83	0.8	100	II	100	0.8
⁶² Sm	148	Stable	0	---	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0
	150	Stable	0	---	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0
⁶³ Eu	152 ^c	9.2h	2.09×10^{-5}	---	1.880	100	0.63	0.344	~50	I	~50	~0.23
	152 ^c	13y	1.69×10^{-9}	5000	1.58	26	0.137	1.086	---	I	---	---
								0.964	---	II	---	---
								0.720	---	III	---	---
								0.344				
								0.244				
								0.123				
								0.122				
¹⁵⁴ C	16y		1.38×10^{-9}	1000	0.3	50	0.21	1.116	~50	II	100	1.0 ^b
					0.7	40		0.778	~50	III	50	
					1.9	10		0.336	~50			
⁶⁴ Gd	152	Stable	0	<120	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0
	154	Stable	0	---	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0

TABLE 3. (continued)

Nuclide	Mass Number, A	Half life, $t_{1/2}$	Decay Constant, λ (sec $^{-1}$)	Absorption Cross Section, σ_a (barns)	Energy of Radiation								
					Beta Particles				Gamma Transitions				
					E_b (Mev)	Av. E_b (Mev)	E_g (Mev)	(%)	Shielding Group	(%)	Total E_g (Mev)	Total E (Mev)	
^{65}Tb	160	73.5d	1.09×10^{-7}	400	0.396 0.521 0.860	16 41 43	0.216	0.962 0.876 0.410 0.391 0.375 0.298 0.282 0.215 0.196 0.176 0.093 0.087	---	II --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- --- ---	150	1.5 ^b	1.72 ^b
^{66}Dy	160	Stable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	---	---	0	0

^aIndependent fission yield.^bEnergy value computed from the mass change.^cNuclide which decays in part by K electron capture and positron emission.^dEnergy computed from total disintegration energy or Q value.

TABLE 4. DETERMINATION OF LEVELS OF COMPONENTS OF CHAIN 95 IN 1 TON OF NATURAL URANIUM

Uranium irradiated at $\phi = 10^{14}$ neutrons/cm²/sec for 3×10^6 sec, then allowed to decay for 10^7 sec

Isotope	Saturation Value, N_s/N_{25}^0 , for $\phi = 10^{14}$	Fraction of Saturation, N_τ/N_s , for $\phi = 10^{14}$ neutrons/cm ² /sec and $\tau = 3 \times 10^6$ sec	Atoms Present at Shutdown, $N_\tau/N_{25}^0 =$ $(N_s/N_{25}^0)(N_\tau/N_s)$	Fraction of Shutdown, N_t/N_τ , at $\phi = 10^{14}$ neutrons/cm ² /sec, $\tau = 3 \times 10^6$ sec, and $t = 10^7$ sec	Atoms Present at $\phi = 10^{14}$, $\tau = 3 \times 10^6$, and $t = 10^7$ $N_t/N_{25}^0 =$ $(N_\tau/N_{25}^0)(N_t/N_\tau)$	Atoms Present at $\phi = 10^{14}$, $\tau = 3 \times 10^6$, and $t = 10^7$ $N_t =$ $(N_\tau/N_{25}^0)(N_t/N_\tau)$
10.5m Y	3.37×10^{-6} (Fig. A-3f)	1.00 (Table 4)	3.37×10^{-6}	0 (Fig. C-8)	0	0
63d Zr	2.92×10^{-2} (Fig. A-2e)	0.317 (Fig. B-16)	9.26×10^{-3}	0.281 (Fig. C-50)	2.60×10^{-3}	4.78×10^{22}
90h Nb ^m	1.73×10^{-5} (Fig. A-2c)	0.274 (Fig. B-16)	4.75×10^{-6}	1.06 (Fig. C-47)	5.04×10^{-6}	9.27×10^{19}
35d Nb	1.62×10^{-2} (Fig. A-2a)	9.23 $\times 10^{-2}$ (Fig. B-16)	1.50×10^{-3}	1.45 (Fig. C-48)	2.18×10^{-3}	4.01×10^{22}
Stable Mo			3.73×10^{-4} (Fig. D-27)		$6.36 \times 10^{-3}^*$	1.17×10^{23}
Total			1.114×10^{-2}		1.114×10^{-2}	2.05×10^{23}

* N_t/N_{25}^0 for stable Mo⁹⁵ was computed by taking into account that the total number of fission product atoms does not change during decay times. Thus, $N_t/N_{25}^0 = 1.114 \times 10^{-2} - (2.60 \times 10^{-3} + 5.04 \times 10^{-6} + 2.18 \times 10^{-3}) = 6.4 \times 10^{-3}$.

TABLE 5. INDEX OF FISSION PRODUCTS AND GRAPHS

Mass No.	Element and Half life	Saturation Values,		Fraction of Saturation, N_τ/N_s	Fraction of Shutdown, N_t/N_τ	Production of Stable Species During Irradiation, N_τ/N_{25}^0
		N_s/N_{25}^0 at $\phi = 10^{12}$	N_s/N_{25}^0 at $\phi \geq 10^{12}$			
72	49.0h Zn	2.21×10^{-11}	Fig. A-3/	Fig. B-1	Fig. C-28	
	14.3h Ga	6.44×10^{-12}	Fig. A-4	Fig. B-1	Fig. C-31	
	Stable Ge					Fig. D-1
73	2m Zn	9.83×10^{-14}	Fig. A-4	Unity	Fig. C-4	
	5.0h Ga	1.51×10^{-11}	Fig. A-3	Unity	Fig. C-19	
	Stable Ge					Fig. D-2
74	Stable Ge					Fig. D-3
75	82m Ge	3.29×10^{-11}	Fig. A-3	Unity	Fig. C-12	
	Stable As					Fig. D-4
76	Stable Ge					Fig. D-5
	26.6h As*	6.41×10^{-10}	Fig. A-3/	Fig. B-7	Fig. C-28	
	Stable Se ⁷⁶ *					Fig. D-6
77	12h Ge	1.34×10^{-9}	Fig. A-3	Fig. B-3	Fig. C-19	
	38.8h As	1.06×10^{-8}	Fig. A-3/	Fig. B-2	Fig. C-23	
	17.5s Se ^m	2.67×10^{-14}	Fig. A-4	Fig. B-2	Fig. C-23	
	Stable Se					Fig. D-7
78	86m Ge	7.79×10^{-10}	Fig. A-3	Unity	Fig. C-10	
	91m As	9.13×10^{-10}	Fig. A-3/	Unity	Fig. C-14	
	Stable Se					Fig. D-8
79	9m As	1.81×10^{-10}	Fig. A-3/	Unity	Fig. C-4	
	3.9m Se ^m	7.03×10^{-11}	Fig. A-3/	Unity	Fig. C-7	
	6.5×10^4 y Se	0.686	Fig. A-1	Fig. B-8		
80	Stable Se					Fig. D-9
81	10m As	6.25×10^{-10}	Fig. A-3g	Unity	Fig. C-6	
	56.5m Se ^m	2.27×10^{-10}	Fig. A-3	Unity	Fig. C-10	
	17m Se	1.75×10^{-10}	Fig. A-3a	Unity	Fig. C-11	
	Stable Br					Fig. D-10

TABLE 5. (continued)

Mass No.	Element and Half life	Saturation Values,		Fraction of Saturation, N_T/N_s	Fraction of Shutdown, N_t/N_T	Production of Stable Species During Irradiation, N_r/N_{25}^0
		N_s/N_{25}^0 at $\phi = 10^{12}$	N_s/N_{25}^0 at $\phi \geq 10^{12}$			
82	Stable Se					Fig. D-11
	35.87h Br	1.44×10^{-7}	Fig. A-2e	Fig. B-9	Fig. C-28	
83	Stable Kr					Fig. D-12
	25m Se	2.26×10^{-9}	Fig. A-3	Unity	Fig. C-6	
	2.4h Br	3.47×10^{-8}	Fig. A-3f	Unity	Fig. C-11	
	114m Kr ^m	2.76×10^{-8}	Fig. A-3	Unity	Fig. C-11	
84	Stable Kr					Fig. D-13
	2m Se	1.10×10^{-9}	Fig. A-3g	Unity	Fig. C-4	
	30m Br	1.66×10^{-8}	Fig. A-3	Unity	Fig. C-6	
85	Stable Kr					Fig. D-14
	3.0m Br	2.26×10^{-9}	Fig. A-3	Unity	Fig. C-5	
	4.36h Kr ^m	1.97×10^{-7}	Fig. A-2	Unity	Fig. C-19	
	10.27y Kr	8.07×10^{-4}	Fig. A-2f	Fig. B-10	Fig. C-56, 56a	
86	Stable Rb					Fig. D-15
	Stable Kr					Fig. D-16
	19.5d Rb	2.11×10^{-5}	Fig. A-2d	Fig. B-11	Fig. C-45	
87	Stable Sr					Fig. D-17
	55.6s Br	1.25×10^{-9}	Fig. A-3f	Unity	Fig. C-3	
	78m Kr	1.06×10^{-7}	Fig. A-2	Unity	Fig. C-10	
	Stable Rb					Fig. D-18
88	Stable Sr*					Fig. D-19
	15.5s Br	3.76×10^{-10}	Fig. A-3e	Unity	Fig. C-2	
89	2.77h Kr	3.09×10^{-7}	Fig. A-2a	Unity	Fig. C-10	
	17.8m Rb	3.31×10^{-8}	Fig. A-3g	Unity	Fig. C-10	
	Stable Sr					Fig. D-20
90	Stable Y					
	3.18m Kr	7.35×10^{-9}	Fig. A-3g	Unity	Fig. C-4	
	15.4m Rb	3.71×10^{-8}	Fig. A-3b	Unity	Fig. C-7	
	54d Sr	1.88×10^{-4}	Fig. A-2f	Fig. B-12	Fig. C-45	
91	Stable Y					Fig. D-21

TABLE 5. (continued)

Mass No.	Element and Half life	Saturation Values,		Fraction of Saturation, N_r/N_s	Fraction of Shutdown, N_t/N_τ	Production of Stable Species During Irradiation, N_τ/N_{25}^0
		N_s/N_{25}^0 at $\phi = 10^{12}$	N_s/N_{25}^0 at $\phi \geq 10^{12}$			
90	33s Kr	1.44×10^{-9}	Fig. A-3b	Unity	Fig. C-3	
	2.74m Rb	8.11×10^{-9}	Fig. A-3	Unity	Fig. C-4	
	28y Sr	4.36×10^{-2}	Fig. A-1a	Fig. B-13	Fig. C-59	
	64.5h Y	2.08×10^{-5}	Fig. A-2d	Fig. B-14	Fig. C-58, 58g	
	Stable Zr					Fig. D-22
91	14m Rb	4.01×10^{-8}	Fig. A-3	Unity	Fig. C-9	
	9.7h Sr	1.72×10^{-6}	Fig. A-2	Fig. B-6	Fig. C-19	
	51m Y ^m	6.06×10^{-8}	Fig. A-3	Fig. B-6	Fig. C-21	
	58d Y	2.48×10^{-4}	Fig. A-2c	Fig. B-15	Fig. C-46, 46a	
	Stable Zr					Fig. D-23
92	3.0s Kr	6.78×10^{-11}	Fig. A-3a	Unity	Fig. C-1	
	80s Rb	3.68×10^{-9}	Fig. A-3	Unity	Fig. C-3	
	2.7h Sr	4.96×10^{-7}	Fig. A-2	Unity	Fig. C-12	
	3.60h Y	6.61×10^{-7}	Fig. A-2c	Unity	Fig. C-16	
	Stable Zr					Fig. D-24
93	7m Sr	2.25×10^{-8}	Fig. A-3a	Unity	Fig. C-4	
	10.0h Y	1.95×10^{-6}	Fig. A-2b	Fig. B-6	Fig. C-20	
	Stable Zr					Fig. D-25
	2m Sr	5.82×10^{-9}	Fig. A-3f	Unity	Fig. C-4	
	16.5m Y	5.39×10^{-8}	Fig. A-3f	Unity	Fig. C-9a	
94	Stable Zr					Fig. D-26
	10.5m Y	3.37×10^{-8}	Fig. A-3f	Unity	Fig. C-8	
	63d Zr	2.92×10^{-4}	Fig. A-2e	Fig. B-16	Fig. C-50	
	90h Nb ^m	1.73×10^{-7}	Fig. A-2c	Fig. B-16	Fig. C-47	
	35d Nb	1.62×10^{-4}	Fig. A-2a	Fig. B-16	Fig. C-48	
95	Stable Mo					Fig. D-27
	10.5m Y					
	63d Zr					
	90h Nb ^m					
	35d Nb					
96	Stable Zr					Fig. D-28
	23.4h Nb	4.02×10^{-10}	Fig. A-3	Fig. B-3	Fig. C-28	
	Stable Mo					Fig. D-29

TABLE 5. (continued)

Mass No.	Element and Half life	Saturation Values, N_s/N_{25}^0		Fraction of Saturation, N_τ/N_s	Fraction of Shutdown, N_t/N_τ	Production of Stable Species During Irradiation, N_τ/N_{25}^0
		at $\phi = 10^{12}$	at $\phi \geq 10^{12}$			
97	17h Zr	3.18×10^{-6}		Fig. A-2	Fig. B-6	Fig. C-28
	60s Nb ^m	3.1×10^{-9}		Fig. A-3f	Fig. B-6	Fig. C-28
	72.1m Nb	2.25×10^{-7}		Fig. A-2b	Fig. B-3	Fig. C-27
	Stable Mo					Fig. D-30
98	Stable Mo					Fig. D-31
99	67h Mo	1.23×10^{-5}		Fig. A-2	Fig. B-2	Fig. C-36
	6.04h Tc ^m	1.11×10^{-7}		Fig. A-2b	Fig. B-2	Fig. C-30
	Stable Tc					Fig. D-32
100	Stable Mo					Fig. D-33
	Stable Ru*					Fig. D-34
101	14.6m Mo	3.67×10^{-8}		Fig. A-3b	Unity	Fig. C-6
	14.0m Tc	3.52×10^{-8}		Fig. A-3f	Unity	Fig. C-9a
	Stable Ru					Fig. D-35
102	12m Mo	2.53×10^{-8}		Fig. A-3b	Unity	Fig. C-6
	25s Tc	8.79×10^{-10}		Fig. A-3a	Unity	Fig. C-6
	Stable Ru					Fig. D-36
103	41d Ru	8.58×10^{-5}		Fig. A-2e	Fig. B-17	Fig. C-45
	57m Rh ^m	7.47×10^{-8}		Fig. A-3a	Fig. B-17	Fig. C-45
	Stable Rh					Fig. D-37
104	Stable Ru					Fig. D-38
	Stable Pd*					Fig. D-39
105	4.5h Ru	1.22×10^{-7}		Fig. A-2c	Unity	Fig. C-20
	45s Rh ^m	3.39×10^{-10}		Fig. A-3a	Unity	Fig. C-20
	36.5h Rh	9.91×10^{-7}		Fig. A-2	Fig. B-3	Fig. C-24
	Stable Pd					Fig. D-40
106	1.0y Ru	1.00×10^{-4}		Fig. A-2b	Fig. B-15	Fig. C-53
	30s Rh	9.54×10^{-11}		Fig. A-3	Fig. B-15	Fig. C-53
	Stable Pd					Fig. D-41

TABLE 5. (continued)

Mass No.	Element and Half life	Saturation Values,		Fraction of Saturation, N_T/N_s	Fraction of Shutdown, N_t/N_T	Production of Stable Species During Irradiation, N_T/N_{25}^0
		N_s/N_{25}^0 at $\phi = 10^{12}$	N_s/N_{25}^0 at $\phi \geq 10^{12}$			
107	1.5m Tc	1.21×10^{-10}	Fig. A-3f	Unity	Fig. C-3	
	4m Ru	4.01×10^{-10}	Fig. A-3	Unity	Fig. C-5	
	26m Rh	2.61×10^{-9}	Fig. A-3a	Unity	Fig. C-7	
	Stable Pd					Fig. D-42
108	Stable Pd					Fig. D-43
109	1h Rh	8.41×10^{-10}	Fig. A-3b	Unity	Fig. C-12	
	13.6h Pd	4.41×10^{-8}	Fig. A-3a	Fig. B-18	Fig. C-20	
	39.2s Ag ^m	3.54×10^{-11}	Fig. A-3g	Fig. B-18	Fig. C-20	
	Stable Ag					Fig. D-44
110	Stable Pd					Fig. D-45
	270d Ag ^{m*}	5.45×10^{-6}	Fig. A-2	Fig. B-19	Fig. C-53	
	Stable Cd*					Fig. D-46
111	22m Pd	1.99×10^{-10}	Fig. A-3g	Unity	Fig. C-6	
	7.6d Ag	9.85×10^{-8}	Fig. A-3	Unity	Fig. C-36	
	Stable Cd					Fig. D-47
	Stable Cd					
112	21h Pd	6.96×10^{-9}	Fig. A-3b	Fig. B-4	Fig. C-28	
	3.2h Ag	1.06×10^{-9}	Fig. A-4a	Fig. B-4	Fig. C-22	
	Stable Cd					Fig. D-48
	Stable Cd					
113	5.3h Ag	1.60×10^{-9}	Fig. A-3a	Unity	Fig. C-20	
	Stable Cd					Fig. D-49
114	2m Ag	1.01×10^{-11}	Fig. A-3b	Unity	Fig. C-4	
	Stable Cd					Fig. D-50
115	20m Ag	1.06×10^{-10}	Fig. A-3b	Unity	Fig. C-8	
	53h Cd	1.68×10^{-8}	Fig. A-3g	Fig. B-5	Fig. C-29	
	4.5h In ^m	1.42×10^{-9}	Fig. A-3c	Fig. B-5	Fig. C-25	
	Stable In					Fig. D-51
	Stable Sn					Fig. D-52
116	Stable Cd					Fig. D-53
	Stable Sn					Fig. D-54

TABLE 5. (continued)

Mass No.	Element and Half life	Saturation Values, N_s/N_{25}^0		Fraction of Saturation, N_τ/N_s	Fraction of Shutdown, N_t/N_τ	Production of Stable Species During Irradiation, N_τ/N_{25}^0
		at $\phi = 10^{12}$	at $\phi \geq 10^{12}$			
117	2.9h Cd ^m	8.71×10^{-10}	Fig. A-3c	Unity	Fig. C-12	
	50m Cd	2.51×10^{-10}	Fig. A-3b	Unity	Fig. C-12	
	1.90h In ^m	5.74×10^{-10}	Fig. A-3b	Unity	Fig. C-17	
	1.1h In	7.29×10^{-11}	Fig. A-3d	Unity	Fig. C-17	
	Stable Sn					Fig. D-55
118	30m Cd	1.51×10^{-10}	Fig. A-3d	Unity	Fig. C-9	
	4.5m In	2.26×10^{-11}	Fig. A-3a	Unity	Fig. C-9	
	Stable Sn					Fig. D-56
119	17.5m In	8.79×10^{-11}	Fig. A-3g	Unity	Fig. C-9	
	275d Sn ^{m*}	1.99×10^{-6}	Fig. A-2c	Fig. B-20	Fig. C-51	
	Stable Sn					Fig. D-57
120	Stable Sn					Fig. D-58
121	27.5h Sn	1.16×10^{-8}	Fig. A-3a	Fig. B-3	Fig. C-29	
	Stable Sb					Fig. D-59
122	Stable Sn					Fig. D-60
	2.75d Sb*	2.79×10^{-8}	Fig. A-3	Fig. B-21	Fig. C-36	
	Stable Te*					Fig. D-61
123	131d Sn	1.14×10^{-7}	Fig. A-2d	Fig. B-22	Fig. C-50	
	39.5m Sn	2.78×10^{-10}	Fig. A-3c	Unity	Fig. C-10	
	Stable Sb					Fig. D-62
124	Stable Sn					Fig. D-63
125	9.4d Sn ^m	1.56×10^{-7}	Fig. A-2d	Fig. B-1	Fig. C-36	
	2.7y Sb	1.64×10^{-5}	Fig. A-2b	Fig. B-15	Fig. C-54, 54a	
	58d Te ^m	1.35×10^{-7}	Fig. A-2a	Fig. B-22	Fig. C-52, 52a	
	Stable Te					Fig. D-64
126	50m Sn	2.51×10^{-9}	Fig. A-3g	Unity	Fig. C-10	
	9h Sb	2.71×10^{-8}	Fig. A-3c	Fig. B-4	Fig. C-21	
	Stable Te					Fig. D-65

TABLE 5. (continued)

Mass No.	Element and Half life	Saturation Values,		Fraction of Saturation, N_τ/N_s	Fraction of Shutdown, N_t/N_τ	Production of Stable Species During Irradiation, N_τ/N_{25}^0
		N_s/N_{25}^0 at $\phi = 10^{12}$	N_s/N_{25}^0 at $\phi \geq 10^{12}$			
127	1.5h Sn	1.09×10^{-8}	Fig. A-3f	Unity	Fig. C-12	
	93h Sb	7.00×10^{-7}	Fig. A-2b	Fig. B-5	Fig. C-32	
	90d Te ^m	3.68×10^{-6}	Fig. A-2b	Fig. B-23	Fig. C-49	
	9.3h Te	7.00×10^{-8}	Fig. A-3b	Fig. B-23	Fig. C-41, 41a, 41b	
	Stable I					Fig. D-66
128	1.1h Sb	1.66×10^{-8}	Fig. A-3	Unity	Fig. C-12	
	Stable Te					Fig. D-67
	Stable Xe*					Fig. D-63
129	4.6h Sb	1.34×10^{-7}	Fig. A-2a	Unity	Fig. C-20	
	33d Te ^m	8.12×10^{-6}	Fig. A-2b	Fig. B-24	Fig. C-42, 42a	
	72m Te	3.62×10^{-8}	Fig. A-3b	Fig. B-24	Fig. C-43, 43a	
	Stable I					Fig. D-69
	Stable Xe					Fig. D-70
130	12m Sb	1.20×10^{-8}	Fig. A-3d	Unity	Fig. C-8	
	Stable Te					Fig. D-71
	12.6 I*	3.79×10^{-7}	Fig. A-2b	Fig. B-25	Fig. C-20	
	Stable Xe*					Fig. D-72
131	21m Sb	2.85×10^{-8}	Fig. A-3d	Unity	Fig. C-9	
	30h Te ^m	3.98×10^{-8}	Fig. A-3	Unity	Fig. C-13	
	24.8m Te	3.61×10^{-8}	Fig. A-3b	Unity	Fig. C-15	
	8.05d I	1.69×10^{-5}	Fig. A-2a	Fig. B-26	Fig. C-36	
	12d Xe ^m	2.52×10^{-7}	Fig. A-2c	Fig. B-27	Fig. C-37	
	Stable Xe					Fig. D-73
132	1.9m Sb	3.24×10^{-9}	Fig. A-3c	Unity	Fig. C-5	
	77h Te	1.02×10^{-5}	Fig. A-2c	Fig. B-28	Fig. C-36	
	2.4h I	3.18×10^{-7}	Fig. A-2e	Fig. B-28	Fig. C-33, 33a, 33b	
	Stable Xe					Fig. D-74
133	63m Te ^m	1.90×10^{-7}	Fig. A-2	Unity	Fig. C-10	
	20.8h I	4.08×10^{-6}	Fig. A-2e	Fig. B-6	Fig. C-27	
	2.3d Xe ^m	2.59×10^{-7}	Fig. A-2c	Fig. B-29	Fig. C-34	

TABLE 5. (continued)

Mass No.	Element and Half life	Saturation Values, N_s/N_{25}^0		Fraction of Saturation, N_τ/N_s	Fraction of Shutdown, N_t/N_τ	Production of Stable Species During Irradiation, N_τ/N_{25}^0
		at $\phi = 10^{12}$	at $\phi \geq 10^{12}$			
133	5.27d Xe	2.48×10^{-5}		Fig. A-2b	Fig. B-29	Fig. C-35
	Stable Cs					Fig. D-75
134	44m Te	1.48×10^{-7}		Fig. A-2e	Unity	Fig. C-12
	52.5m I	2.00×10^{-7}		Fig. A-2d	Unity	Fig. C-13
	Stable Xe					Fig. D-76
	2.0y Cs*	3.43×10^{-3}		Fig. A-1	Fig. B-30	Fig. C-55
	Stable Ba*					Fig. D-77
135	2m Te	4.21×10^{-9}		Fig. A-3a	Unity	Fig. C-4
	6.68h I	1.18×10^{-6}		Fig. A-2e	Fig. B-31	Fig. C-19
	15.6m Xe ^m	1.39×10^{-8}		Fig. A-3c	Fig. B-31	Fig. C-21
	9.2h Xe	1.50×10^{-6}		Fig. A-2f	Fig. B-31	Fig. C-18, 18a, 18b
	Stable Cs					Fig. D-78
136	86s I	2.23×10^{-9}		Fig. A-3	Unity	Fig. C-3
	Stable Xe					Fig. D-79
	13d Cs*	5.15×10^{-5}		Fig. A-2f	Fig. B-32	Fig. C-45
	Stable Ba*					Fig. D-80
137	3.9m Xe	1.16×10^{-8}		Fig. A-3a	Unity	Fig. C-4
	26.6y Cs	4.13×10^{-2}		Fig. A-1a	Fig. B-33	Fig. C-59
	2.60m Ba ^m	7.07×10^{-9}		Fig. A-3e	Fig. B-33	Fig. C-59
	Stable Ba					Fig. D-81
138	5.9s I	1.69×10^{-10}		Fig. A-3c	Unity	Fig. C-2
	17m Xe	4.70×10^{-8}		Fig. A-3d	Unity	Fig. C-8
	32m Cs	9.32×10^{-8}		Fig. A-4b	Fig. B-34	Fig. C-13
	Stable Ba					Fig. D-82
139	2.7s I	4.06×10^{-11}		Fig. A-3b	Unity	Fig. C-1
	41s Xe	1.61×10^{-9}		Fig. A-3a	Unity	Fig. C-3
	9.5m Cs	2.80×10^{-8}		Fig. A-3	Unity	Fig. C-9
	85m Ba	2.56×10^{-7}		Fig. A-2c	Unity	Fig. C-11
	Stable La					Fig. D-83

TABLE 5. (continued)

Mass No.	Element and Half life	Saturation Values,		Fraction of Saturation, N_{τ}/N_s	Fraction of Shutdown, N_t/N_{τ}	Production of Stable Species During Irradiation, N_{τ}/N_{25}^0
		N_s/N_{25}^0 at $\phi = 10^{12}$	N_s/N_{25}^0 at $\phi \geq 10^{12}$			
140	16s Xe	4.96×10^{-10}	Fig. A-3c	Unity	Fig. C-2	
	66s Cs	3.31×10^{-9}	Fig. A-3b	Unity	Fig. C-3	
	12.8d Ba	5.83×10^{-5}	Fig. A-2b	Fig. B-35	Fig. C-36	
	40.2h La	7.63×10^{-6}	Fig. A-2e	Fig. B-35	Fig. C-38	
	Stable Ce					Fig. D-84
141	18m Ba	5.33×10^{-8}	Fig. A-3g	Unity	Fig. C-6	
	3.7h La	6.69×10^{-7}	Fig. A-2c	Unity	Fig. C-21	
	32d Ce	1.39×10^{-4}	Fig. A-2c	Fig. B-36	Fig. C-44, 44a	
	Stable Pr					Fig. D-85
142	6m Ba	1.68×10^{-8}	Fig. A-3g	Unity	Fig. C-4	
	74m La	2.19×10^{-7}	Fig. A-2b	Unity	Fig. C-14	
	Stable Ce					Fig. D-86
	Stable Nd*					Fig. D-87
143	0.5m Ba	1.23×10^{-9}	Fig. A-3d	Unity	Fig. C-3	
	19m La	5.91×10^{-8}	Fig. A-3c	Unity	Fig. C-6	
	33h Ce	6.17×10^{-6}	Fig. A-2d	Fig. B-4	Fig. C-29	
	13.7d Pr	6.15×10^{-5}	Fig. A-2d	Fig. B-37	Fig. C-39	
	Stable Nd					Fig. D-88
144	290d Ce	1.28×10^{-3}	Fig. A-1	Fig. B-37	Fig. C-53	
	17.5m Pr	5.36×10^{-8}	Fig. A-3g	Fig. B-37	Fig. C-53	
	Stable Nd					Fig. D-89
145	3.0m Ce	6.33×10^{-9}	Fig. A-3c	Unity	Fig. C-5	
	6.0h Pr	7.59×10^{-7}	Fig. A-2d	Unity	Fig. C-19	
	Stable Nd					Fig. D-90
146	13.9m Ce	2.23×10^{-8}	Fig. A-3f	Unity	Fig. C-8	
	24.4m Pr	4.05×10^{-8}	Fig. A-3	Unity	Fig. C-7	
	Stable Nd					Fig. D-91
147	11.3d Nd	2.12×10^{-5}	Fig. A-2	Fig. B-28	Fig. C-36	
	2.6y Pm	1.77×10^{-3}	Fig. A-1a	Fig. B-38	Fig. C-55, 55a	
	Stable Sm					Fig. D-92

TABLE 5. (continued)

Mass No.	Element and Half life	Saturation Values, N_s/N_{25}^0		Fraction of Saturation, N_τ/N_s	Fraction of Shutdown, N_t/N_τ	Production of Stable Species During Irradiation, N_τ/N_{25}^0
		at $\phi = 10^{12}$	at $\phi \geq 10^{12}$			
148	Stable Nd					Fig. D-93
	5.3d Pm*	7.03×10^{-8}	Fig. A-4a	Fig. B-39	Fig. C-36	Fig. D-94
149	2.0h Nd	7.83×10^{-8}	Fig. A-3f	Unity	Fig. C-10	
	54h Pm	2.12×10^{-6}	Fig. A-2e	Fig. B-29	Fig. C-26	
	Stable Sm					Fig. D-95
150	Stable Nd					Fig. D-96
	Stable Sm*					Fig. D-97
151	15m Nd	3.62×10^{-9}	Fig. A-3	Unity	Fig. C-8	
	27.5h Pm	4.14×10^{-7}	Fig. A-2d	Fig. B-6	Fig. C-29	
	93y Sm	2.37×10^{-4}	Fig. A-4d	Fig. B-40	Fig. C-60, 60a	
	Stable Eu					Fig. D-98
152	Stable Sm					Fig. D-99
	13y Eu*	8.40×10^{-6}	Fig. A-4c	Fig. B-41	Fig. C-57	
153	Stable Gd*					Fig. D-100
	47h Sm	6.37×10^{-7}	Fig. A-2e	Fig. B-42	Fig. C-29	
154	Stable Eu					Fig. D-101
	Stable Sm					Fig. D-102
	16y Eu*	3.66×10^{-4}	Fig. A-4d	Fig. B-43	Fig. C-57	
155	Stable Gd*					Fig. D-103
	23.5m Sm	3.66×10^{-10}	Fig. A-3e	Unity	Fig. C-8	
	1.78 Eu	6.68×10^{-6}	Fig. A-4d	Fig. B-44	Fig. C-53	
156	Stable Gd					Fig. D-104
	10h Sm	3.91×10^{-9}	Fig. A-3g	Fig. B-45	Fig. C-20	
	15.4d Eu	3.24×10^{-7}	Fig. A-4b	Fig. B-46, 46a	Fig. C-40, 40a, 40b	
157	Stable Gd					Fig. D-105
	15.4h Eu	3.43×10^{-9}	Fig. A-3d	Fig. B-31	Fig. C-20	
	Stable Gd					Fig. D-106

TABLE 5. (concluded)

Mass No.	Element and Half life	Saturation Values, N_s/N_{25}^0		Fraction of Saturation, N_τ/N_s	Fraction of Shutdown, N_t/N_τ	Production of Stable Species During Irradiation, N_τ/N_{25}^0
		at $\phi = 10^{12}$	at $\phi \geq 10^{12}$			
158	60m Eu Stable Gd	6.01×10^{-11}	Fig. A-3c	Unity	Fig. C-12	Fig. D-107
159	18.0h Gd Stable Tb	5.96×10^{-10}	Fig. A-3d	Fig. B-45	Fig. C-29	Fig. D-108
160	Stable Gd 73.5d Tb* Stable Dy*	5.83×10^{-8}	Fig. A-3e	Fig. B-47	Fig. C-50	Fig. D-109 Fig. D-110
161	3.6m Gd 7.0d Tb Stable Dy	1.45×10^{-13} 4.03×10^{-10}	Fig. A-4 Fig. A-3	Unity Fig. B-17	Fig. C-4 Fig. C-36	Fig. D-111

APPENDIX B

FIGURES

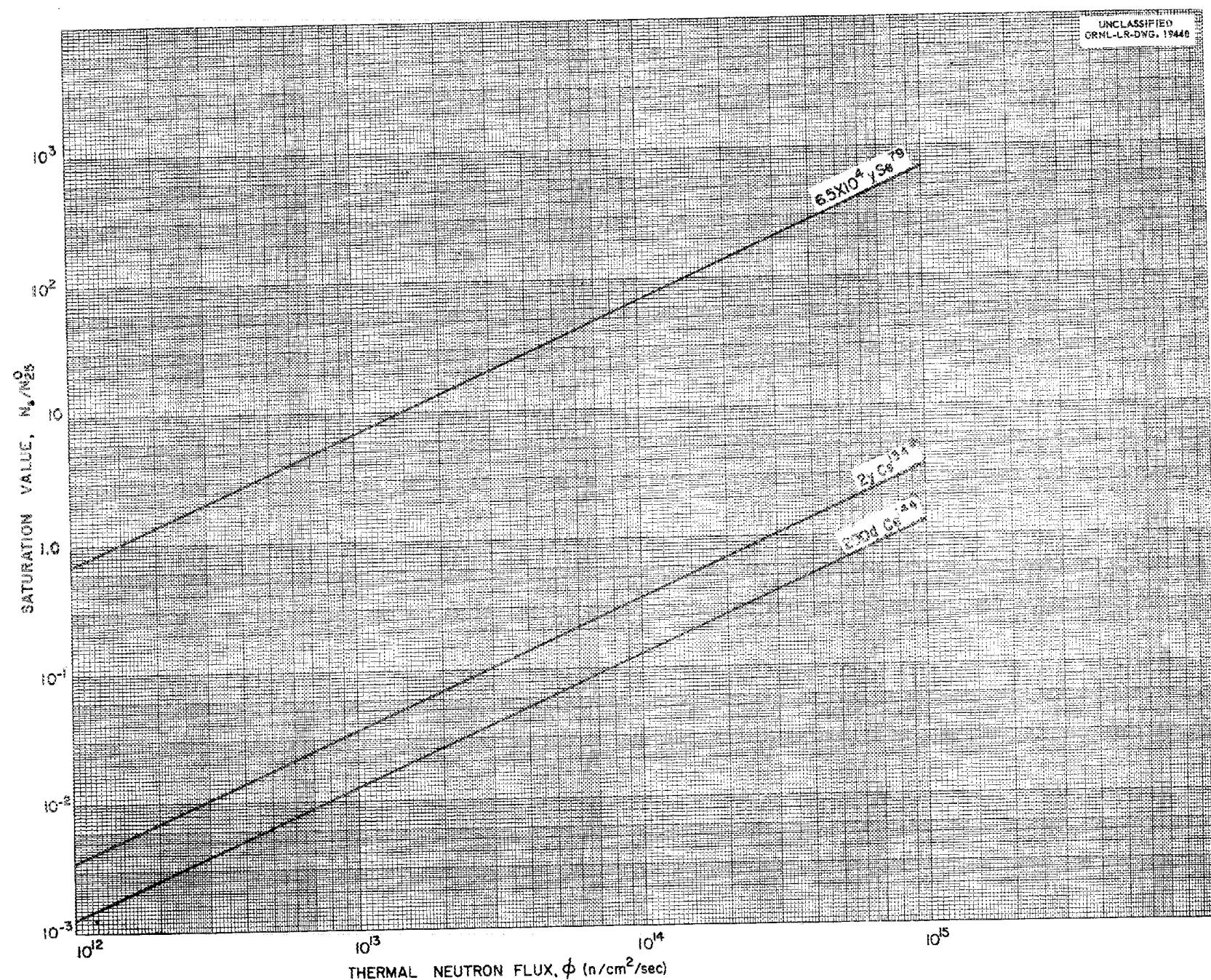


Fig. A-1. Saturation Value of Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Thermal Neutron Flux.

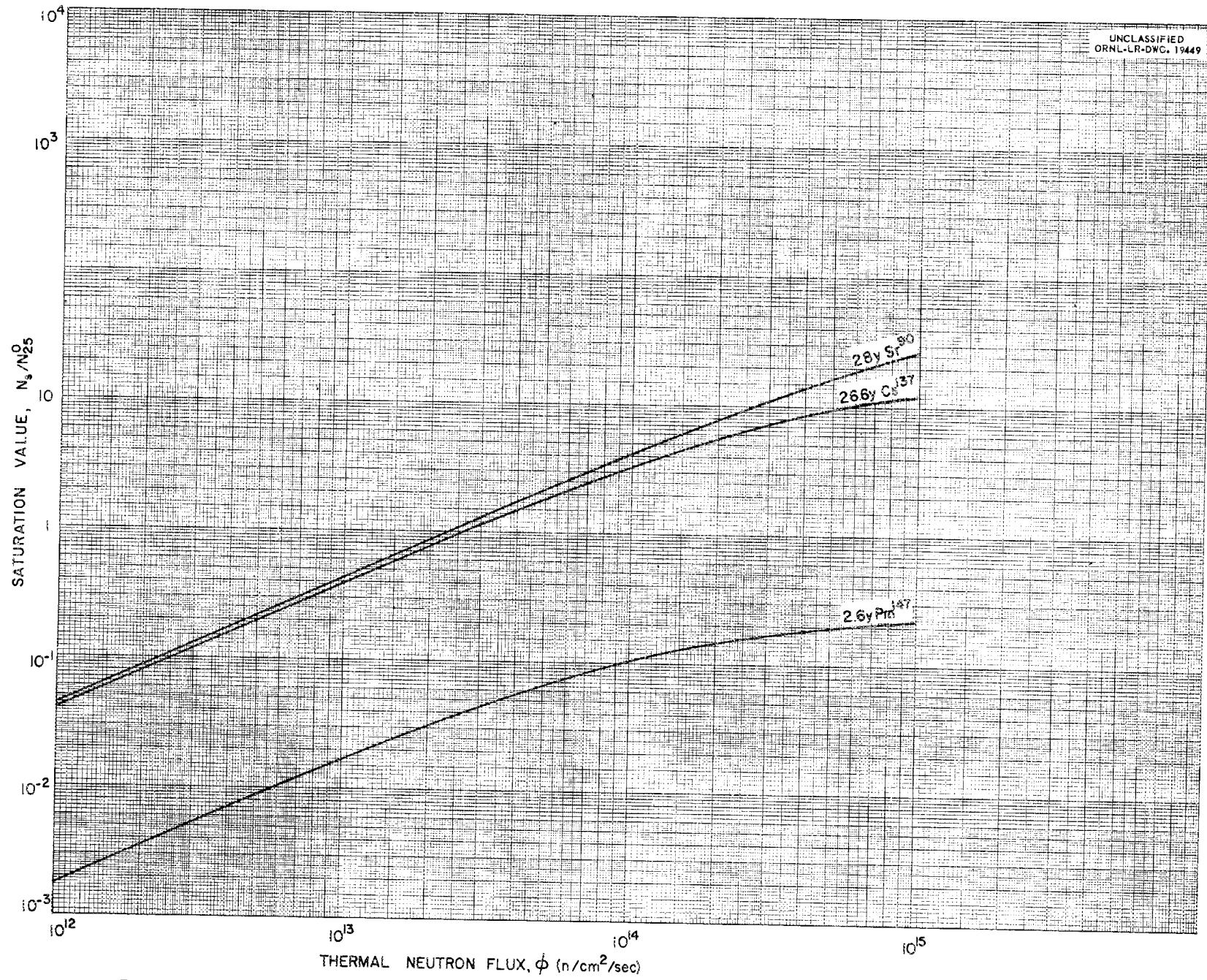


Fig. A-1a. Saturation Value of Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Thermal Neutron Flux.

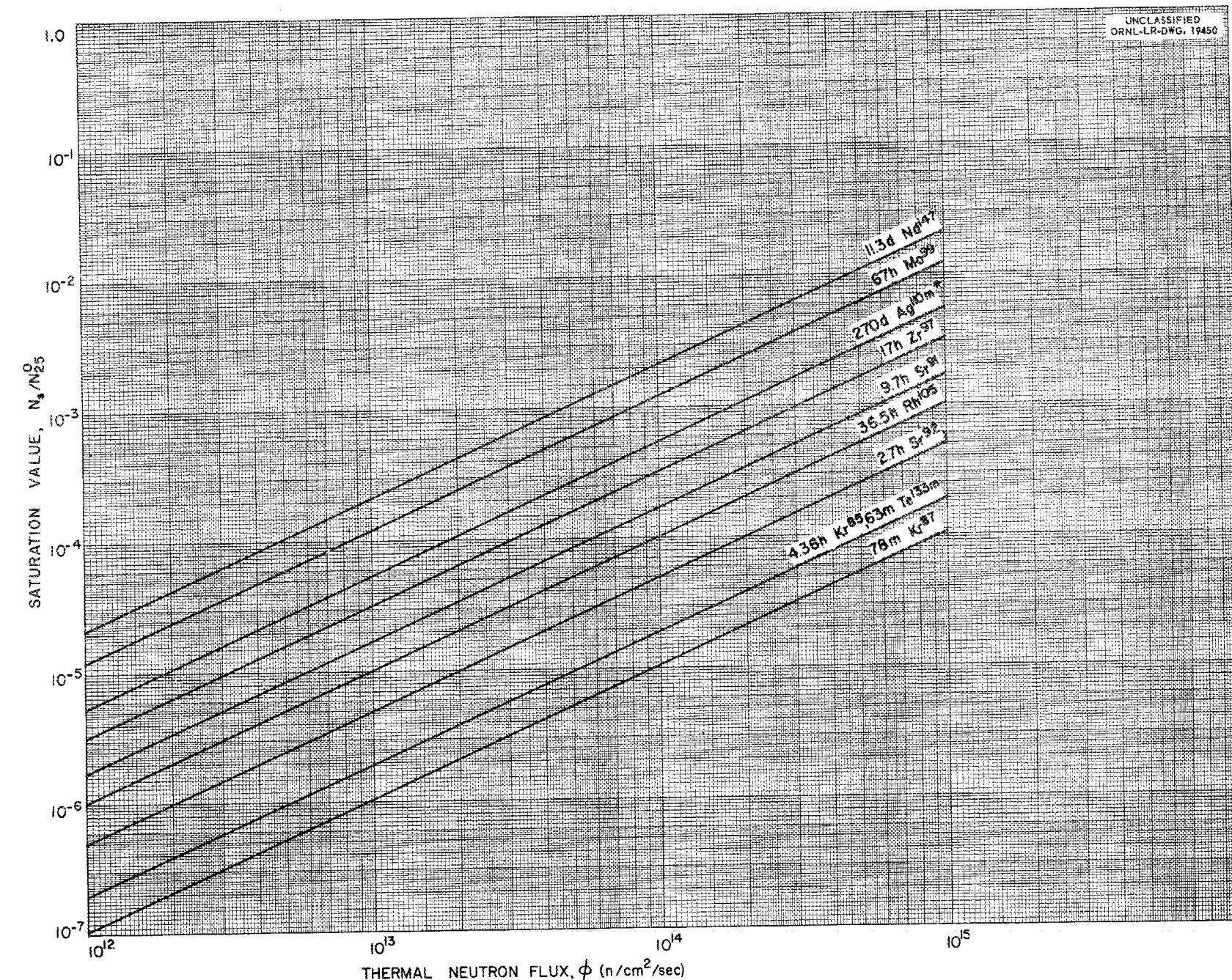


Fig. A-2. Saturation Value of Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Thermal Neutron Flux.

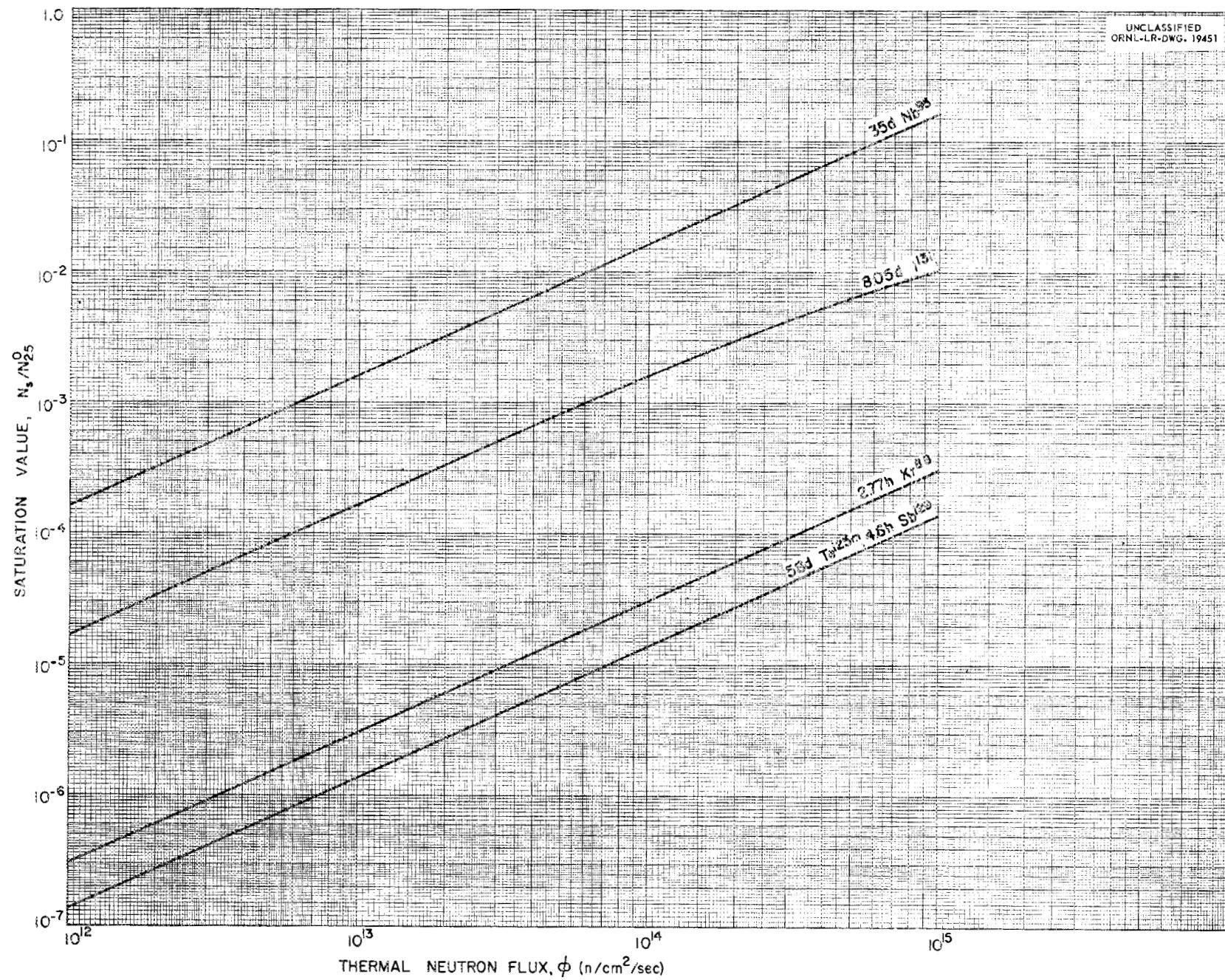


Fig. A-2a. Saturation Value of Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Thermal Neutron Flux.

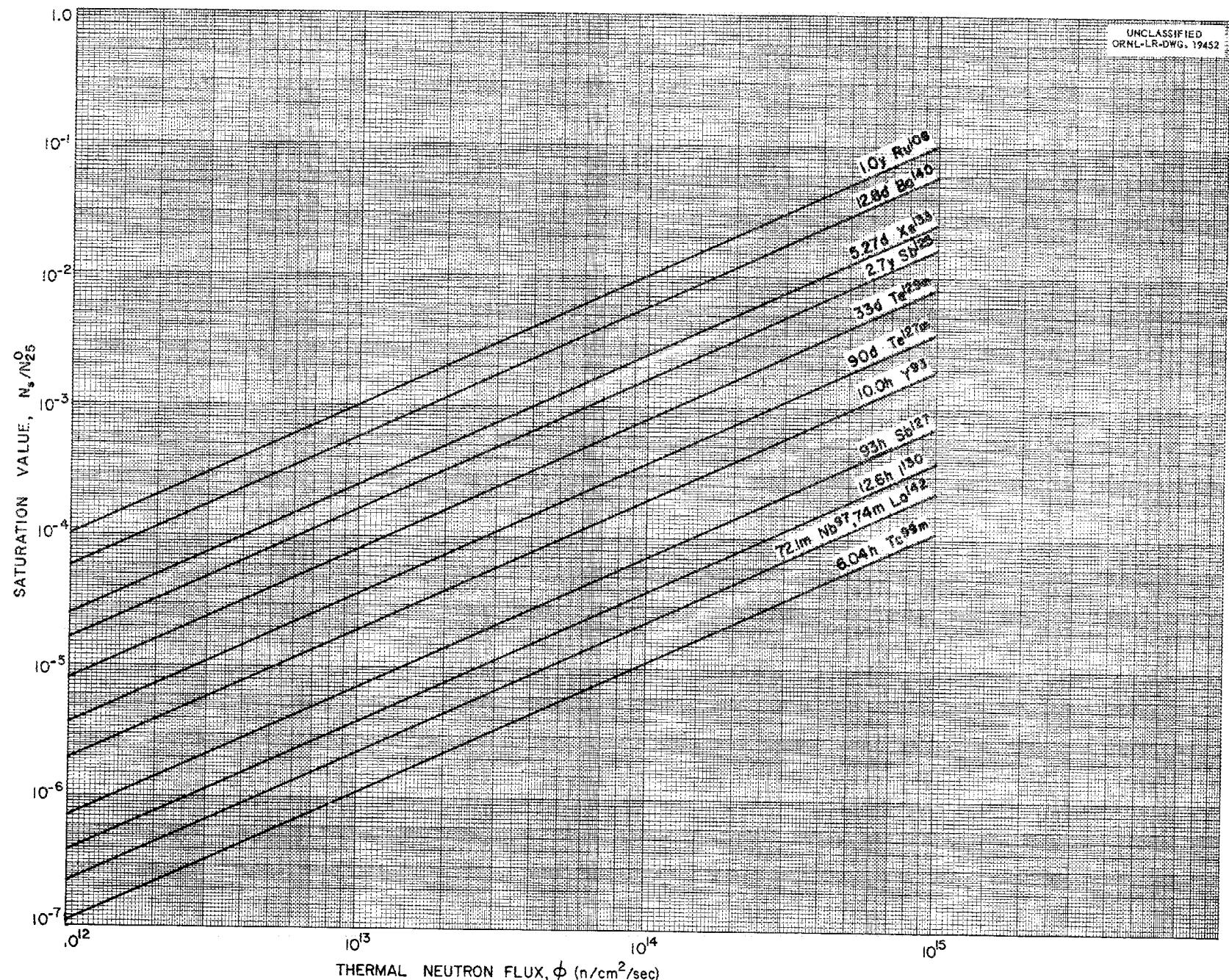


Fig. A-2b. Saturation Value of Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Thermal Neutron Flux.

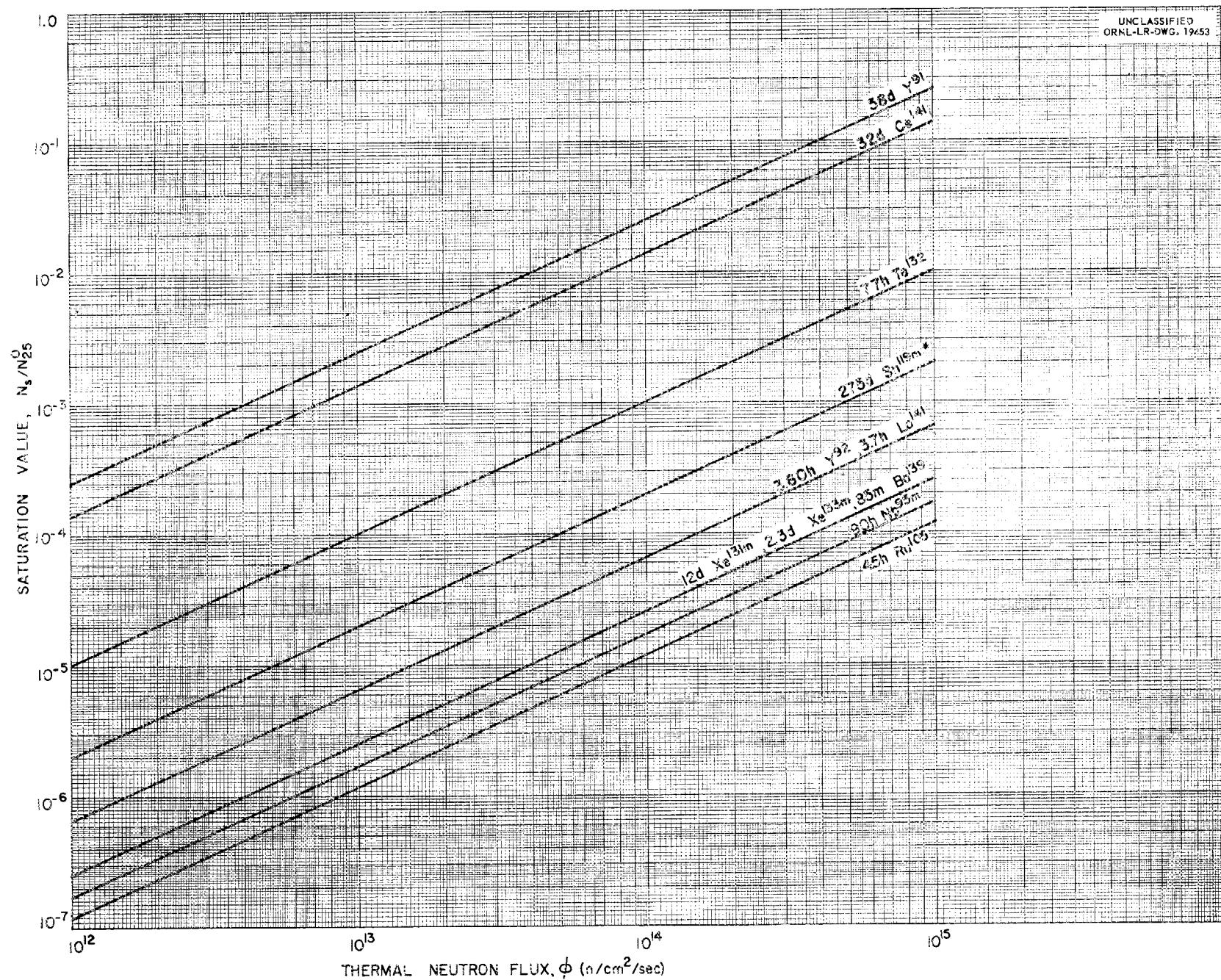


Fig. A-2c. Saturation Value of Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Thermal Neutron Flux.

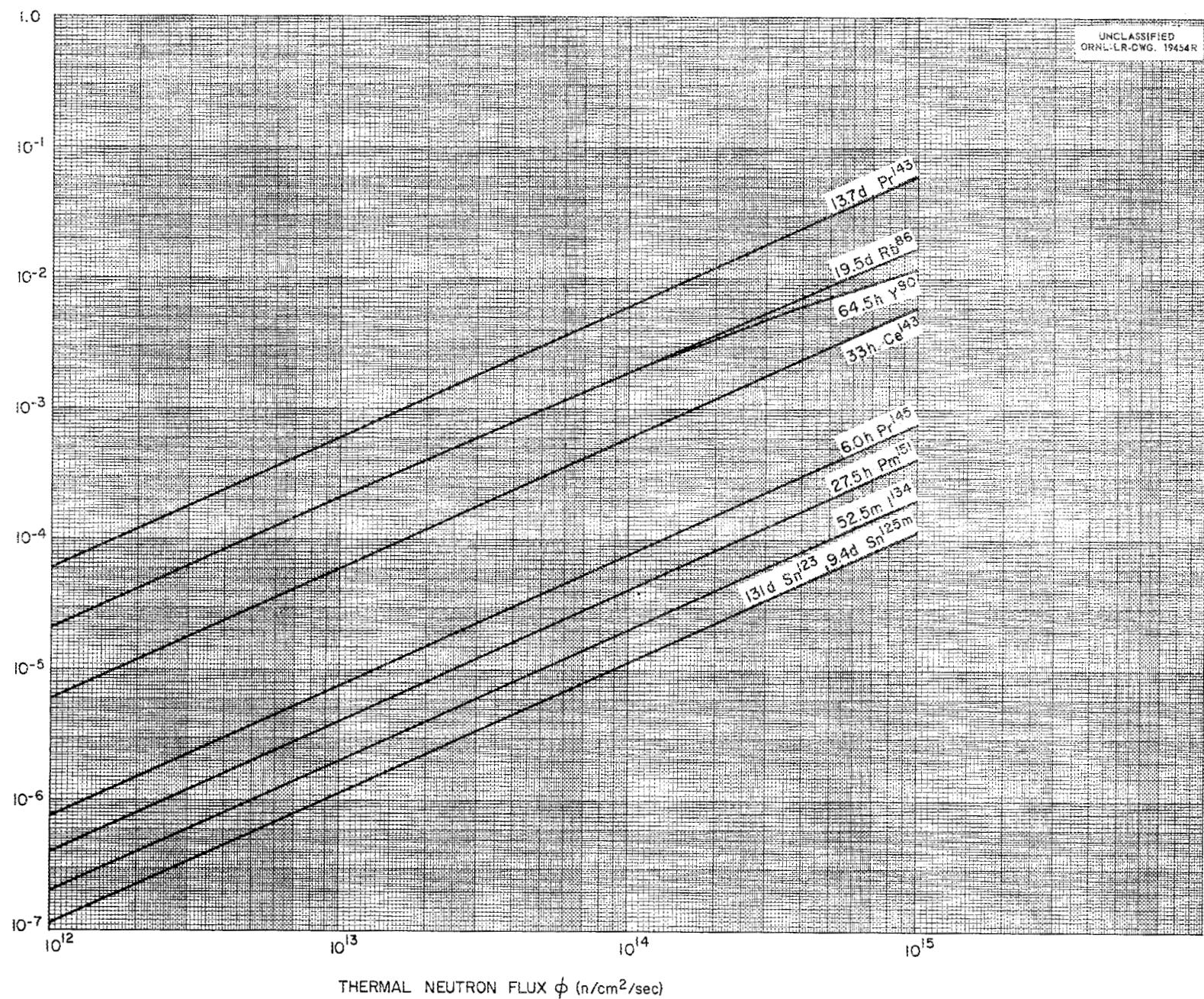


Fig.A-2d. Saturation Value of Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Thermal Neutron Flux.

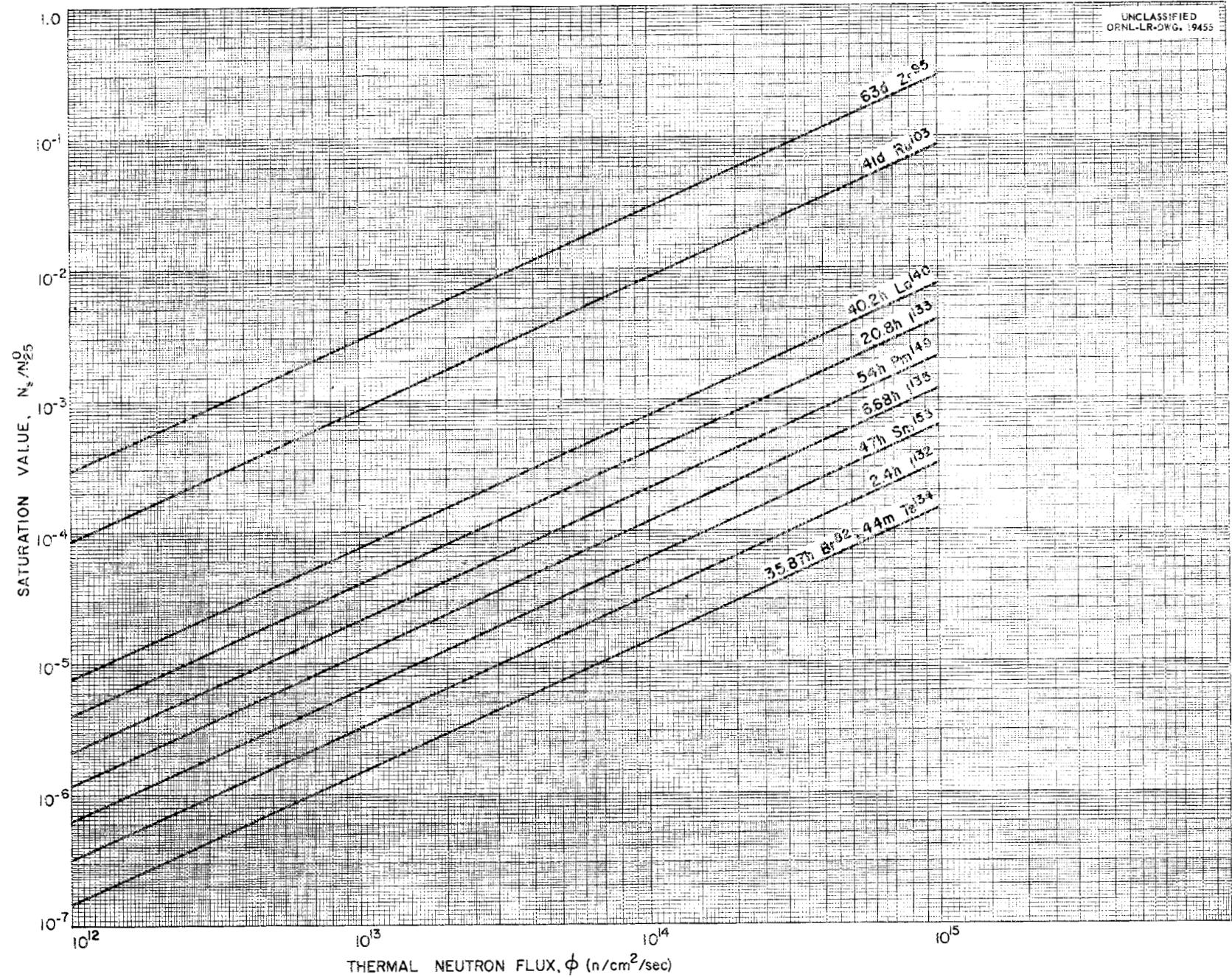


Fig. A-2e. Saturation Value of Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Thermal Neutron Flux.

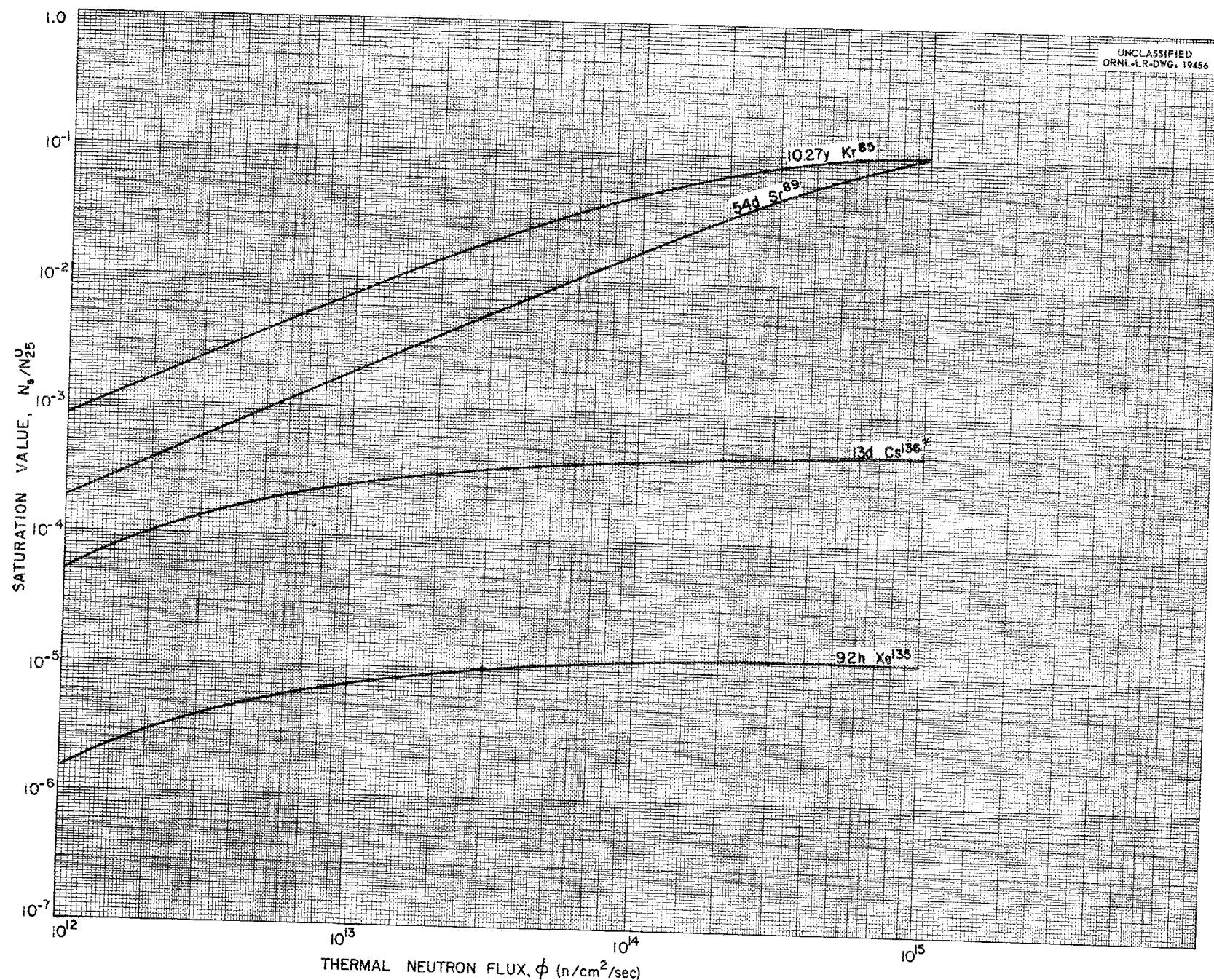


Fig. A-2 f. Saturation Value of Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Thermal Neutron Flux.

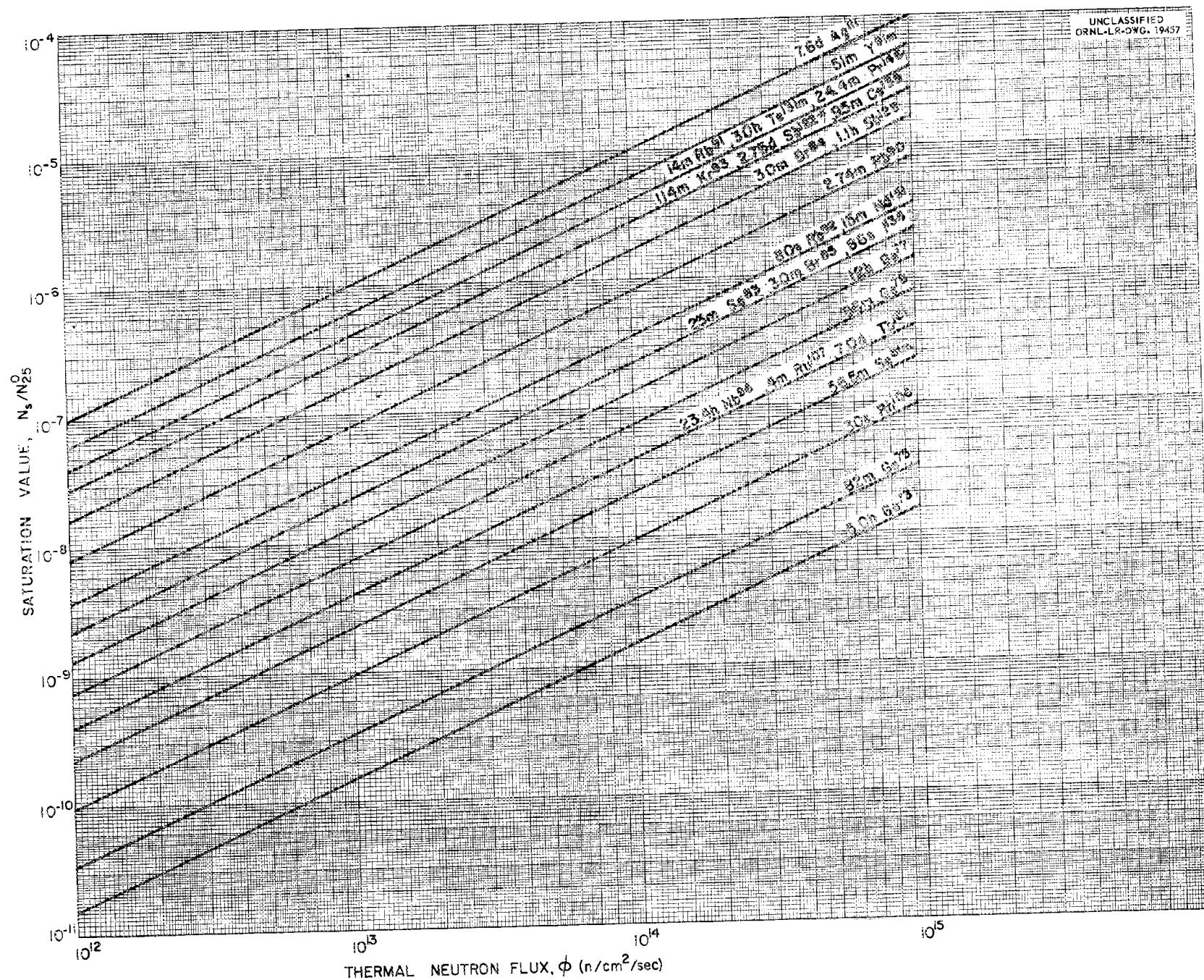


Fig. A-3 Saturation Value of Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Thermal Neutron Flux.

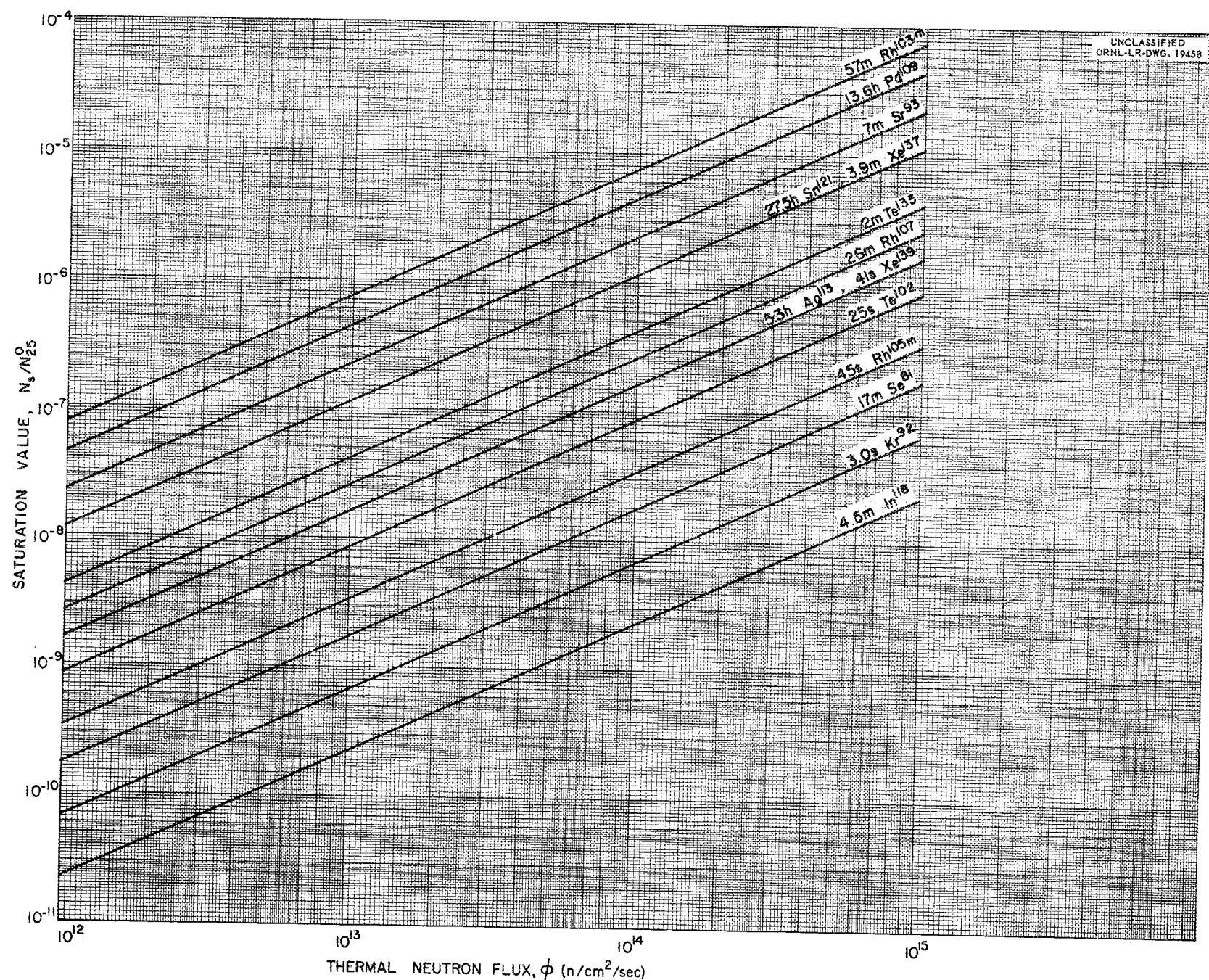


Fig. A-3a. Saturation Value of Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Thermal Neutron Flux.

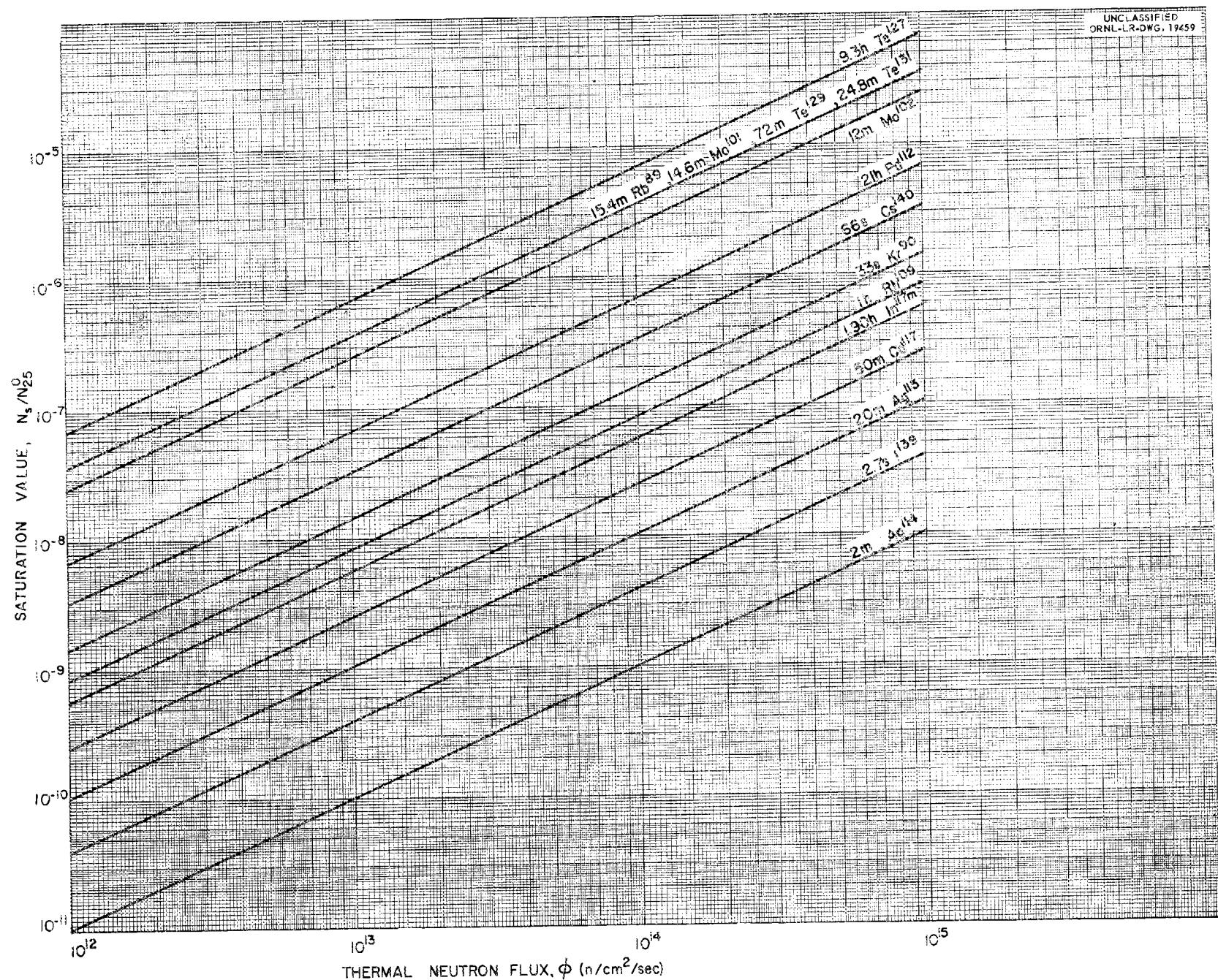


Fig. A-3b. Saturation Value of Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Thermal Neutron Flux.

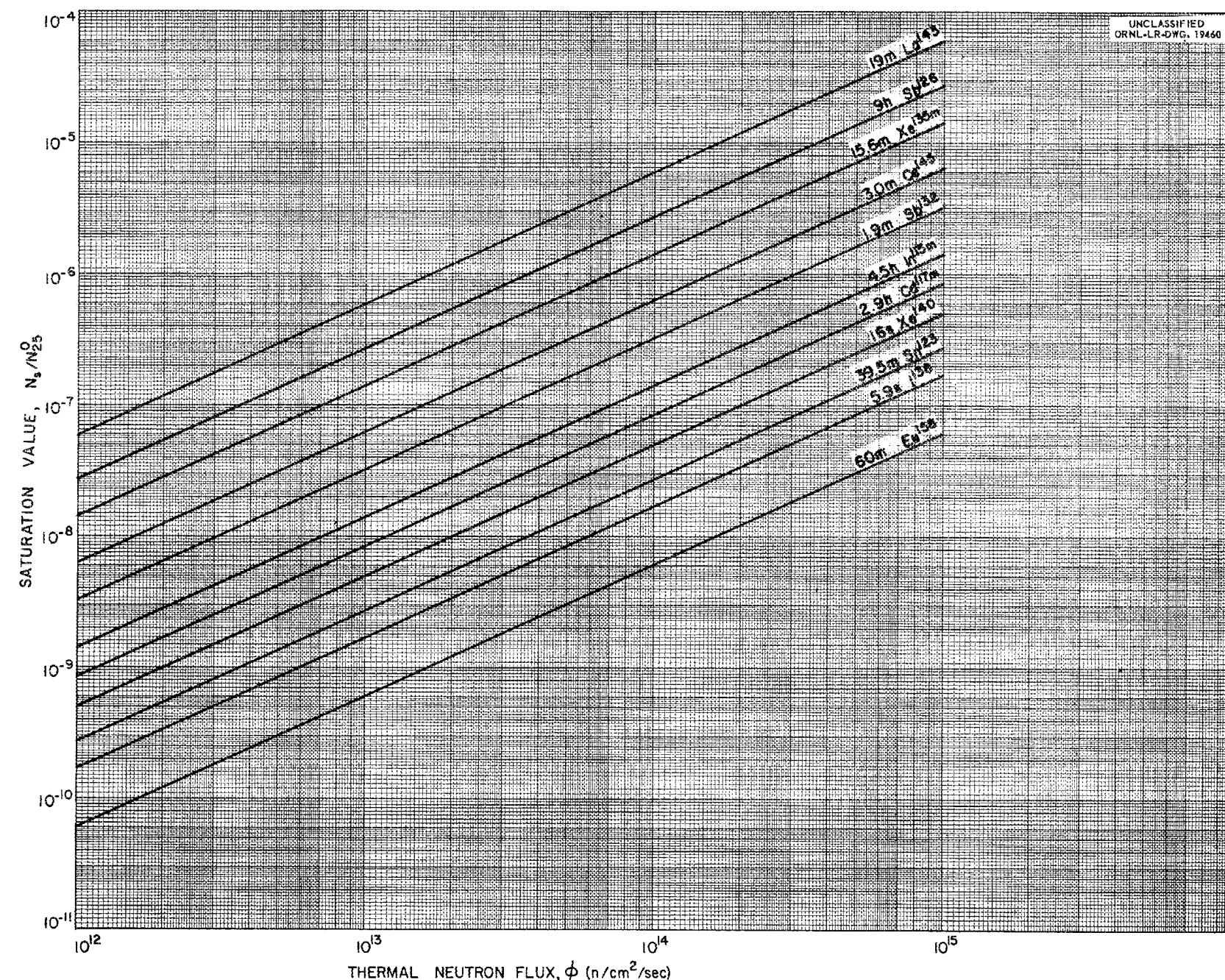


Fig. A-3c. Saturation Value of Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Thermal Neutron Flux.

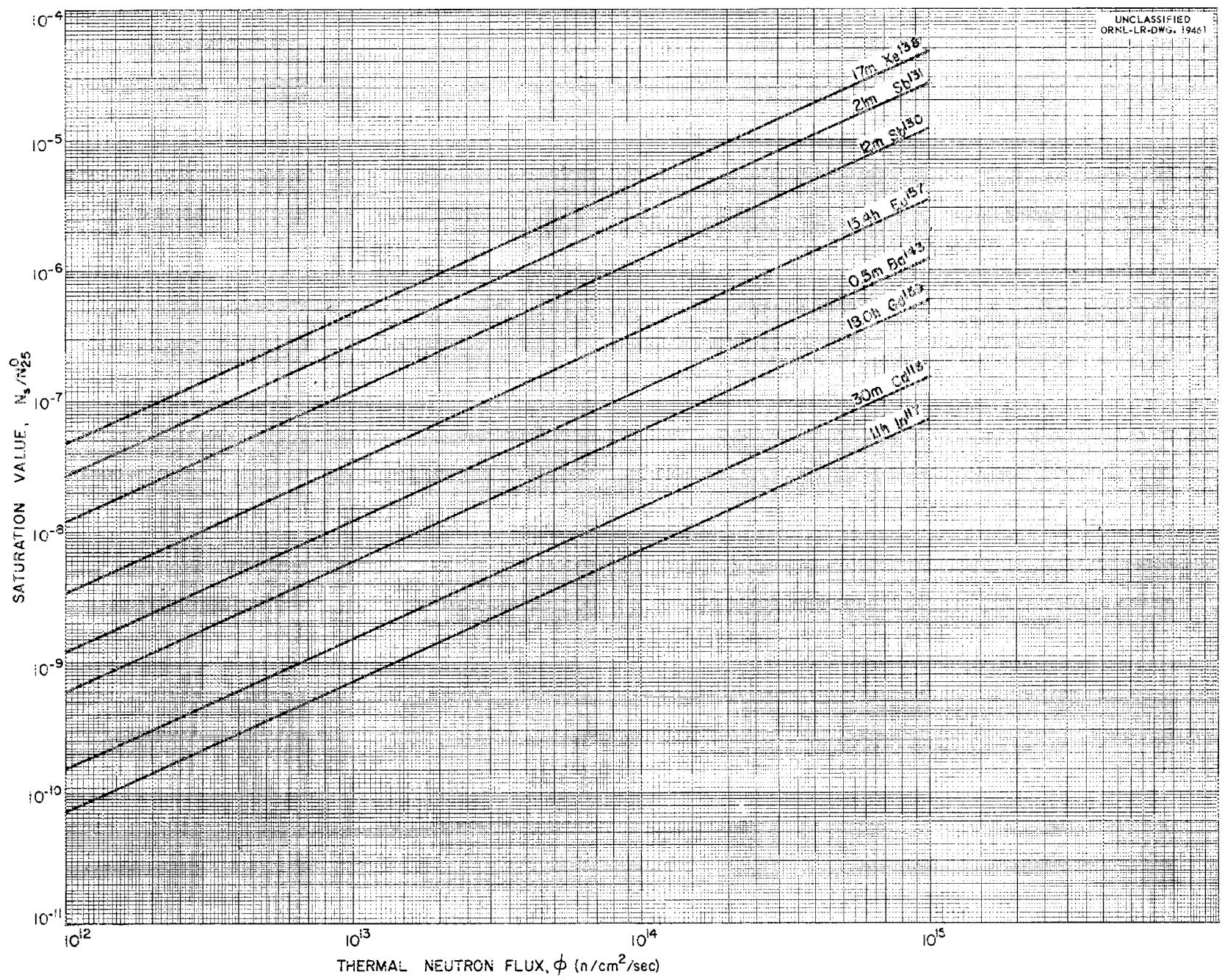


Fig. A-3d. Saturation Value of Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Thermal Neutron Flux.

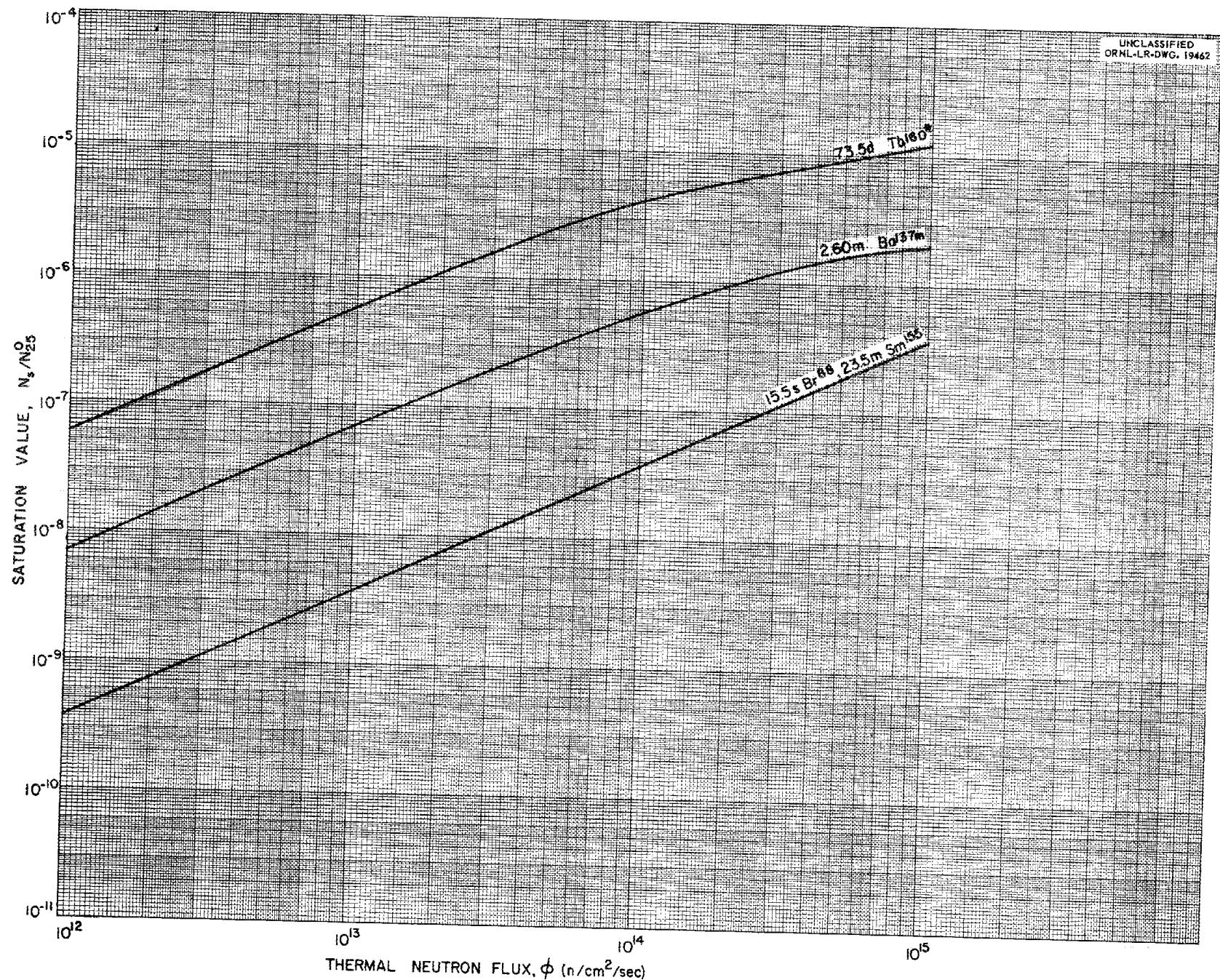


Fig. A-3e. Saturation Value of Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Thermal Neutron Flux.

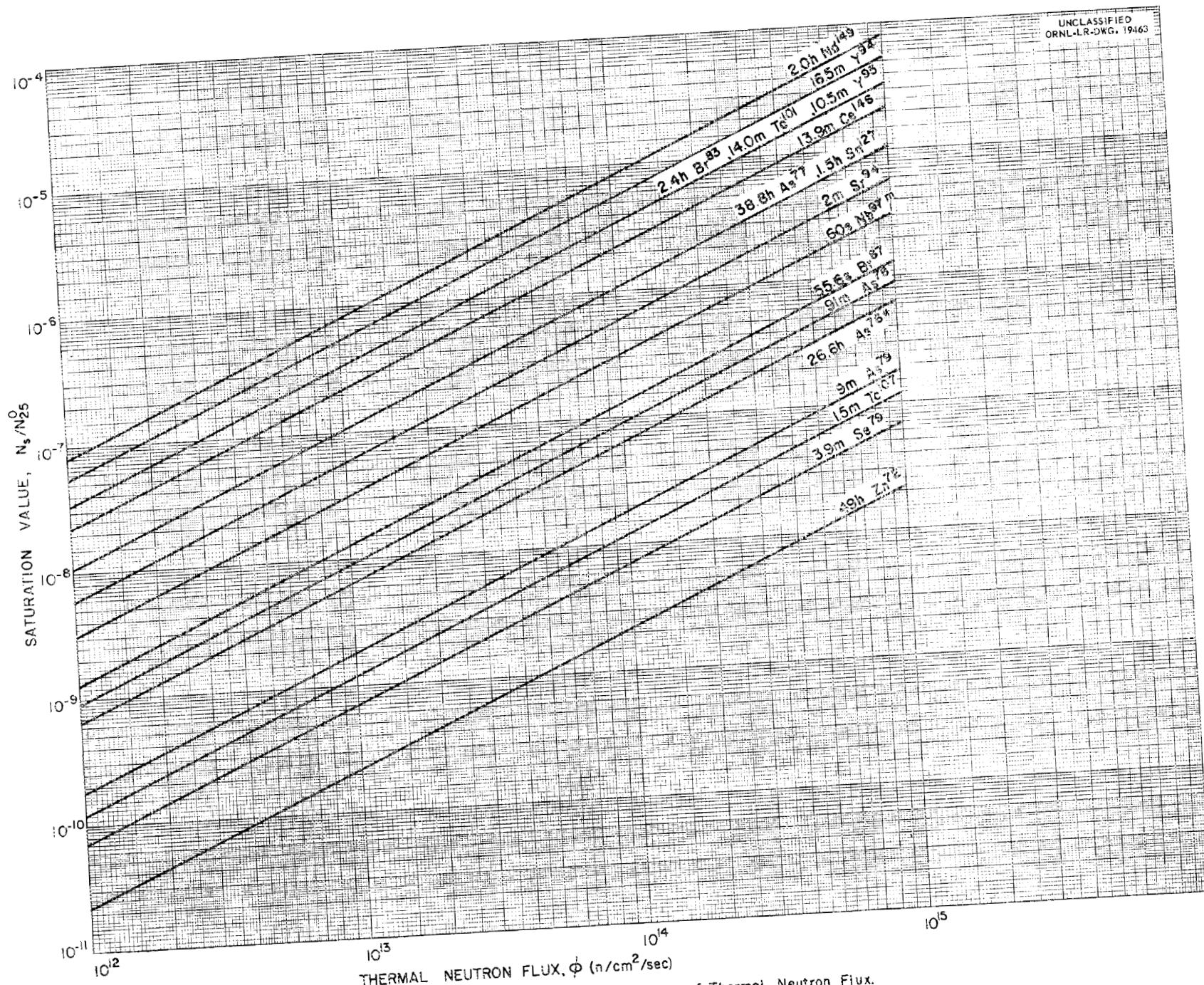


Fig. A-3f. Saturation Value of Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Thermal Neutron Flux.

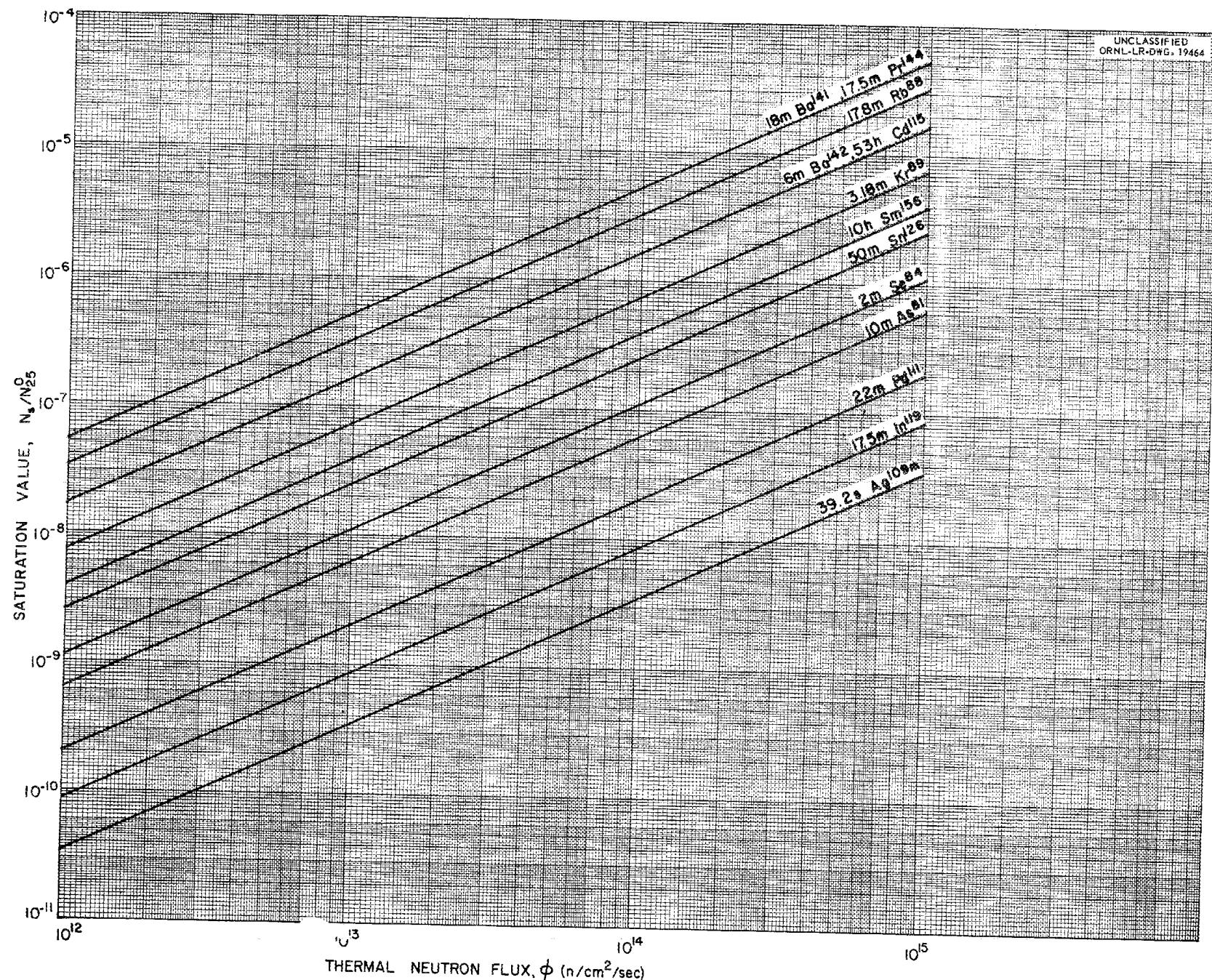


Fig. A-3g. Saturation Value of Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Thermal Neutron Flux.

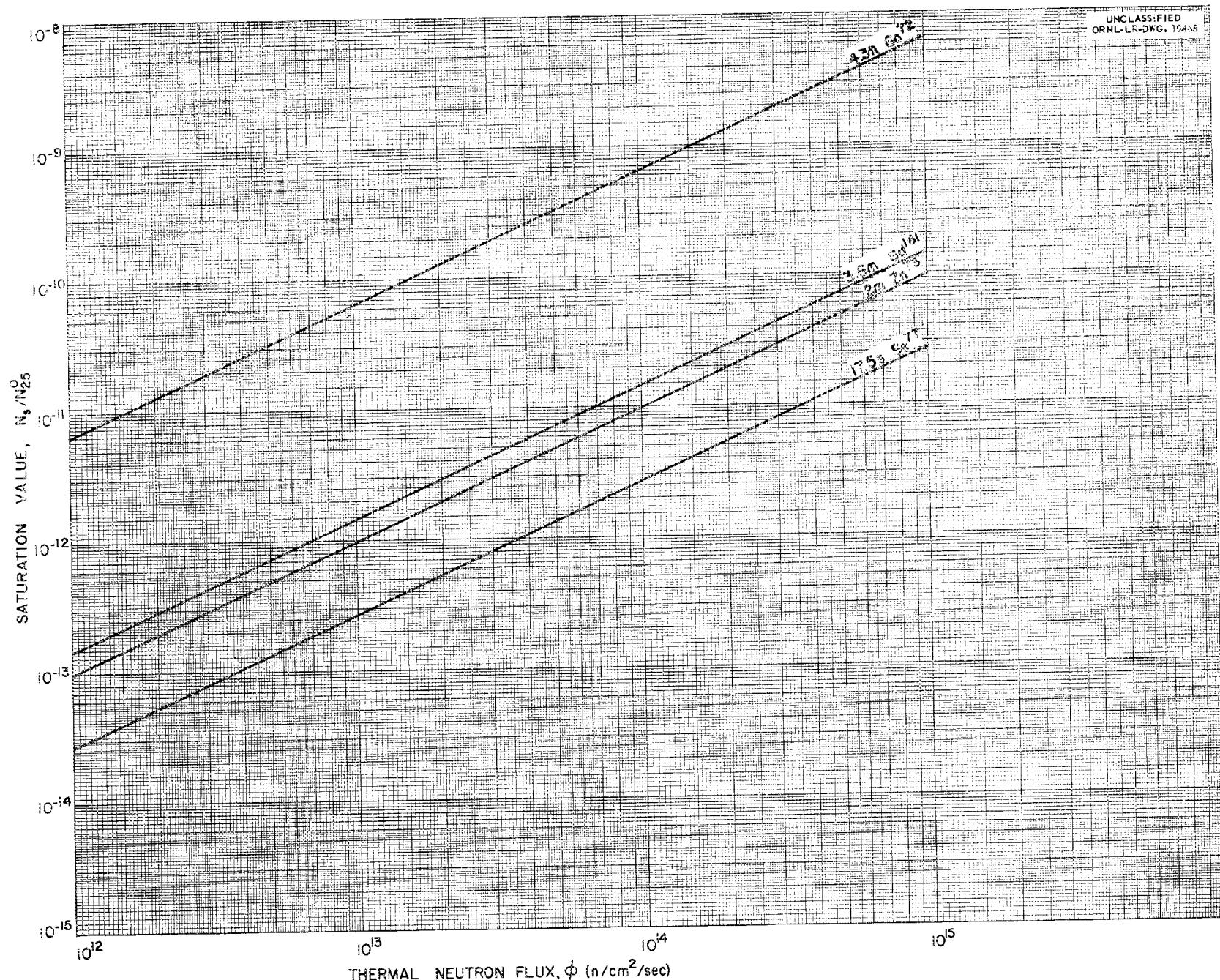


Fig. A-4. Saturation Value of Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Thermal Neutron Flux.

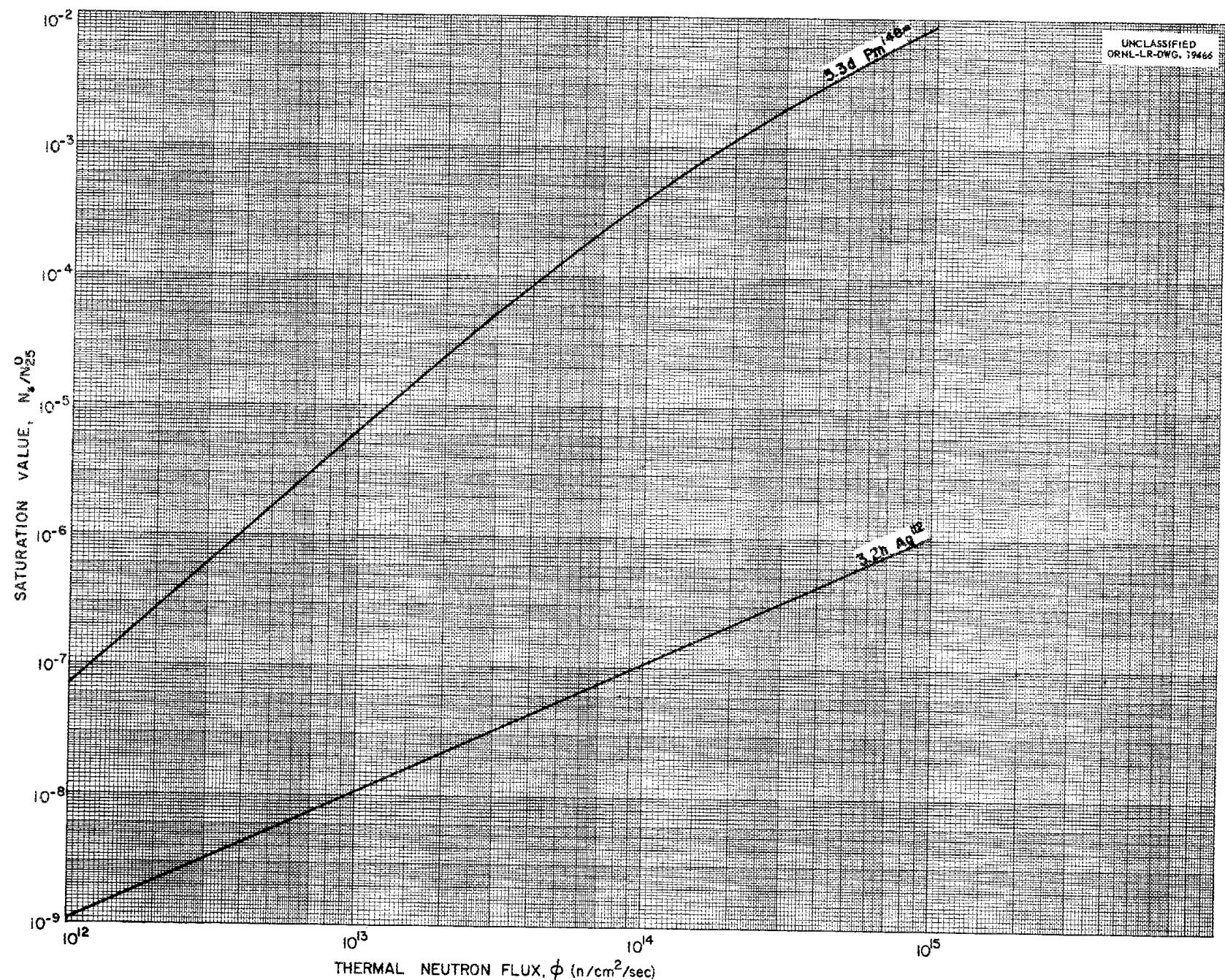


Fig. A-4a. Saturation Value of Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Thermal Neutron Flux.

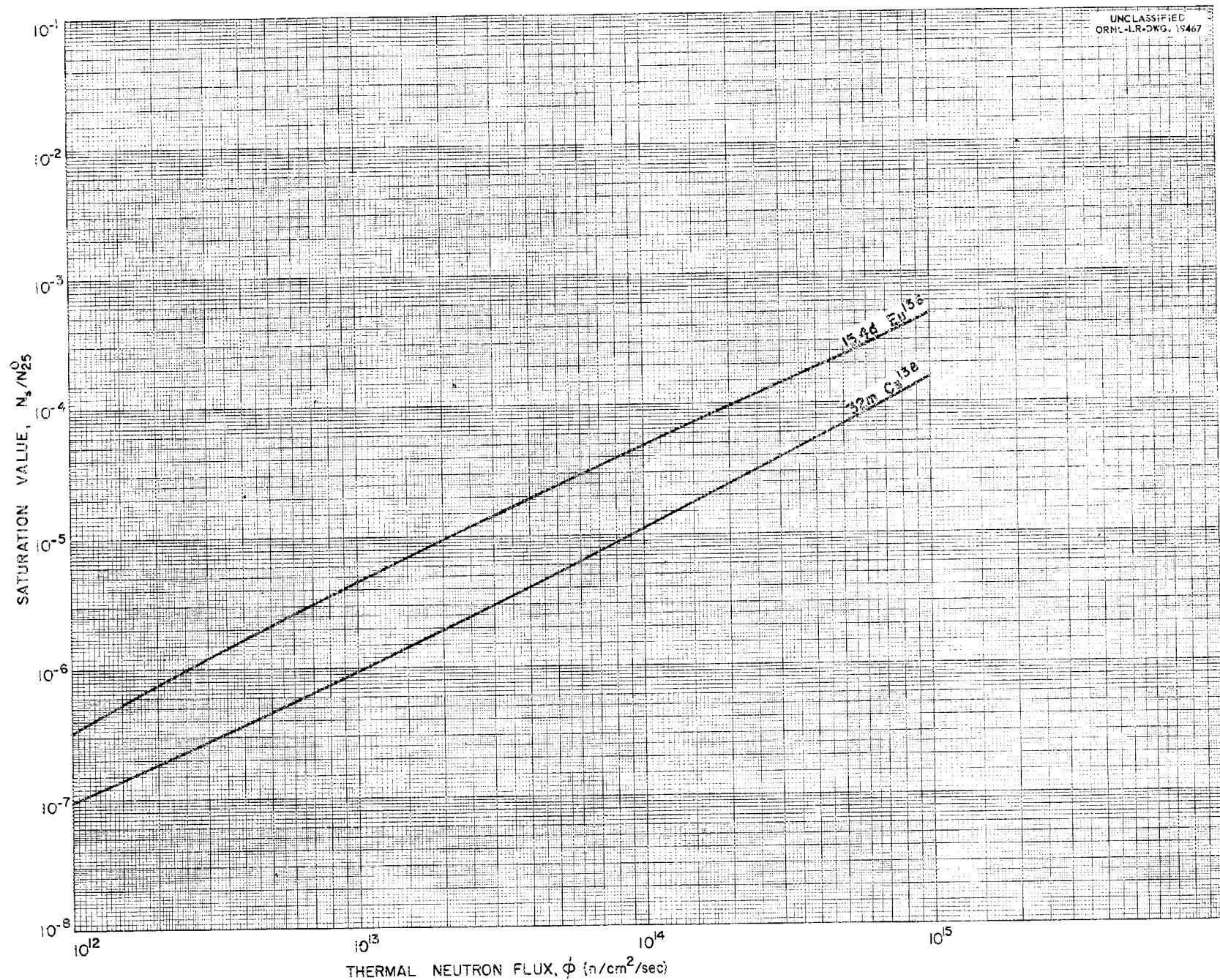


Fig. A-4b. Saturation Value of Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Thermal Neutron Flux.

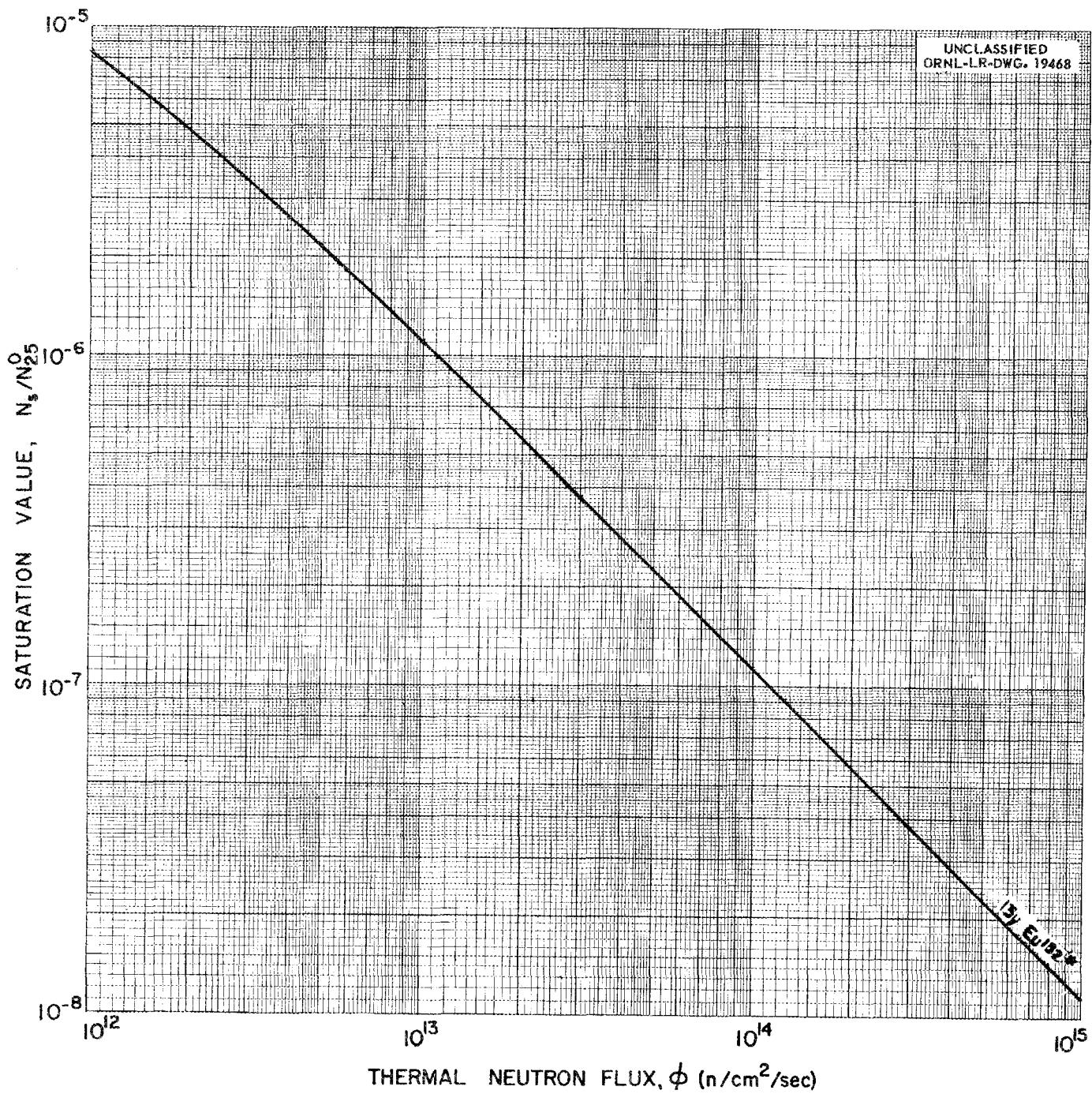


Fig. A-4 c. Saturation Value of Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Thermal Neutron Flux.

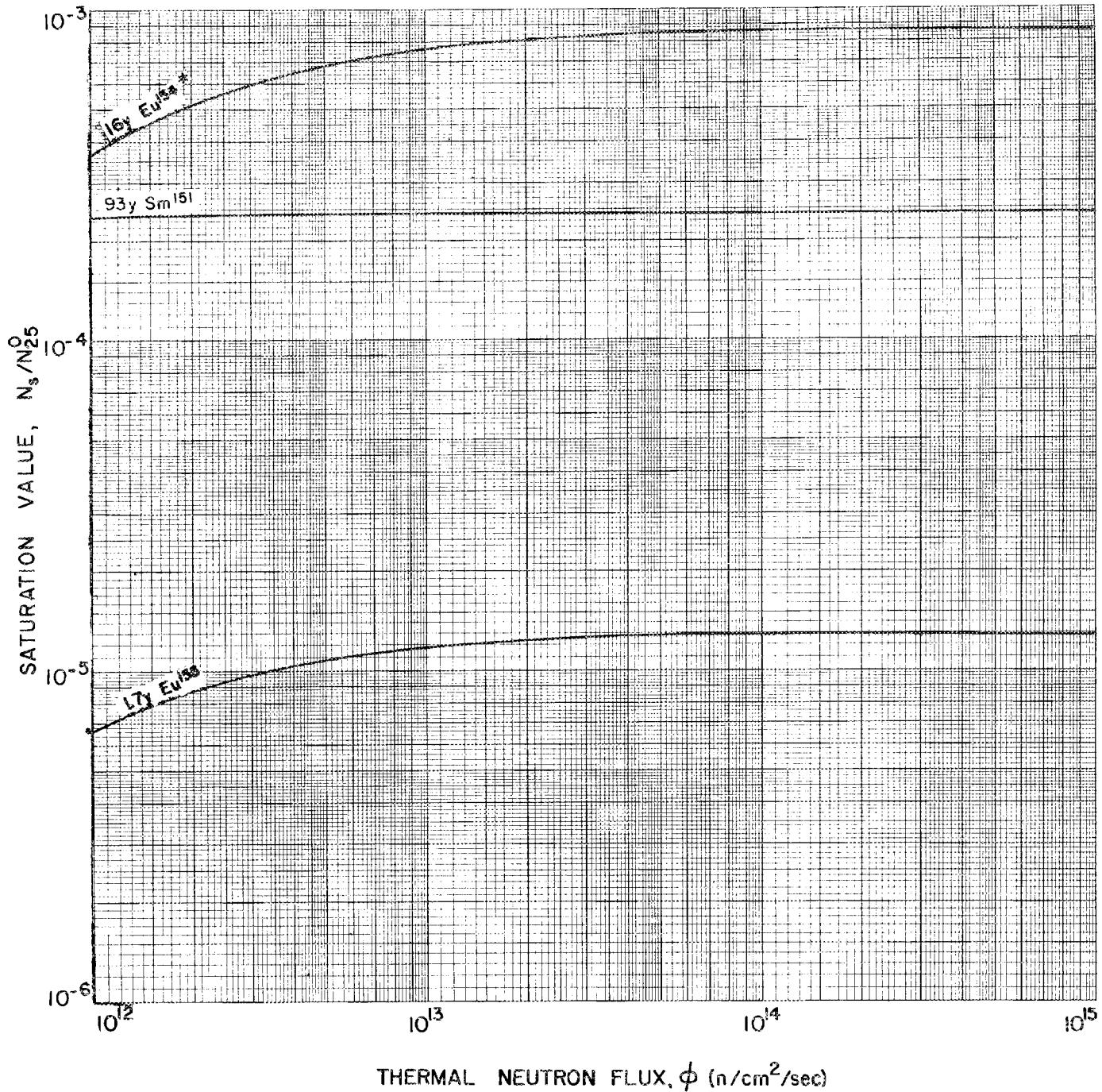
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Fig. A-4d. Saturation Value of Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Thermal Neutron Flux.

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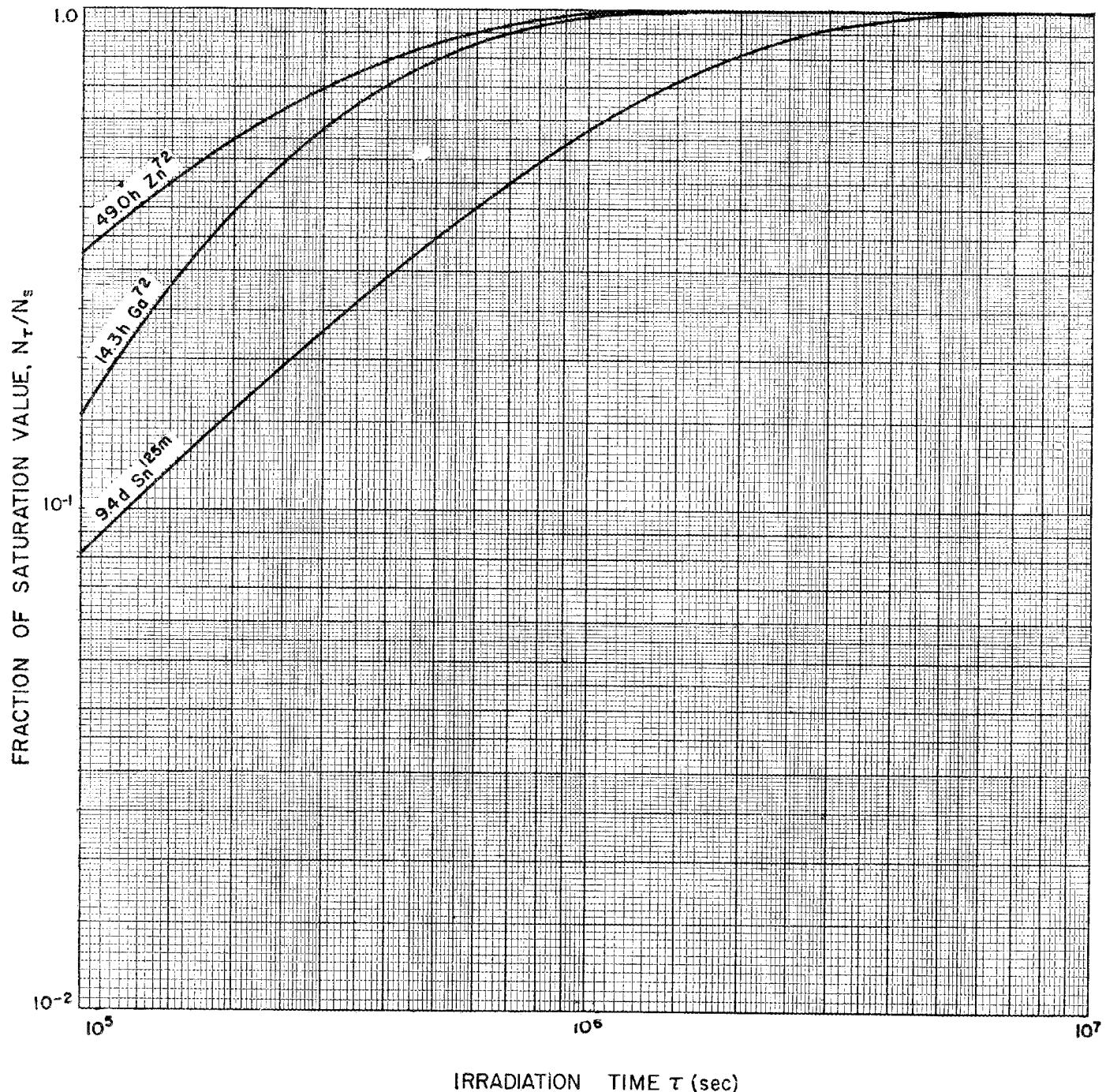


Fig. B-1. Fraction of Saturation Value of Various Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Irradiation Time.

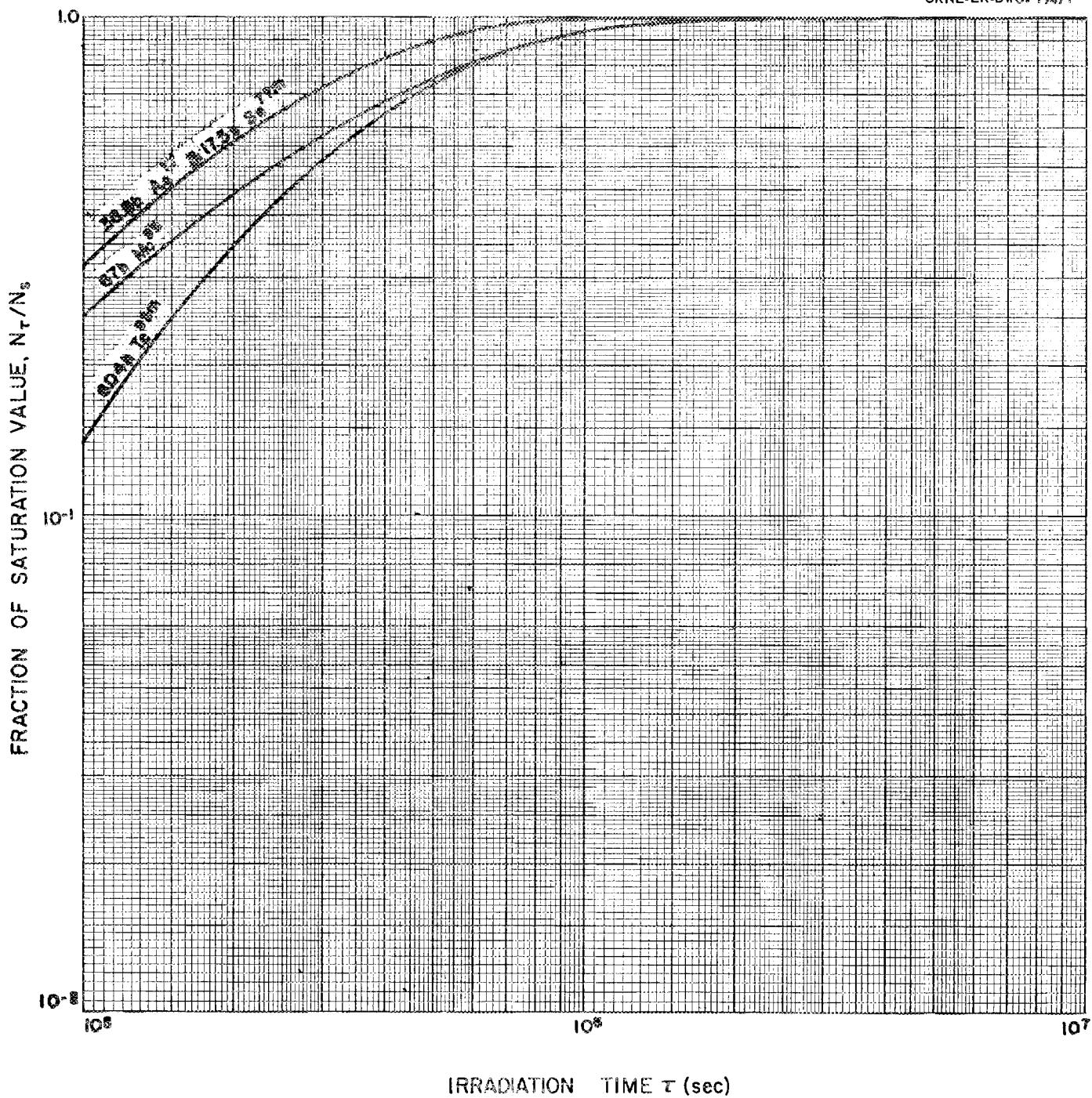
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Fig. B-2. Fraction of Saturation Value of Various Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Irradiation Time.

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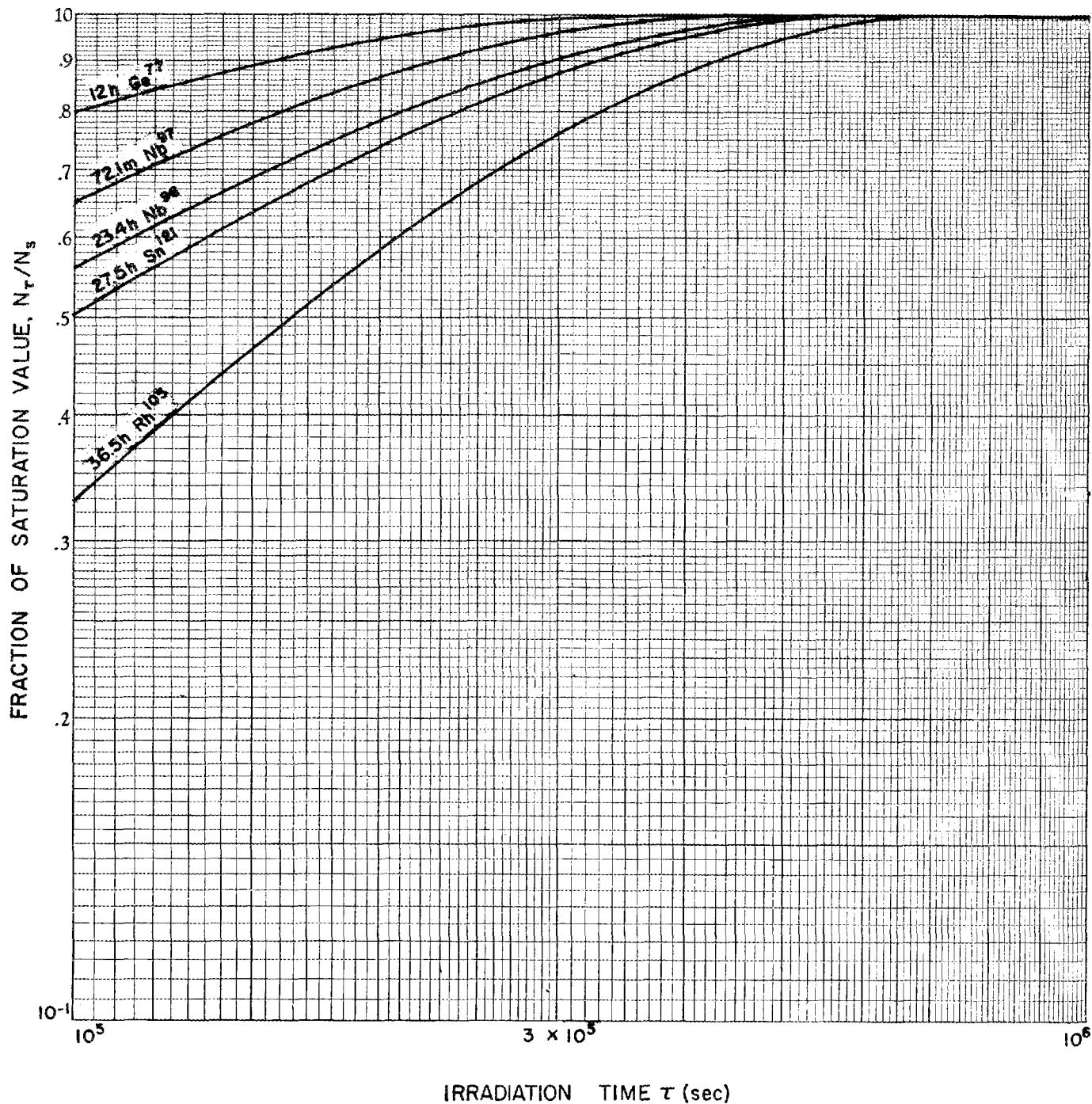


Fig. B-3. Fraction of Saturation Value of Various Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Irradiation Time.

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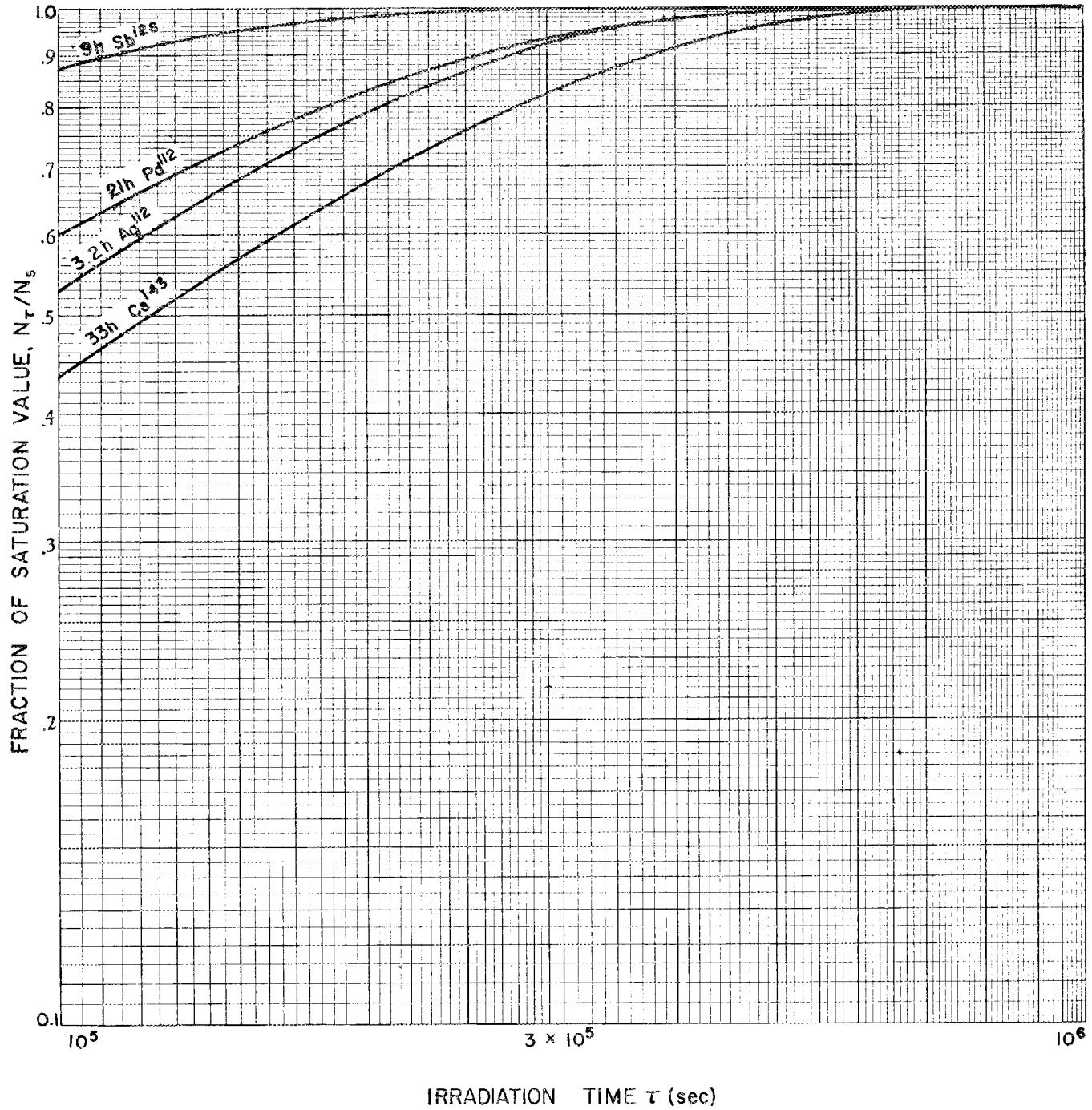


Fig. B-4. Fraction of Saturation Value of Various Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Irradiation Time.

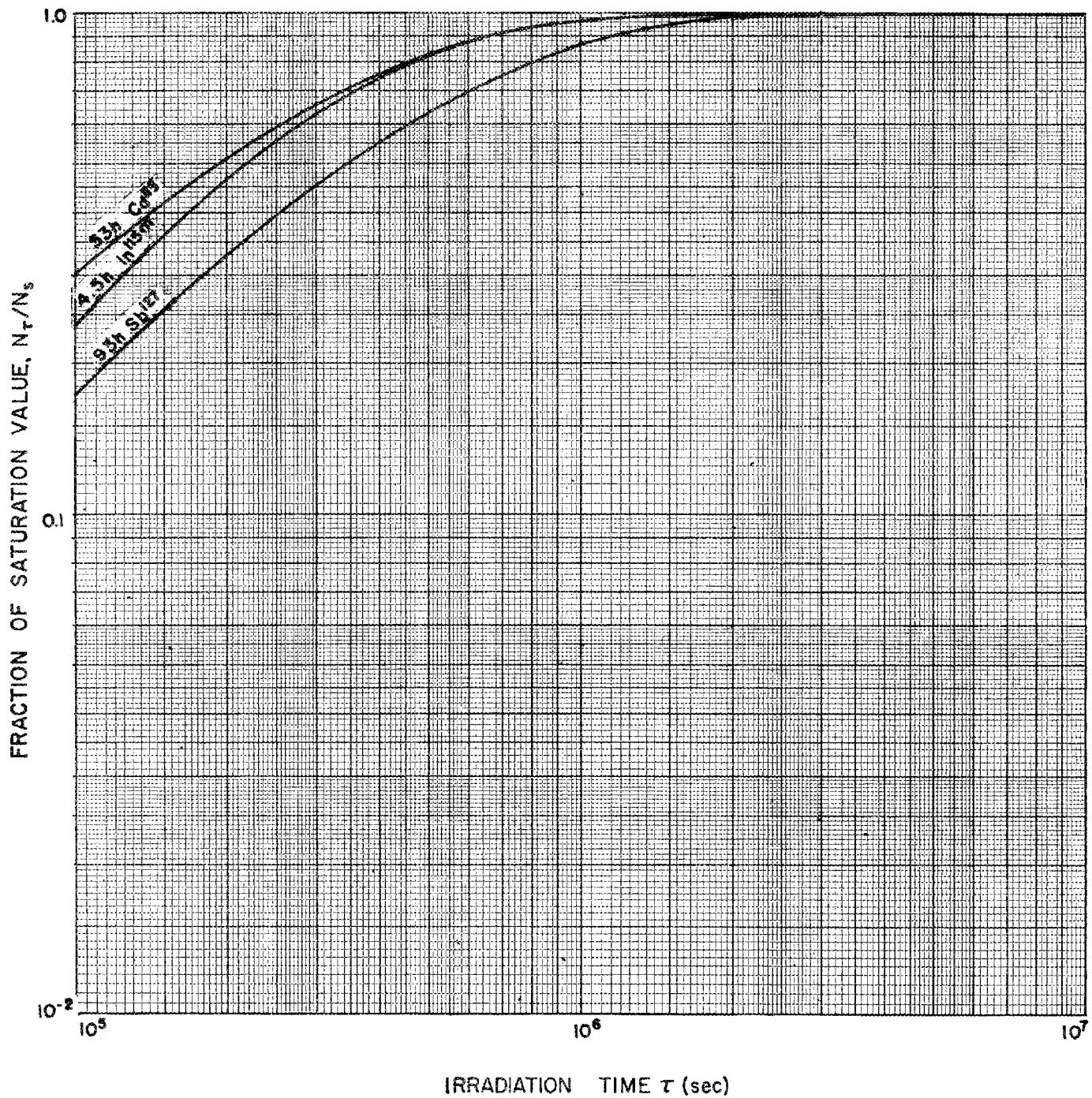
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Fig. B-5. Fraction of Saturation Value of Various Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Irradiation Time.

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ORNL-LR-DWG. 19475

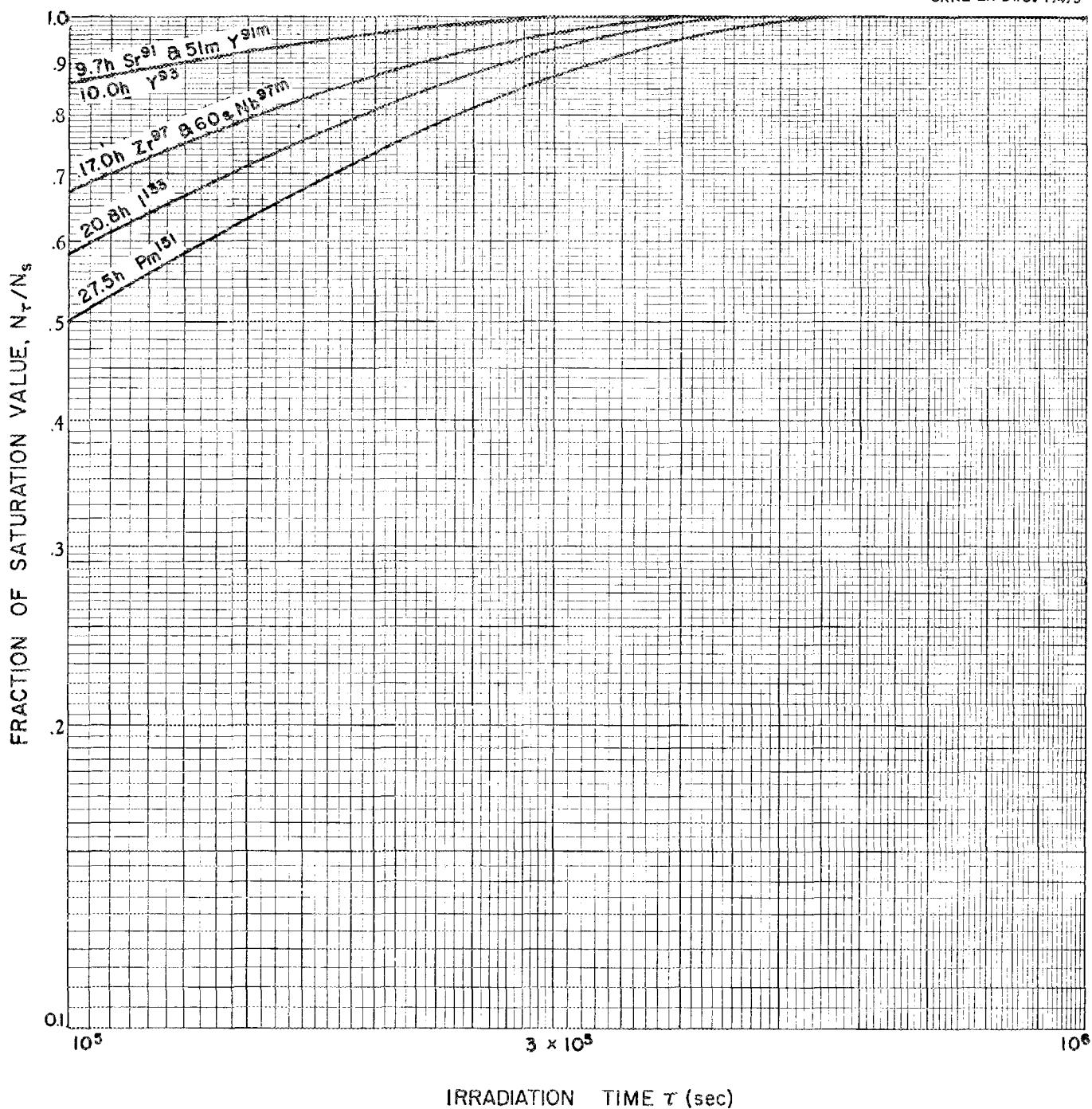


Fig. B-6. Fraction of Saturation Value of Various Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Irradiation Time.

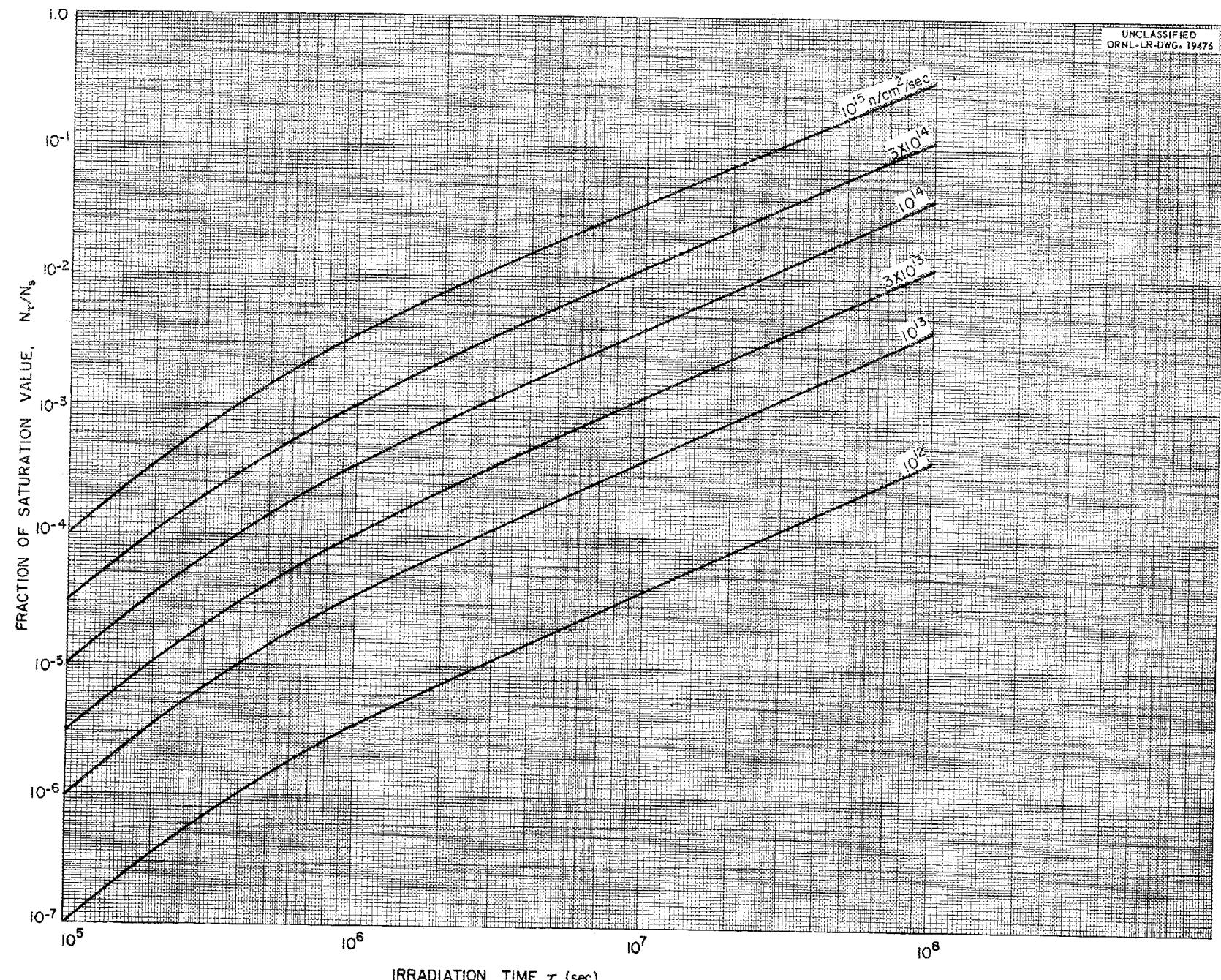


Fig. B-7. Fraction of Saturation Value of 26.6 h As^{76*} as a Function of Irradiation Time and Flux.

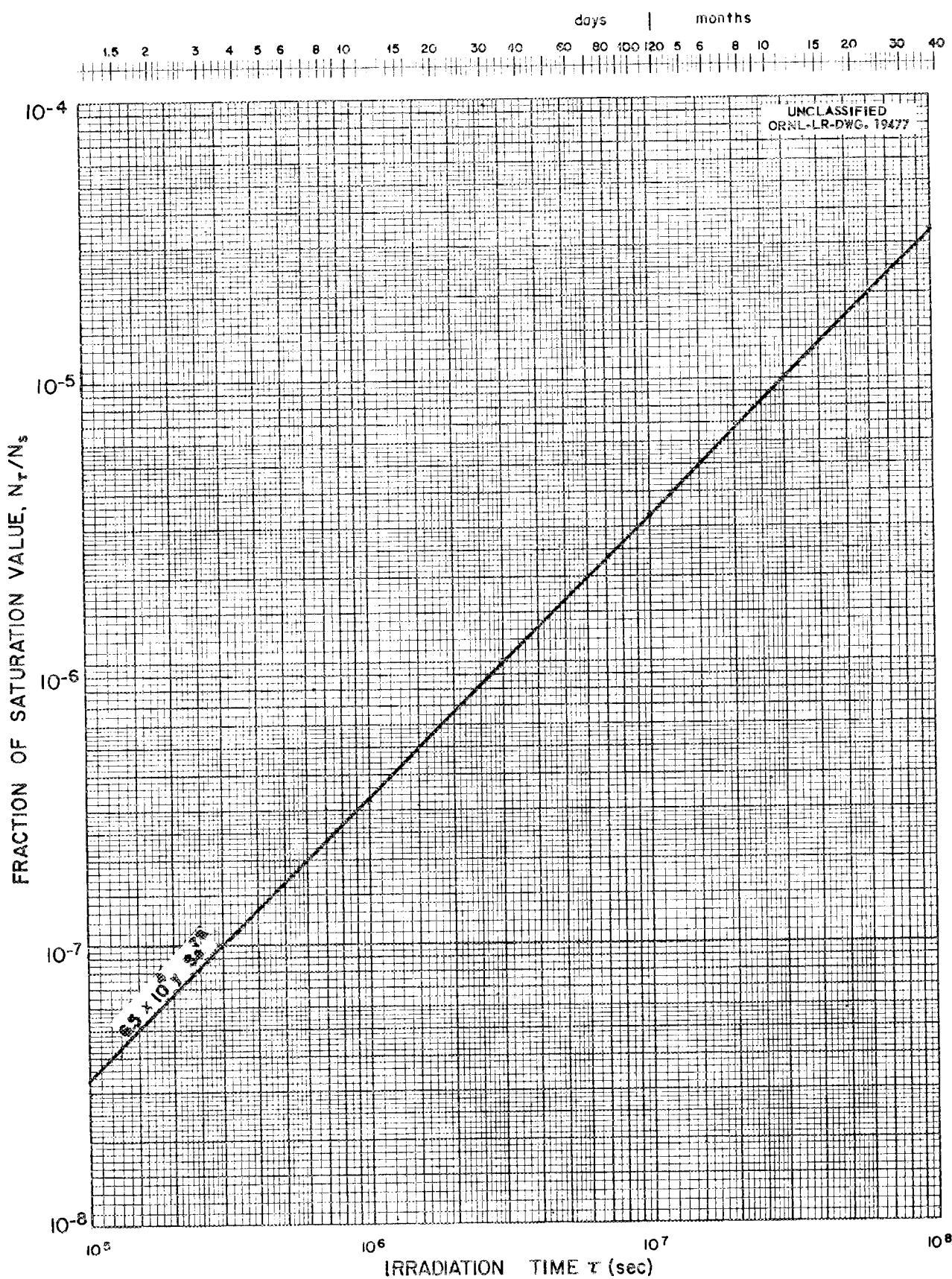


Fig. B-8. Fraction of Saturation Value of Various Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Irradiation Time.

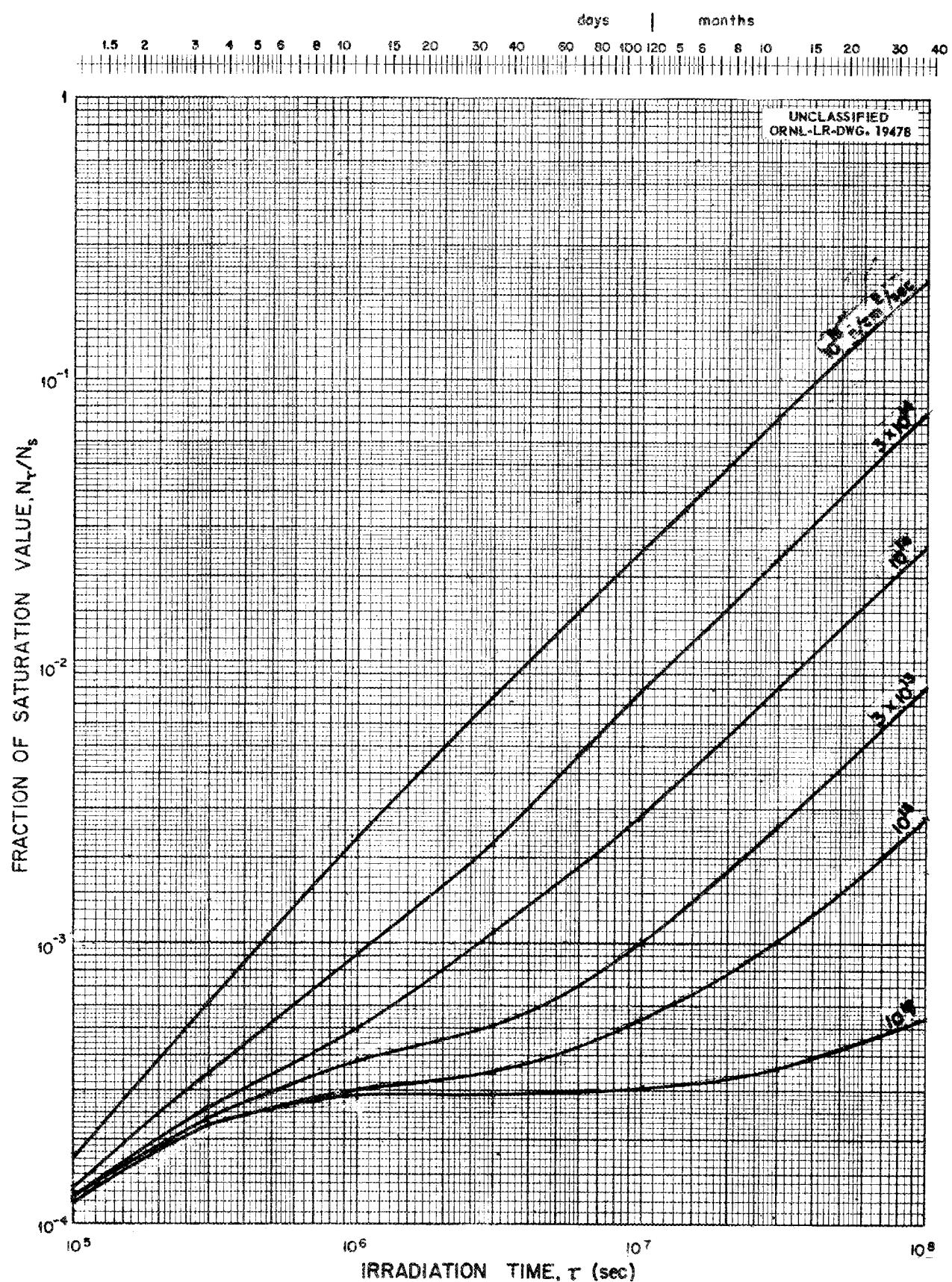


Fig. B-9. Fraction of Saturation Value of 35.87h Br^{82} as a Function of Irradiation Time and Flux.

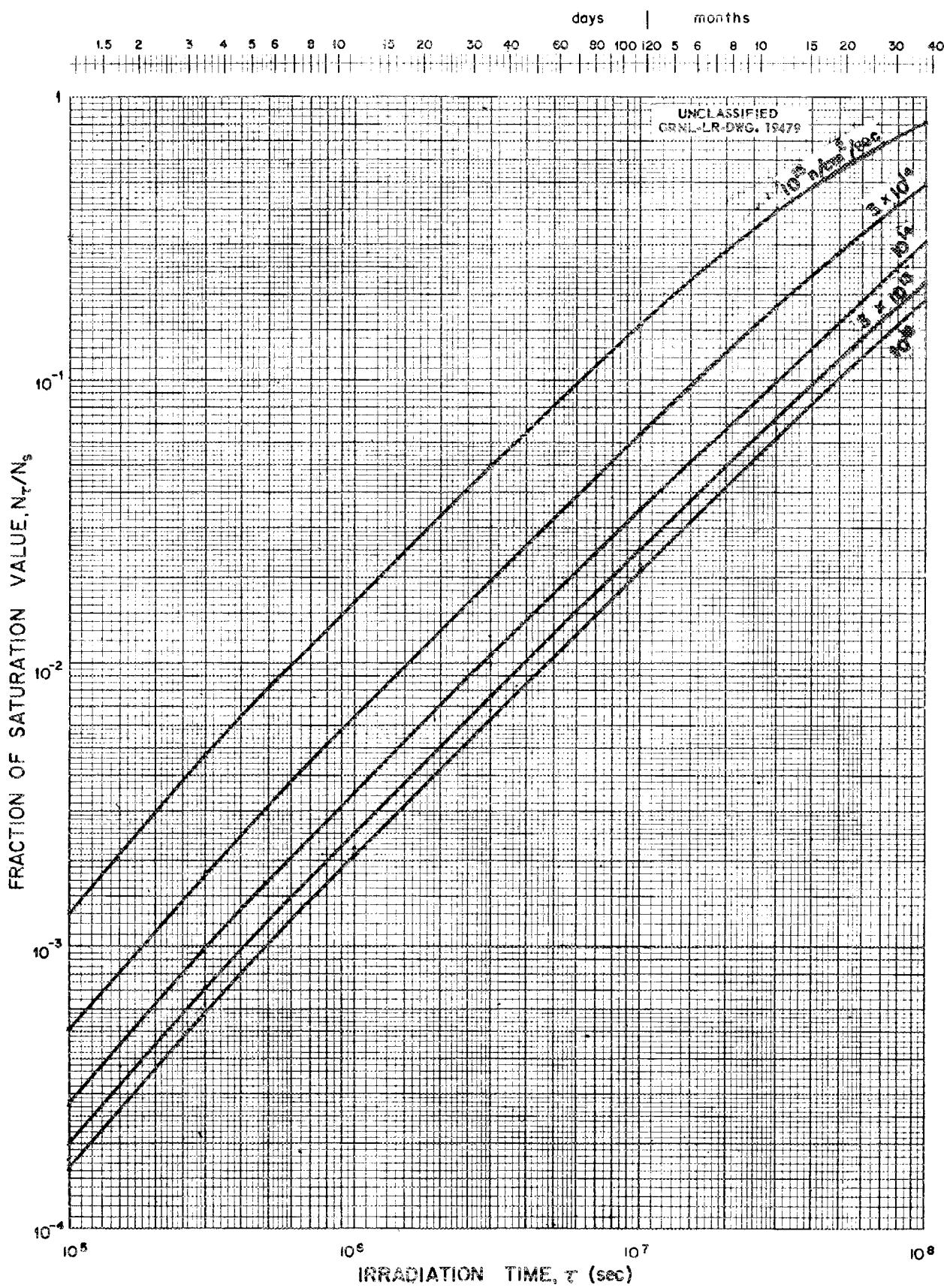


Fig. B-10. Fraction of Saturation Value of 10.27y Kr^{85} as a Function of Irradiation Time and Flux.

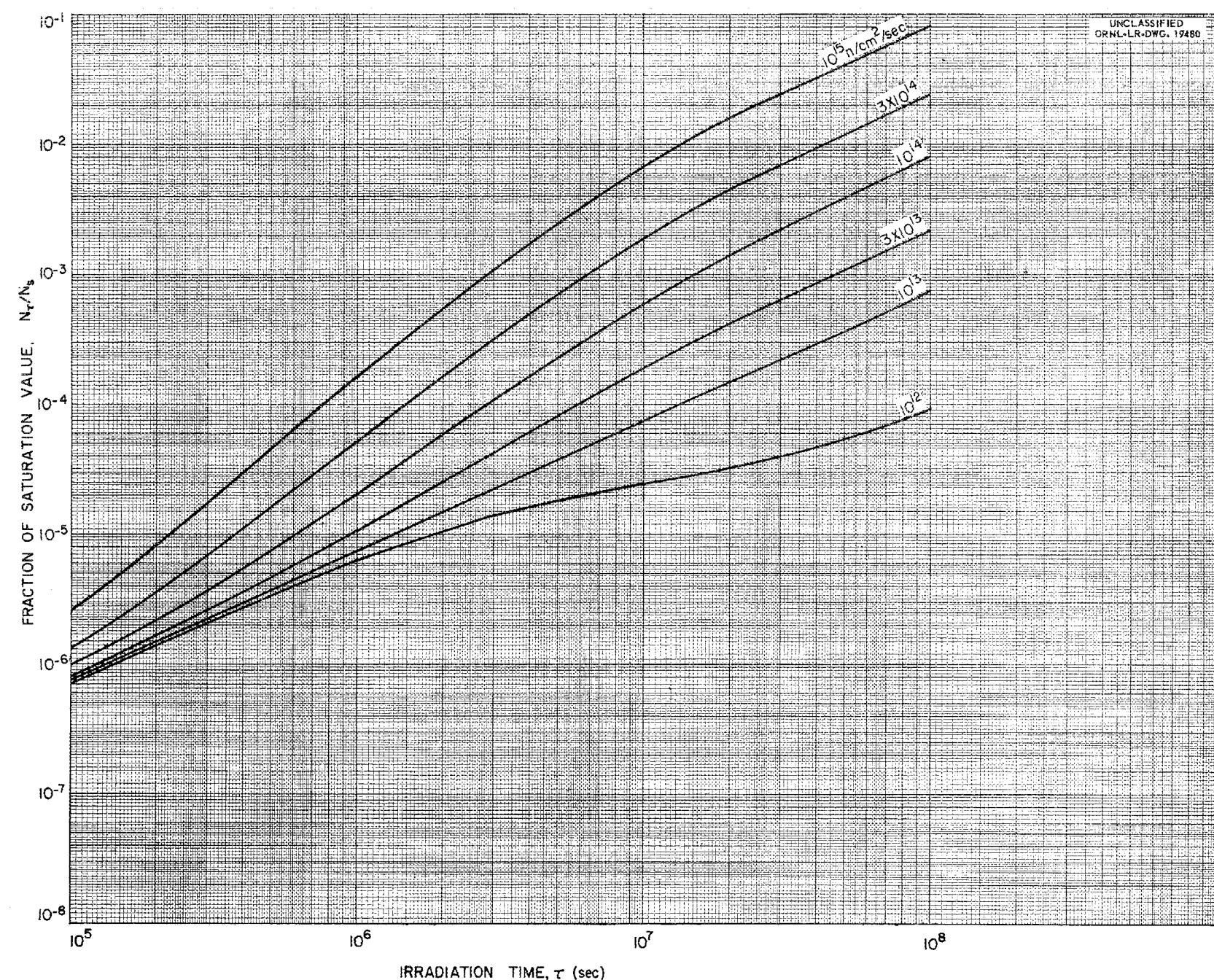


Fig. B-II. Fraction of Saturation Value of $^{19.5\text{d}}\text{Rb}^{86}$ as a Function of Irradiation Time and Flux.

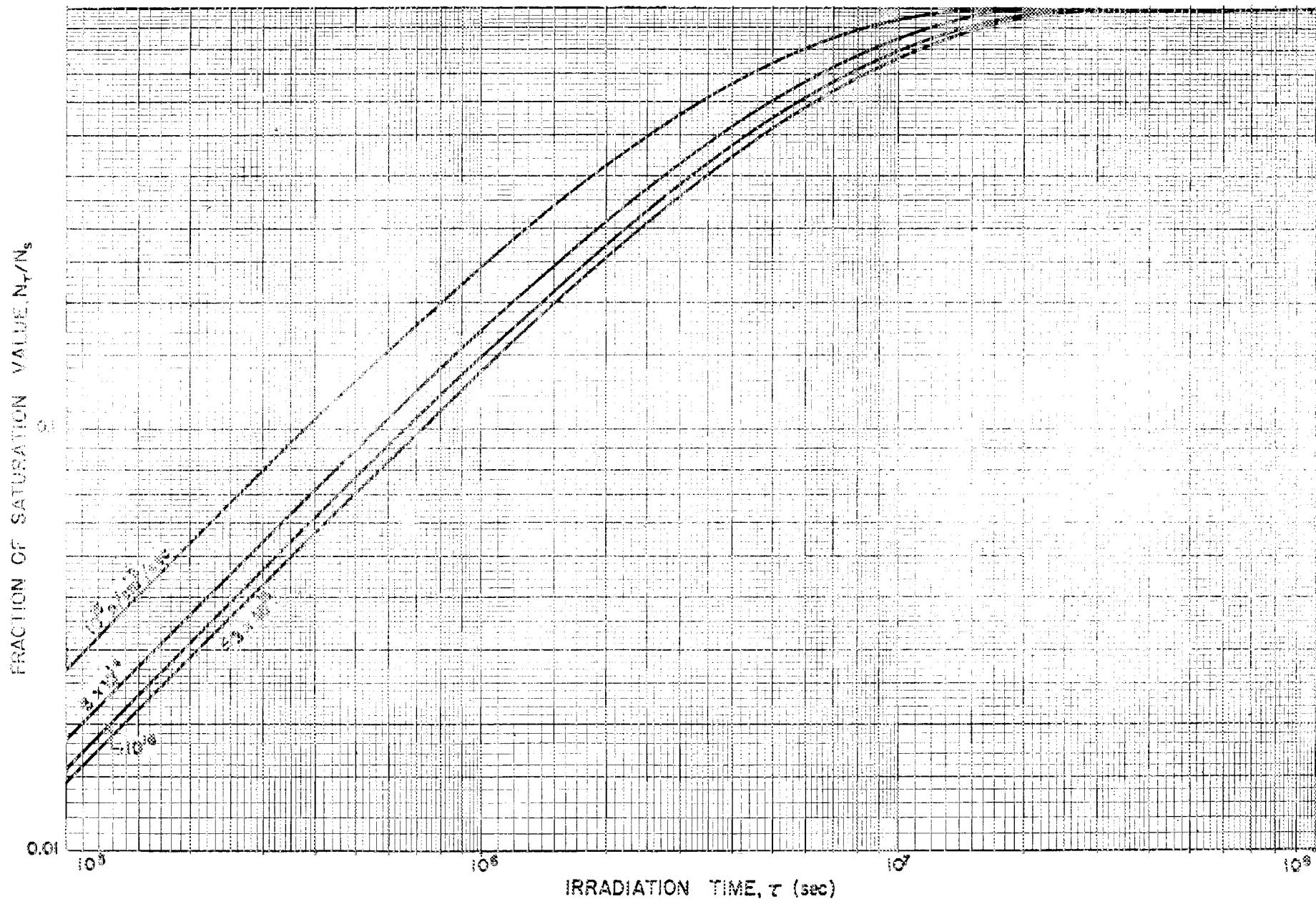


Fig. B-12. Fraction of Saturation Value of $54d\text{ Sr}^{89}$ as a Function of Irradiation Time and Flux.

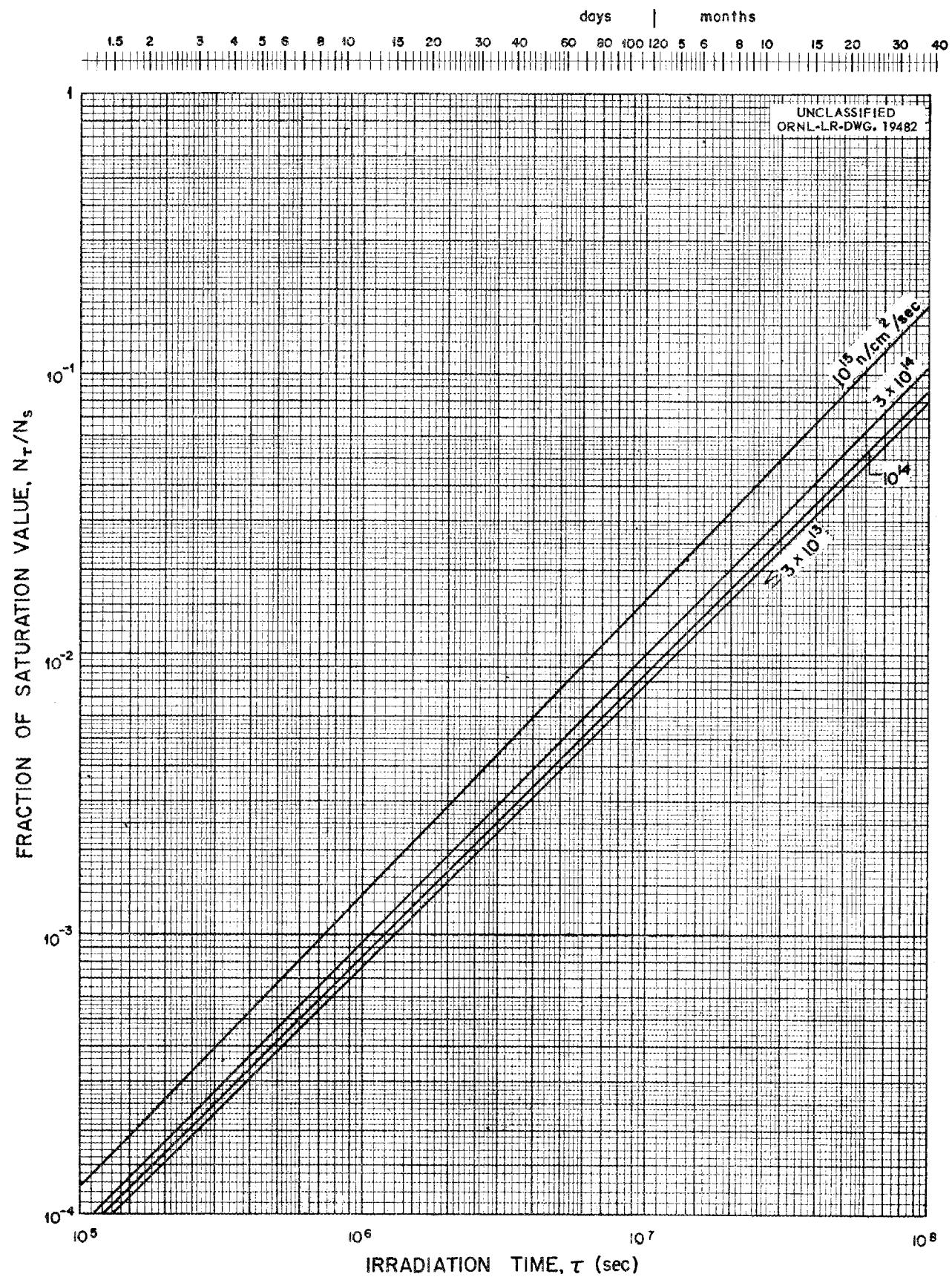


Fig. B-13. Fraction of Saturation Value of $^{28y}\text{Sr}^{90}$ as a Function of Irradiation Time and Flux.



Fig. B-14. Fraction of Saturation Value of 64.5h Y^{90} as a Function of Irradiation Time and Flux.

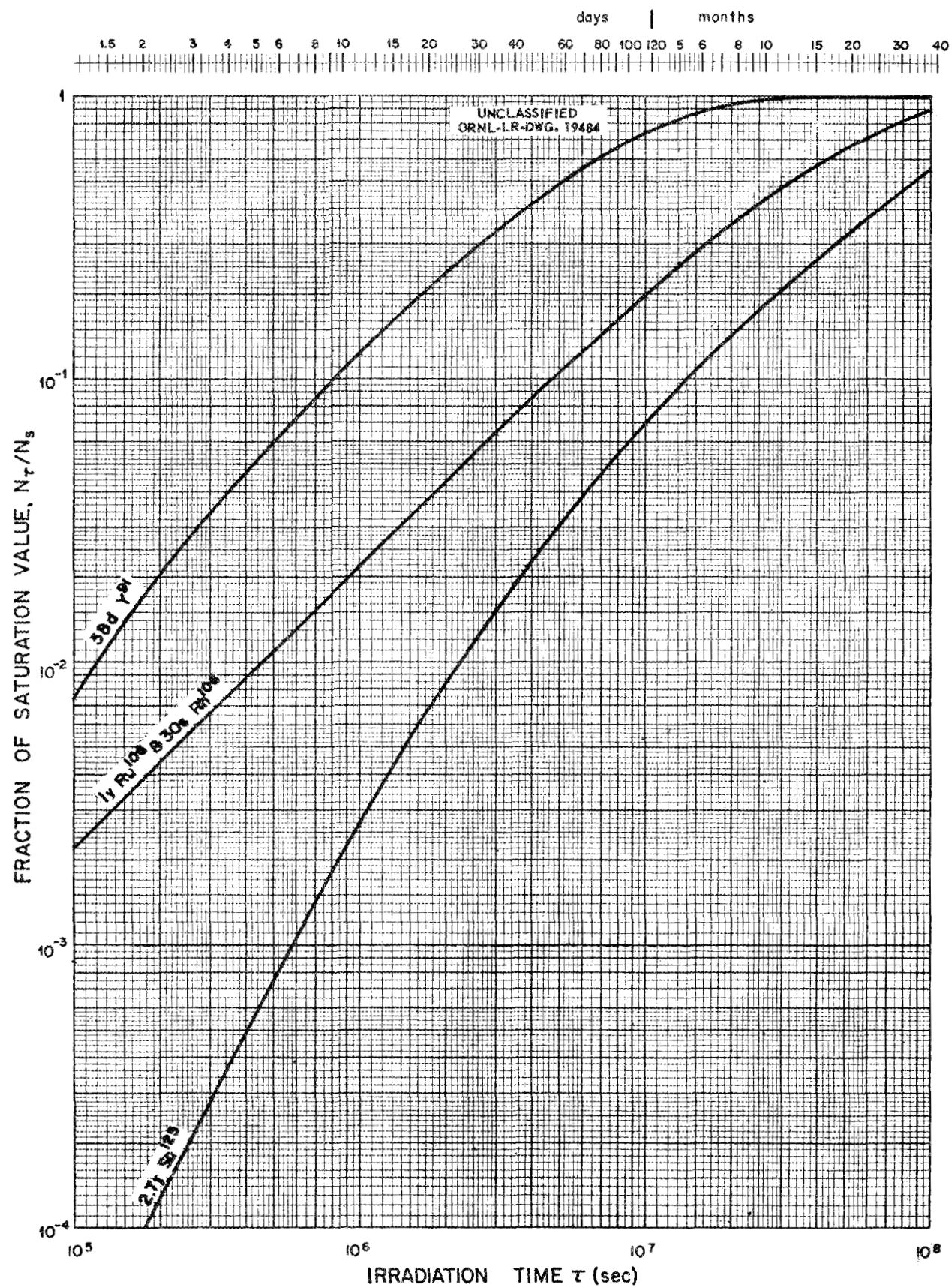


Fig. B-15. Fraction of Saturation Value of Various Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Irradiation Time.

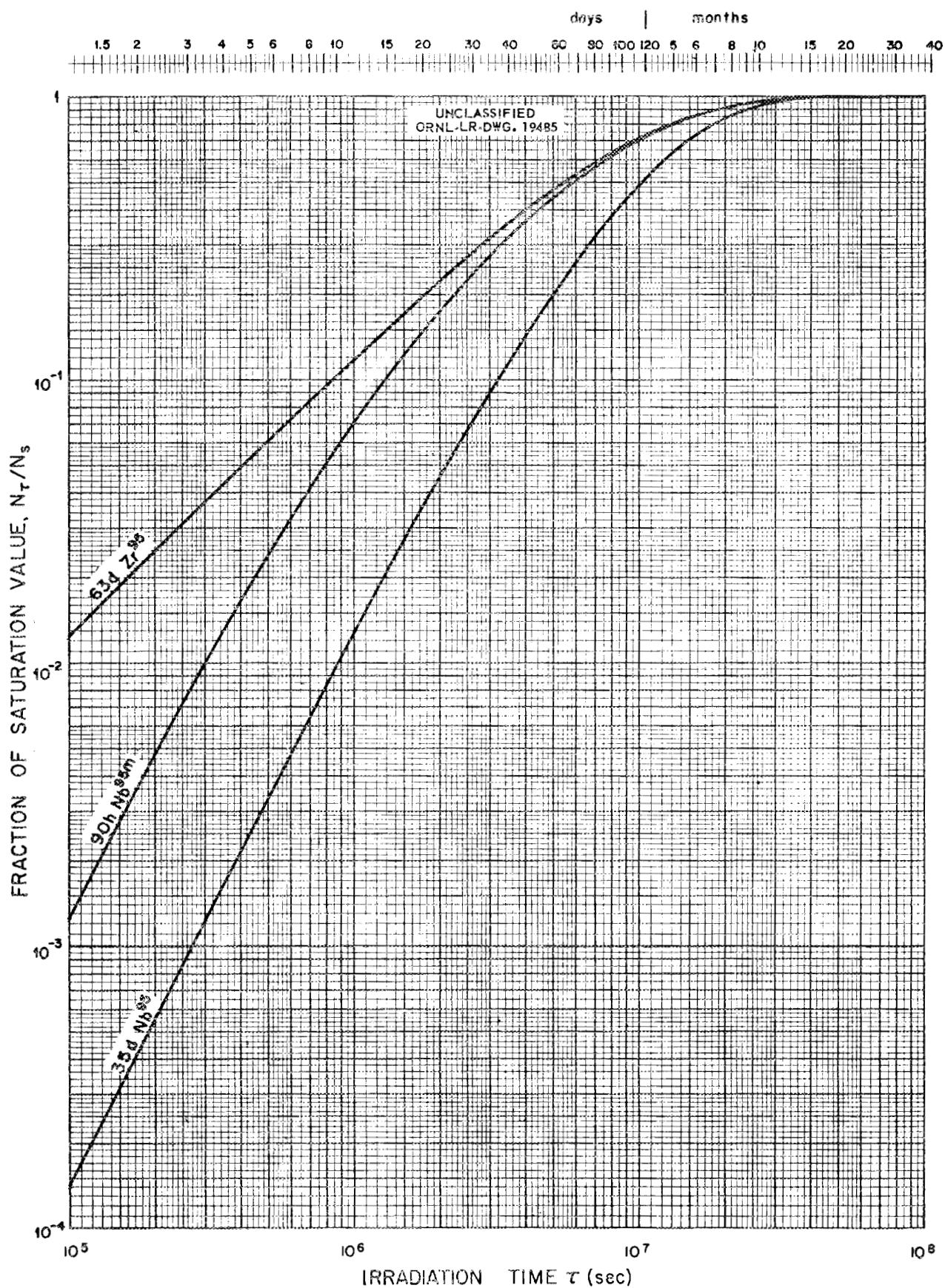


Fig. B-16. Fraction of Saturation Value of Various Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Irradiation Time.

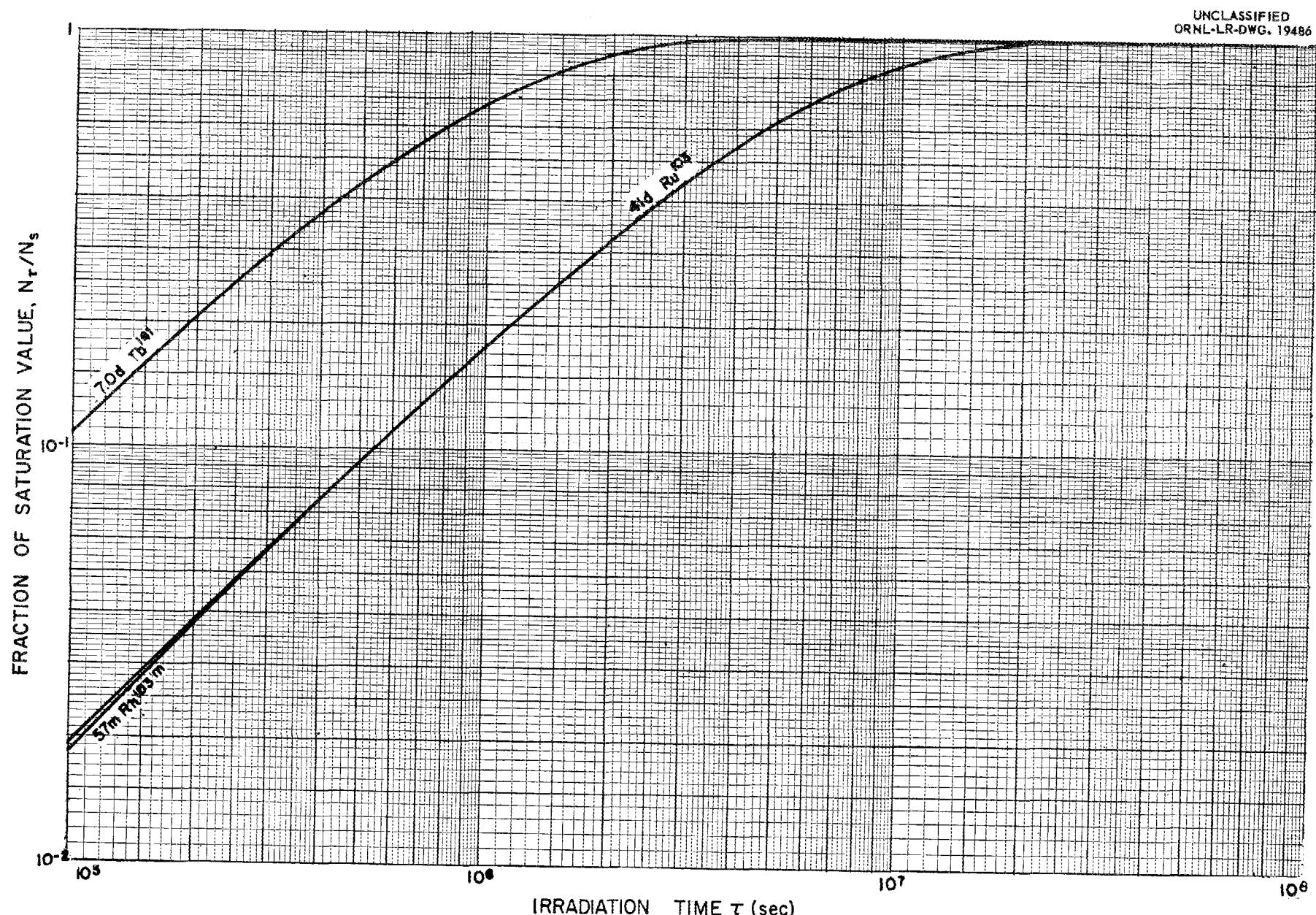


Fig. B-17. Fraction of Saturation Value of Various Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Irradiation Time.

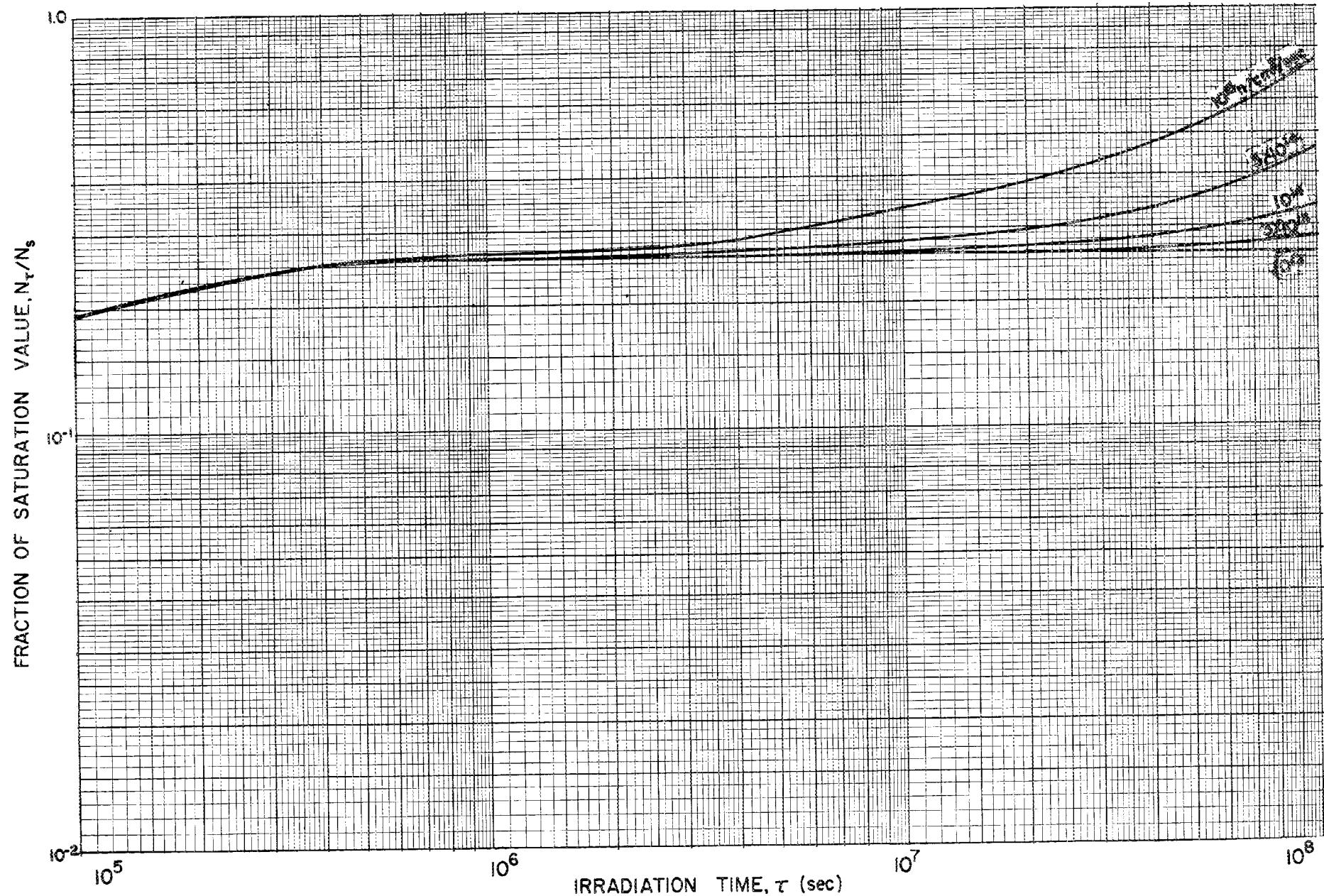


Fig. B-18. Fraction of Saturation Value of 13.6h Pd^{109} & 39.2s Ag^{109m} as a Function of Irradiation Time and Flux.

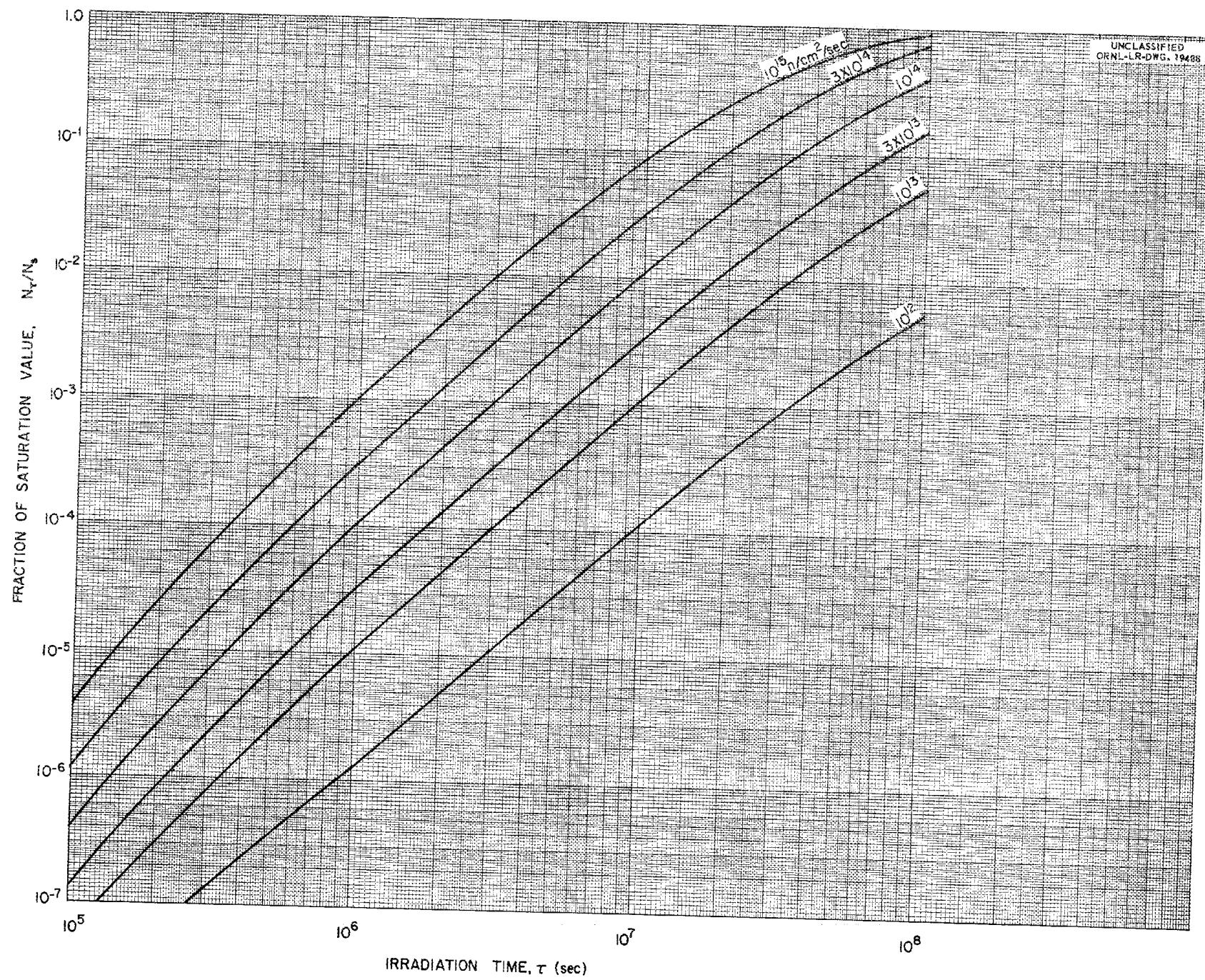


Fig. B-19. Fraction of Saturation Value of $^{270}\text{d Ag}^{110m*}$ as a Function of Irradiation Time and Flux.

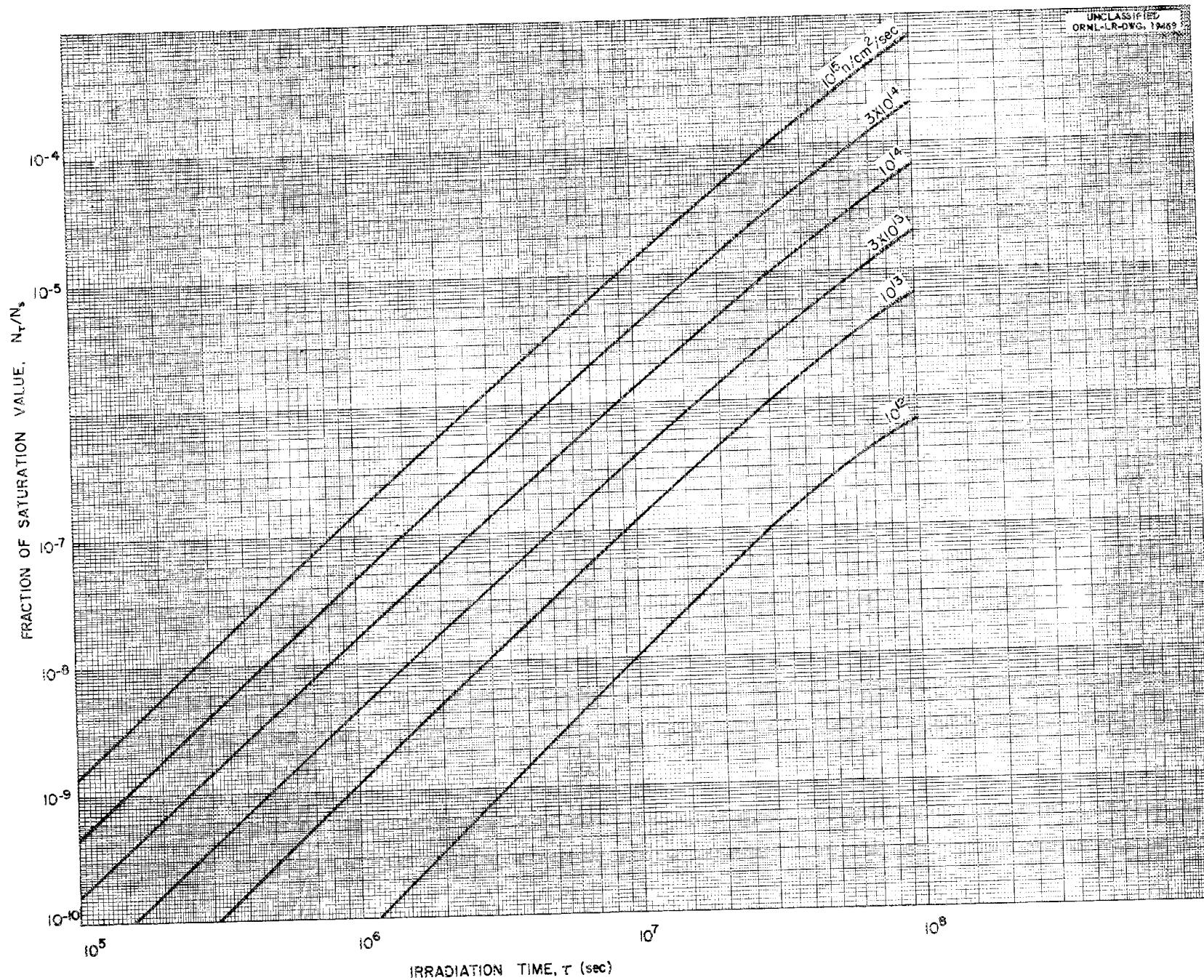


Fig. B-20. Fraction of Saturation Value of $^{275}\text{dSn}^{119m}$ as a Function of Irradiation Time and Flux.

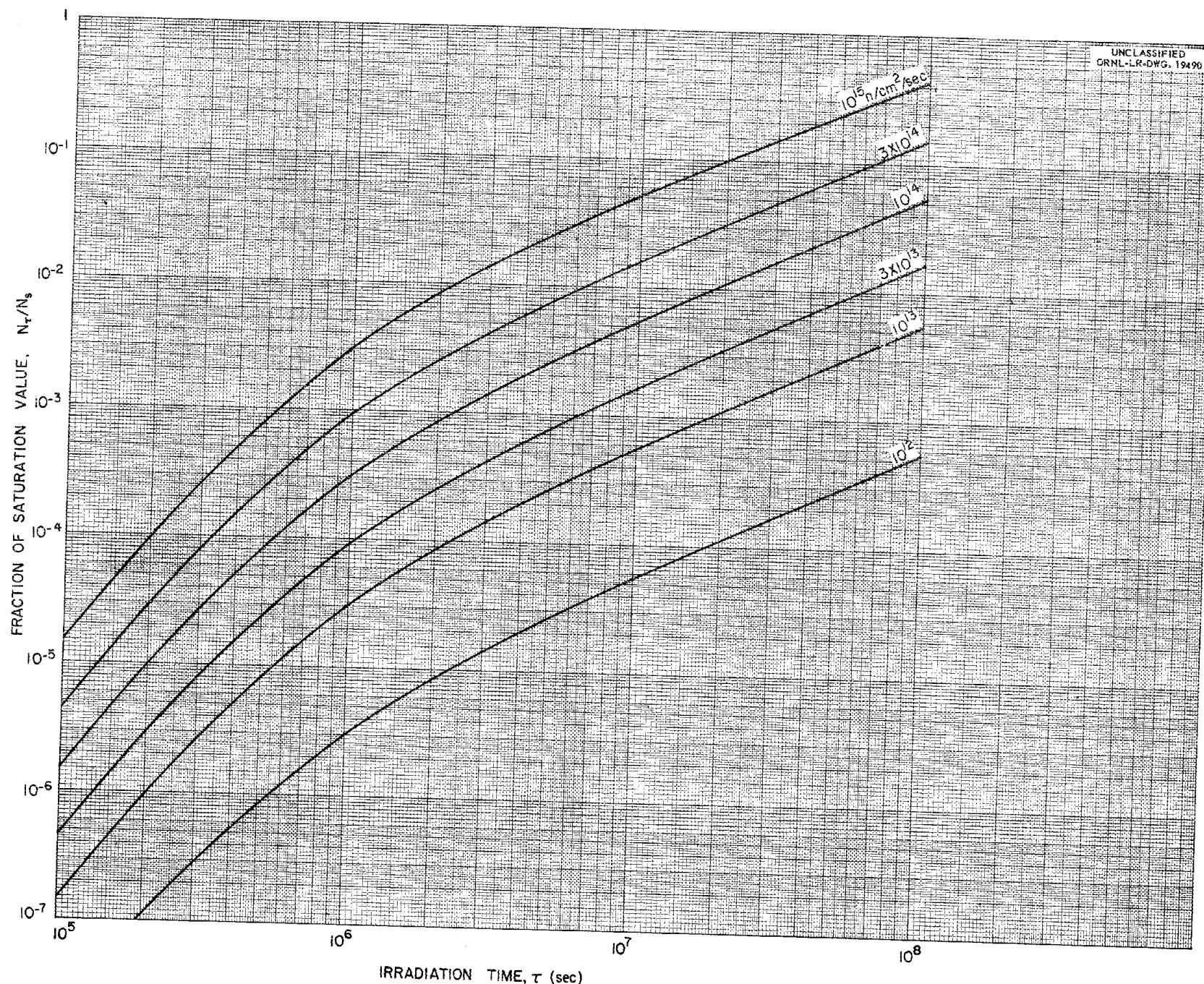


Fig. B-21. Fraction of Saturation Value of 27.5d Sb-122 * as a Function of Irradiation Time and Flux.

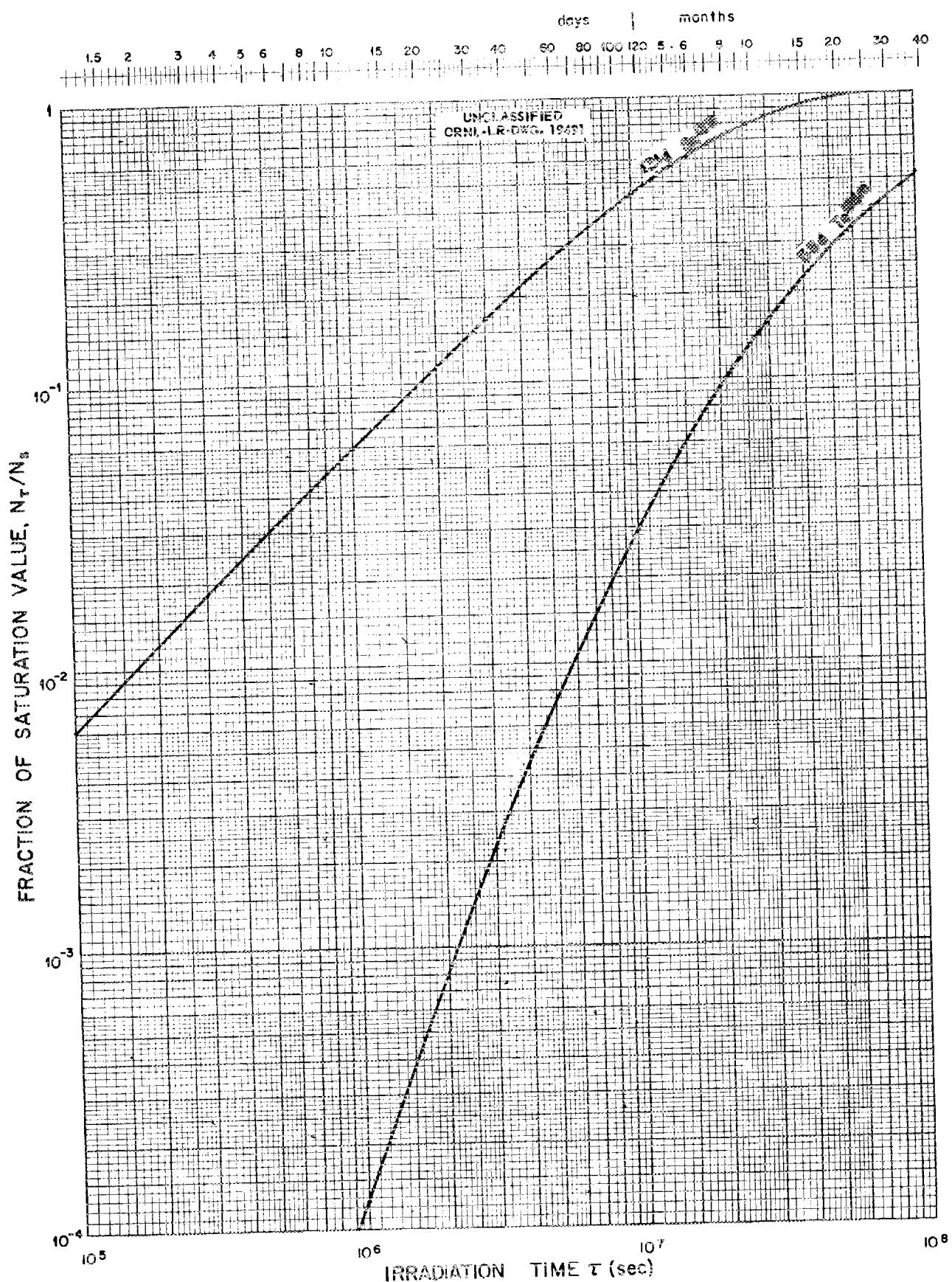


Fig. B-22. Fraction of Saturation Value of Various Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Irradiation Time.

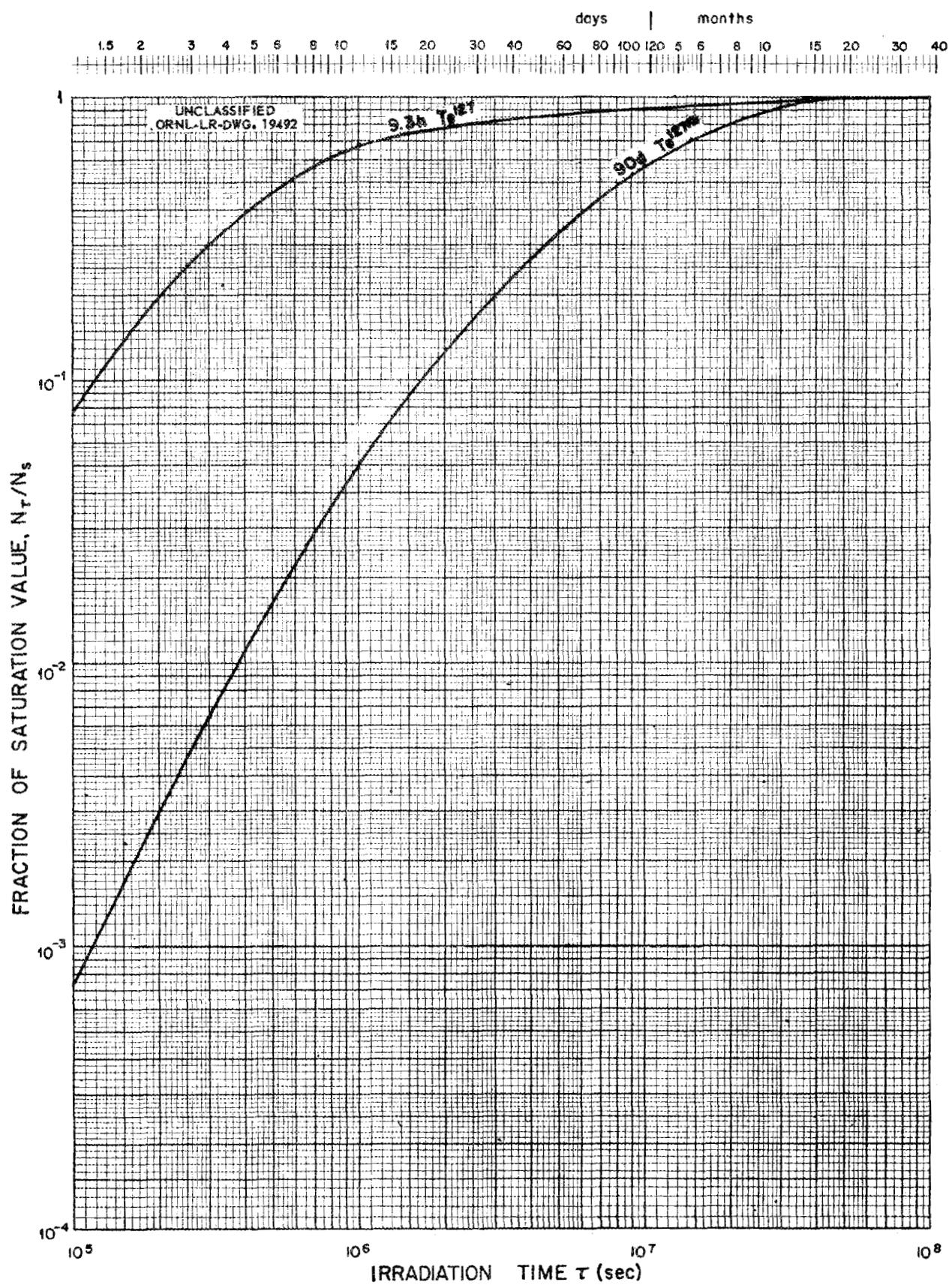


Fig. B-23. Fraction of Saturation Value of Various Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Irradiation Time.

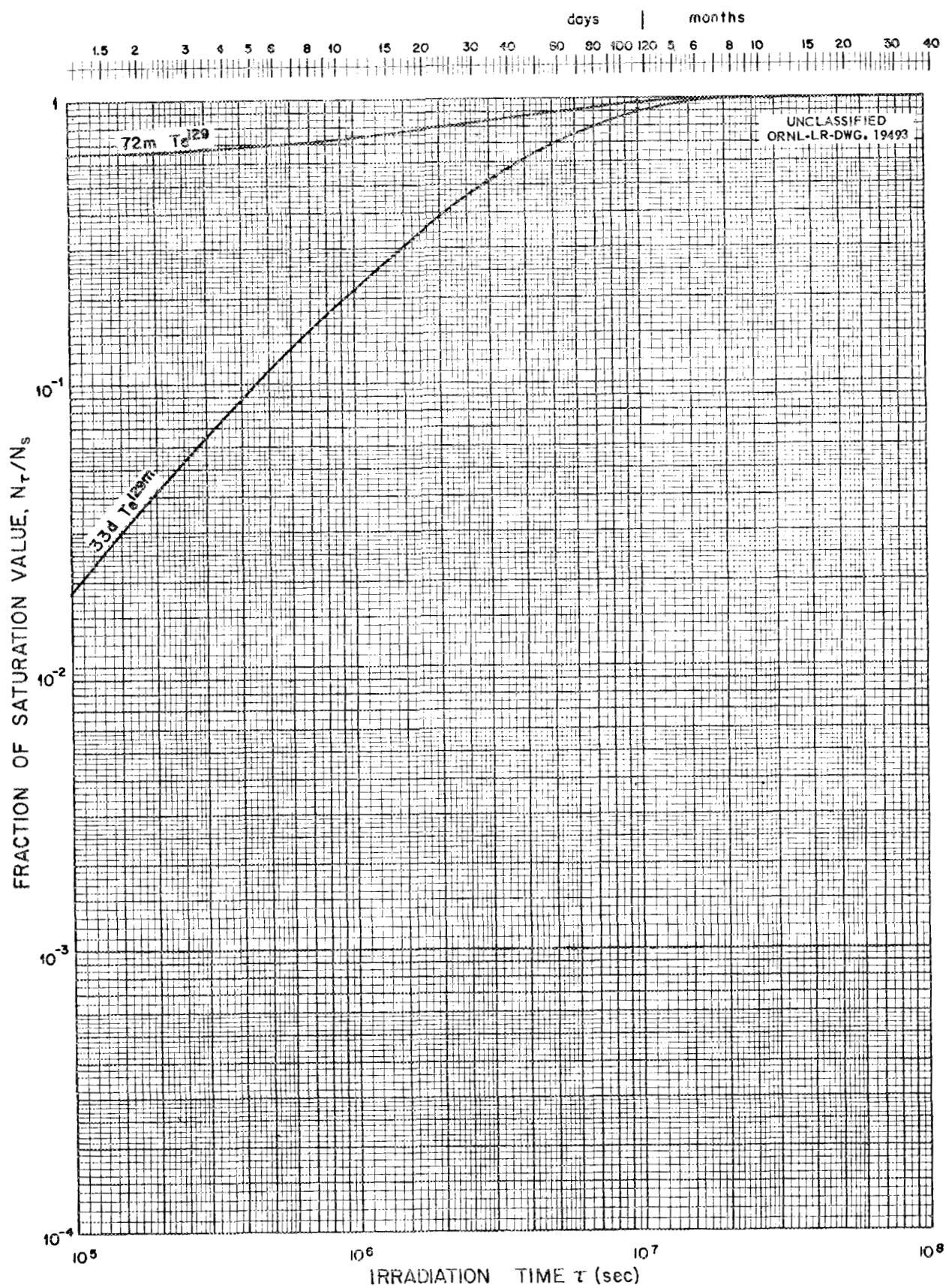


Fig. B-24. Fraction of Saturation Value of Various Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Irradiation Time.

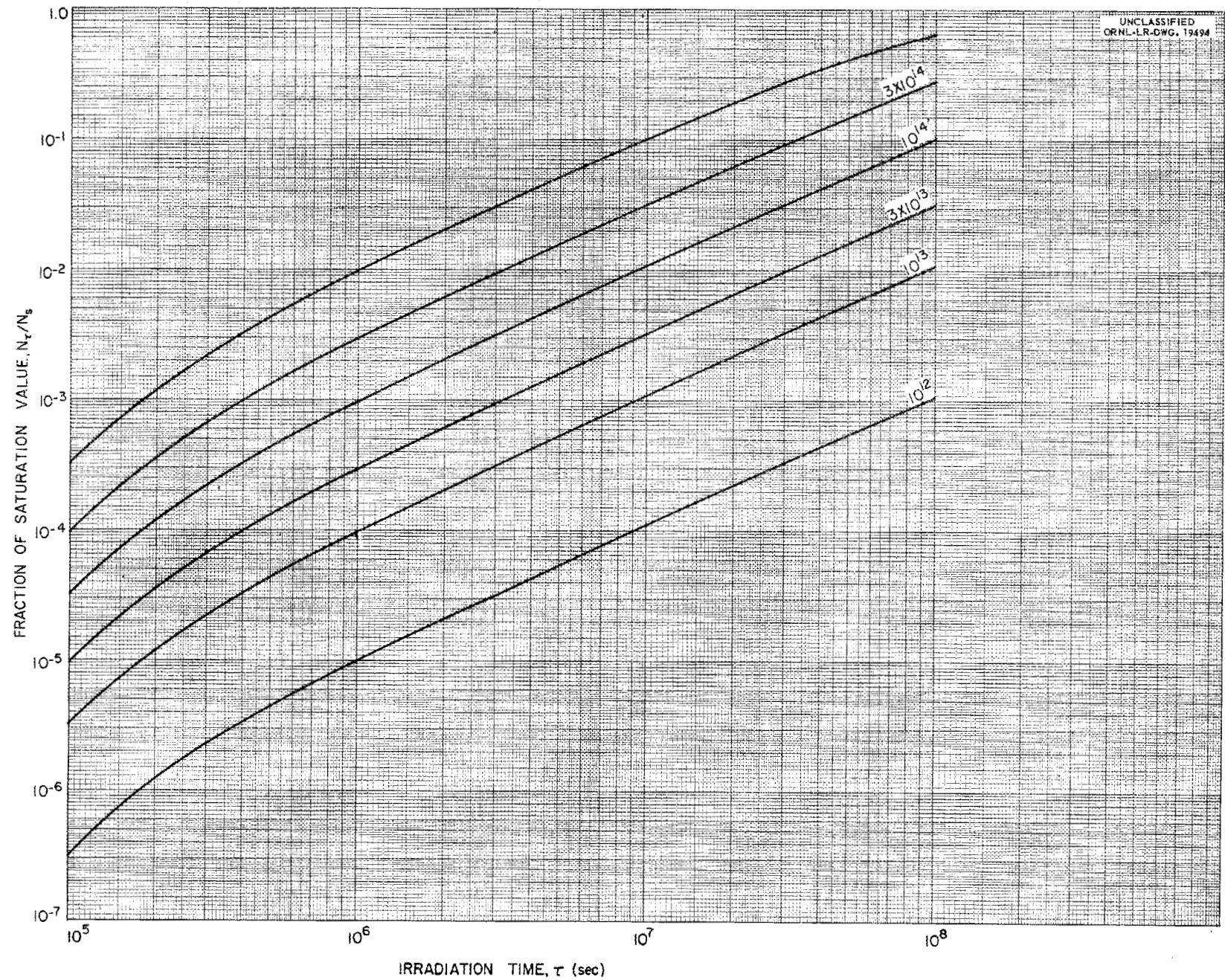


Fig. B-25. Fraction of Saturation Value of $12.6\text{h } I^{30}*$ as a Function of Irradiation Time and Flux.

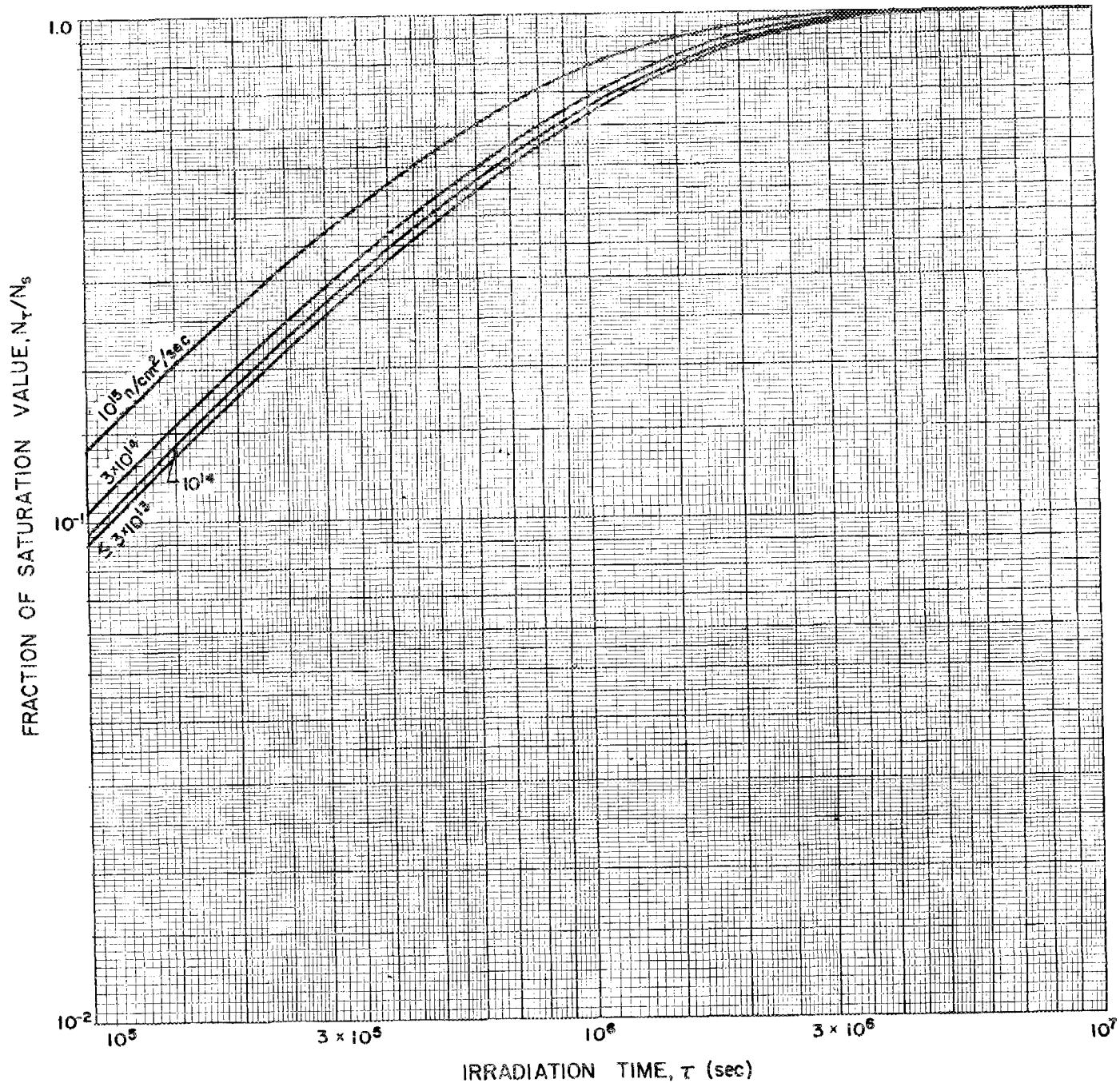


Fig. B-26. Fraction of Saturation Value of $8.05 \text{ d } ^{131}\text{I}$ as a Function of Irradiation Time and Flux.

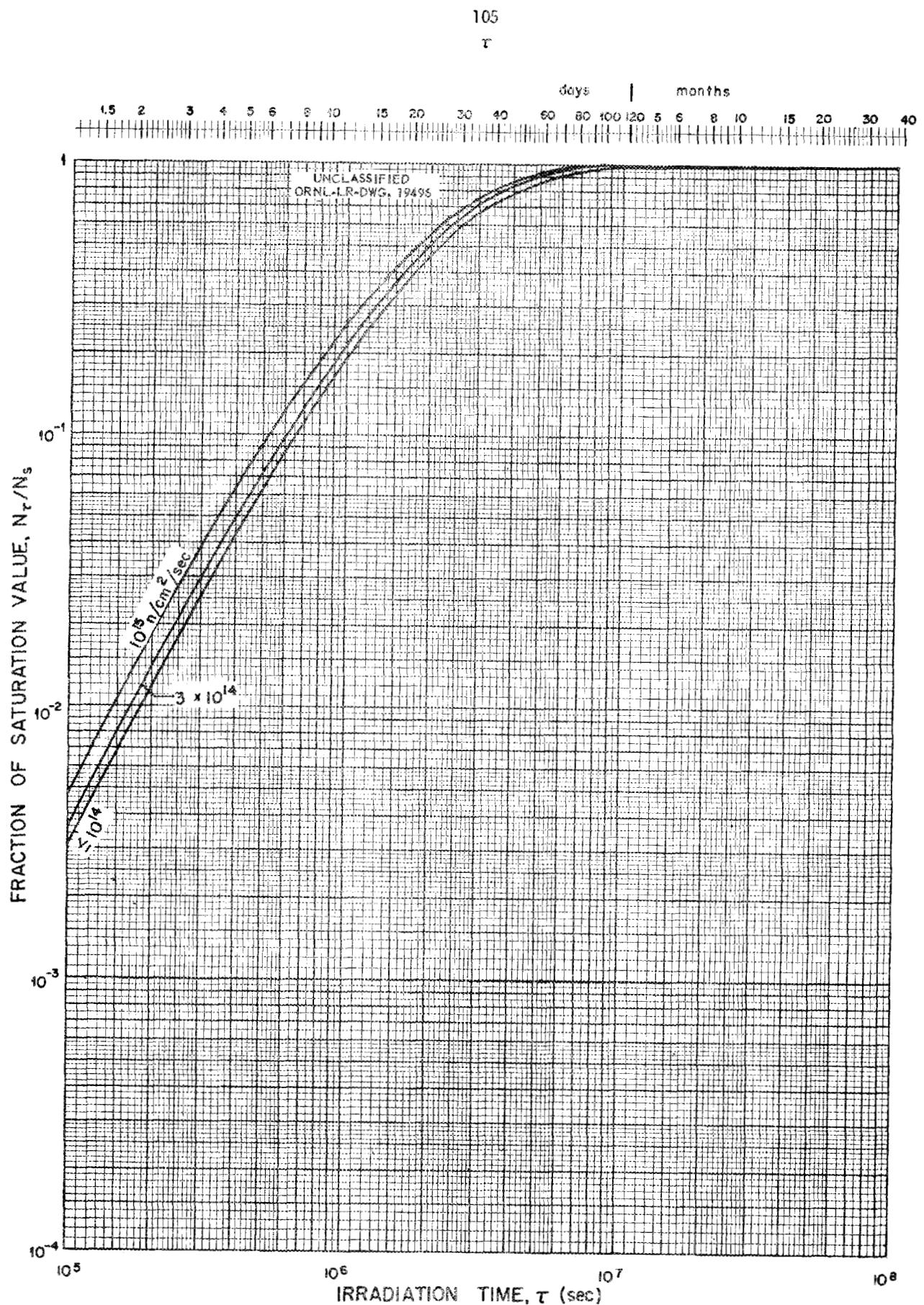


Fig. B-27. Fraction of Saturation Value of $12d\ Xe^{131m}$ as a Function of Irradiation Time and Flux.

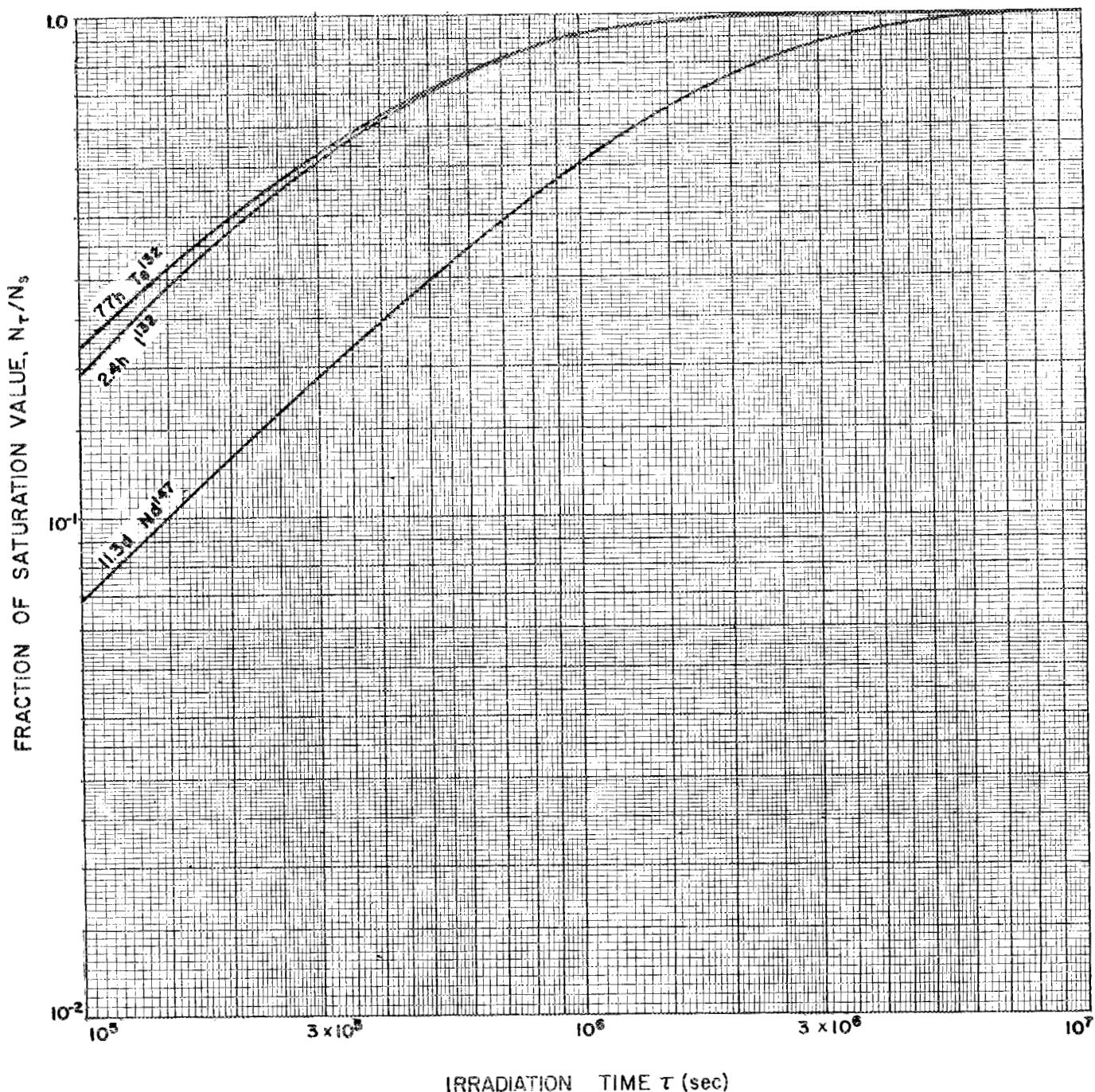
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Fig. B-28. Fraction of Saturation Value of Various Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Irradiation Time.

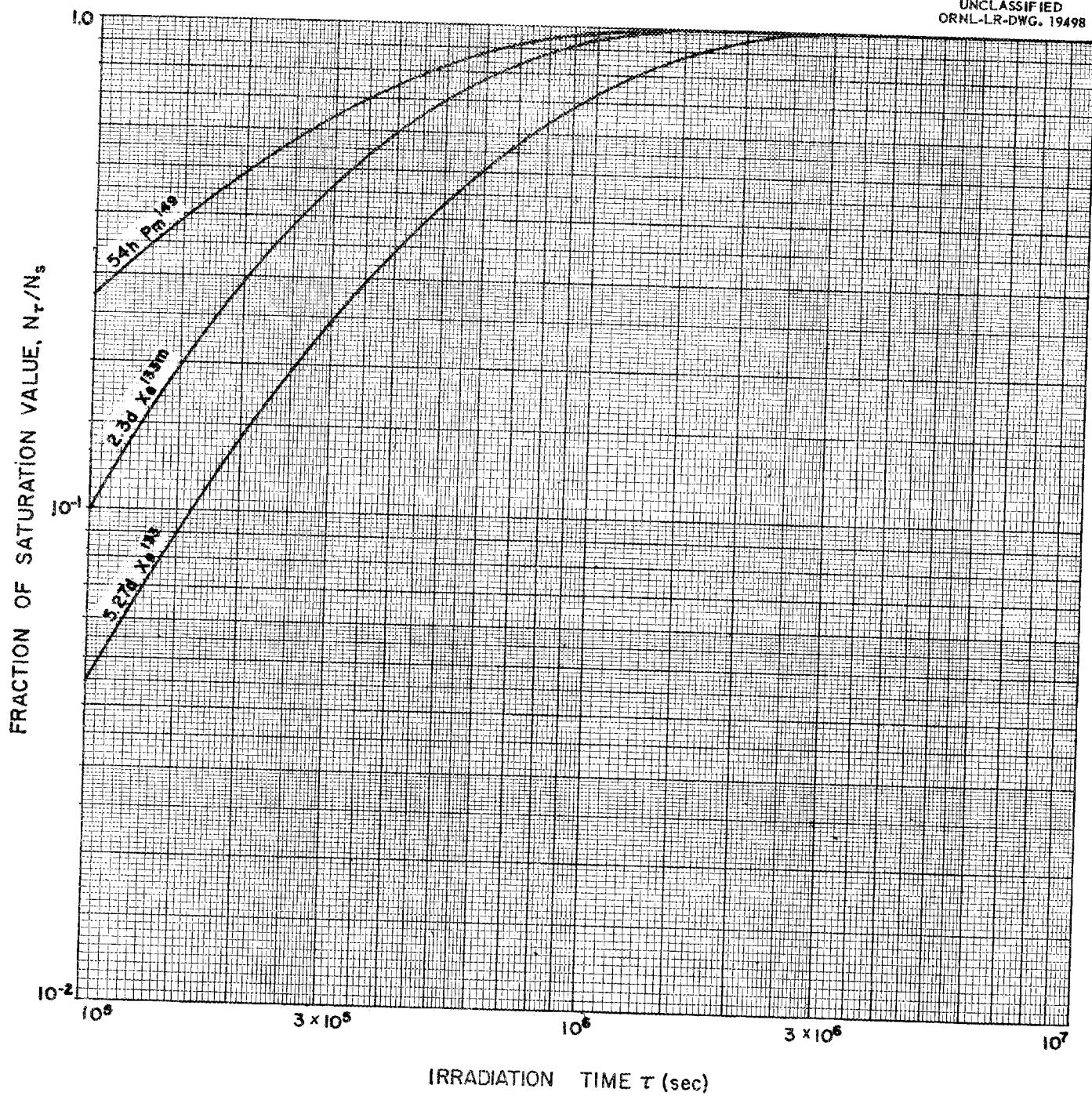
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Fig. B-29. Fraction of Saturation Value of Various Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Irradiation Time.

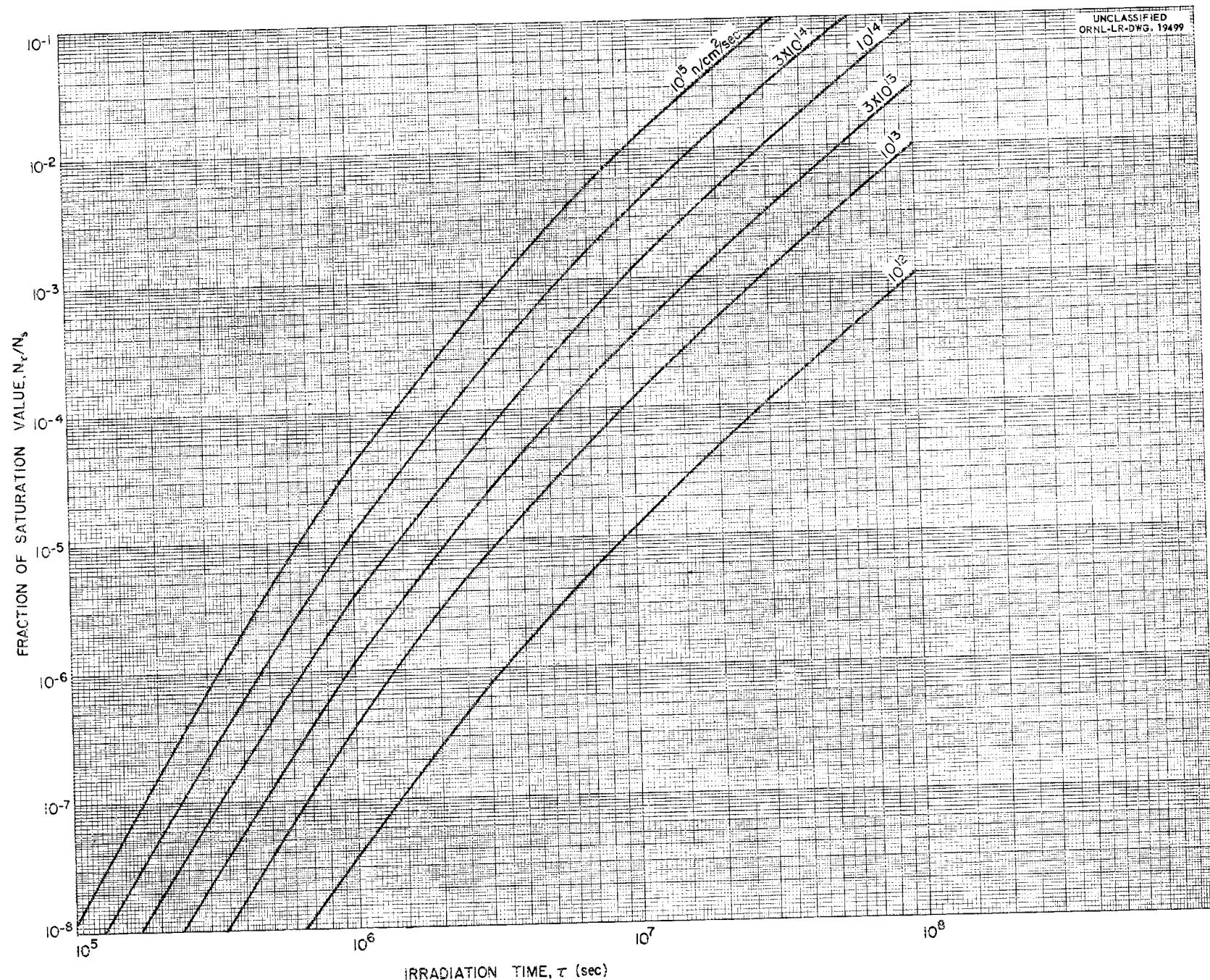


Fig. B-30. Fraction of Saturation Value of $2.0\gamma \text{ Cs}^{34*}$ as a Function of Irradiation Time and Flux.

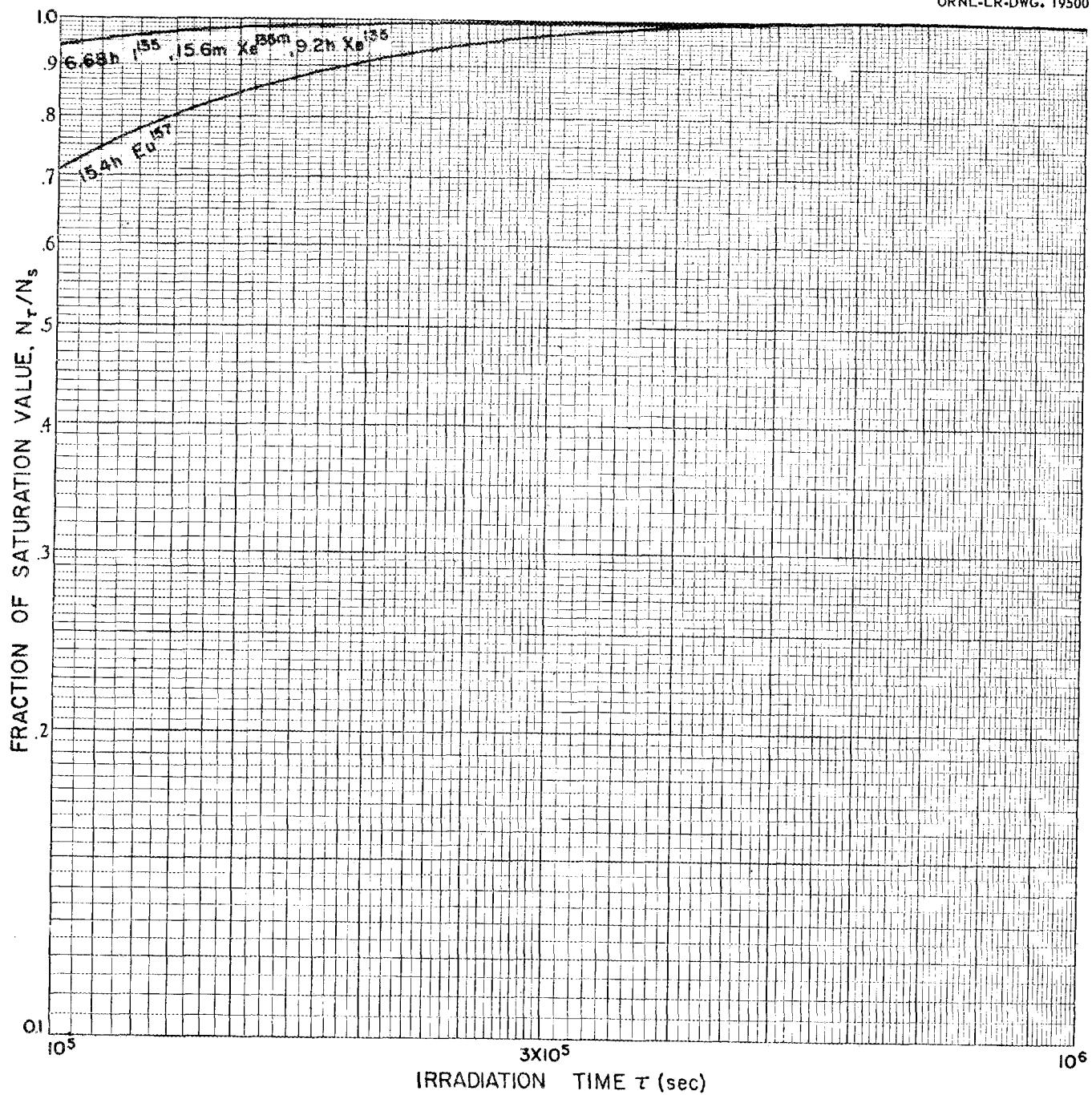
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Fig. B-3I. Fraction of Saturation Value of Various Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Irradiation Time.

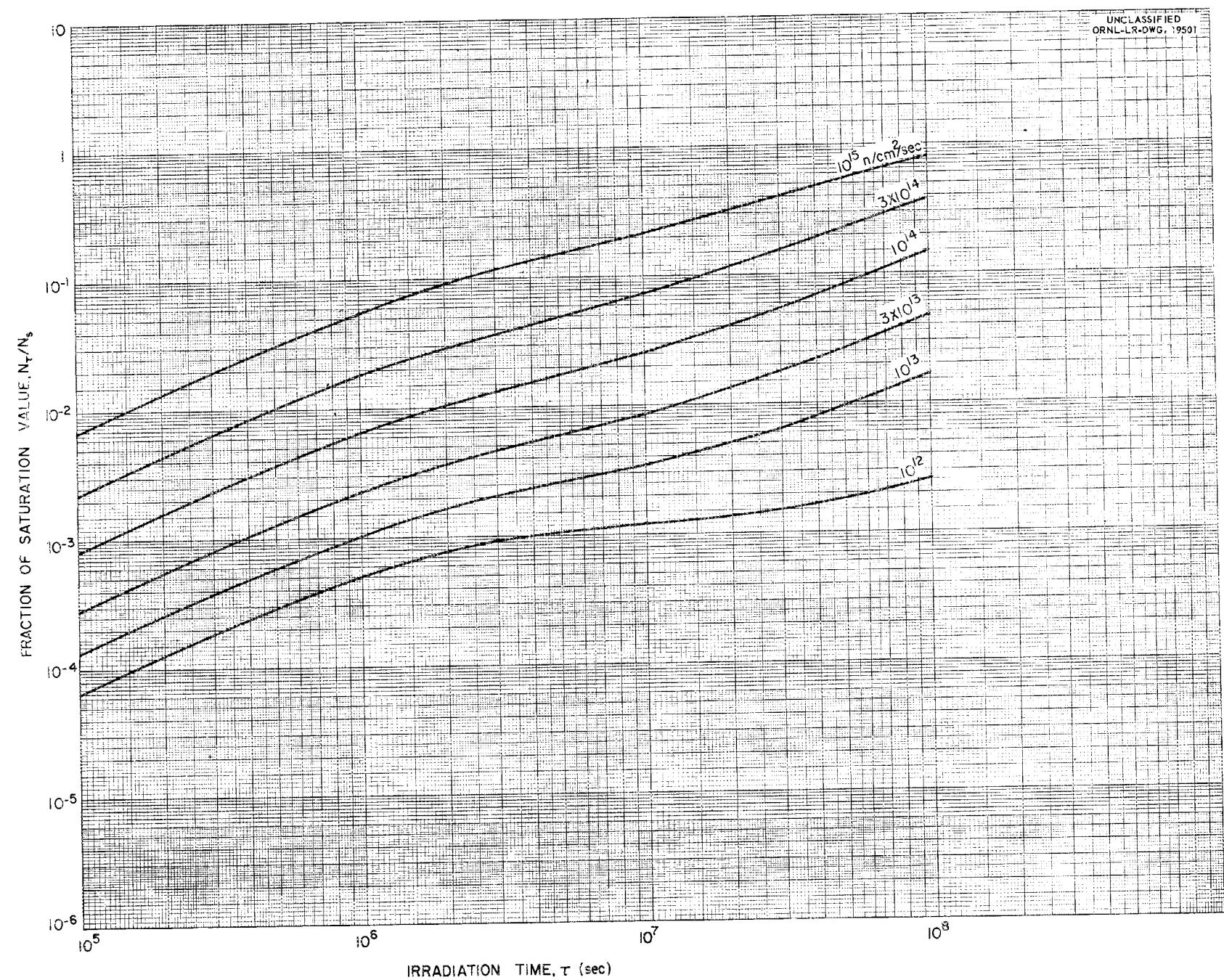


Fig. B-32. Fraction of Saturation Value of $^{13d}\text{Cs}^{136}*$ as a Function of Irradiation Time and Flux.

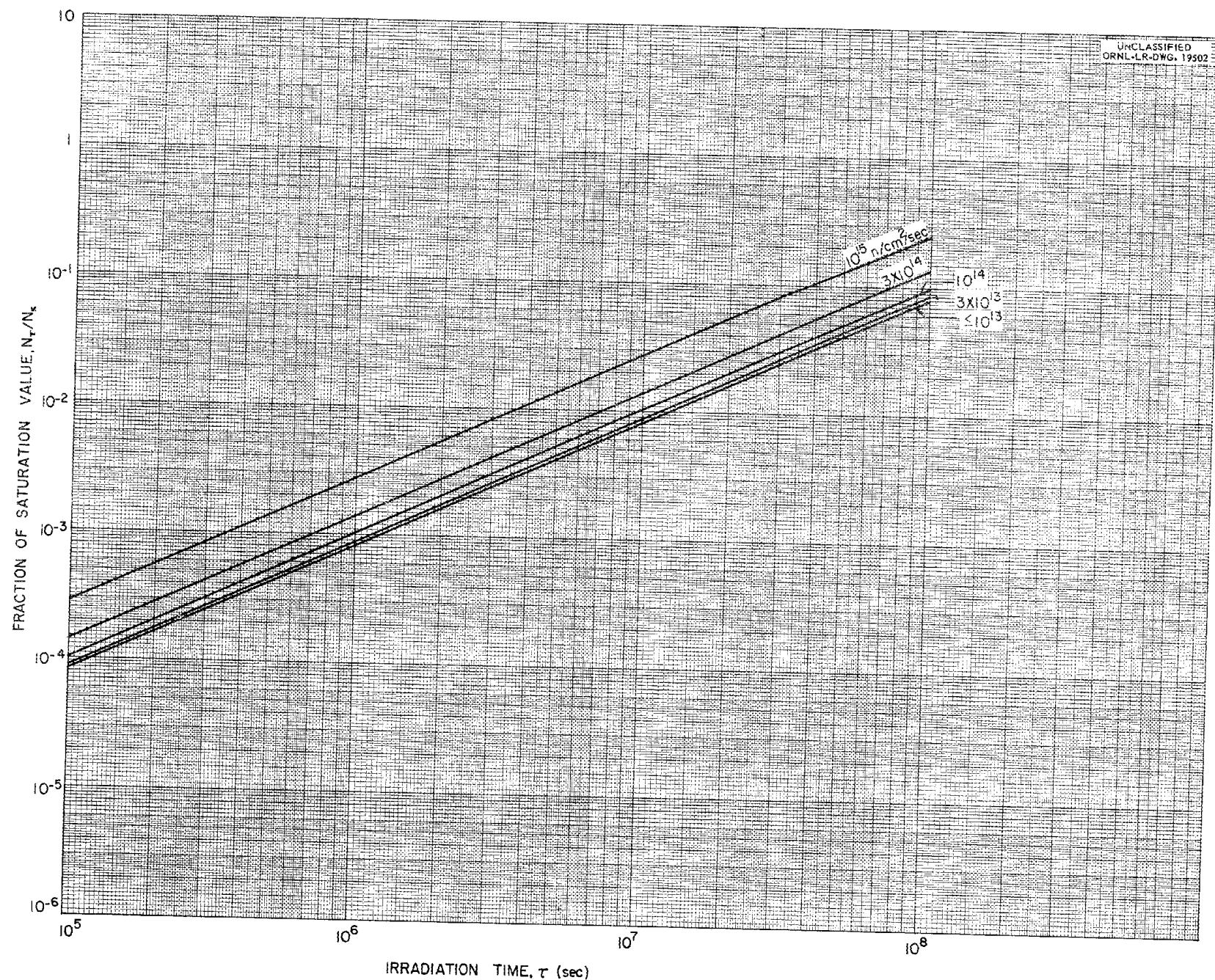


Fig. B-33. Fraction of Saturation Value of $^{26.6}\text{y Cs}^{137}$ & $^{2.60\text{m}}\text{Ba}^{137\text{m}}$ as a Function of Irradiation Time and Flux.

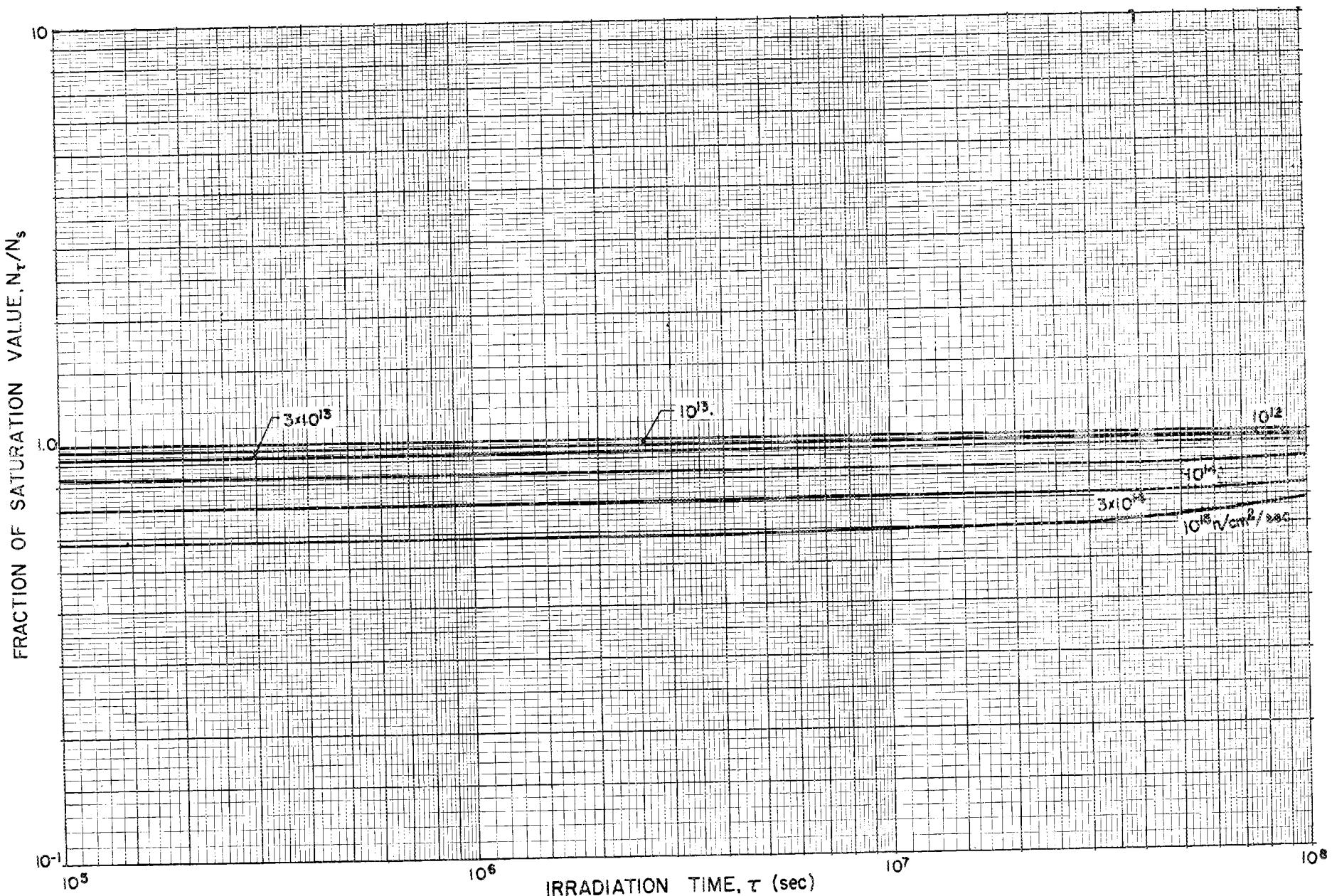


Fig. B-34. Fraction of Saturation Value of $^{32m}\text{Cs}^{138}$ as a Function of Irradiation Time and Flux.

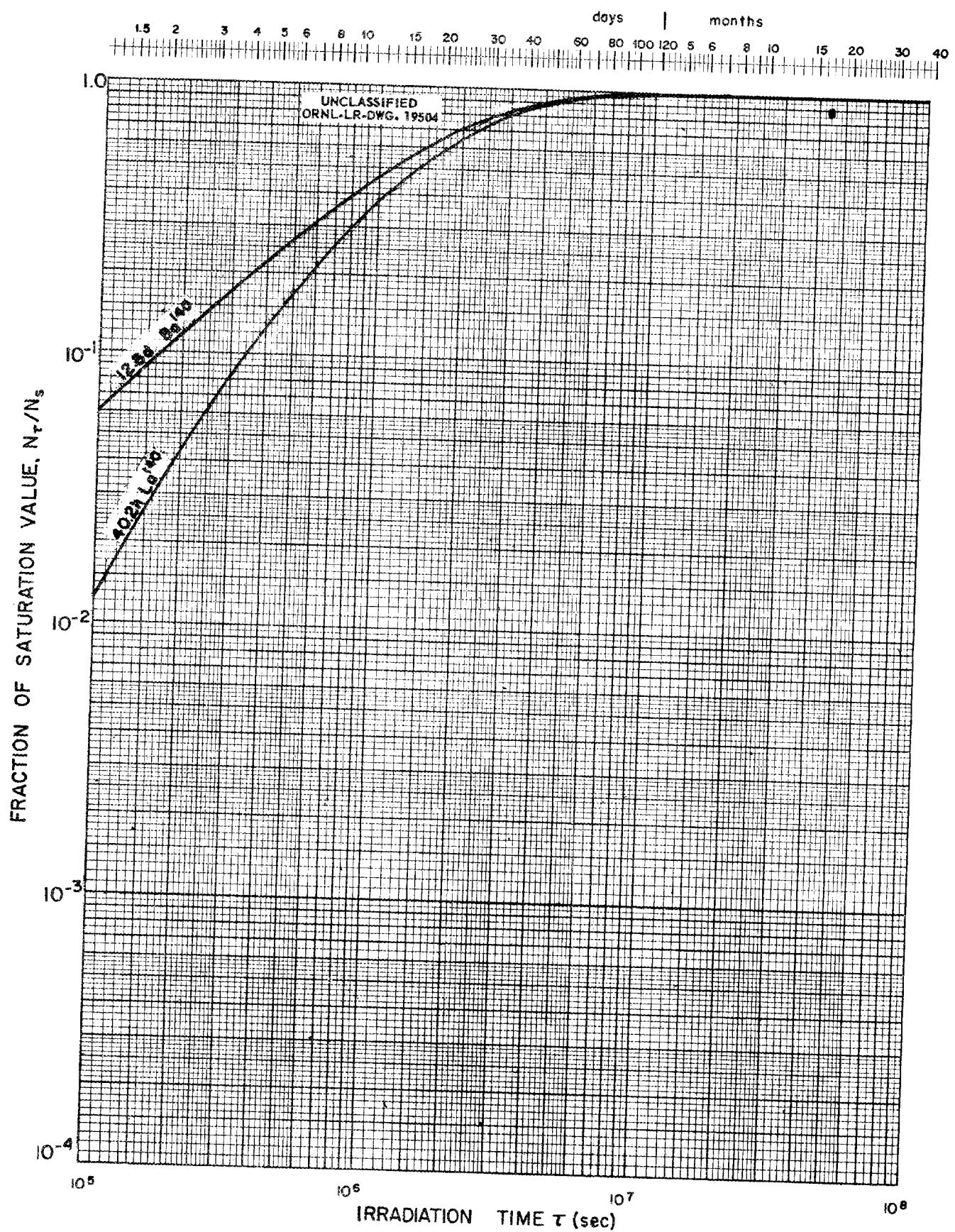


Fig. B-35. Fraction of Saturation Value of Various Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Irradiation Time.

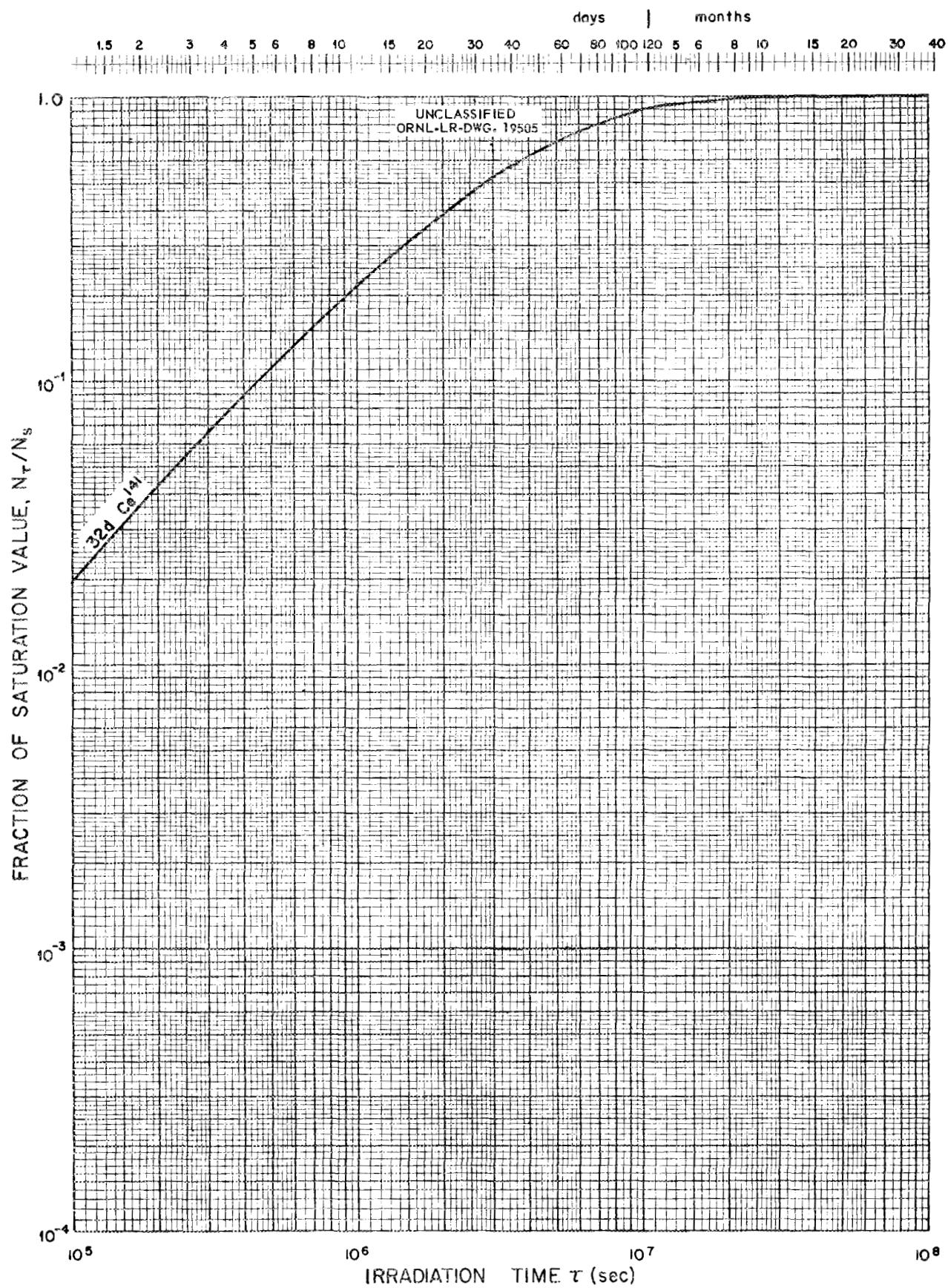


Fig. B-36. Fraction of Saturation Value of Various Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Irradiation Time.

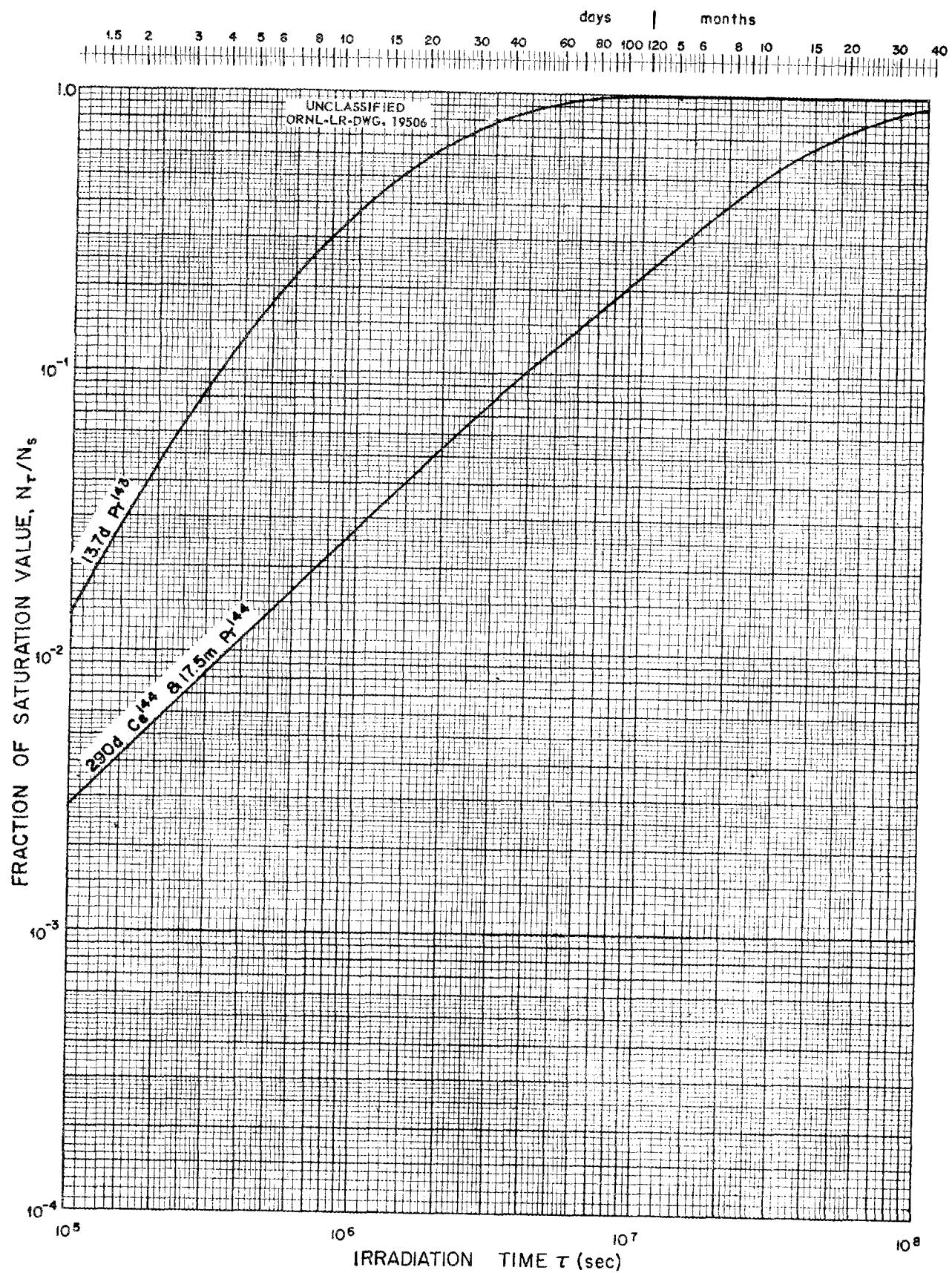


Fig. B-37. Fraction of Saturation Value of Various Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Irradiation Time.

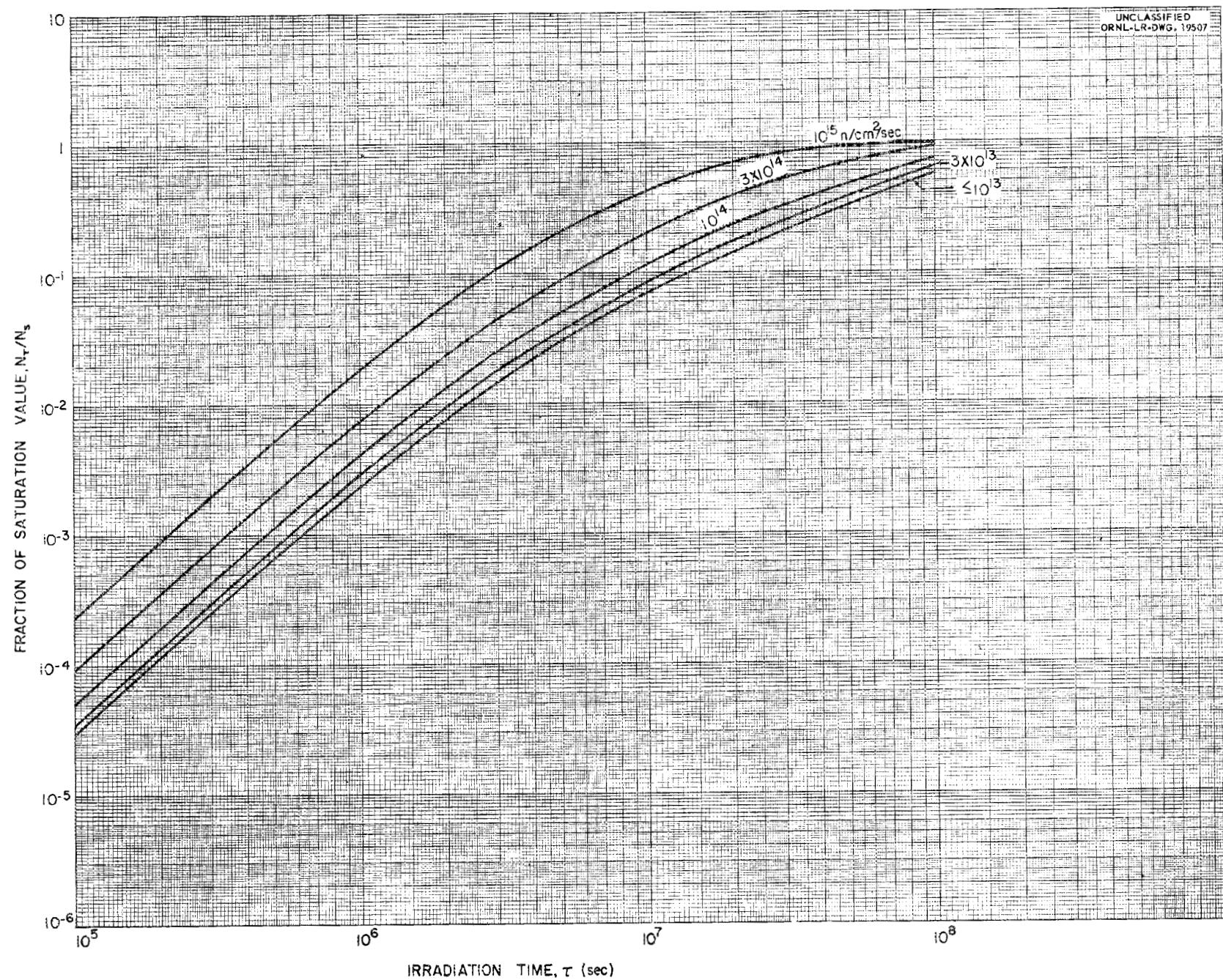


Fig. B-38. Fraction of Saturation Value of 2.6y Pm^{147} as a Function of Irradiation Time and Flux.

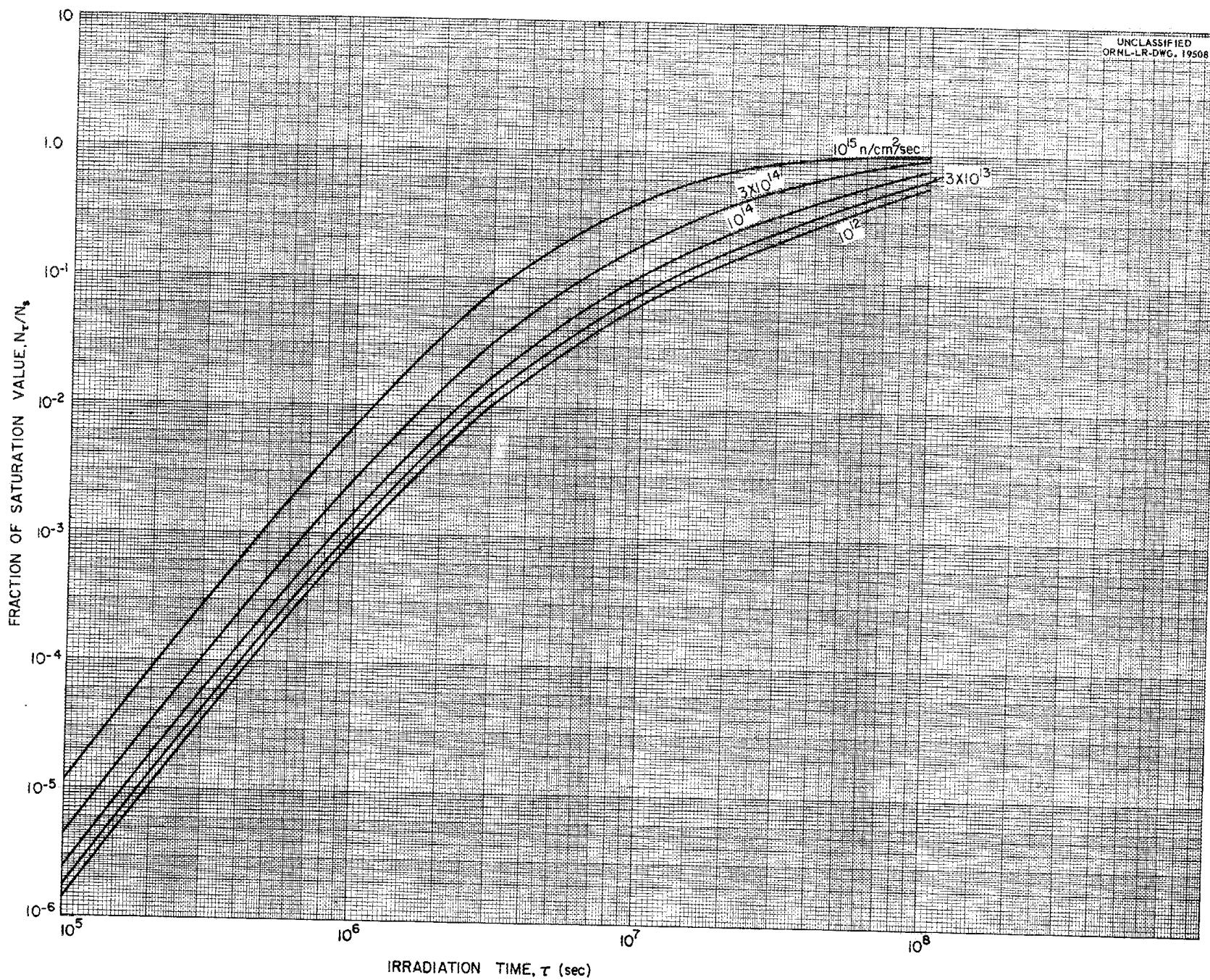


Fig. B-39. Fraction of Saturation Value of $^{53}\text{d}\text{ Pm}^{148}*$ as a Function of Irradiation Time and Flux.

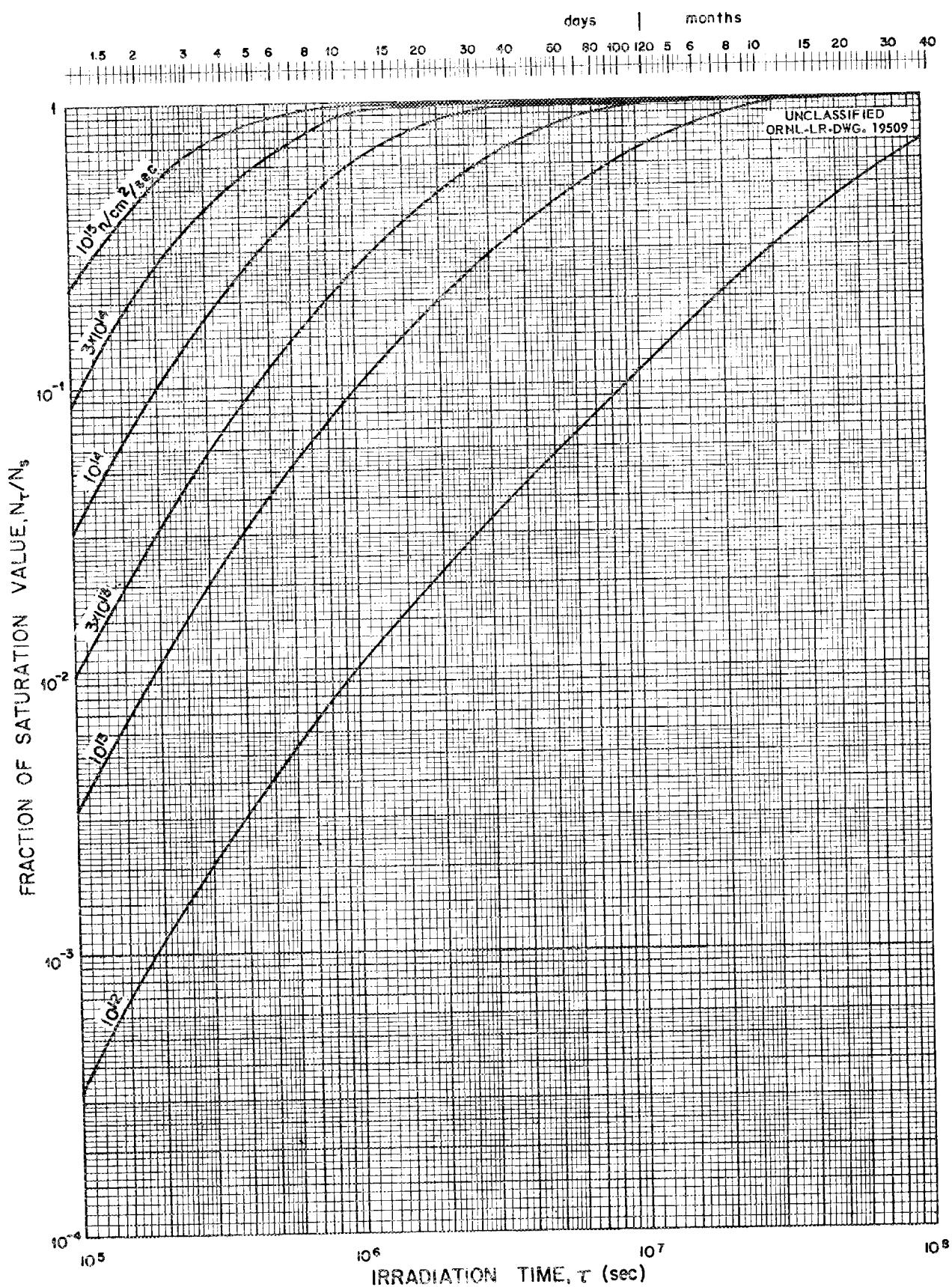


Fig. B-40. Fraction of Saturation Value of $93y\text{ Sm}^{151}$ as a Function of Irradiation Time and Flux.

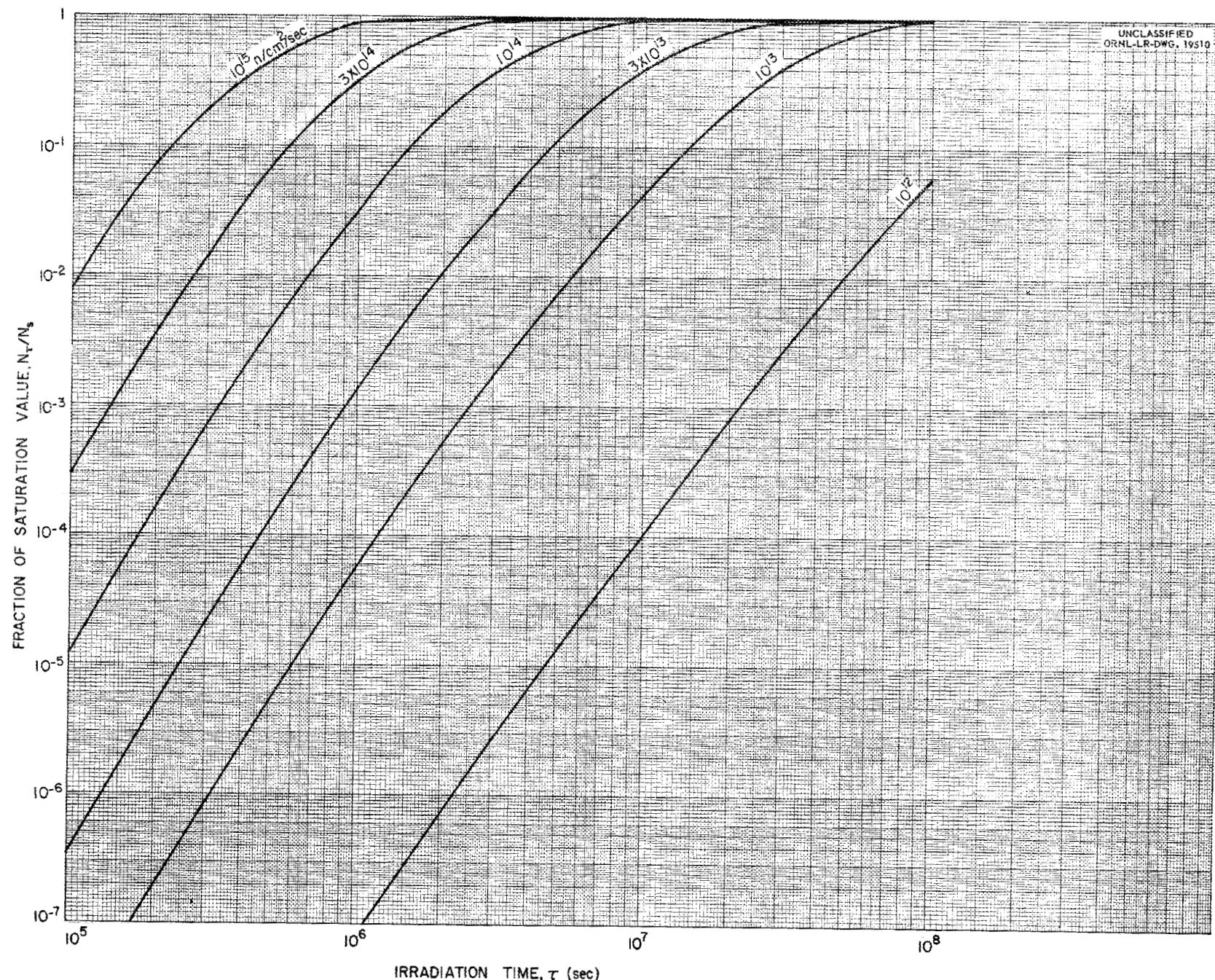


Fig. B-41. Fraction of Saturation Value of 13y Eu^{152*} as a Function of Irradiation Time and Flux.

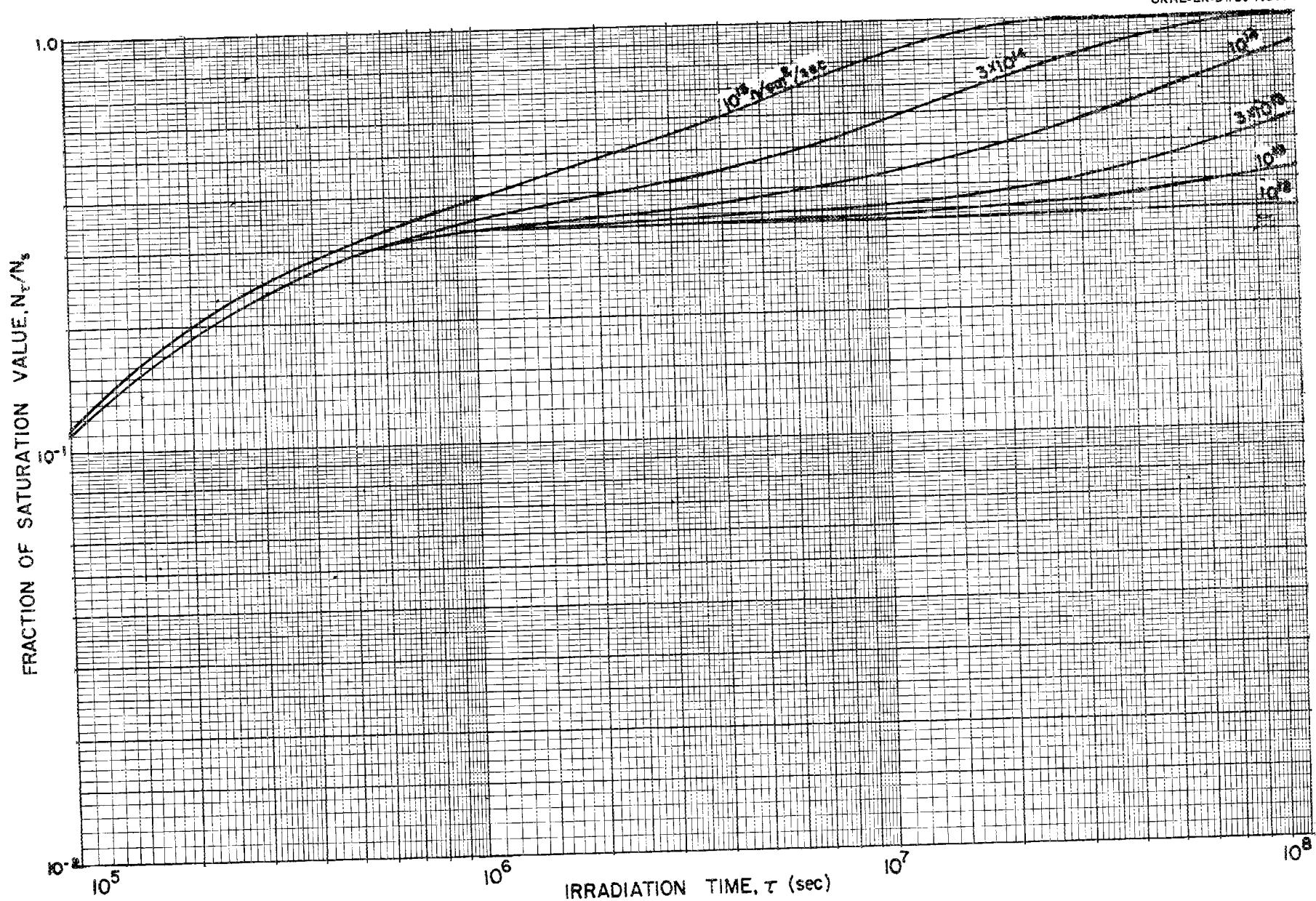


Fig. B-42. Fraction of Saturation Value of 47h Sm^{153} as a Function of Irradiation Time and Flux.

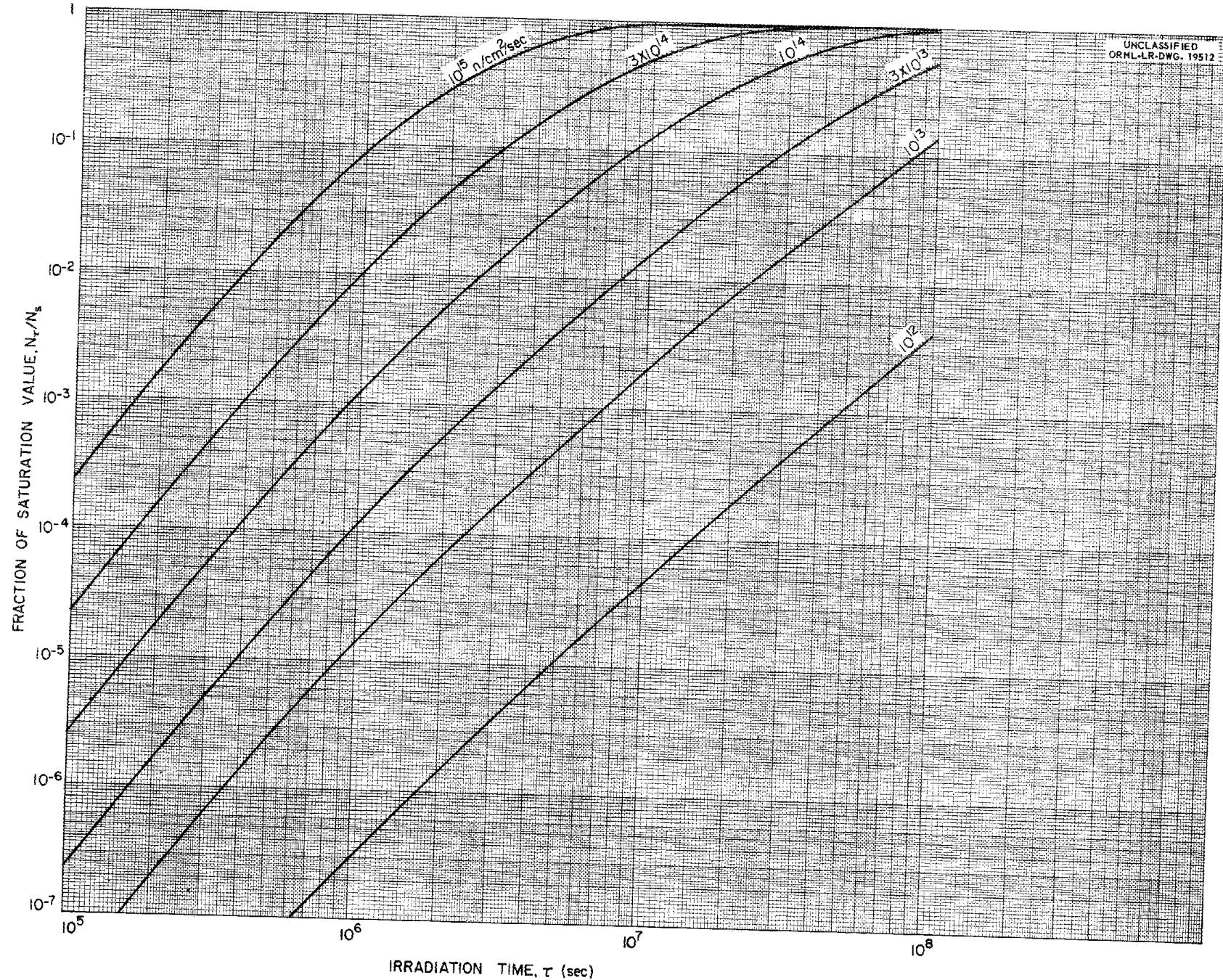


Fig. B-43. Fraction of Saturation Value of $^{16y}\text{Eu}^{154}$ as a Function of Irradiation Time and Flux.

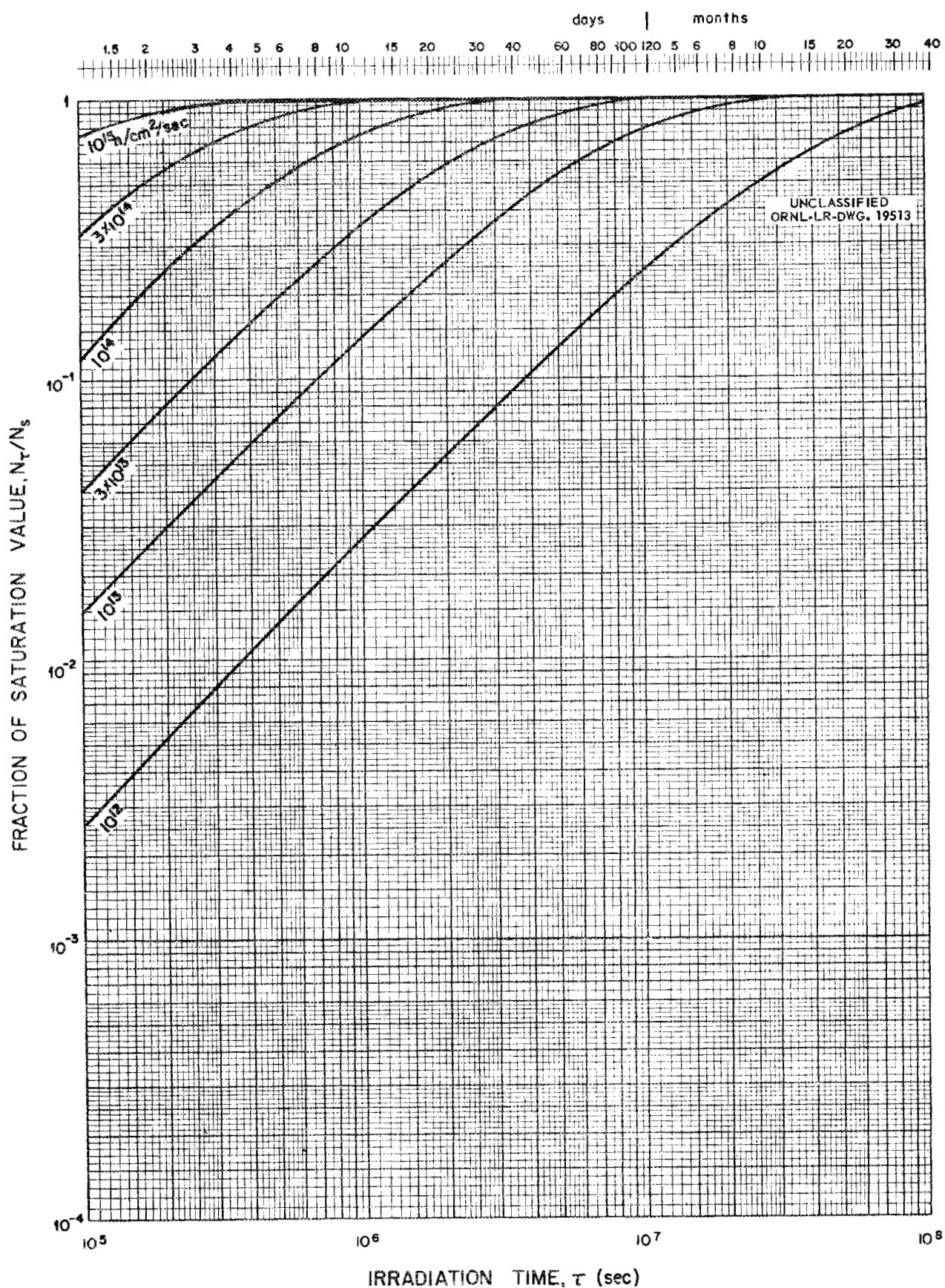


Fig. B-44. Fraction of Saturation Value of 1.7y Eu^{155} as a Function of Irradiation Time and Flux.

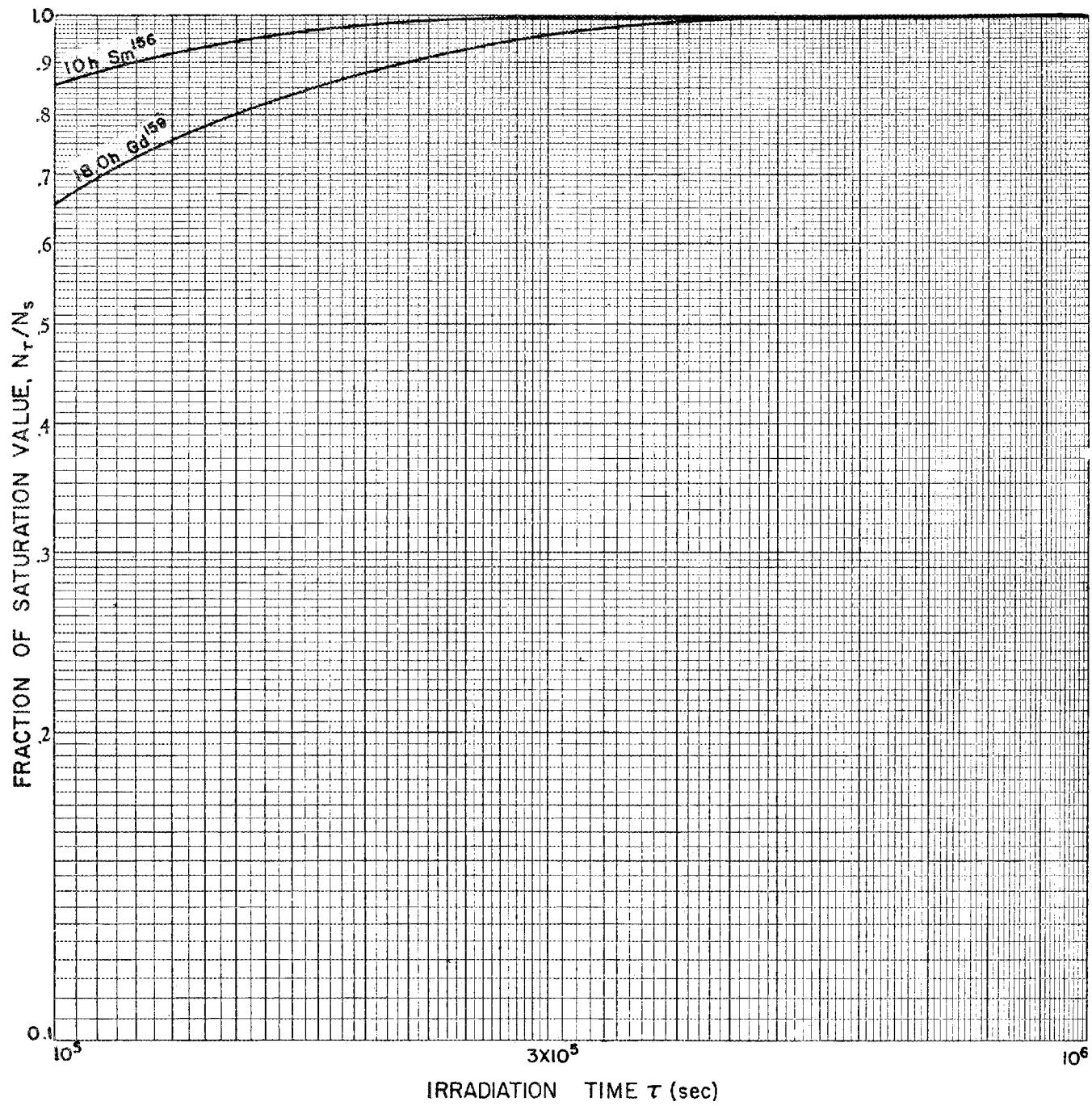
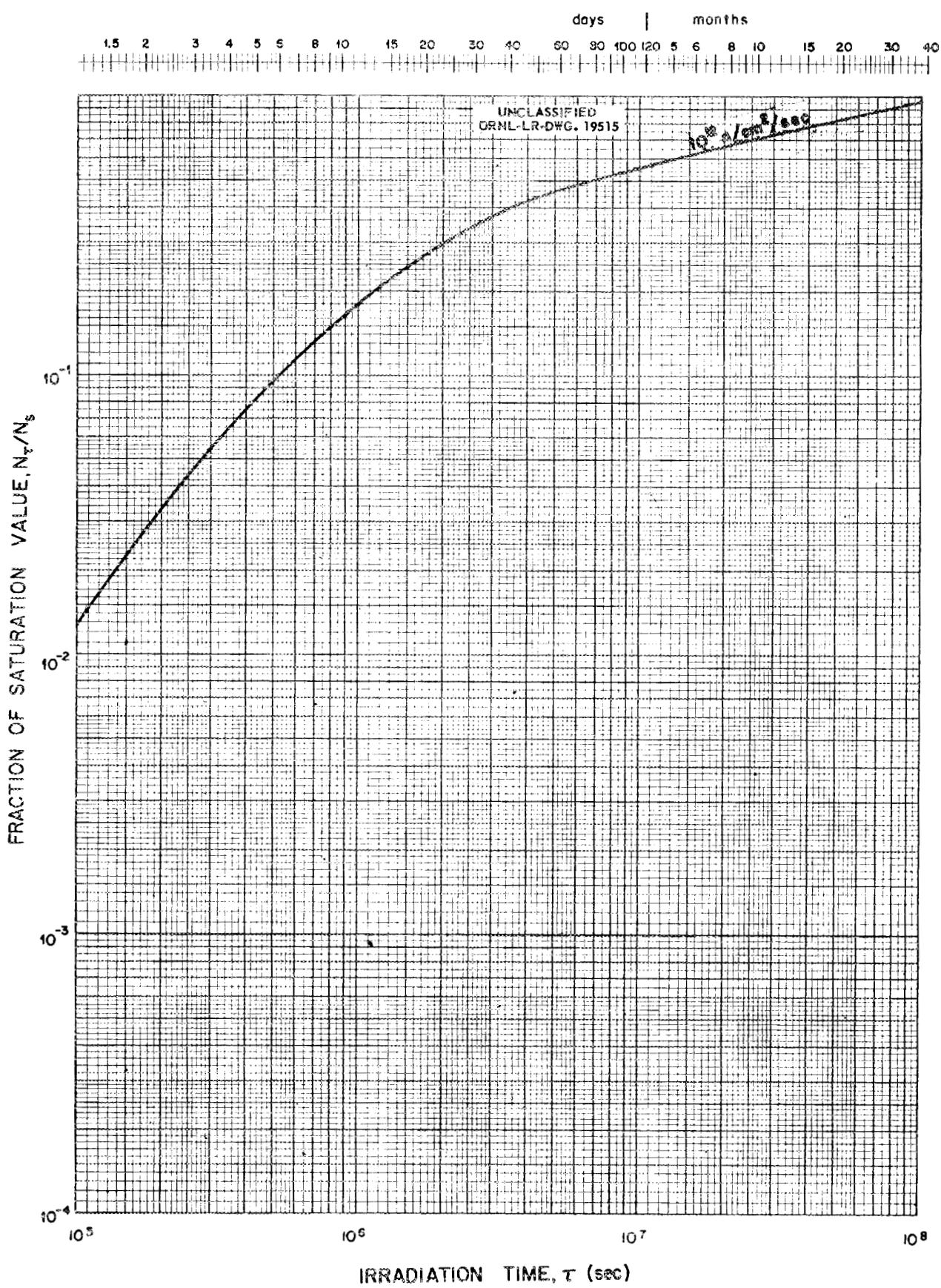
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Fig. B-45. Fraction of Saturation Value of Various Radioactive Fission Products as a Function of Irradiation Time.

Fig. B-46. Fraction of Saturation Value of 15.4d Eu¹⁵⁶ as a

Function of Irradiation Time and Flux.

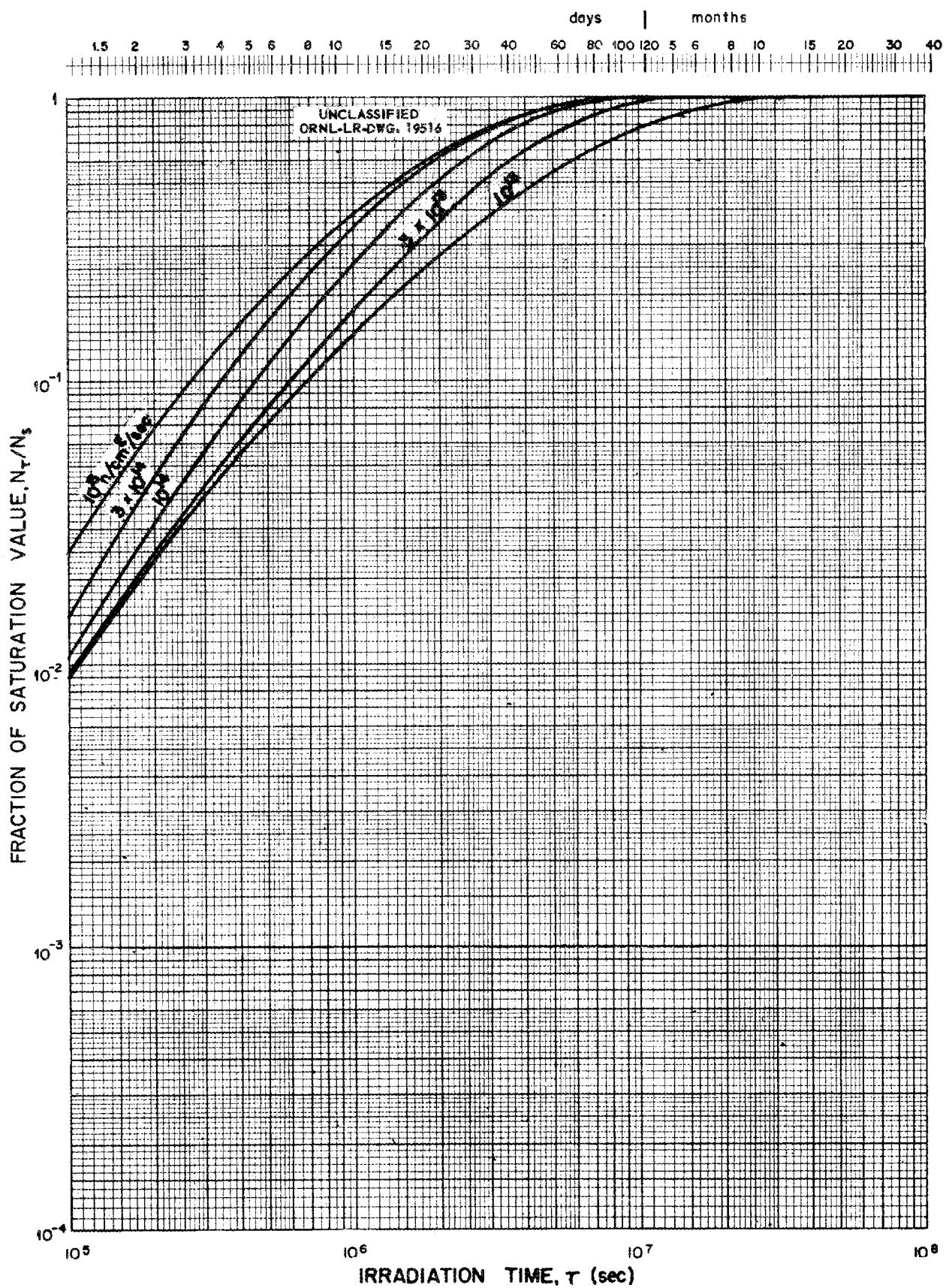


Fig. B-46a. Fraction of Saturation Value of $^{15.4d}\text{Eu}^{56}$ as a Function of Irradiation Time and Flux.

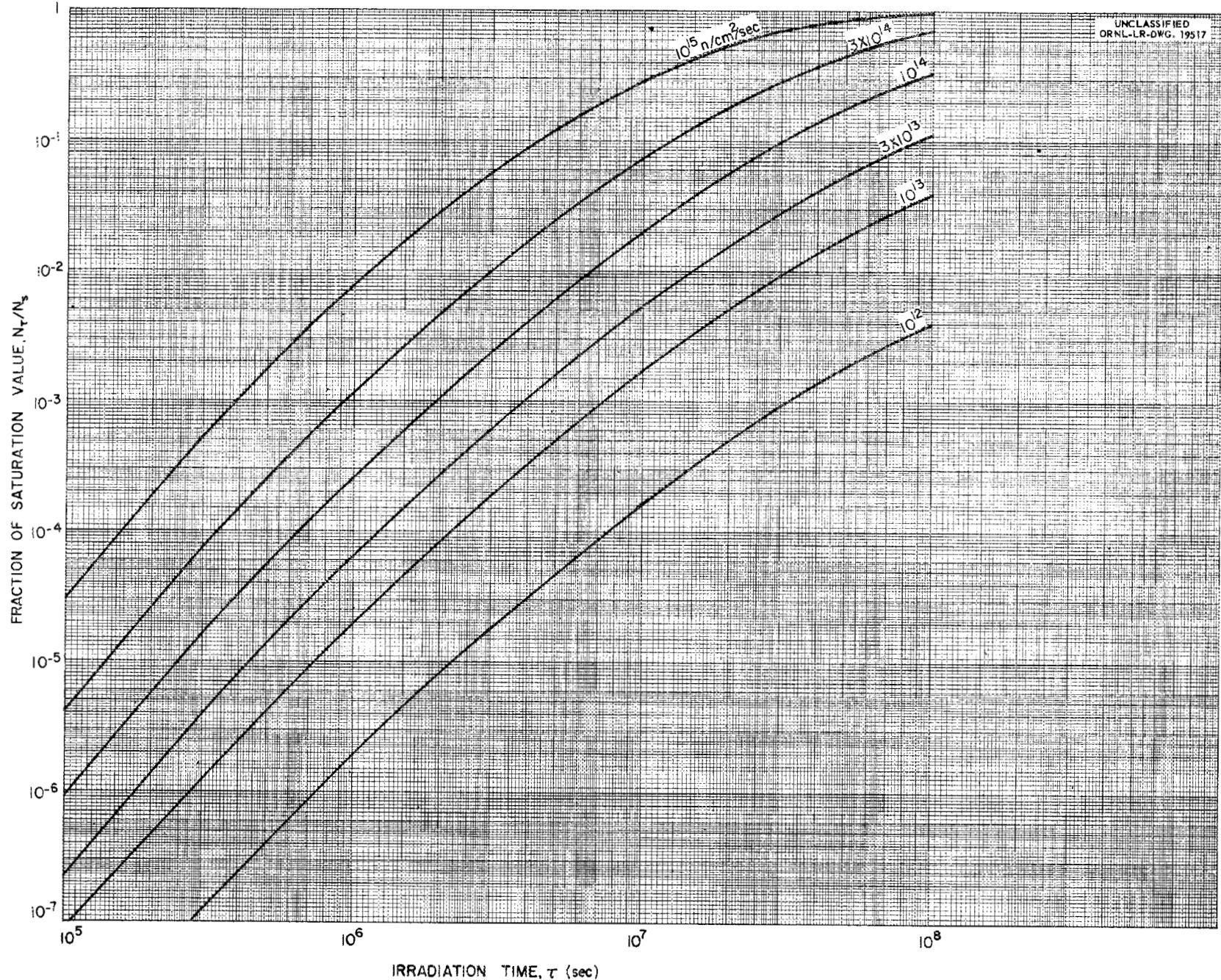


Fig. B-47. Fraction of Saturation Value of $^{73.5d}\text{Tb}^{160}$ * as a Function of Irradiation Time and Flux.

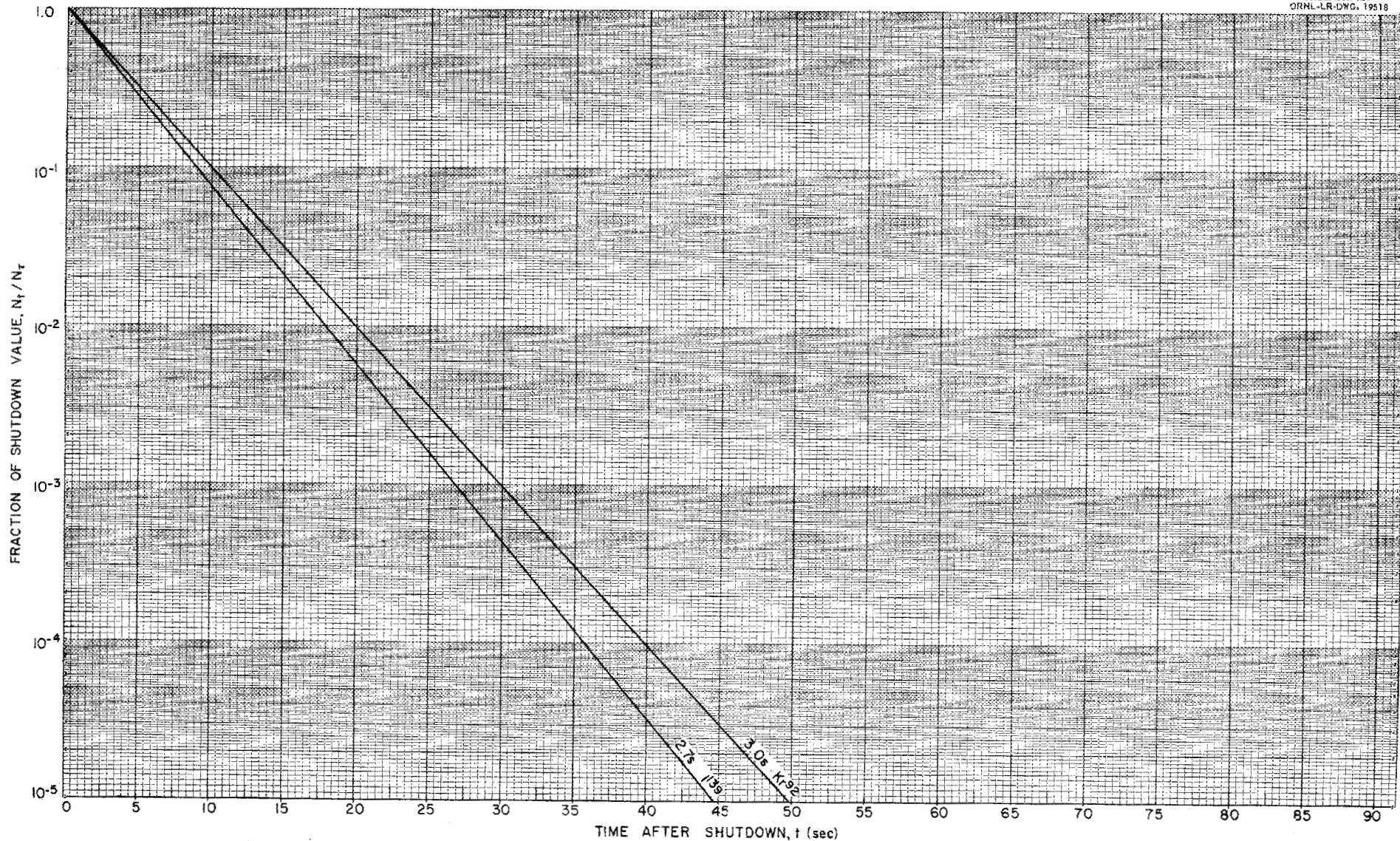


Fig. C-1. Fraction of Shutdown Value of Radioactive Fission Products Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

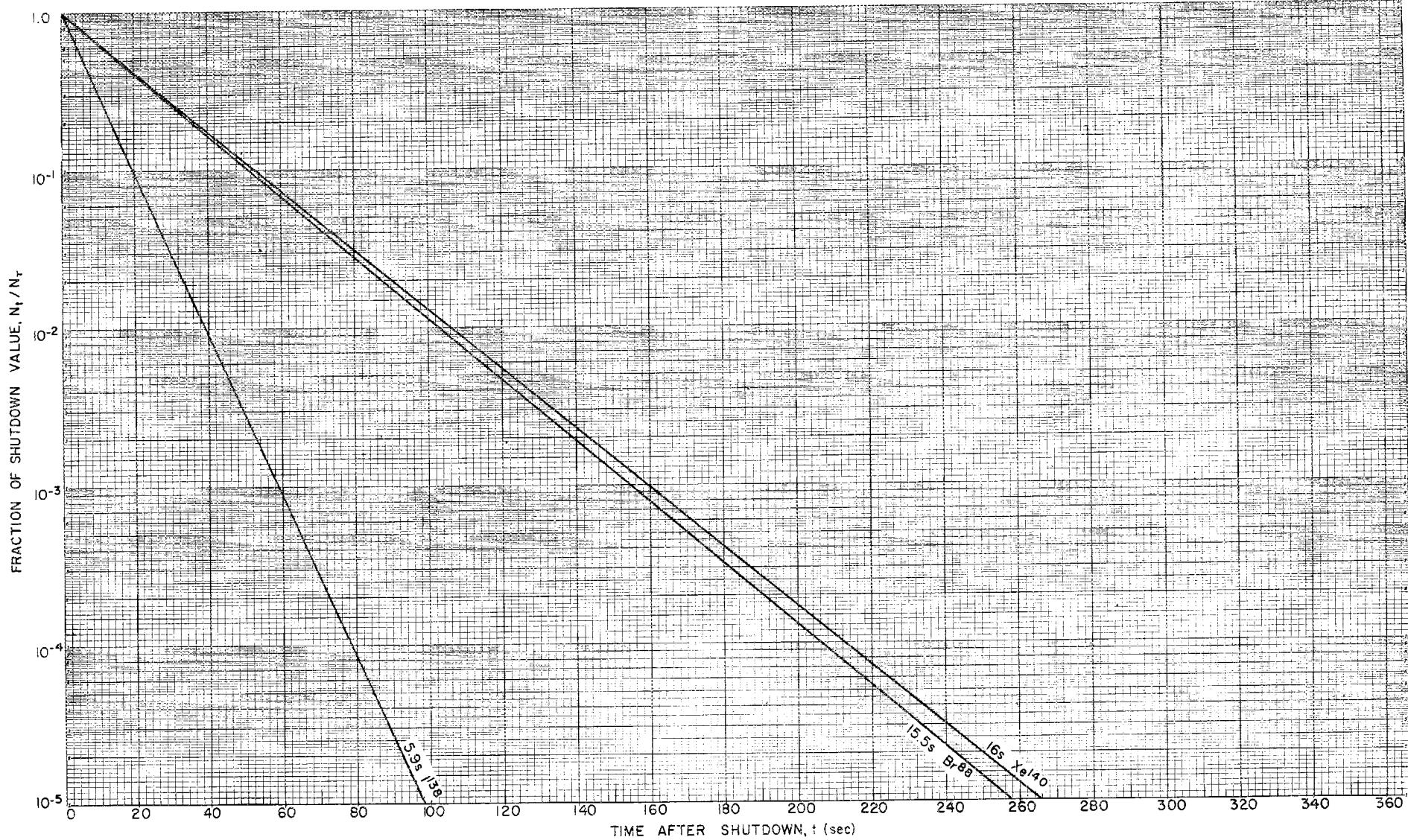


Fig. C-2. Fraction of Shutdown Value of Radioactive Fission Products Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

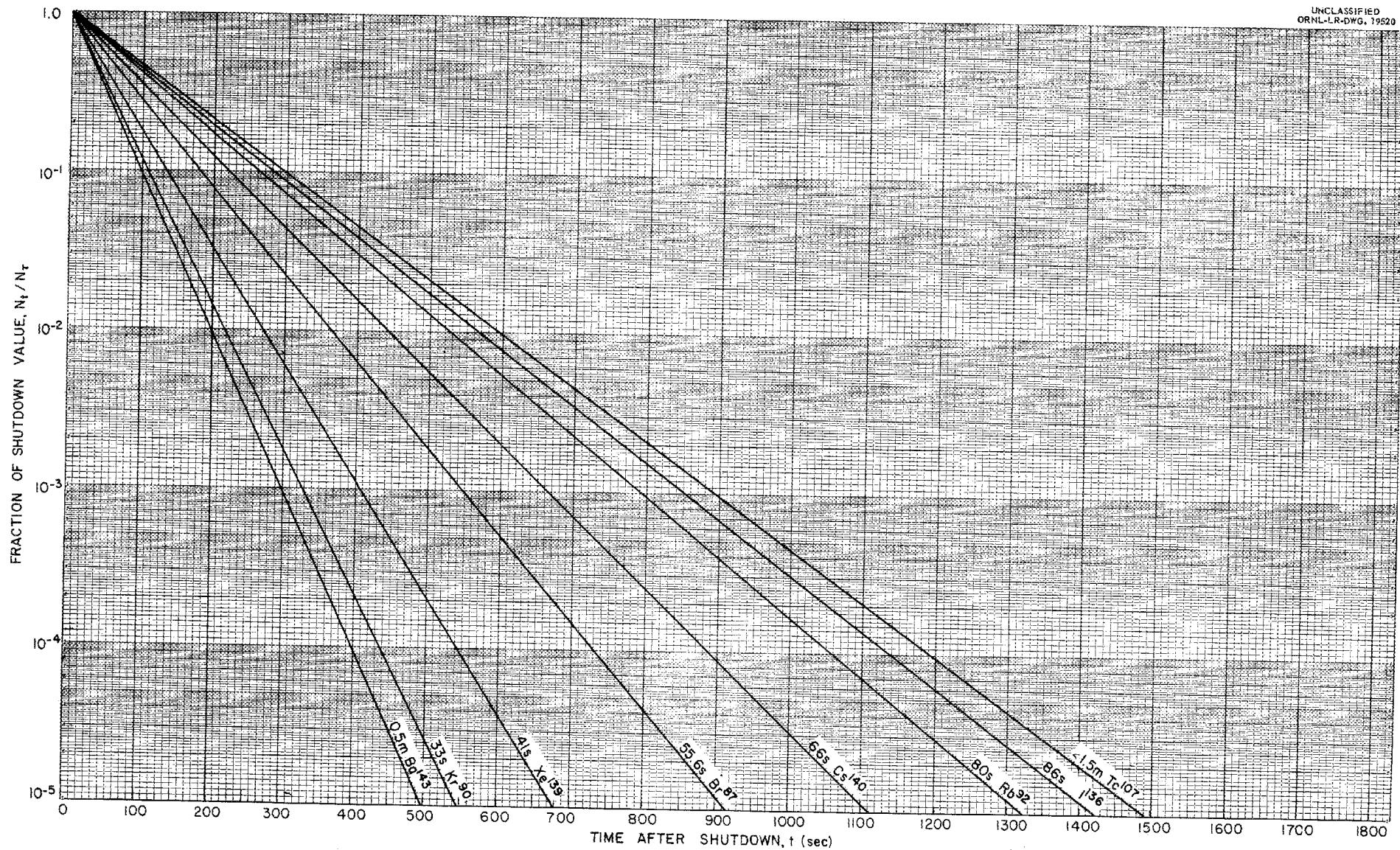


Fig. C-3. Fraction of Shutdown Value of Radioactive Fission Products Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

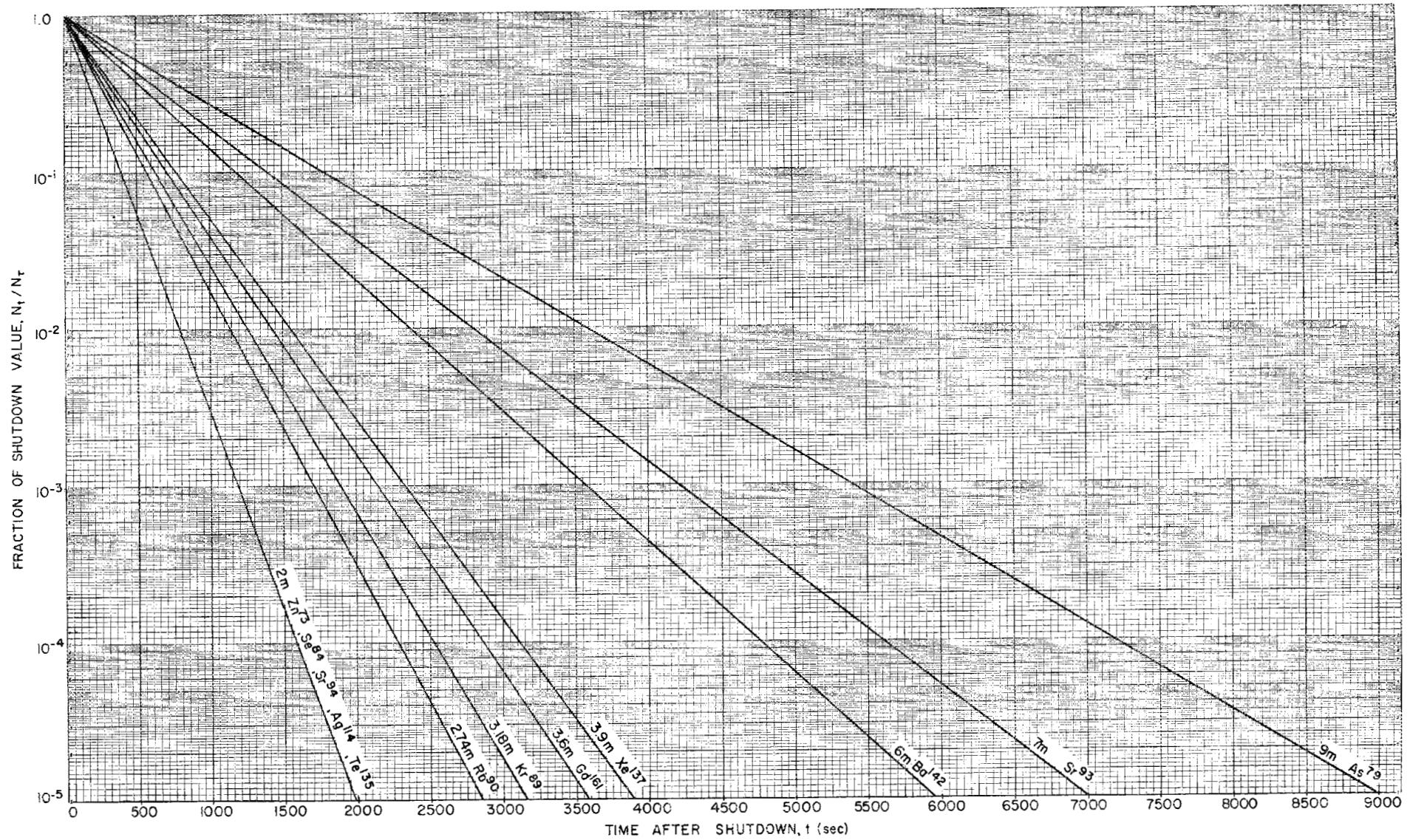


Fig. C-4. Fraction of Shutdown Value of Radioactive Fission Products Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

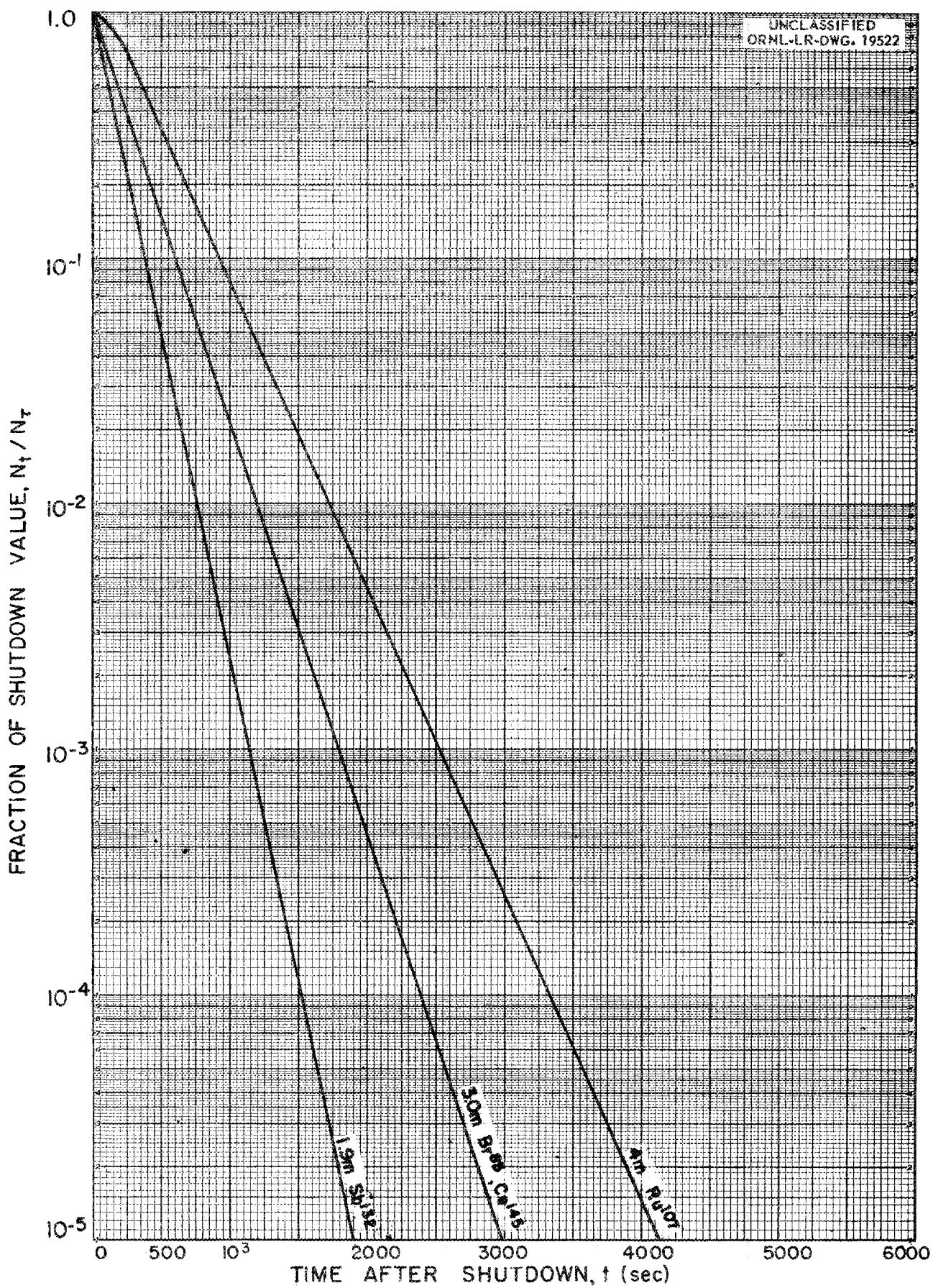


Fig. C-5. Fraction of Shutdown Value of Radioactive Fission Products Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

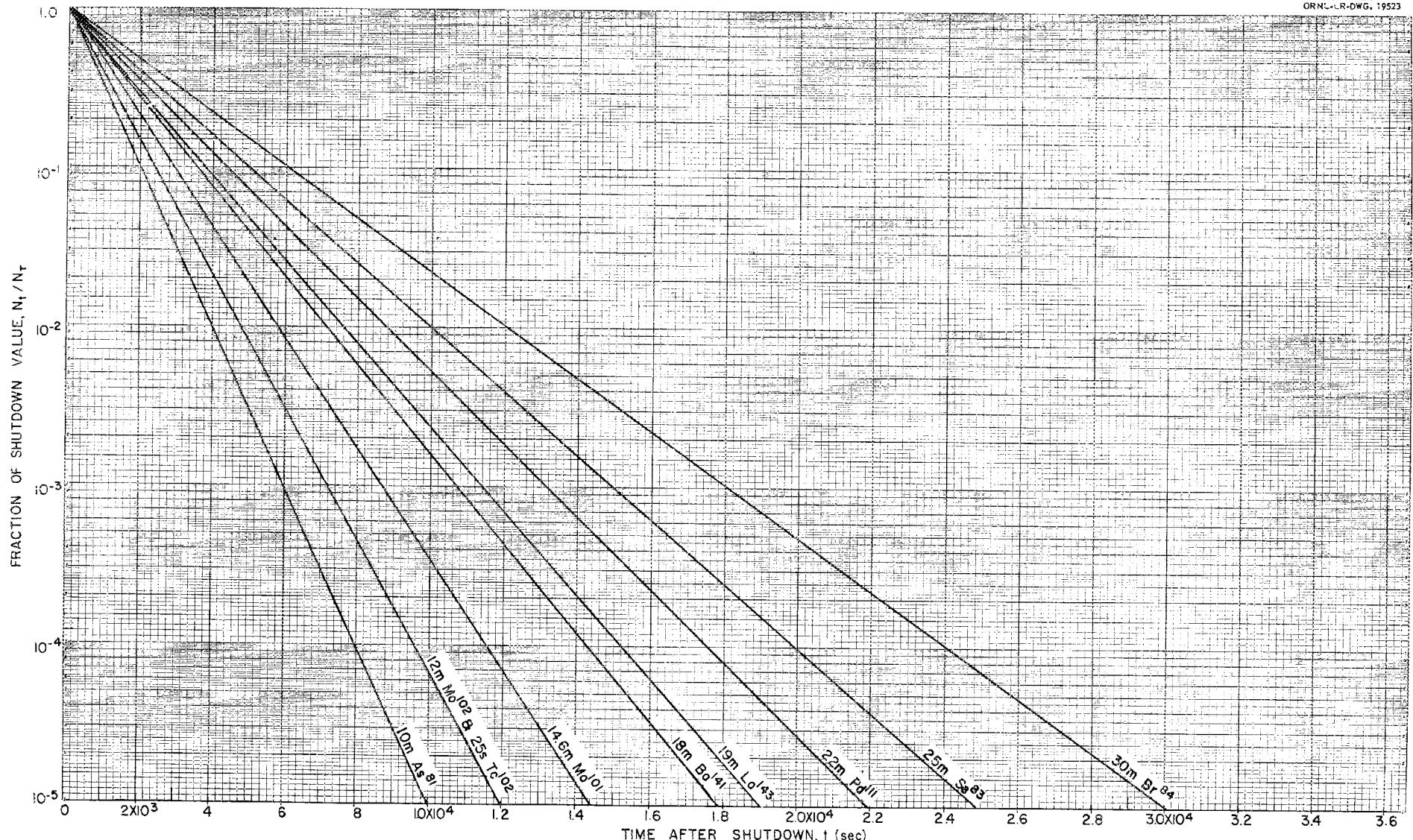


Fig. C-6. Fraction of Shutdown Value of Radioactive Fission Products Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

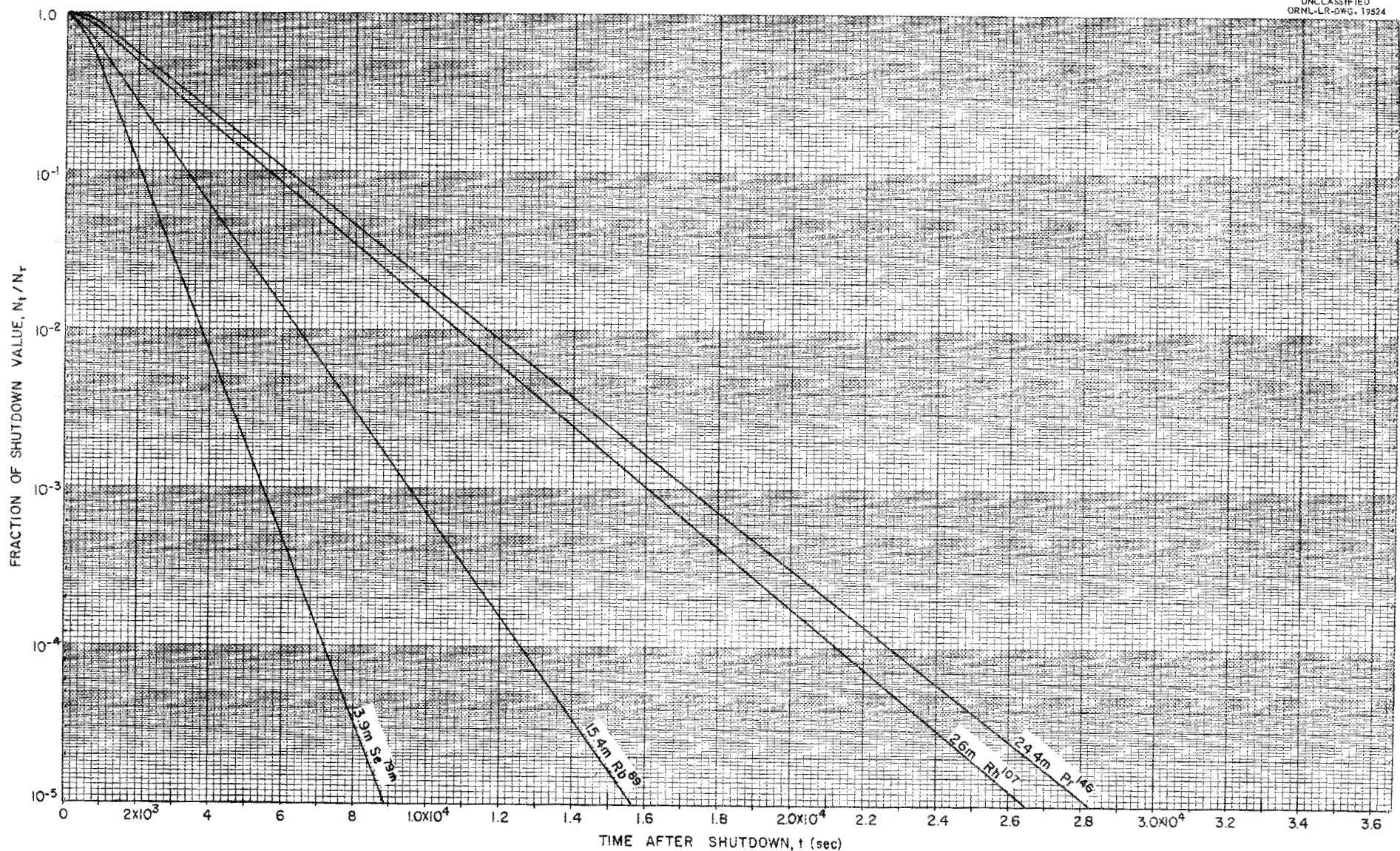


Fig. C-7. Fraction of Shutdown Value of Radioactive Fission Products Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

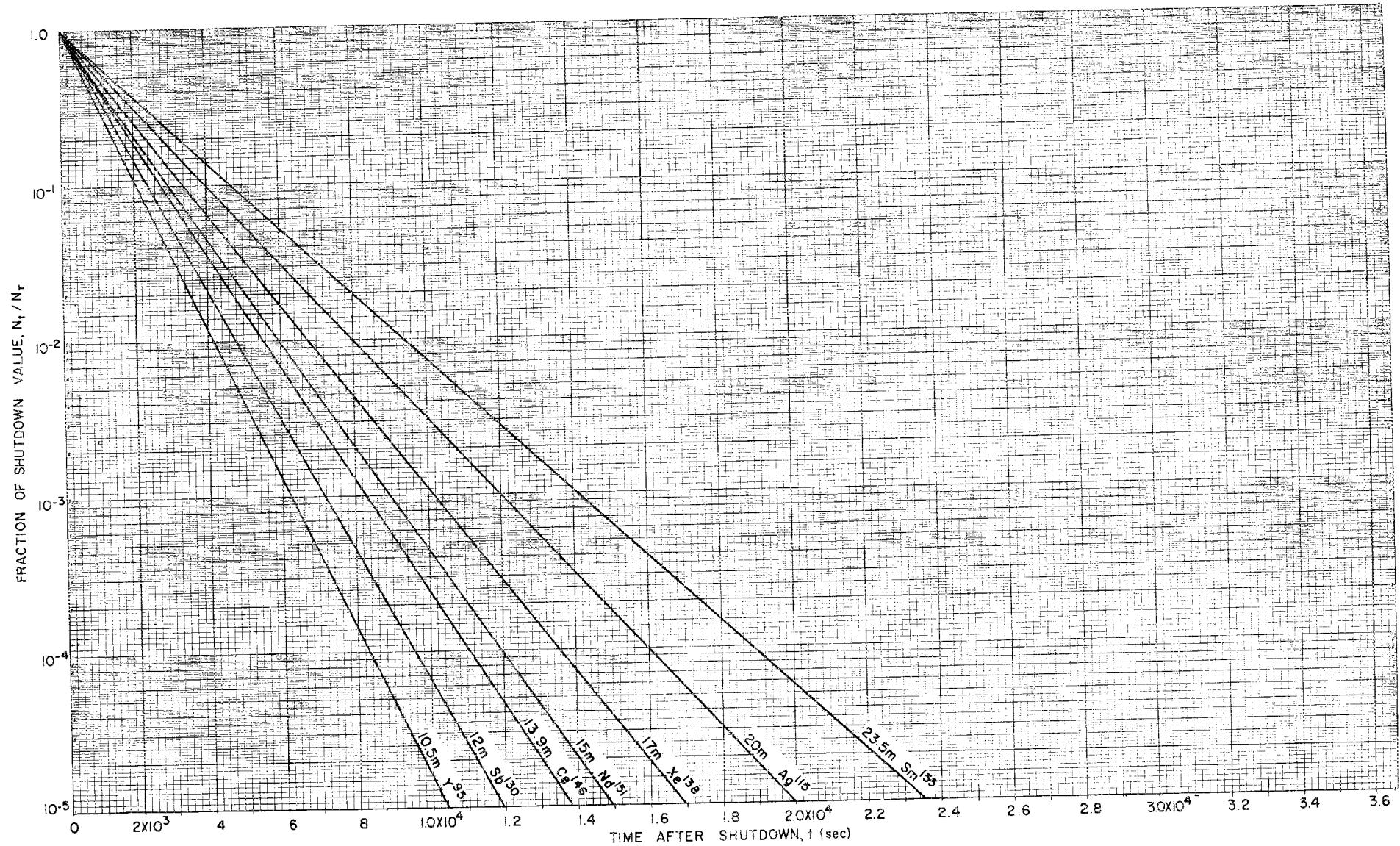


Fig. C-8. Fraction of Shutdown Value of Radioactive Fission Products Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

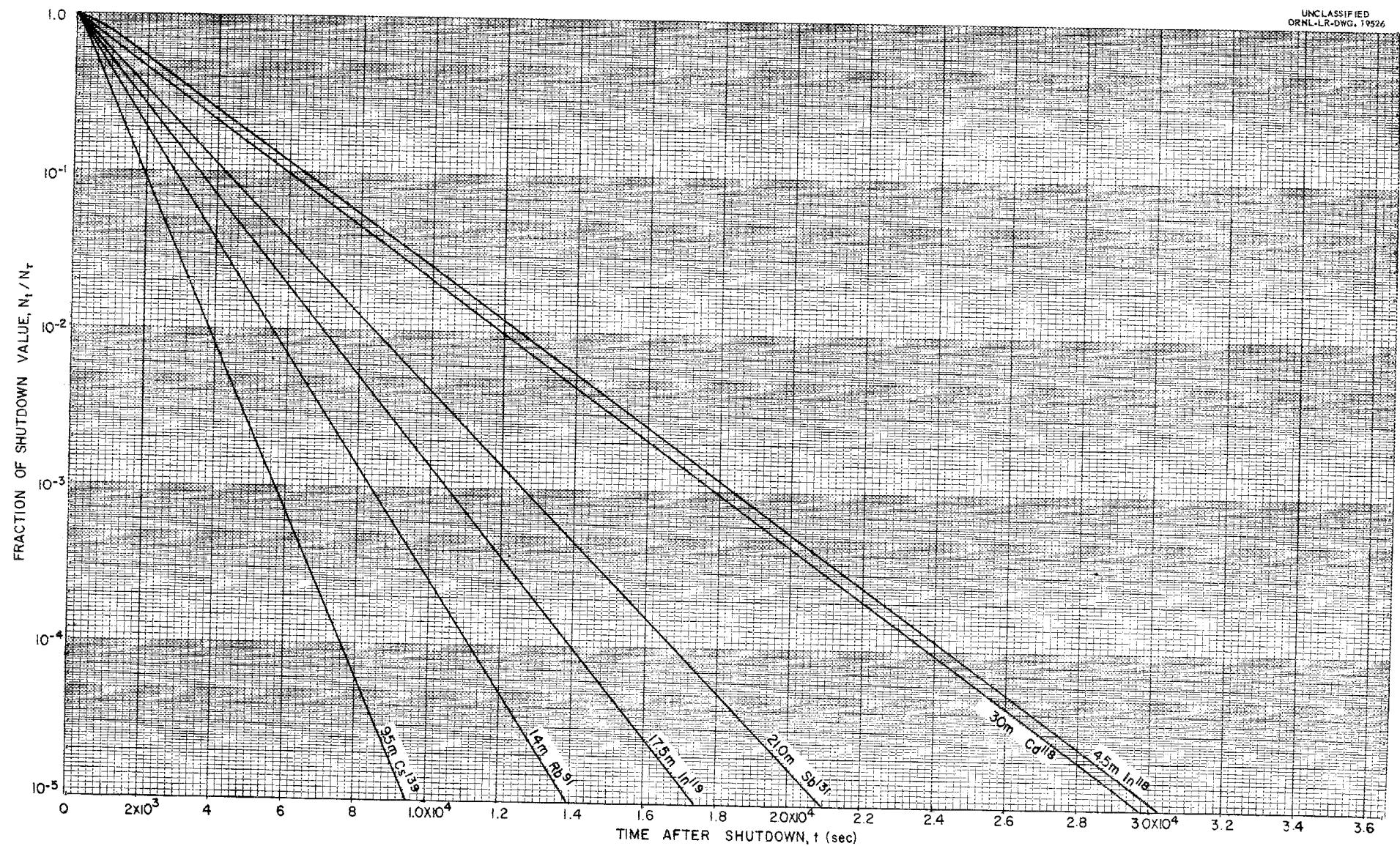


Fig. C-9. Fraction of Shutdown Value of Radioactive Fission Products Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

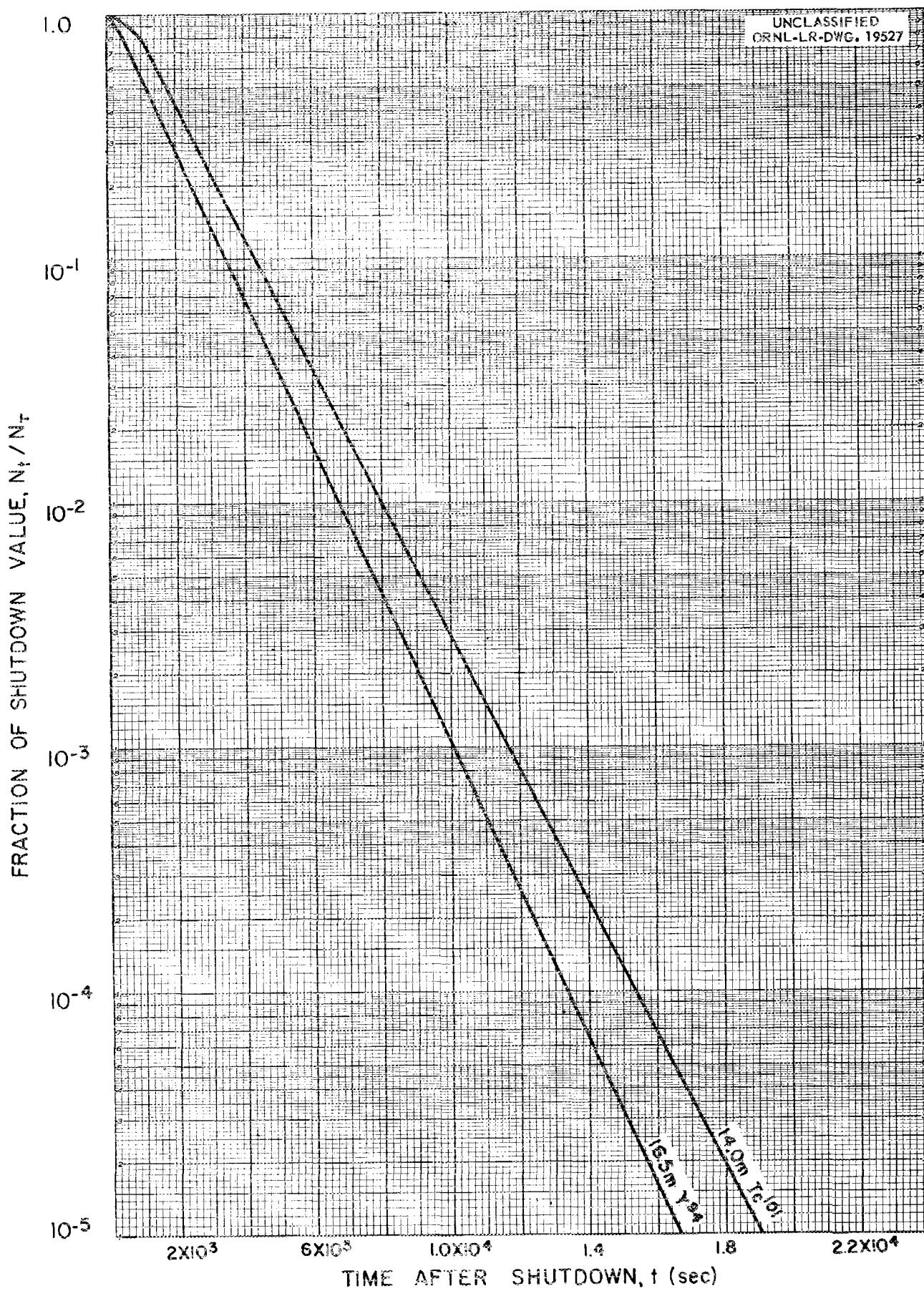


Fig. C-9a. Fraction of Shutdown Value of Radioactive Fission Products Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

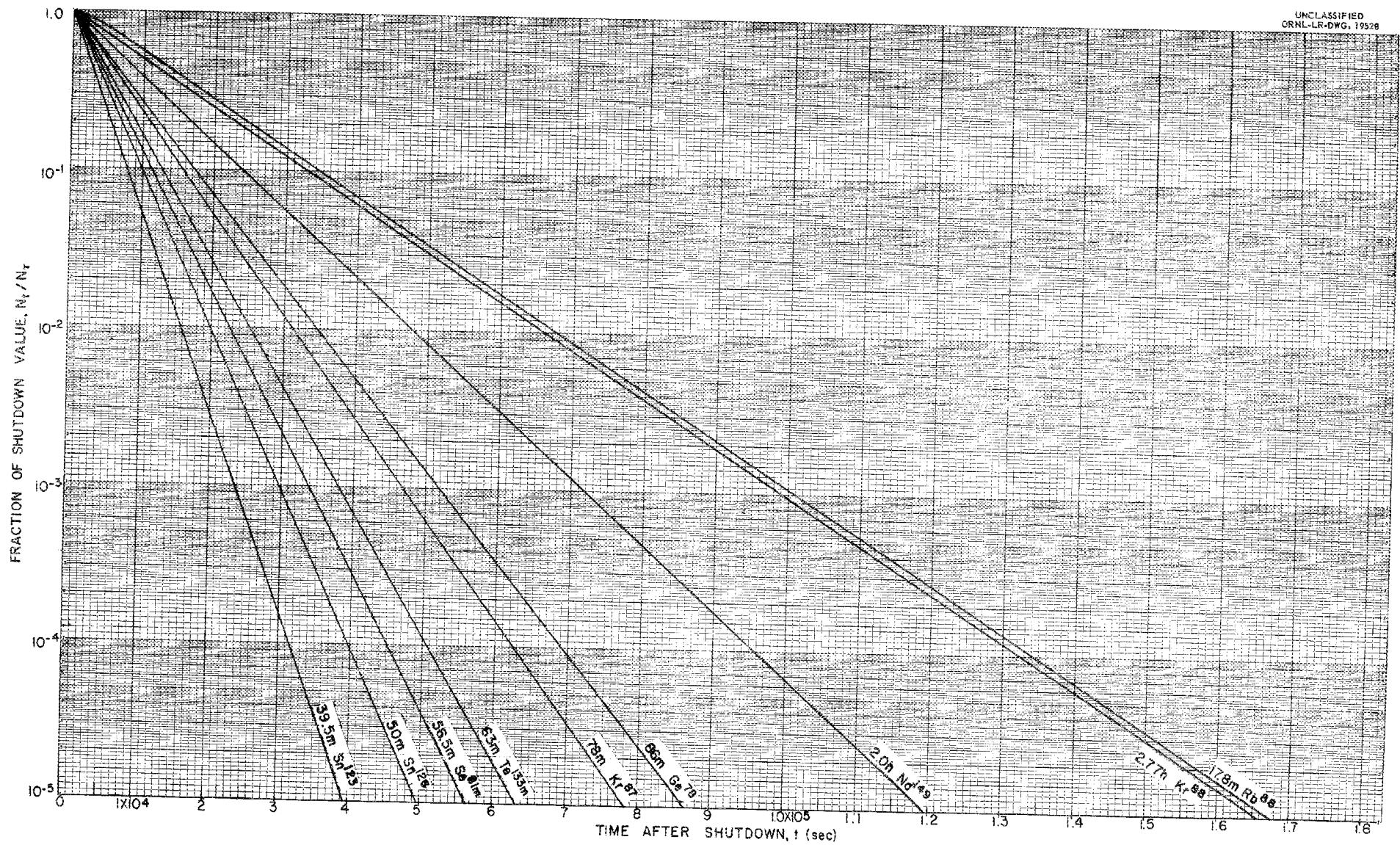


Fig. C-10. Fraction of Shutdown Value of Radioactive Fission Products Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

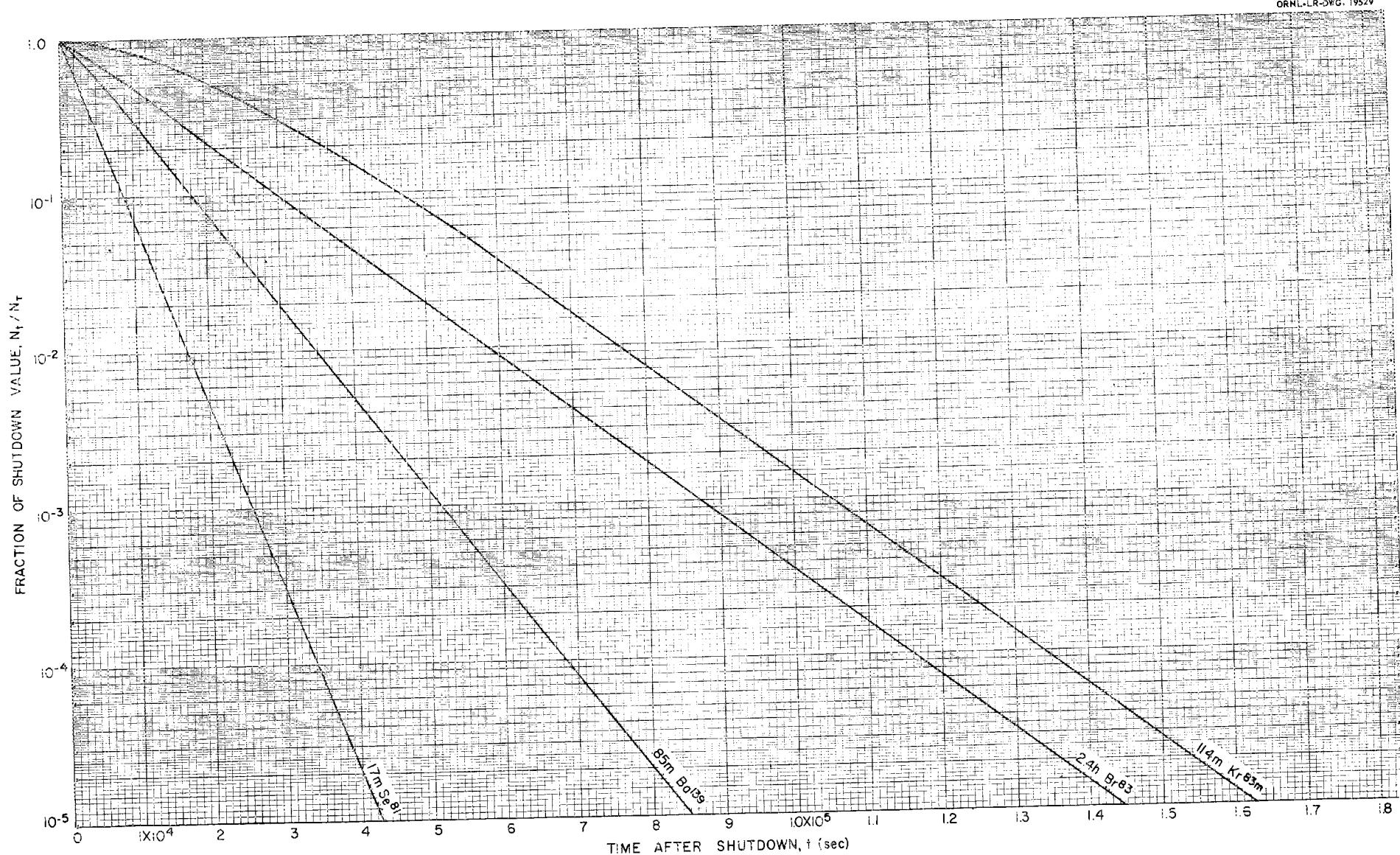


Fig. C-II. Fraction of Shutdown Value of Radioactive Fission Products Remaining of Various Times After Shutdown.

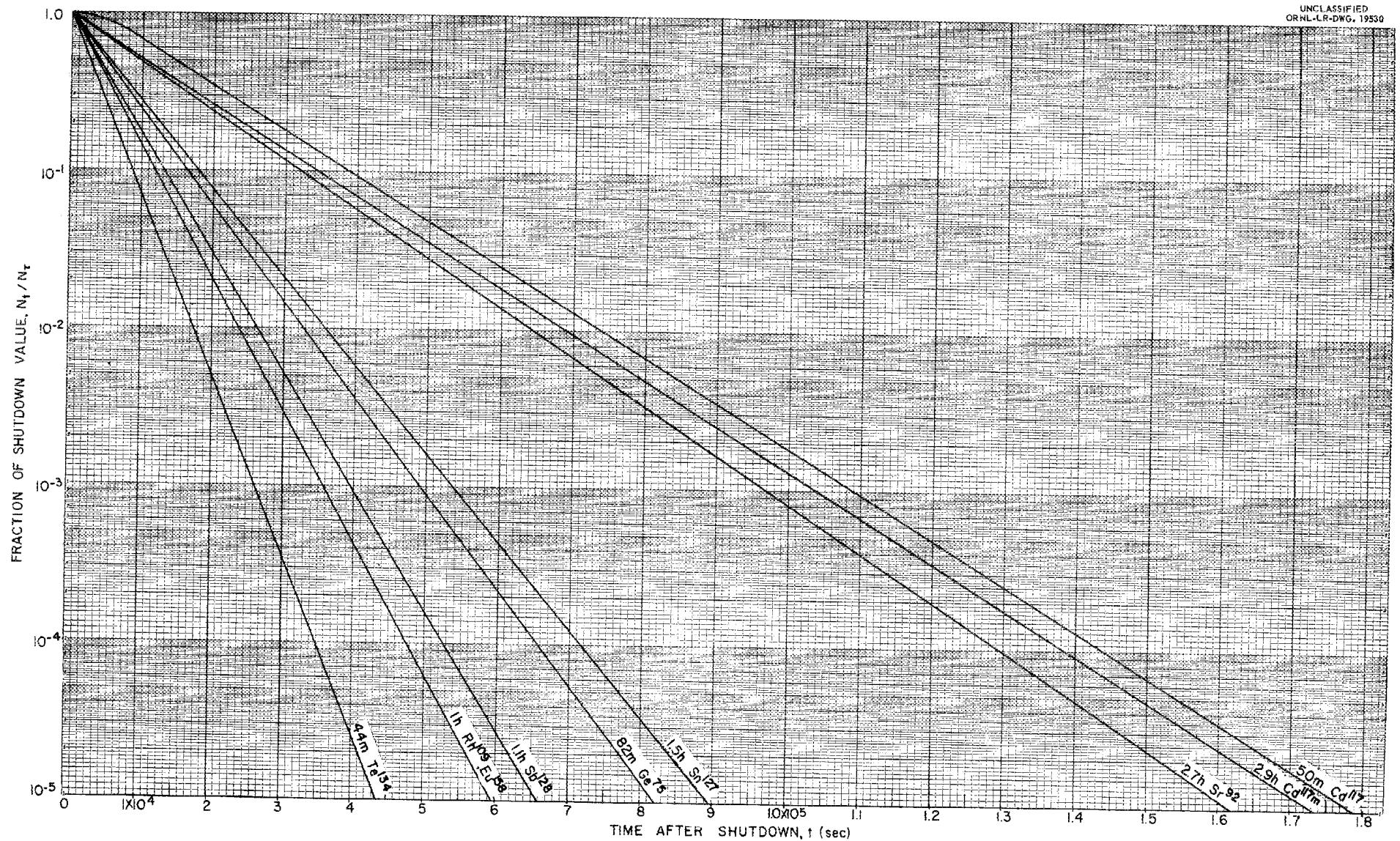


Fig. C-12. Fraction of Shutdown Value of Radioactive Fission Products Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

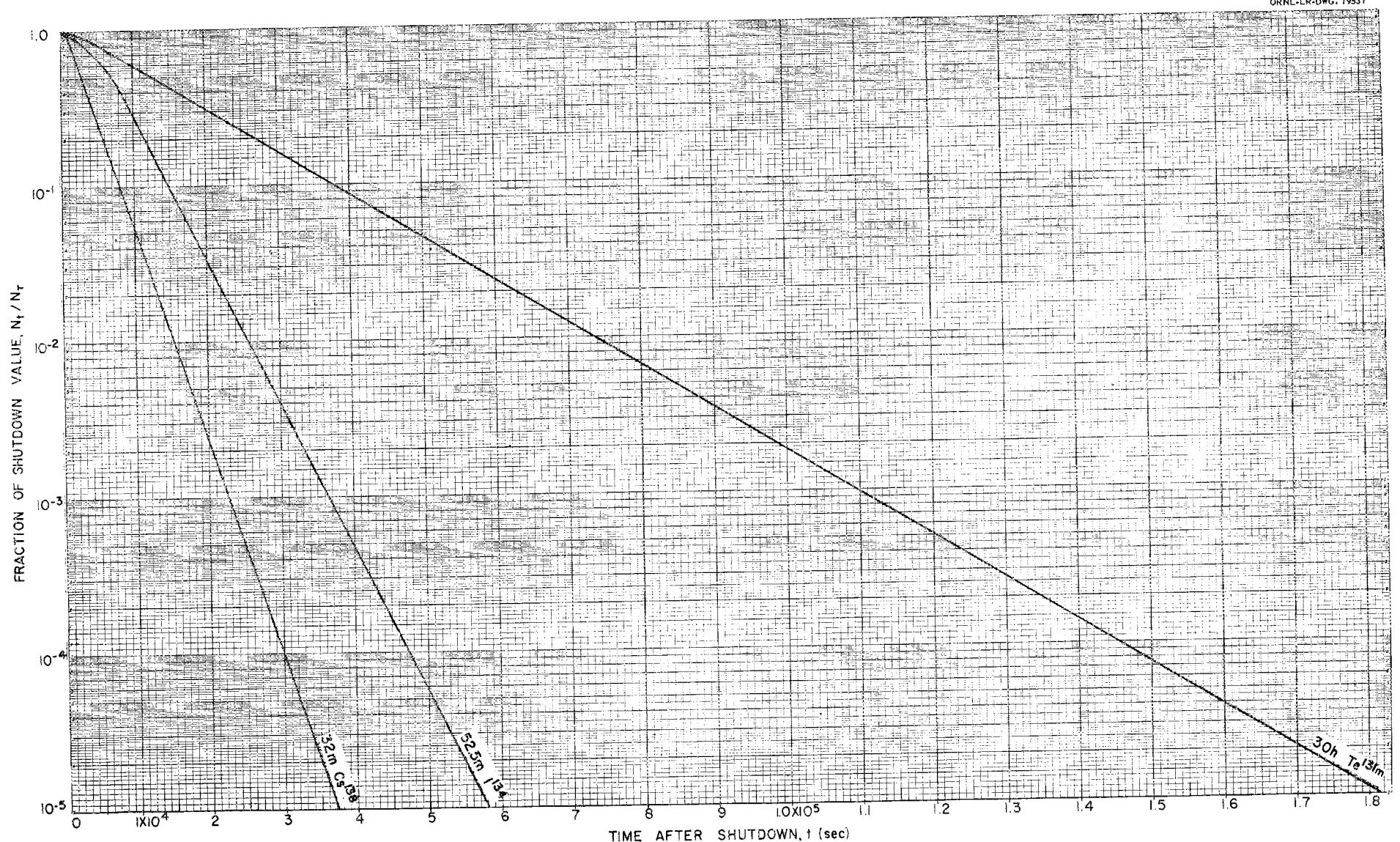


Fig. C-13. Fraction of Shutdown Value of Radioactive Fission Products Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

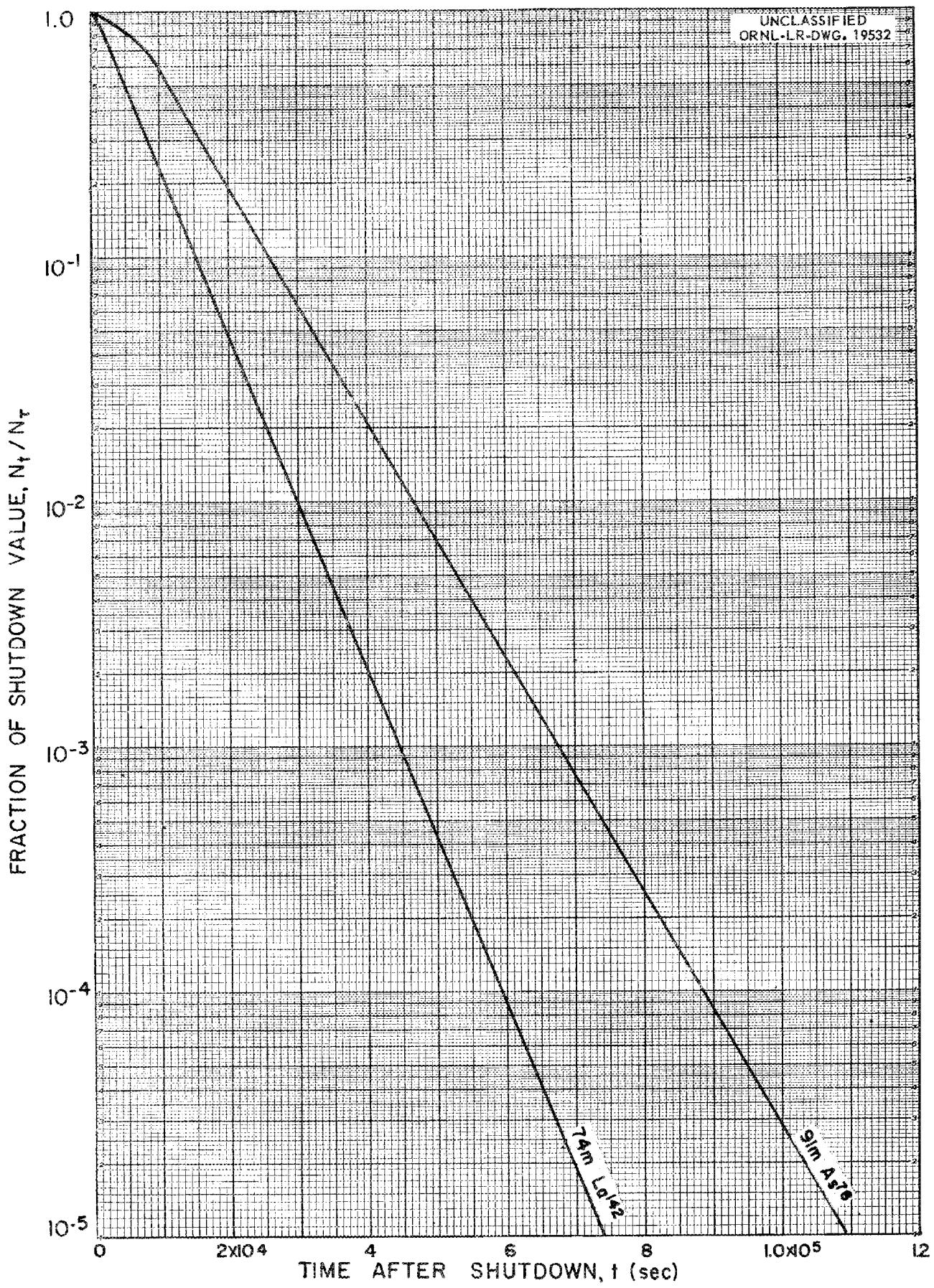


Fig. C-14. Fraction of Shutdown Value of Radioactive Fission Products Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

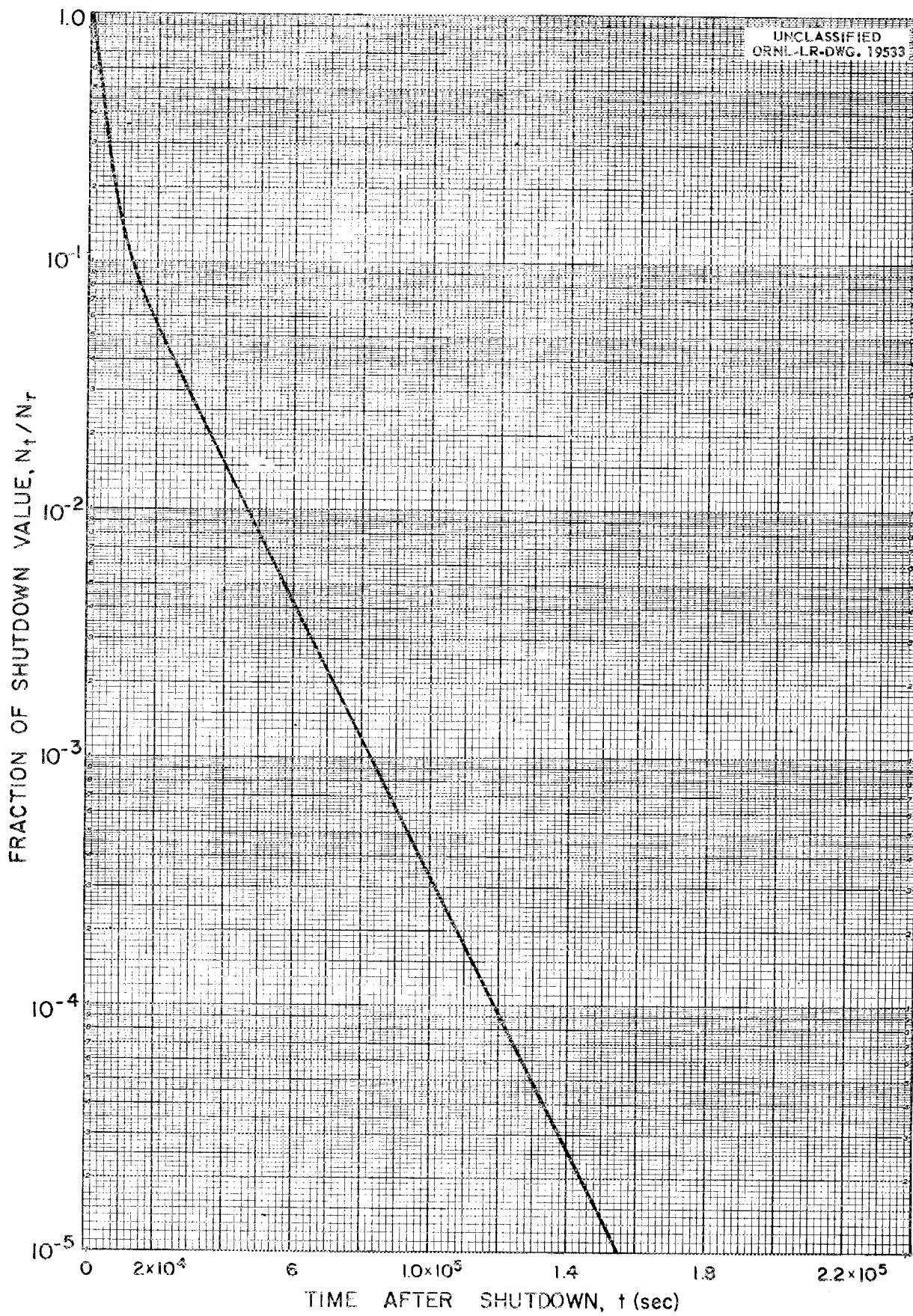


Fig. C-15. Fraction of Shutdown Value of 24.8m Te^{131} Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

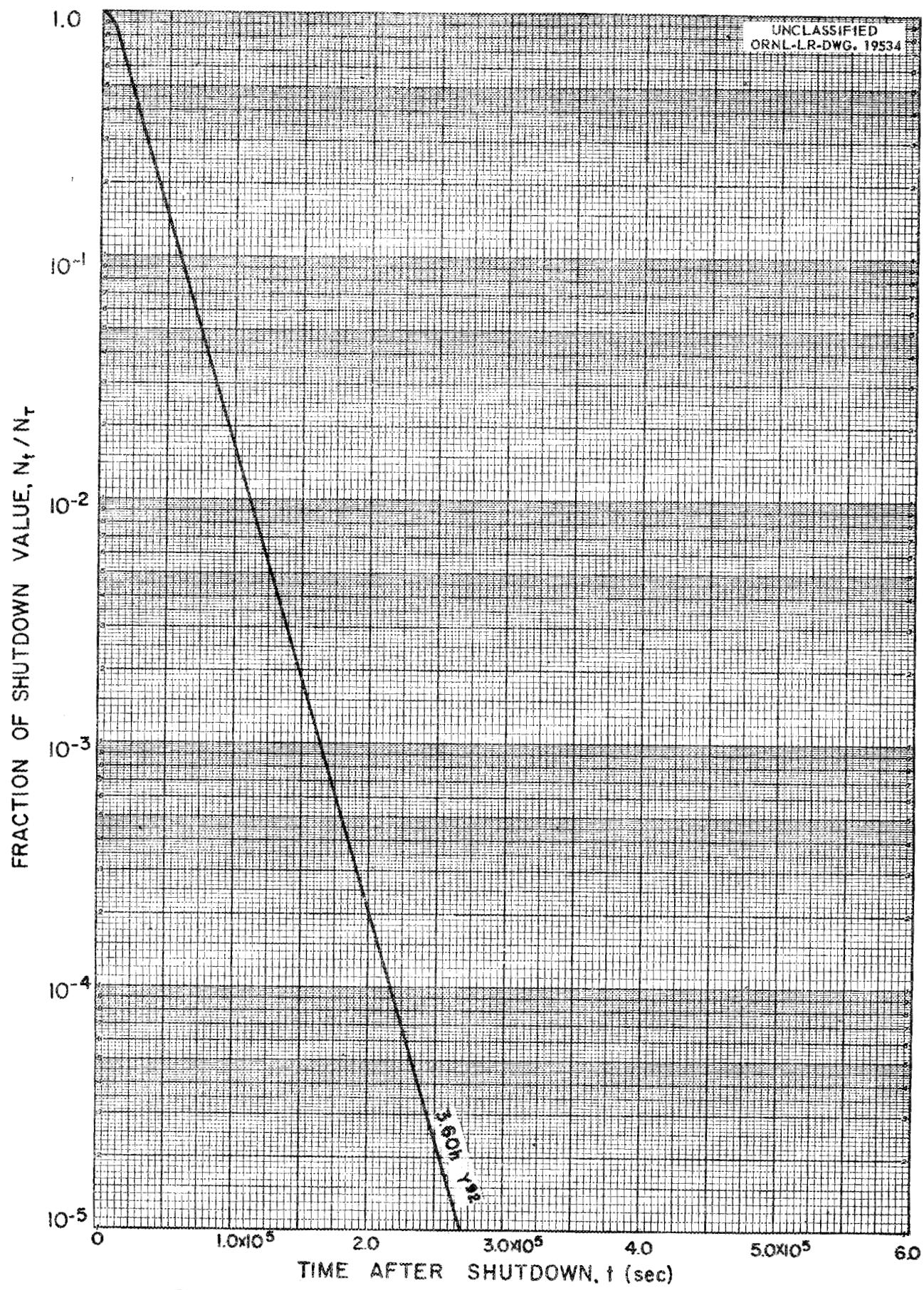


Fig. C-16. Fraction of Shutdown Value of Radioactive Fission Products Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

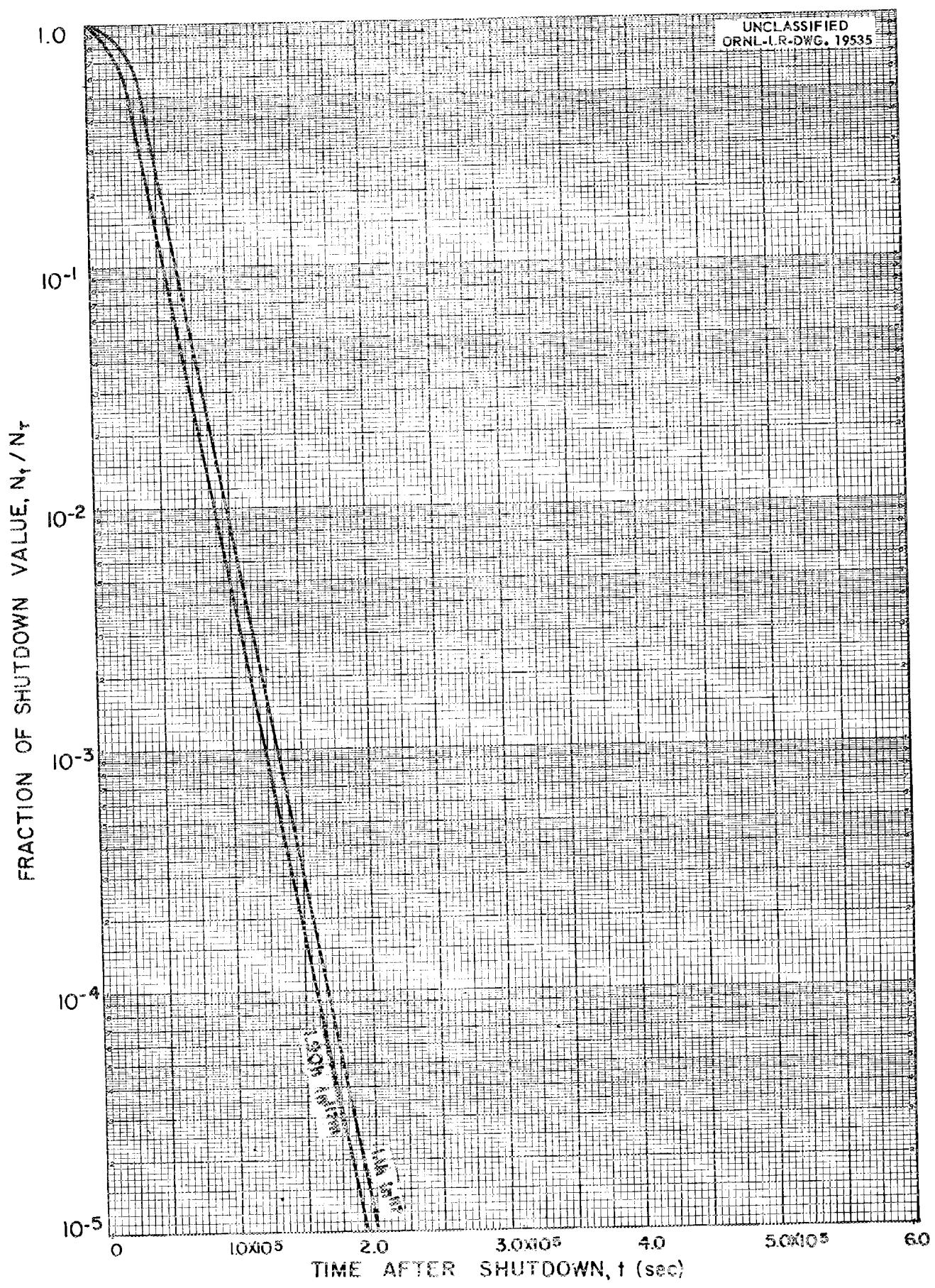


Fig. C-17. Fraction of Shutdown Value of Radioactive Fission Products Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

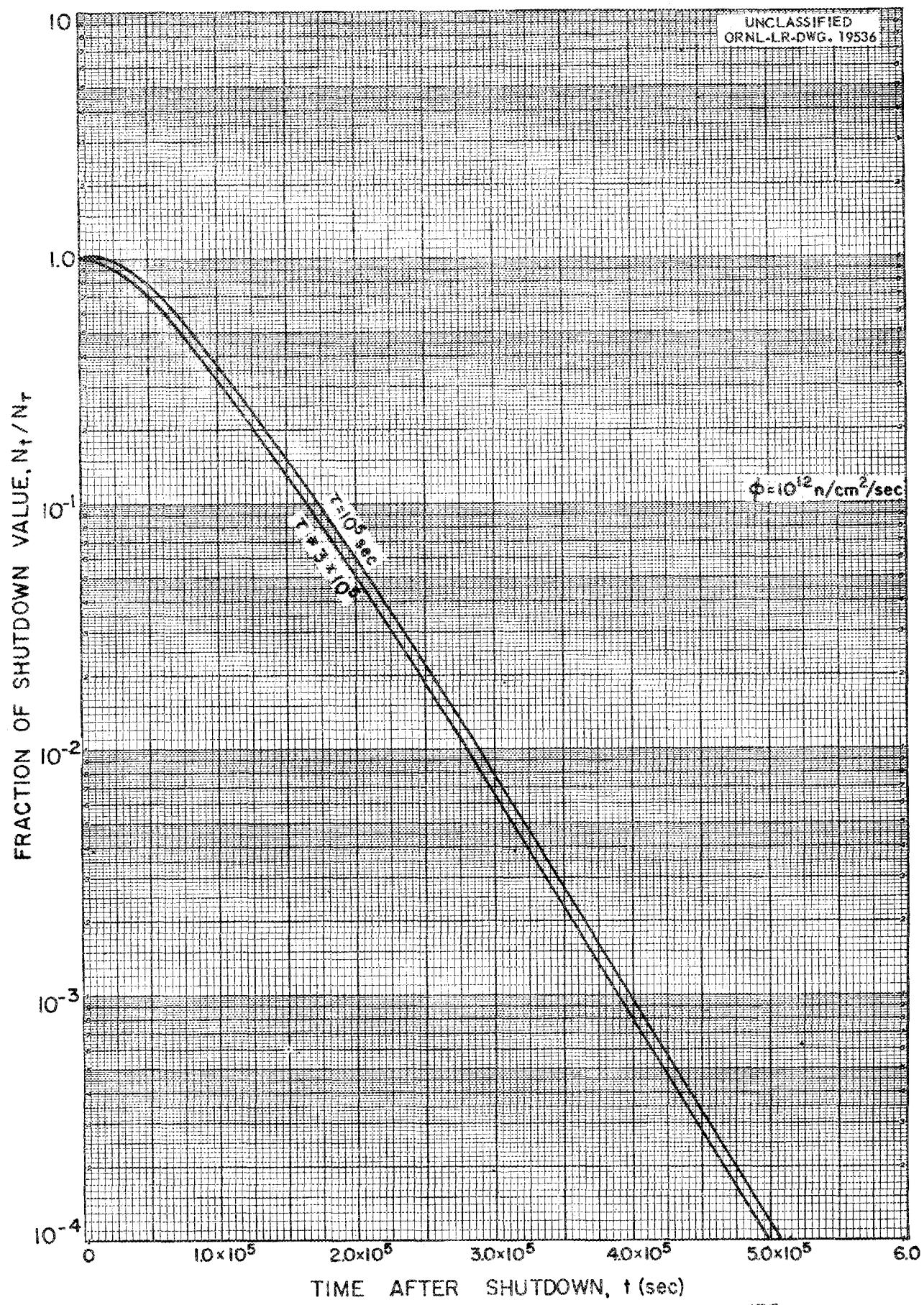


Fig. C-18. Fraction of Shutdown Value of 9.2h Xe^{135} Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

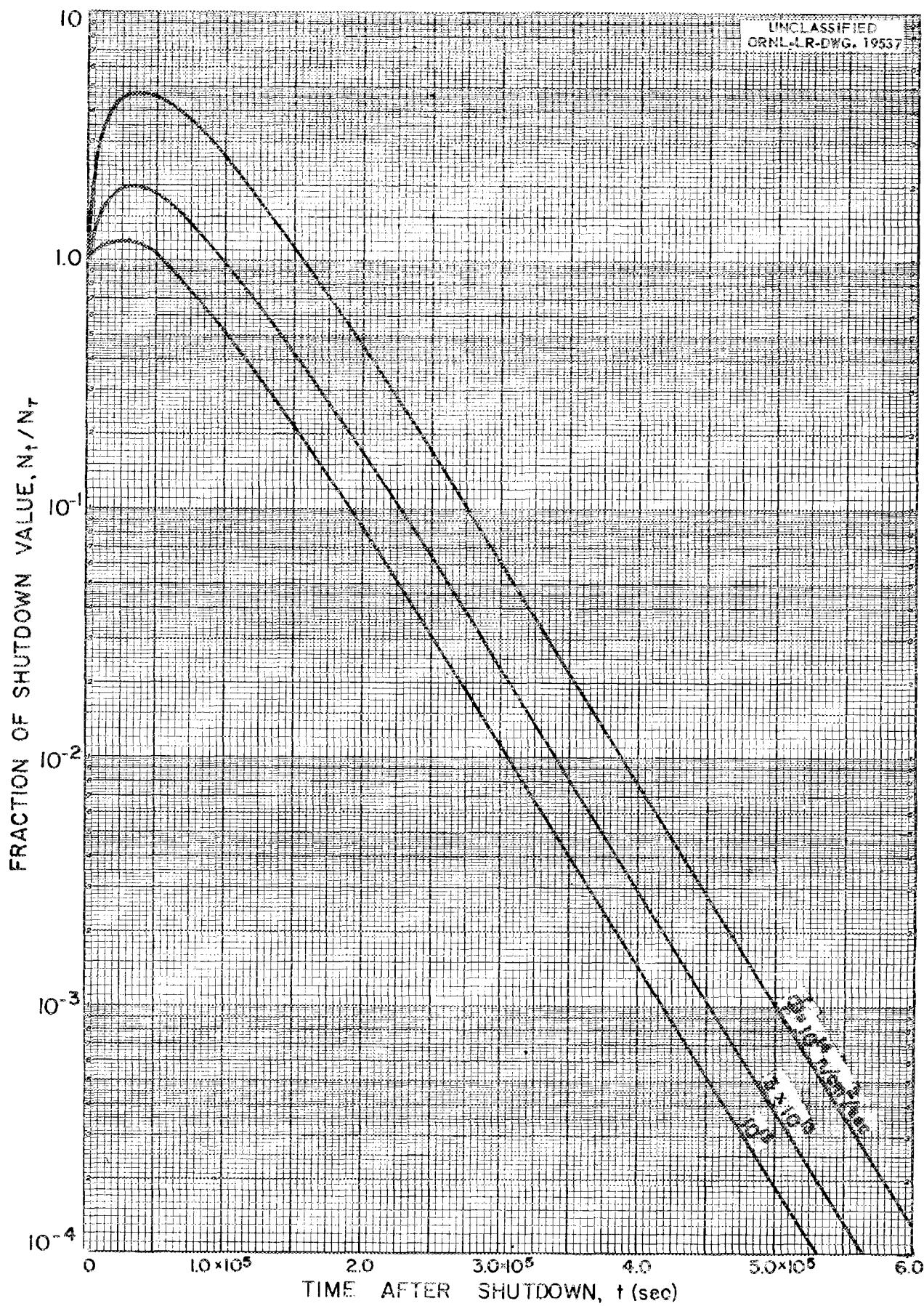


Fig. C-18a. Fraction of Shutdown Value of 9.2h Xe^{135} Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

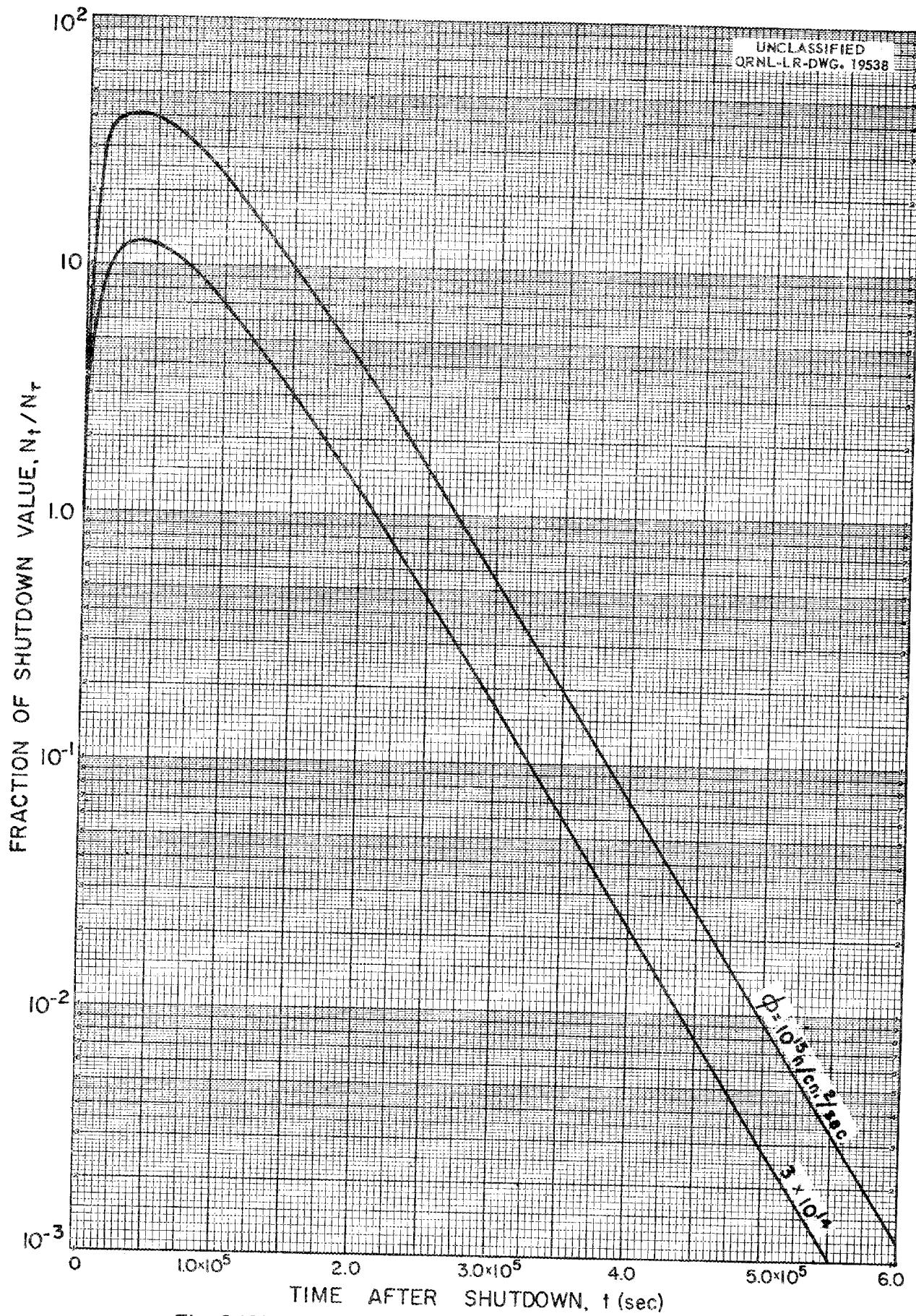


Fig. C-18b. Fraction of Shutdown Value of 9.2h Xe^{135} Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

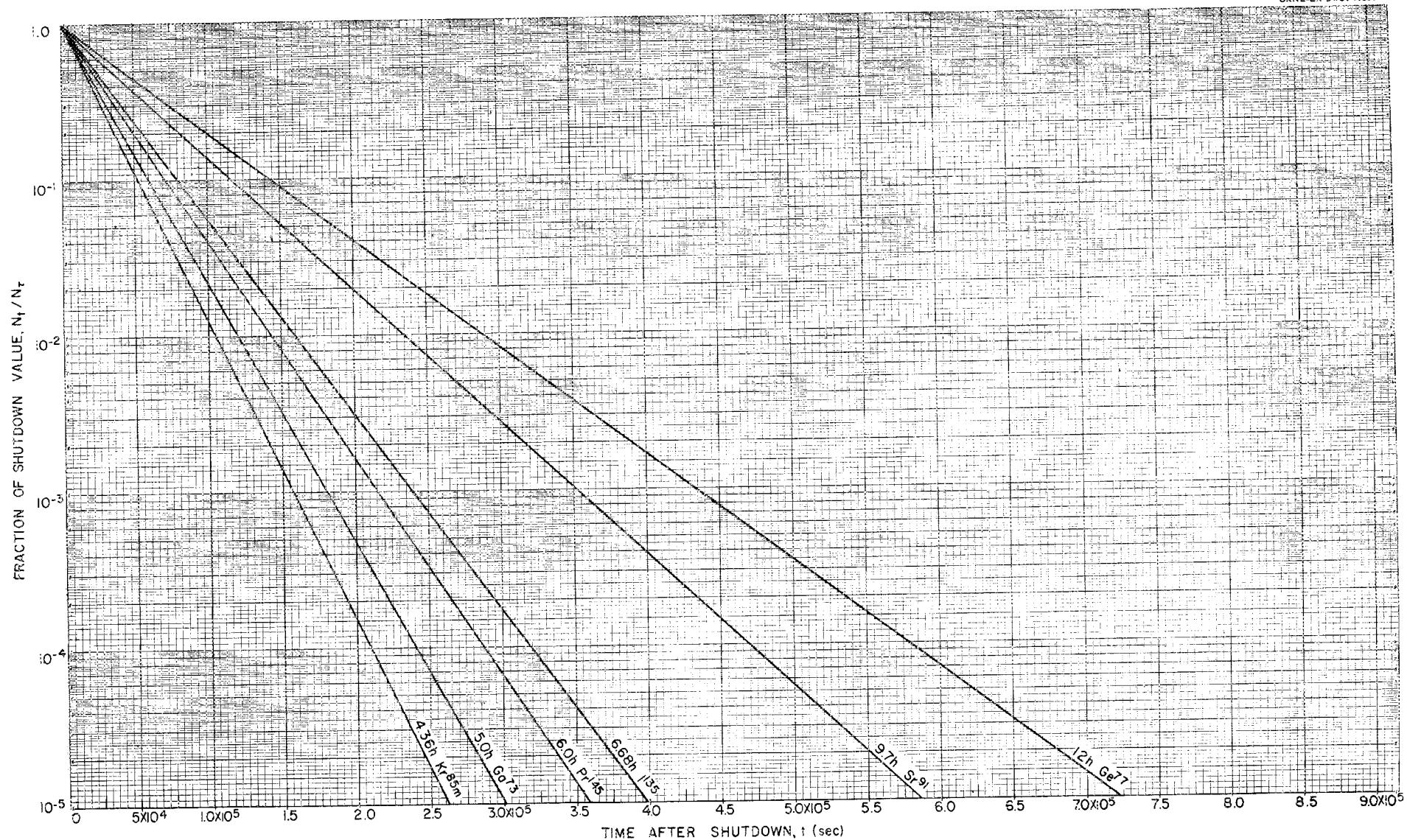


Fig. C-19. Fraction of Shutdown Value of Radioactive Fission Products Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

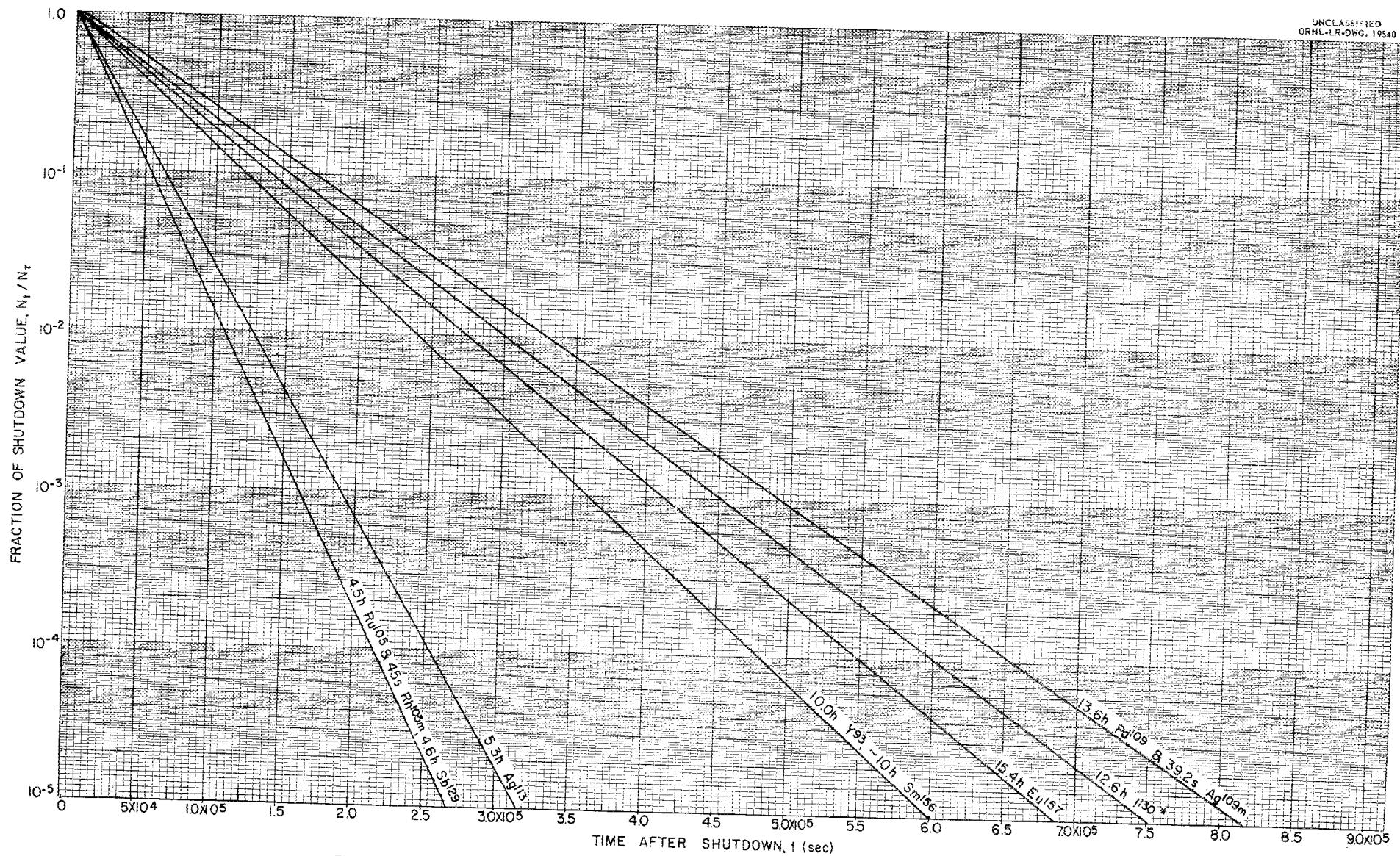


Fig. C-20. Fraction of Shutdown Value of Radioactive Fission Products Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

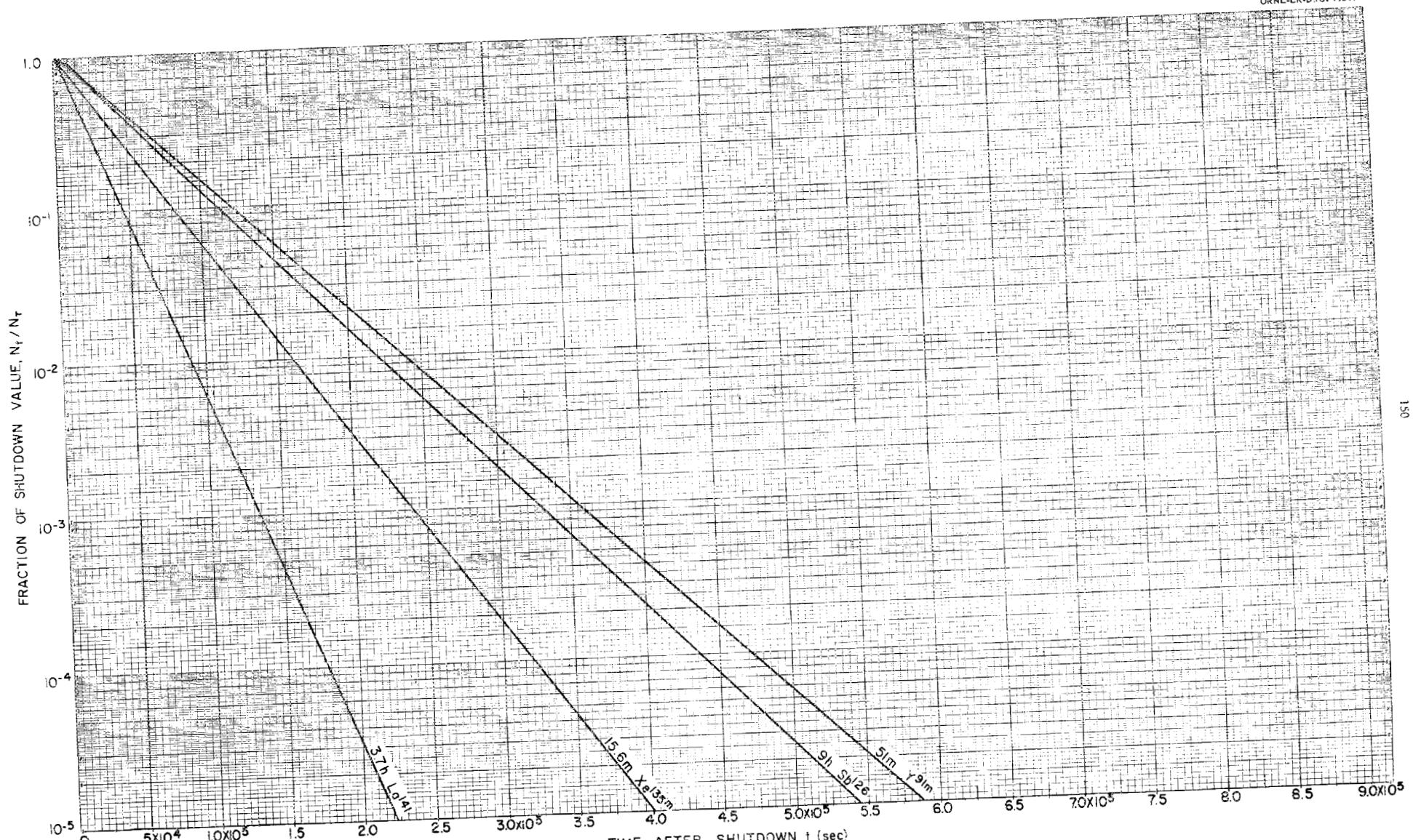


Fig. C-21. Fraction of Shutdown Value of Radioactive Fission Products Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

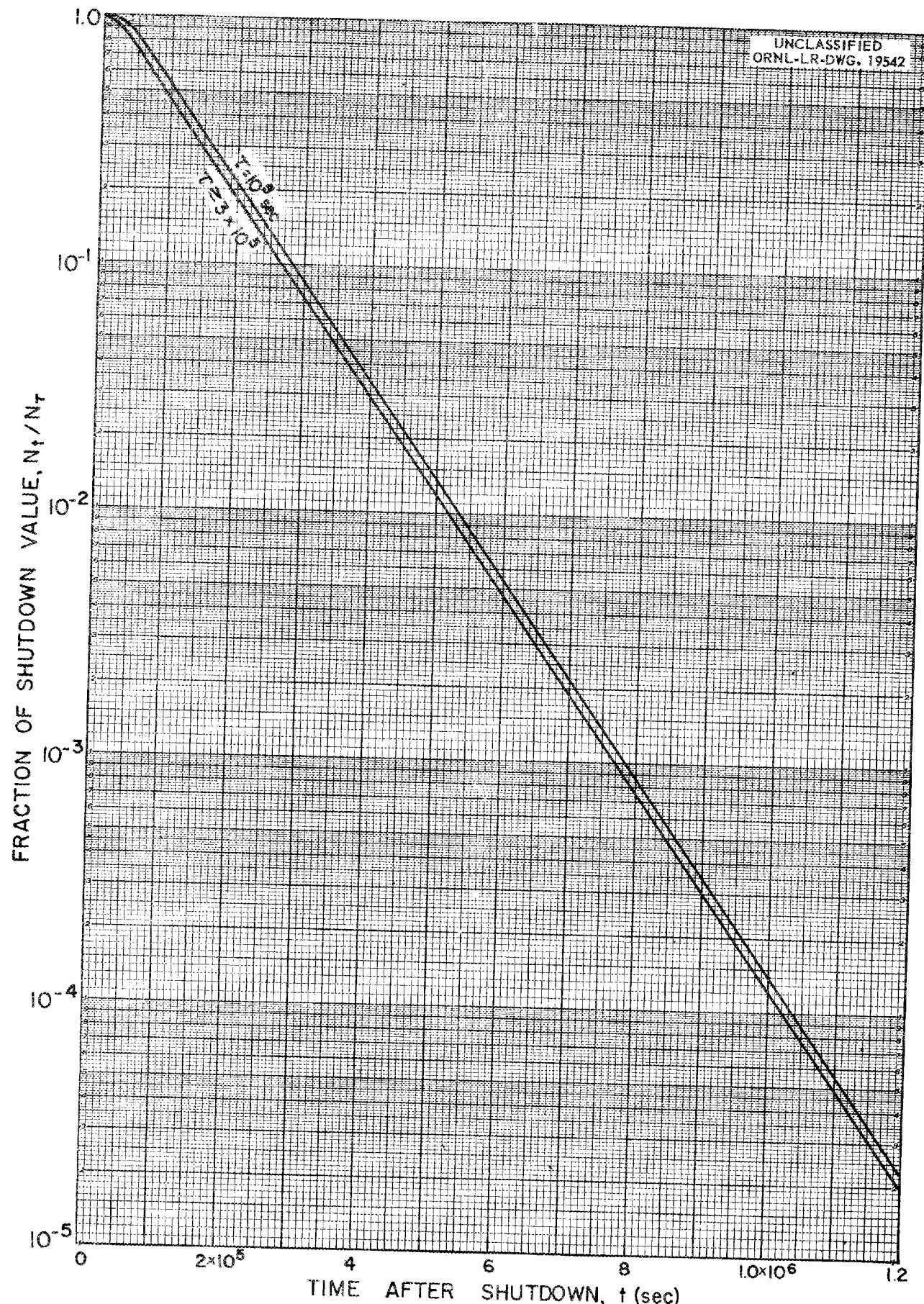


Fig. C-22. Fraction of Shutdown Value of 3.2h Ag¹¹² Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

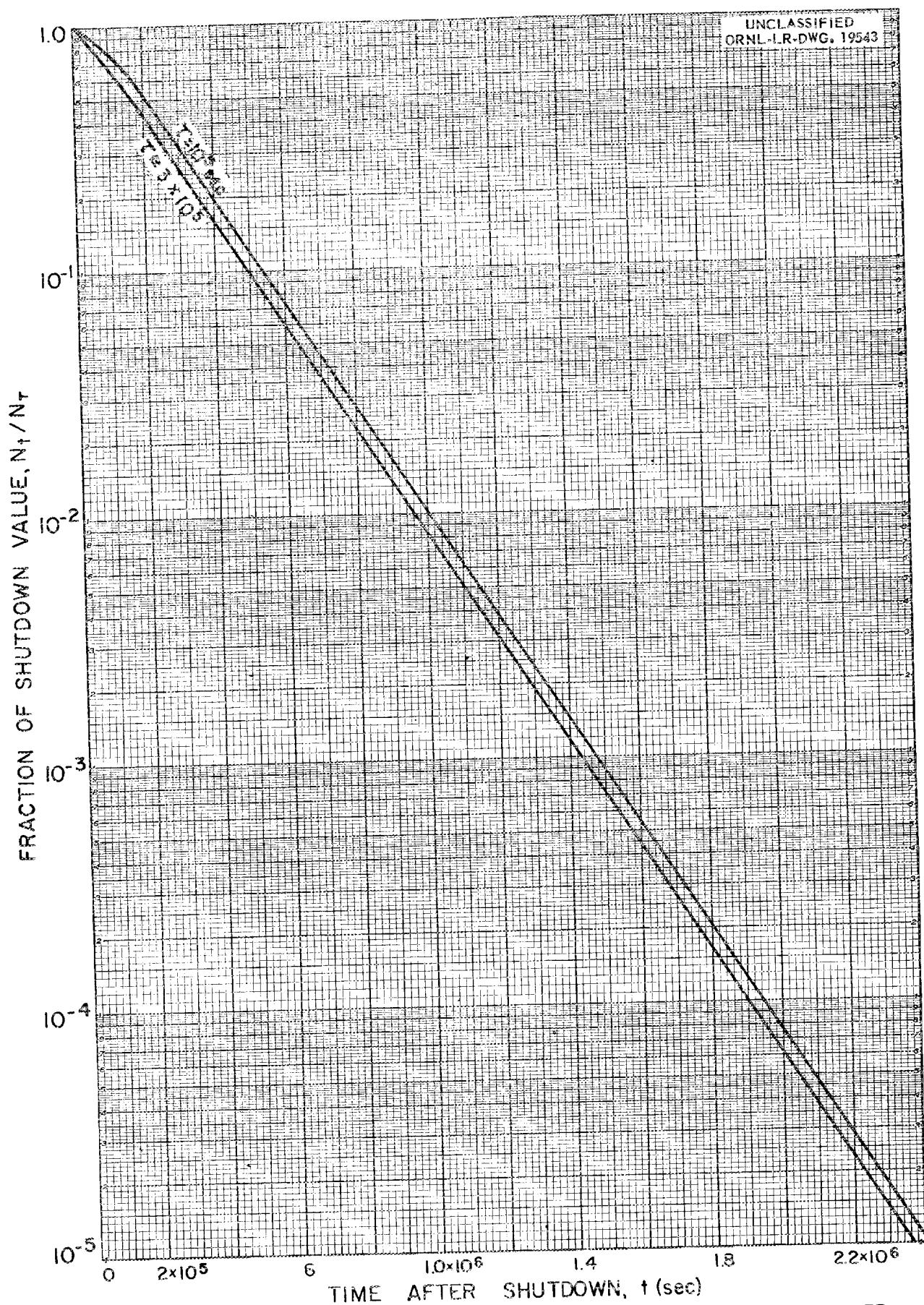


Fig. C-23. Fraction of Shutdown Value of 38.8h As⁷⁷ & 17.5s Se^{77m}
Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

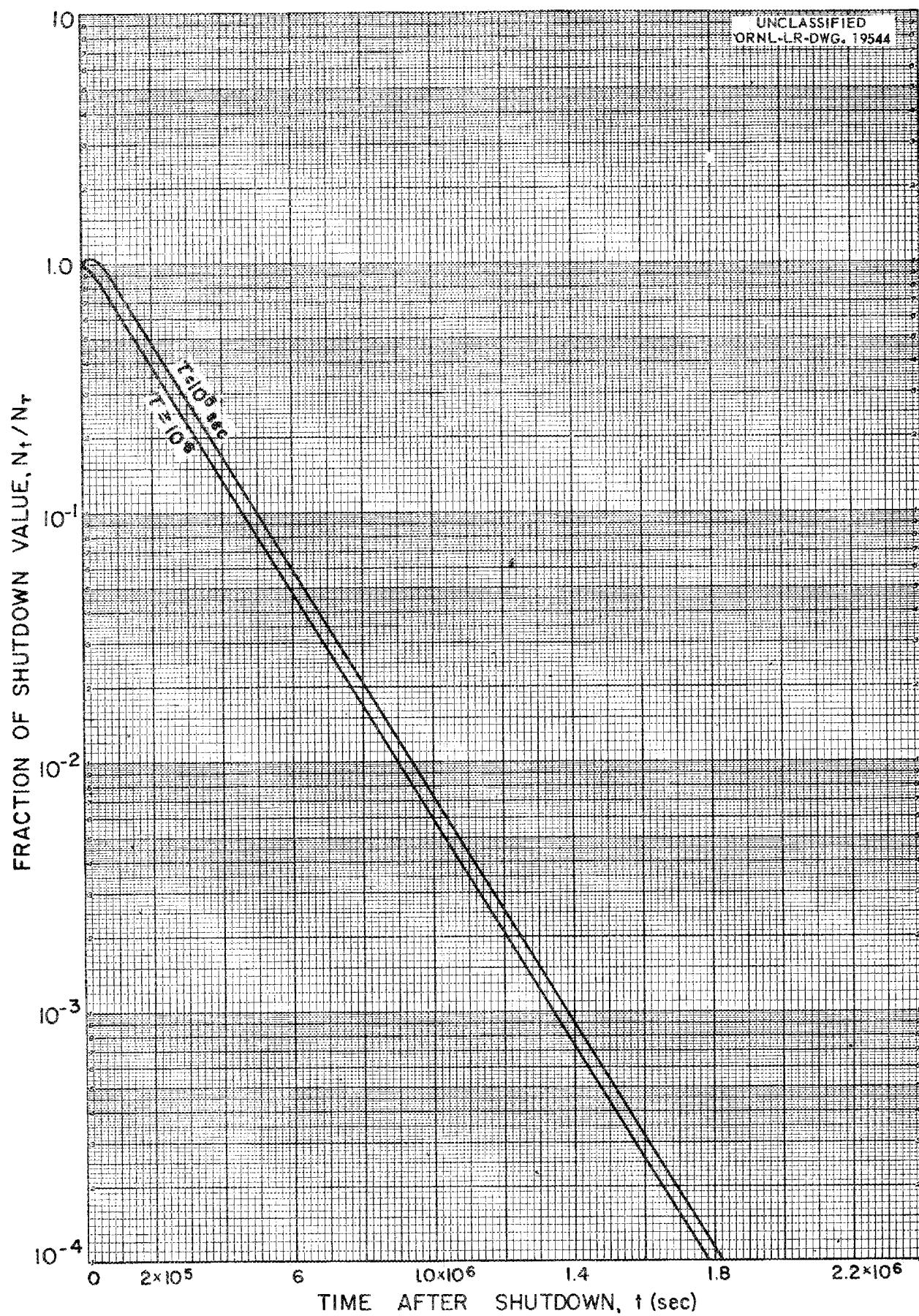


Fig. C-24. Fraction of Shutdown Value of 36.5h Rh^{105} Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

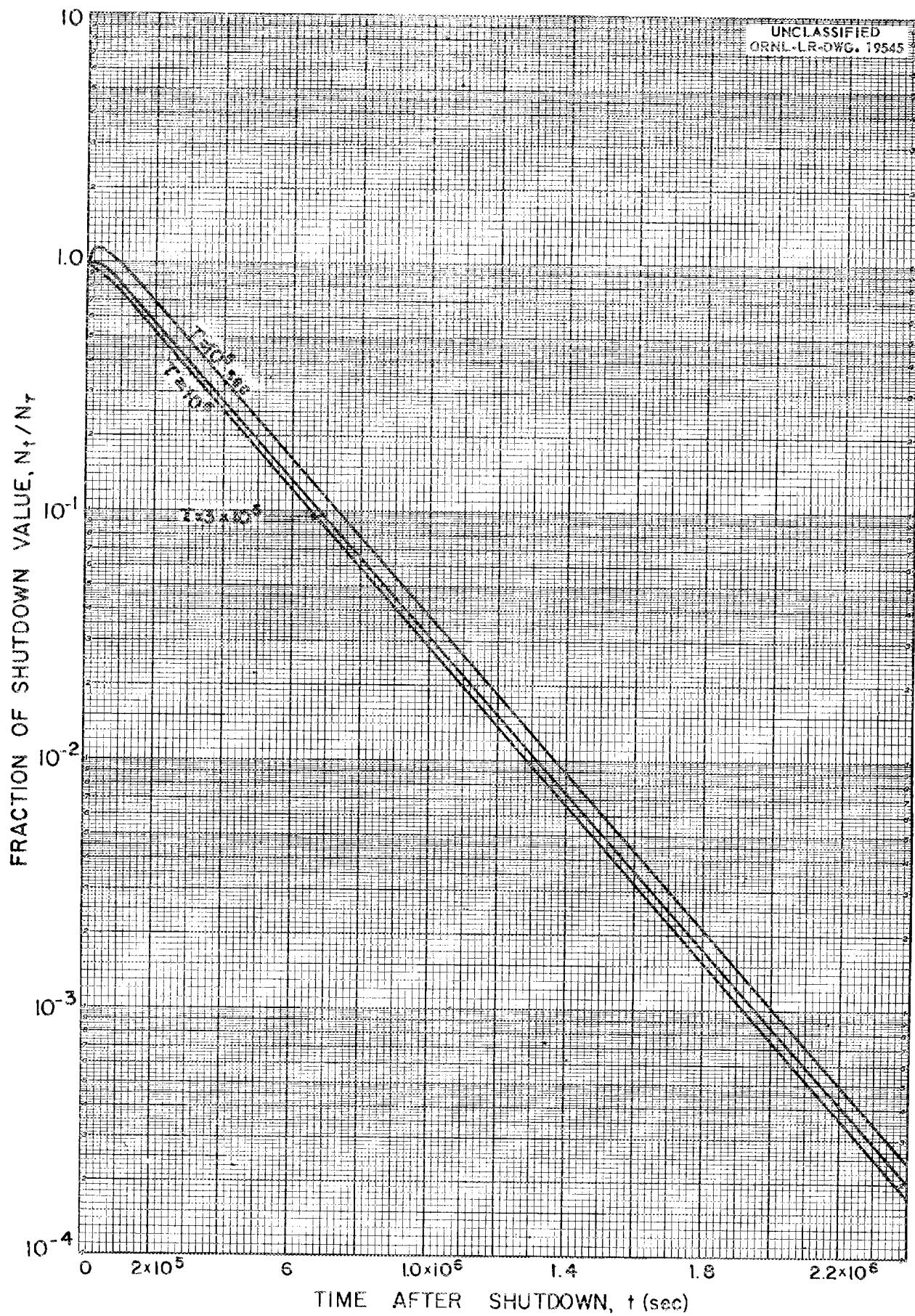


Fig. C-25. Fraction of Shutdown Value of 4.5h In^{115m} Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

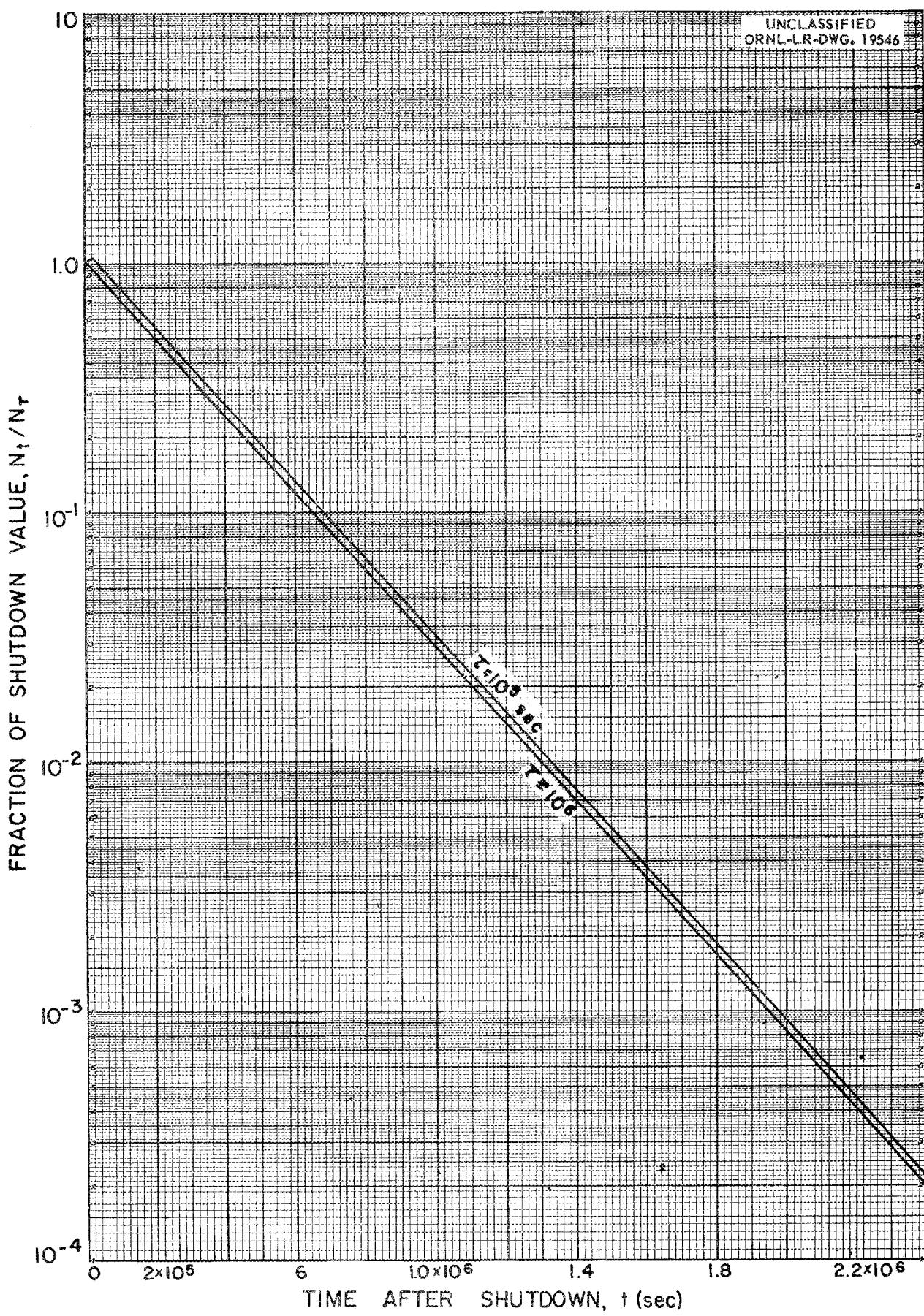


Fig. C-26. Fraction of Shutdown Value of 54h Pm^{149} Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

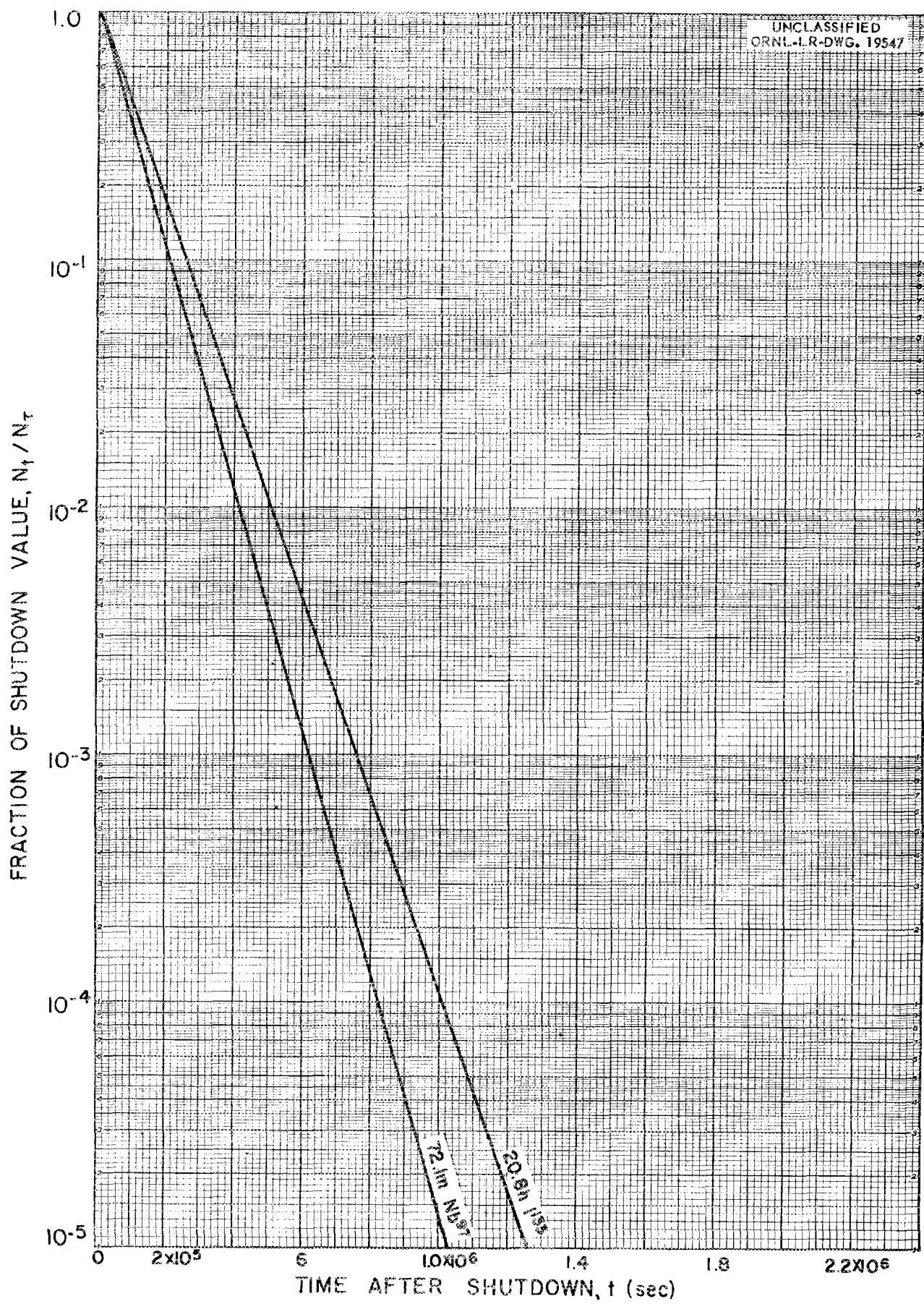


Fig. C-27. Fraction of Shutdown Value of Radioactive Fission Products Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

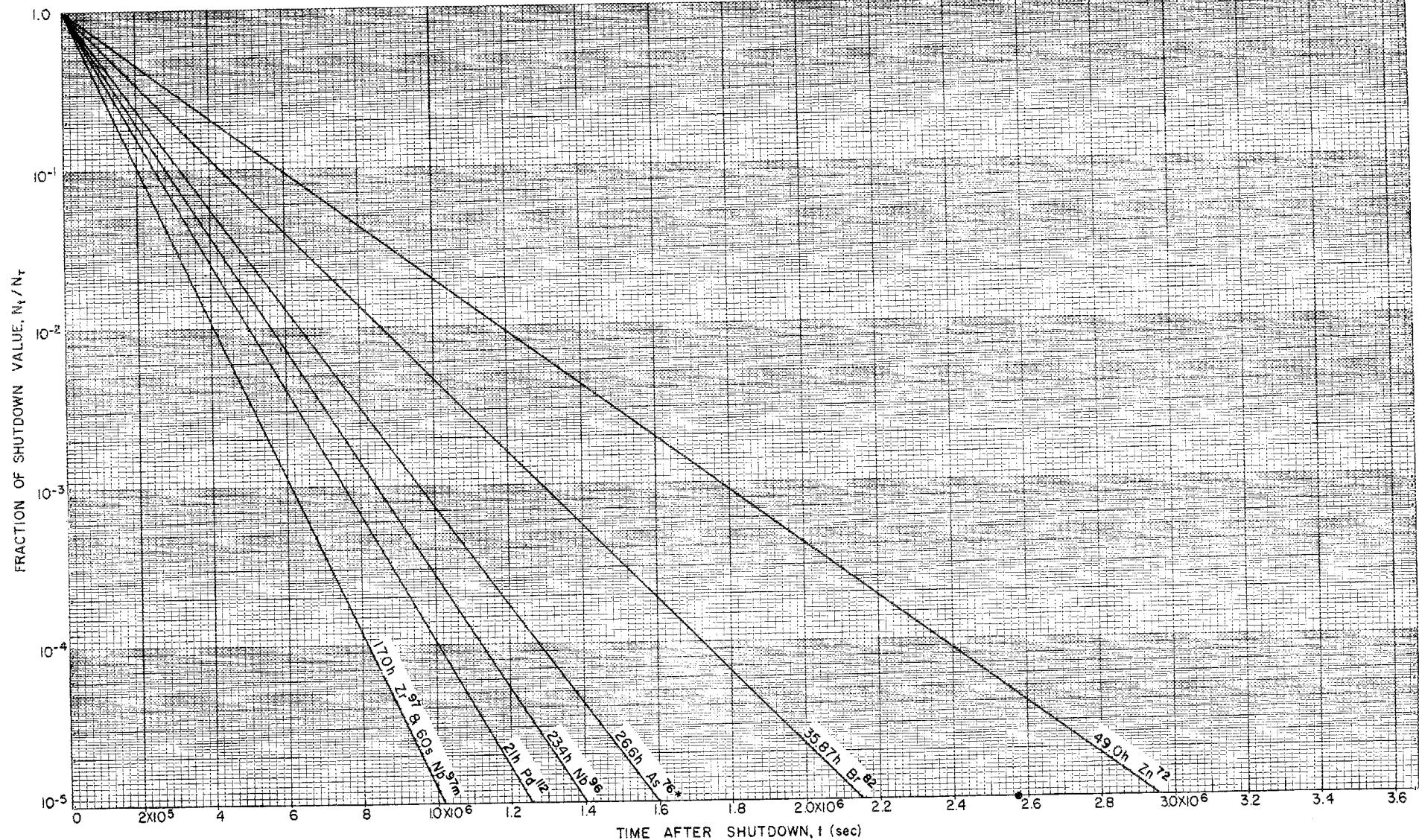


Fig. C-28. Fraction of Shutdown Value of Radioactive Fission Products Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

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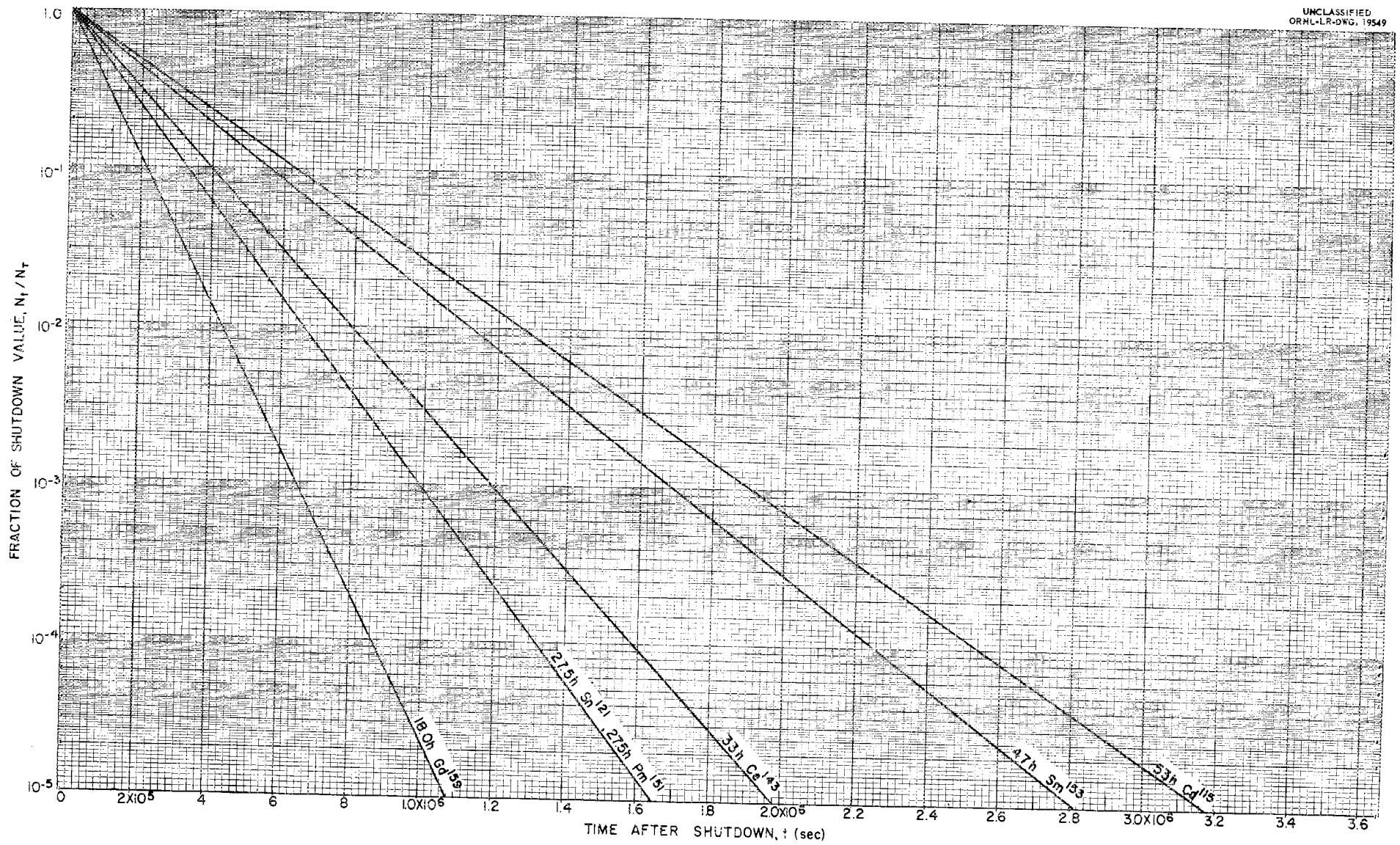


Fig. C-29. Fraction of Shutdown Value of Radioactive Fission Products Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

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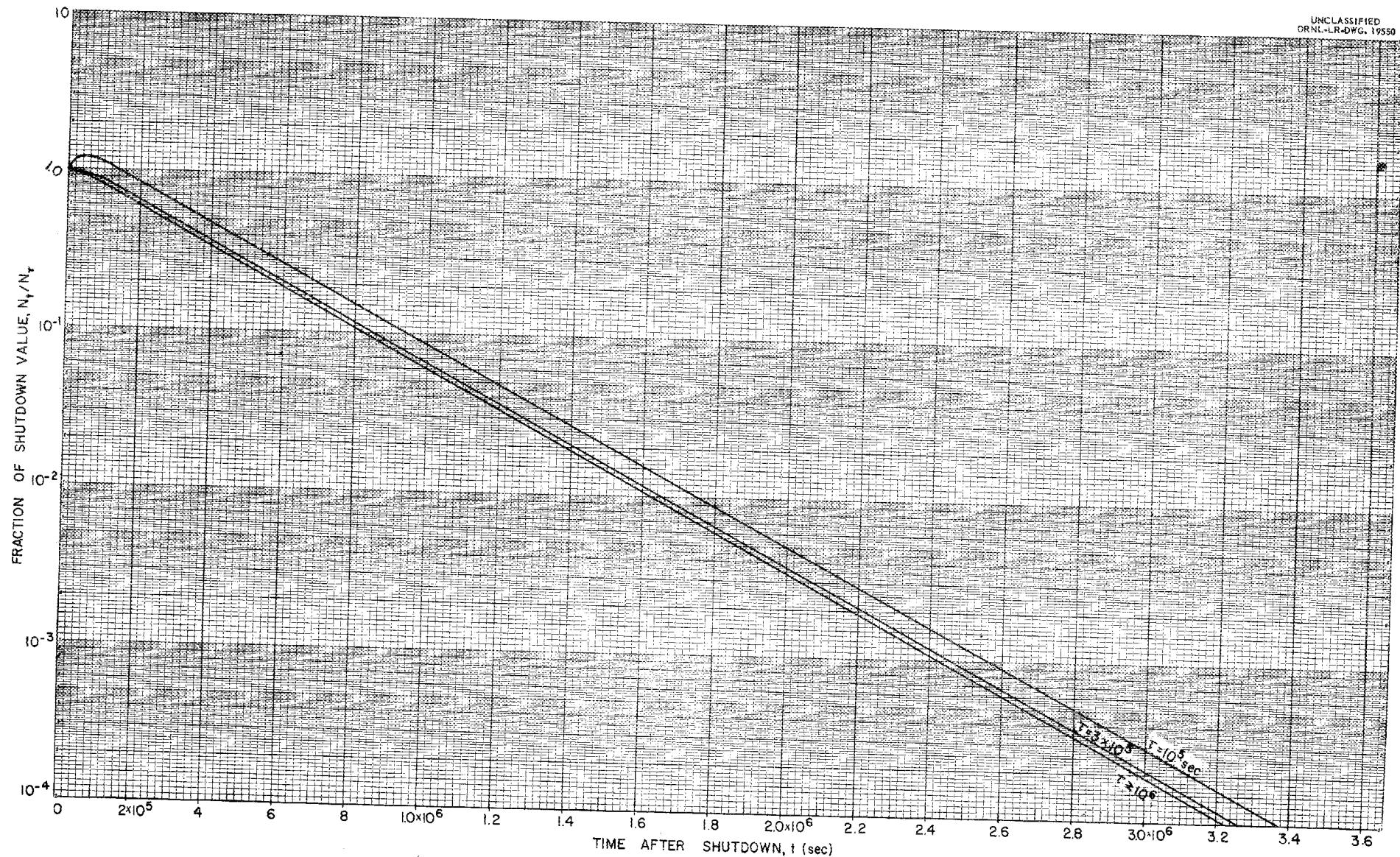


Fig. C-30. Fraction of Shutdown Value of 6.04 h Tc^{99m} Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

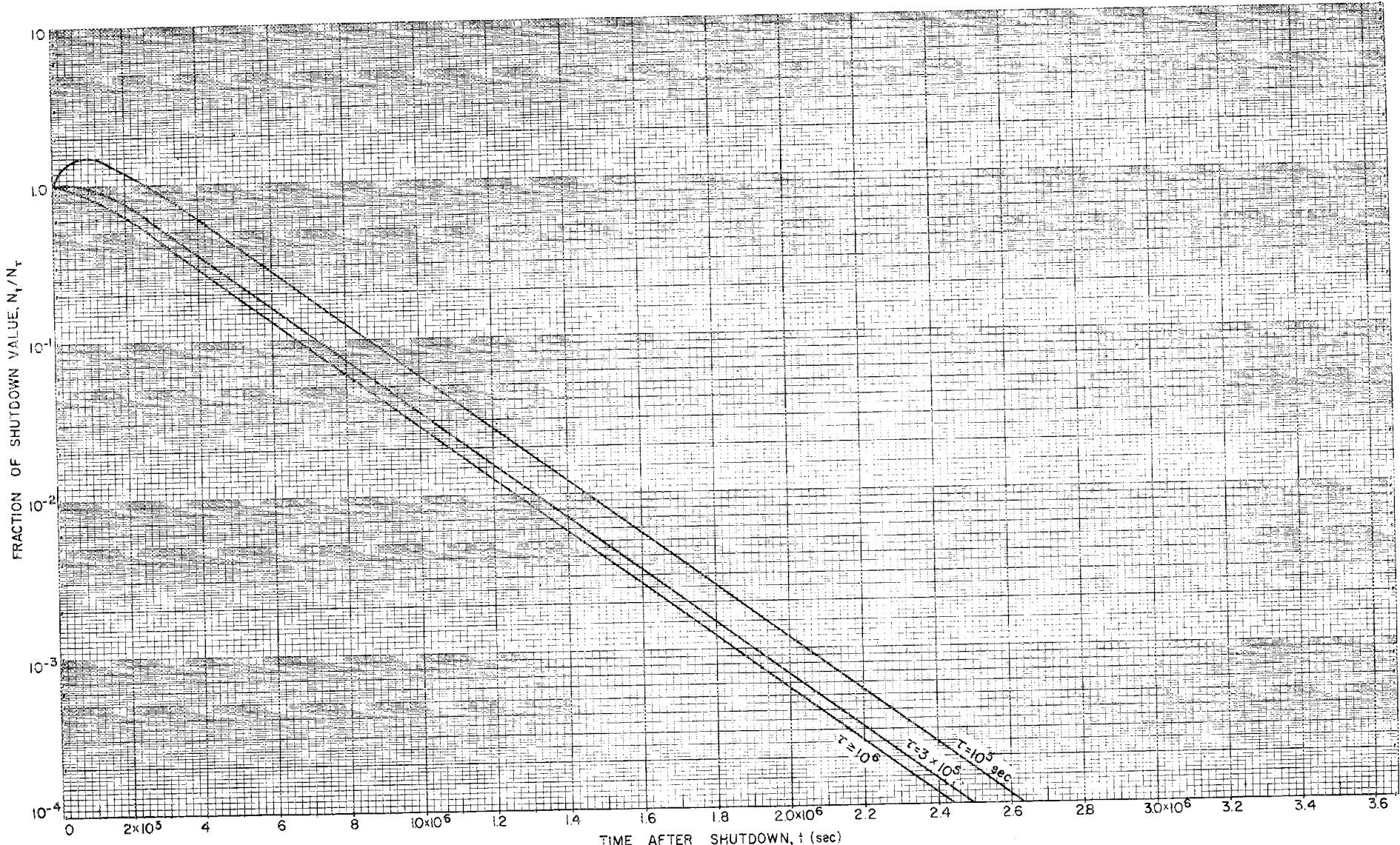


Fig. C-31. Fraction of Shutdown Value of $14.3\text{ h } \text{Go}^{72}$ Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

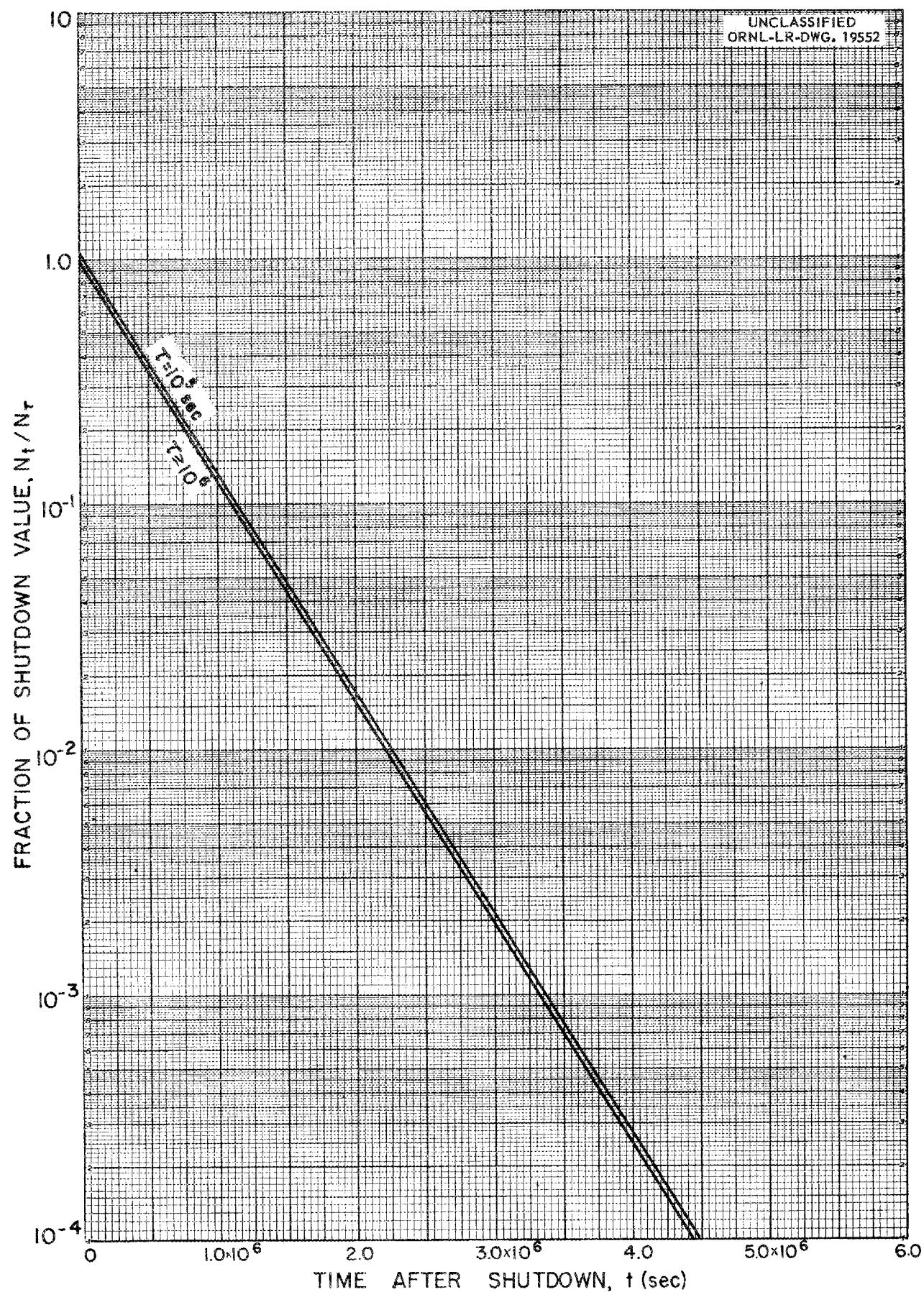


Fig. C-32. Fraction of Shutdown Value of $^{93}\text{h Sb}^{127}$ Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

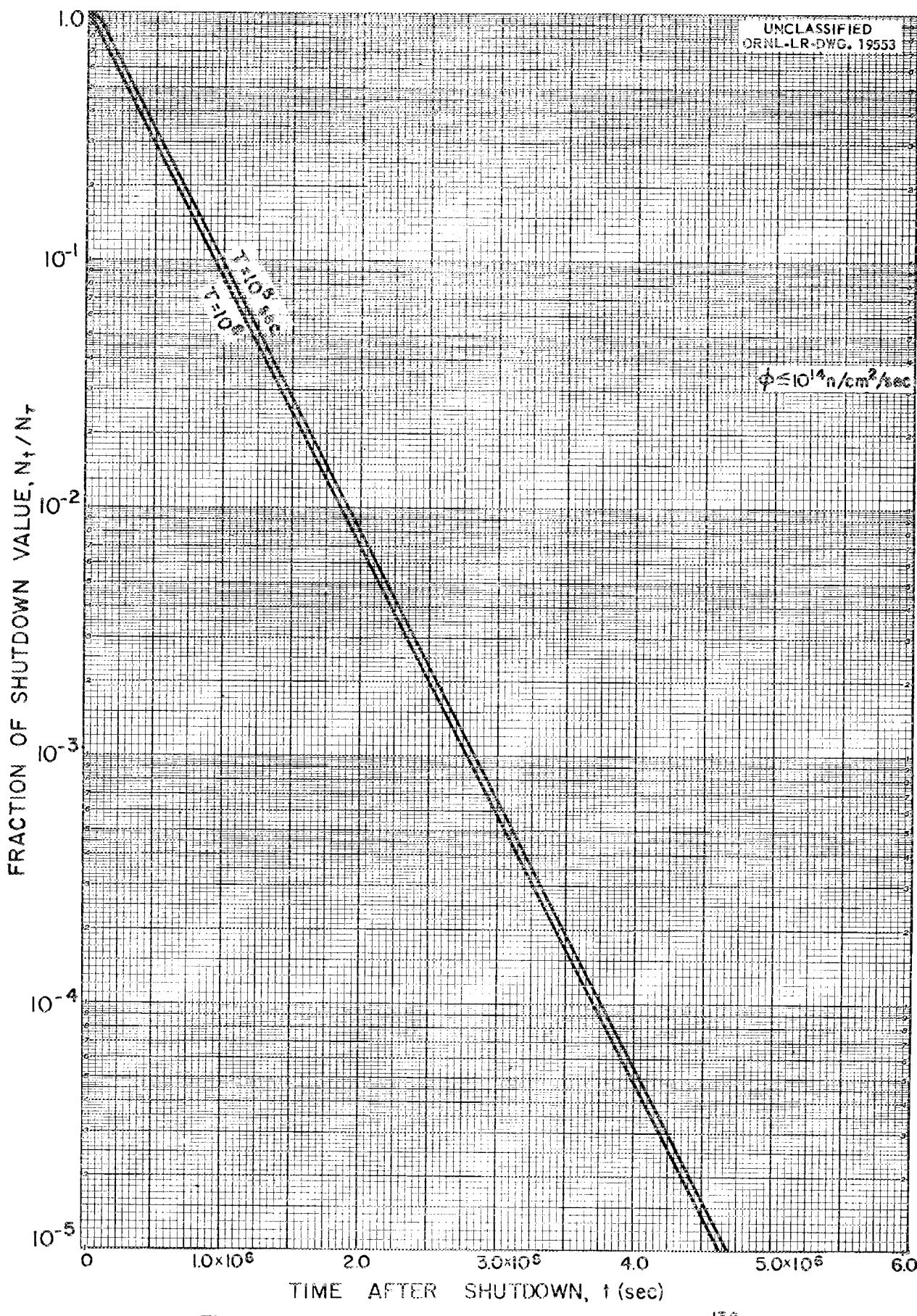


Fig. C-33. Fraction of Shutdown Value of $2.4h^{-1/2}$ Remaining
at Various Times After Shutdown.

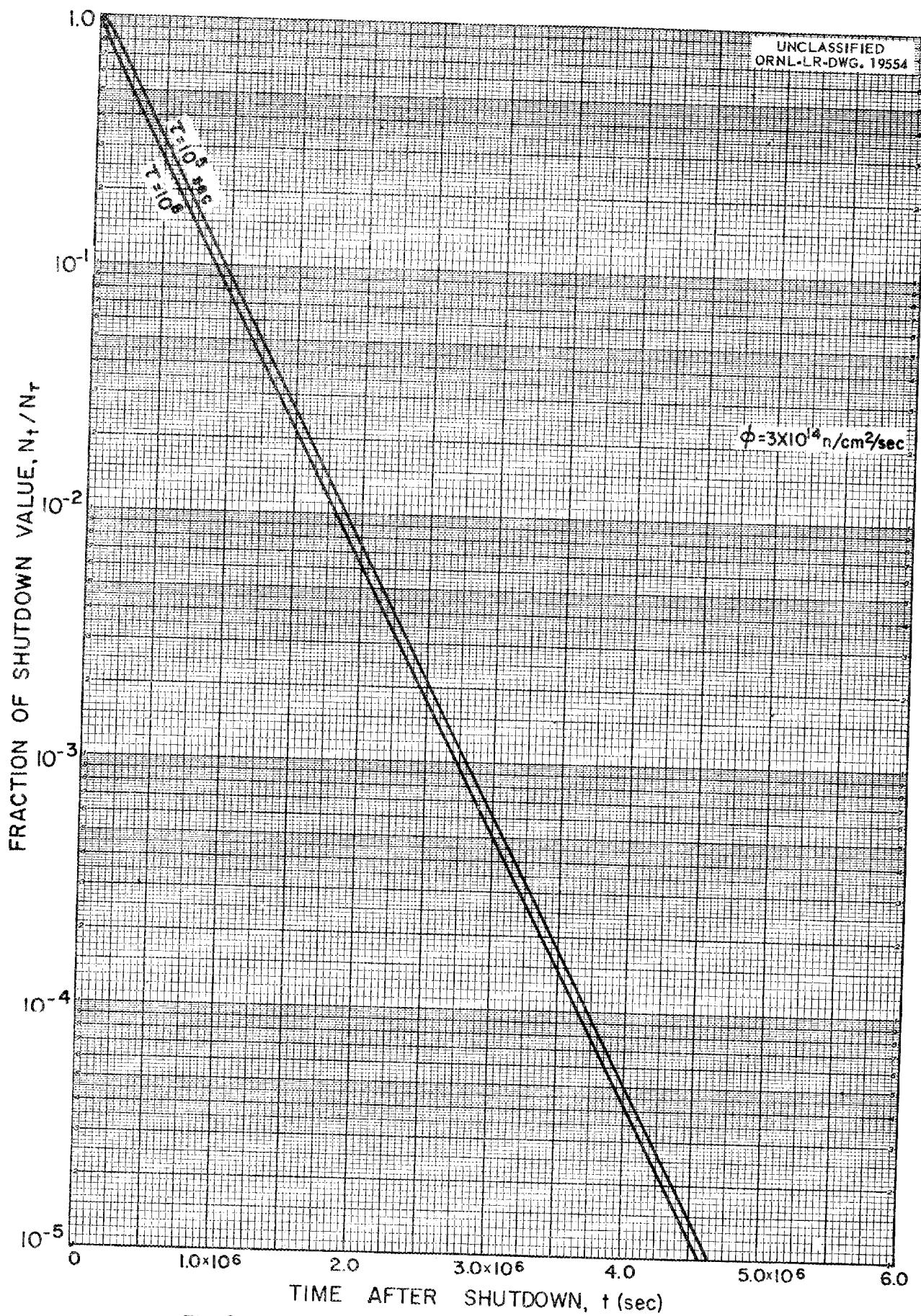


Fig. C-33a. Fraction of Shutdown Value of $2.4\text{h } I^{132}$ Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

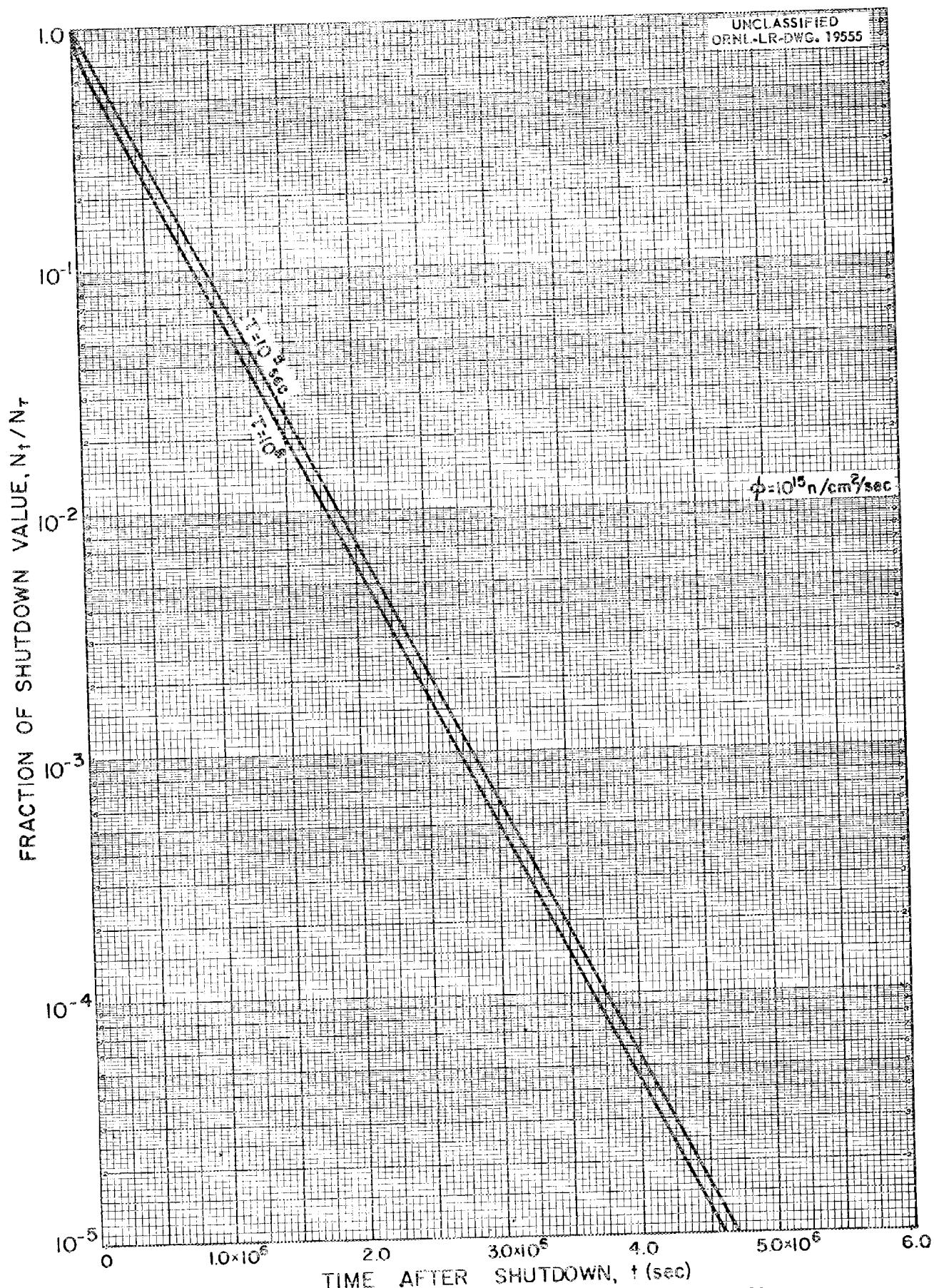


Fig. C-33b. Fraction of Shutdown Value of $2.4h t^{1/32}$ Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

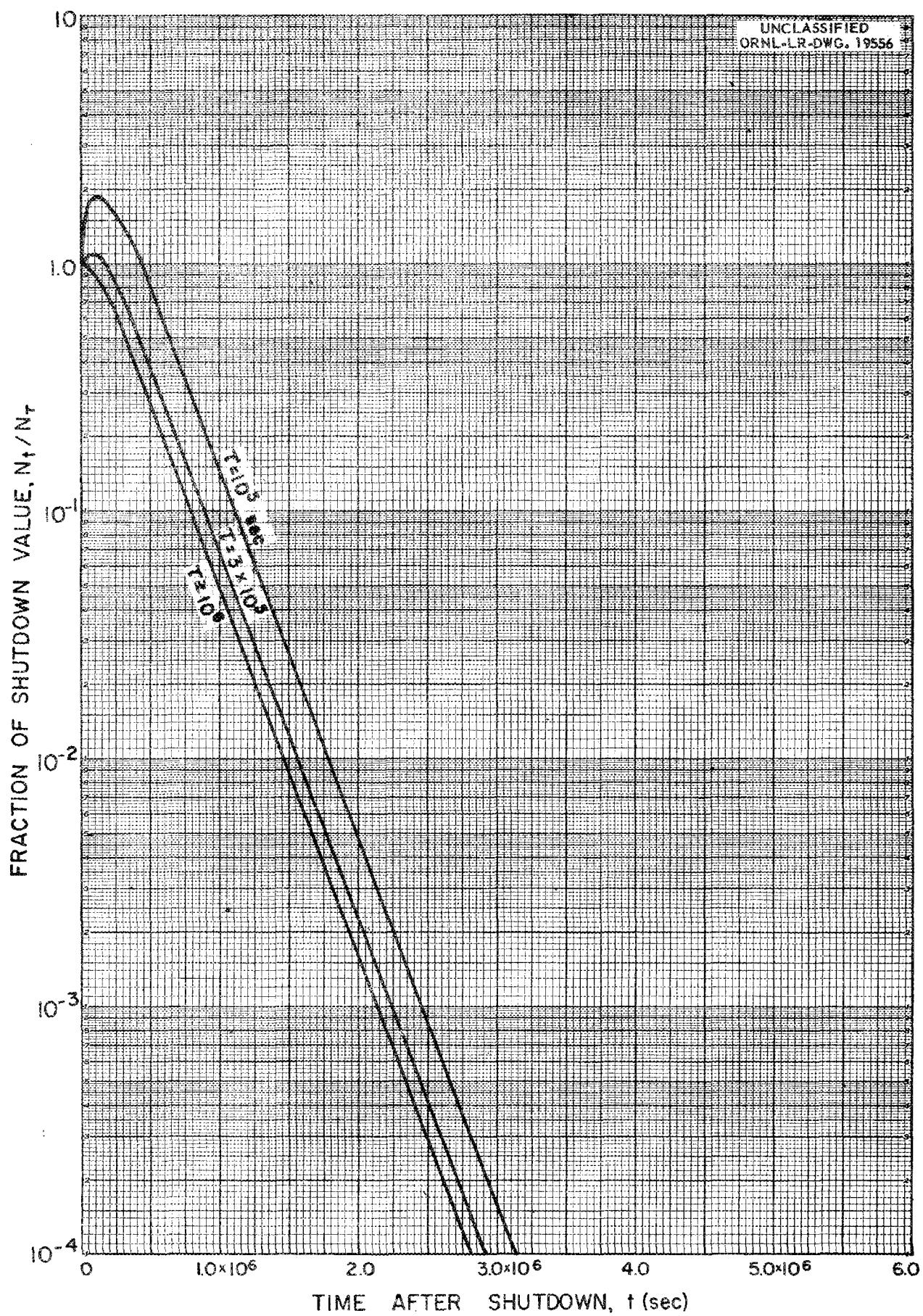
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Fig. C-34. Fraction of Shutdown Value of 2.3d Xe^{133m} Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

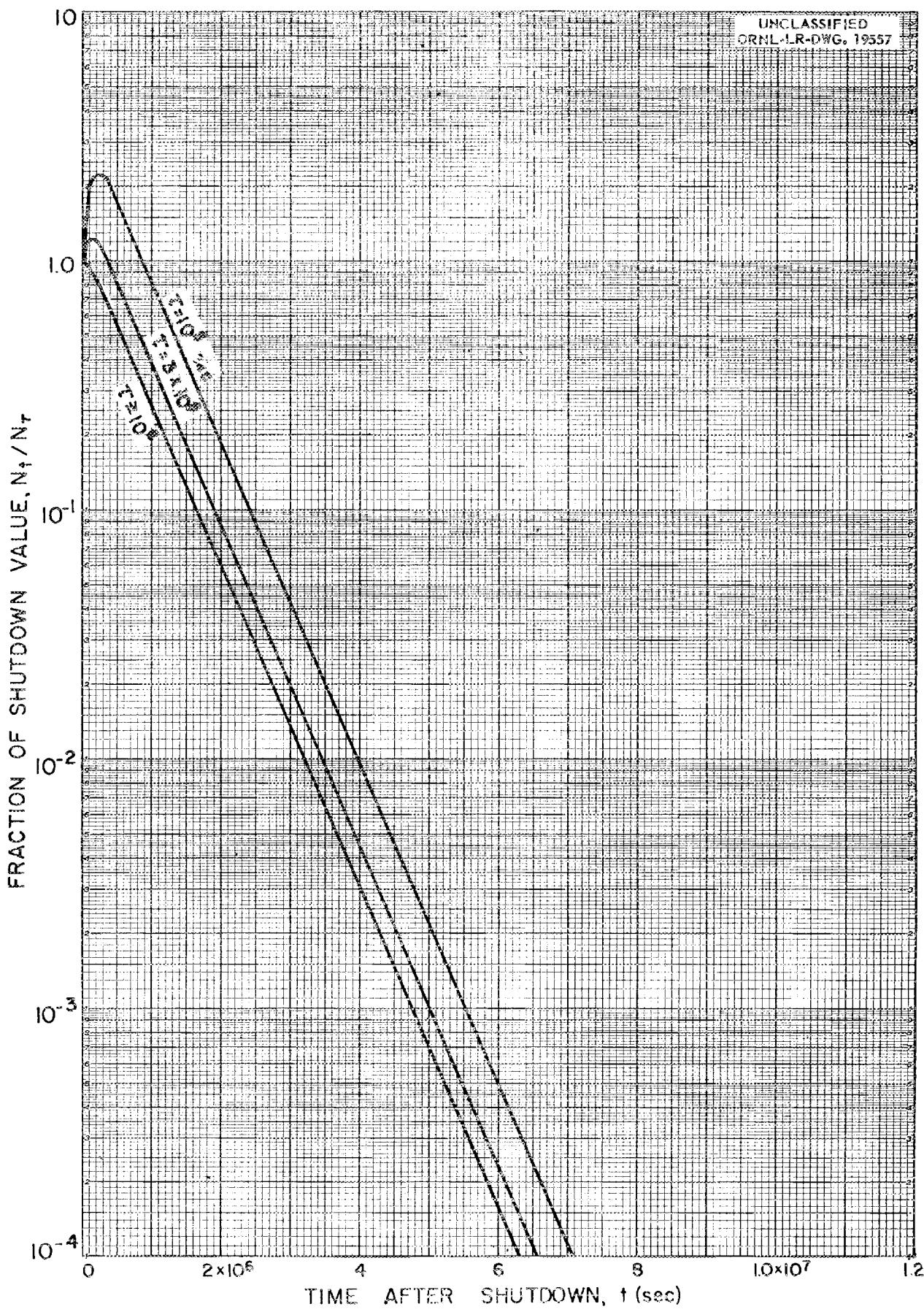


Fig. C-35. Fraction of Shutdown Value of 5.274×10^{13} Xe^{133} Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

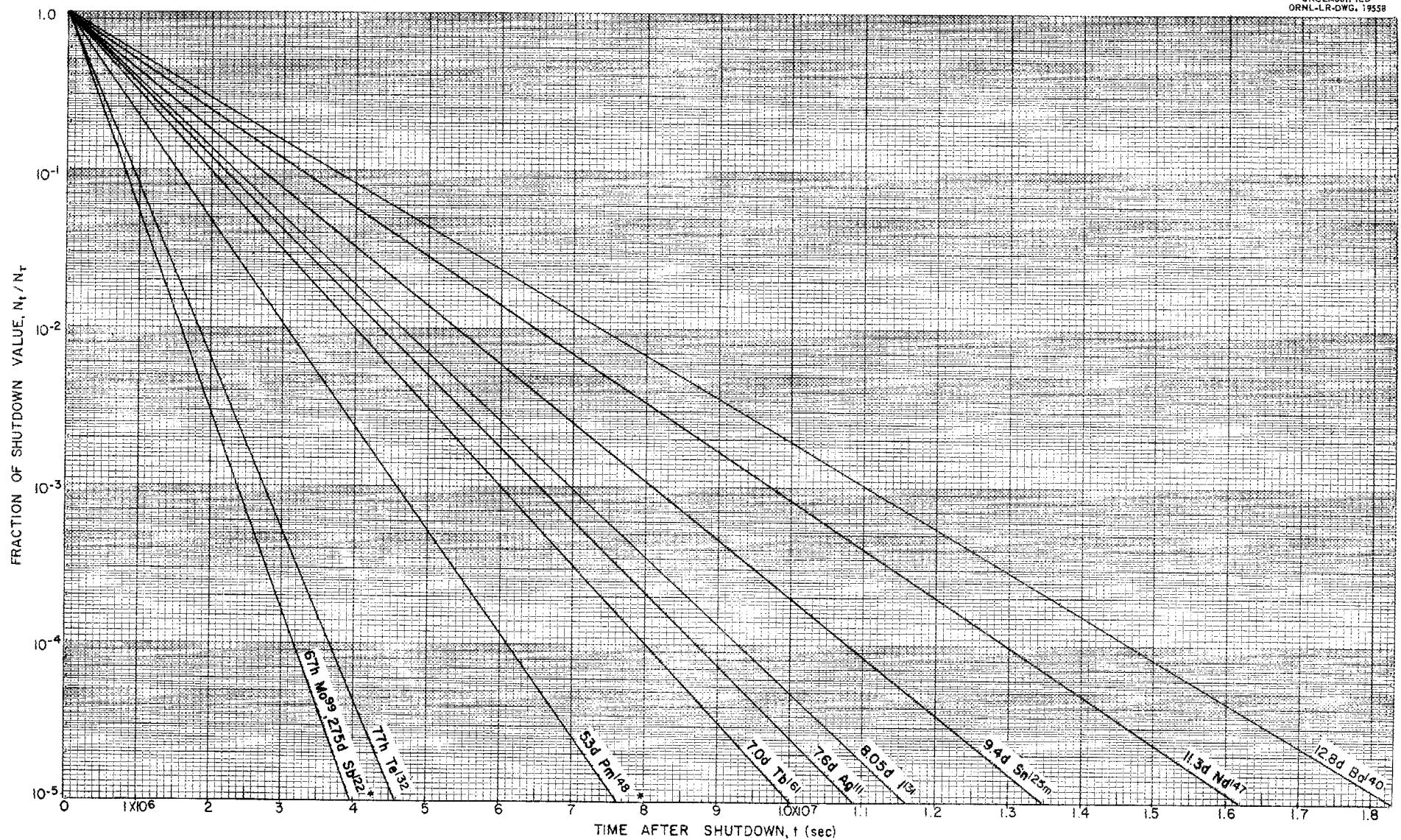


Fig. C-36. Fraction of Shutdown Value of Radioactive Fission Products Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

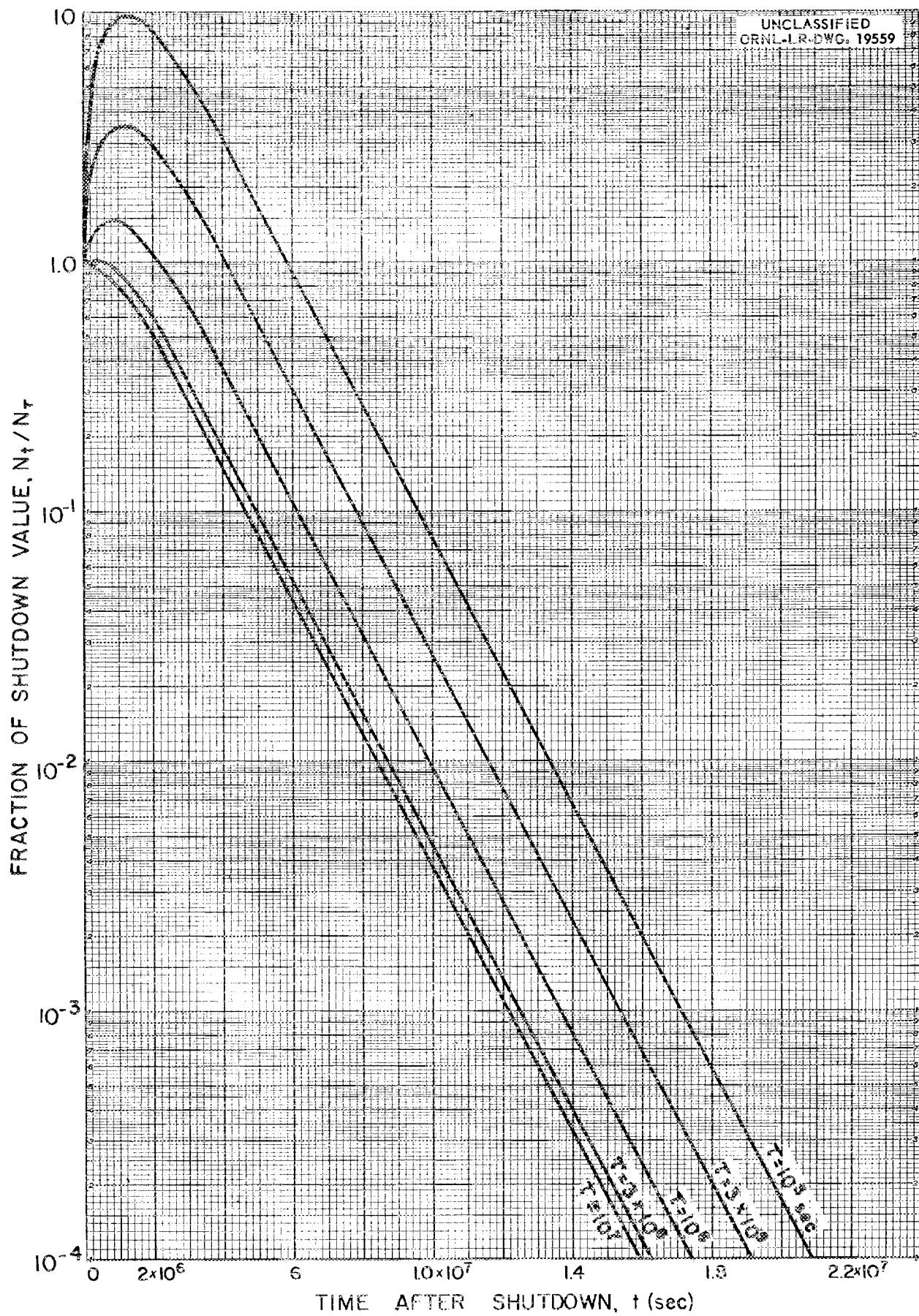


Fig. C-37. Fraction of Shutdown Value of I2d Xe^{133m} Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

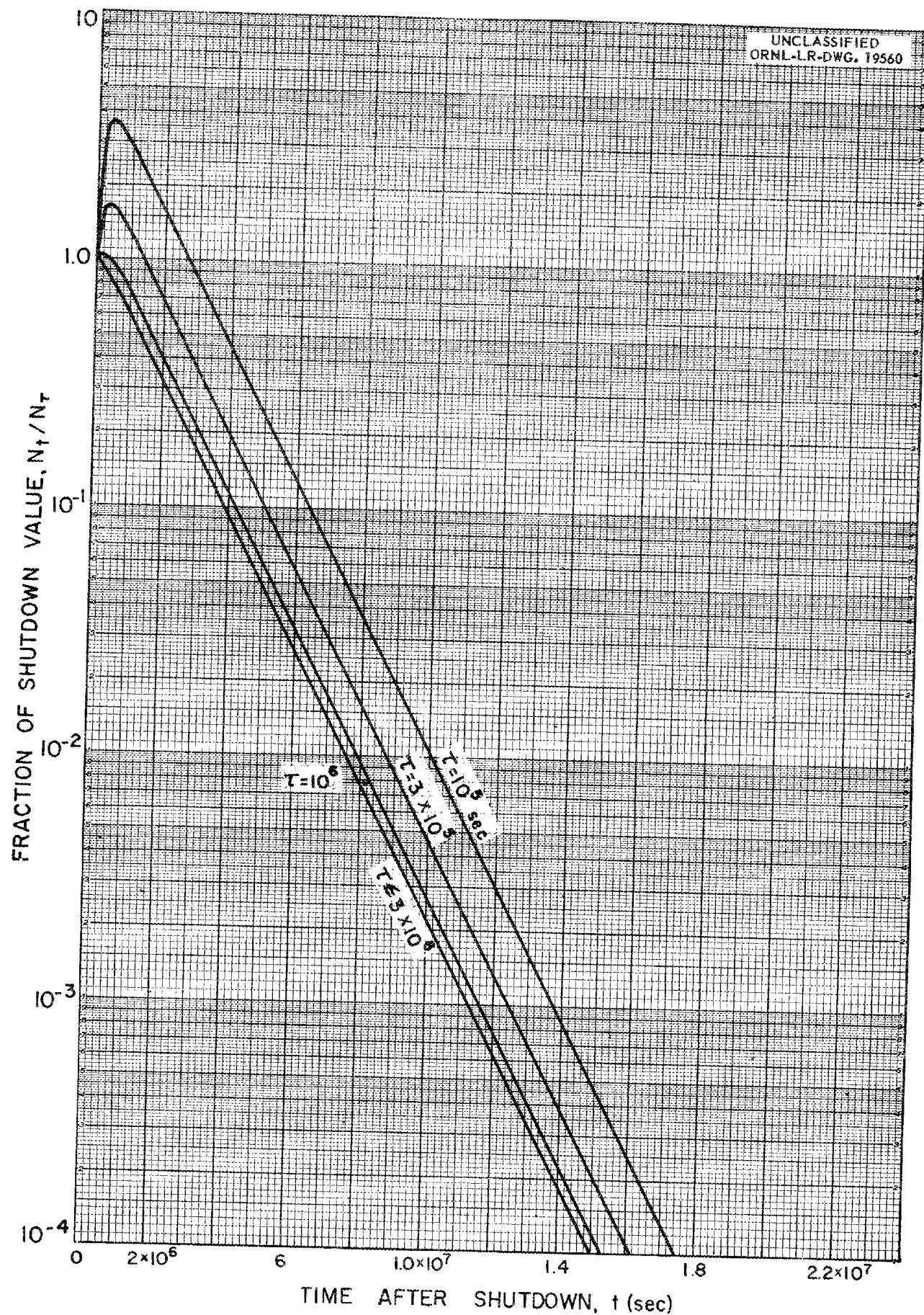


Fig. C-38. Fraction of Shutdown Value of 40.2h La^{140} Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

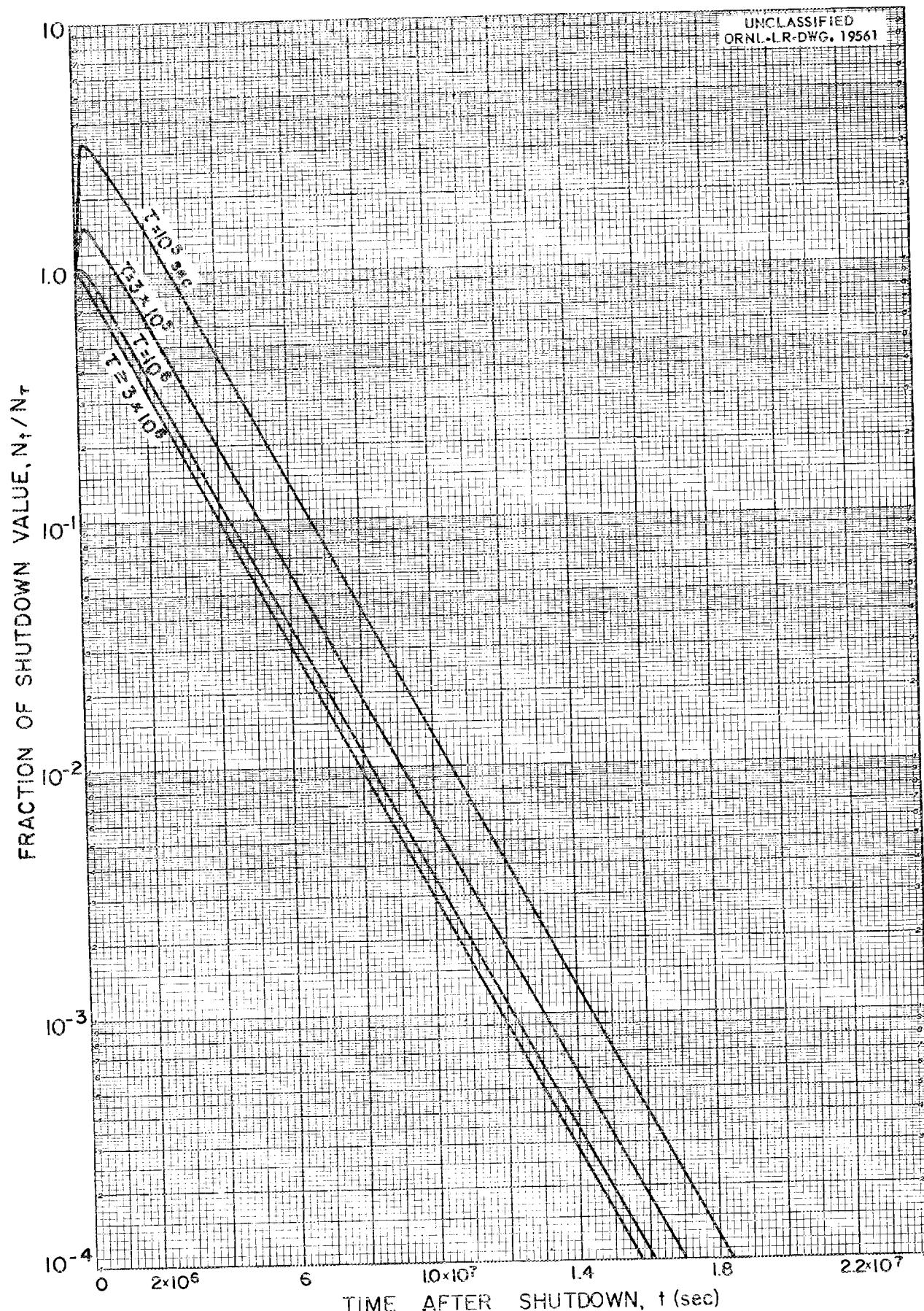


Fig. C-39. Fraction of Shutdown Value of $^{13.7d}\text{Pr}^{143}$ Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

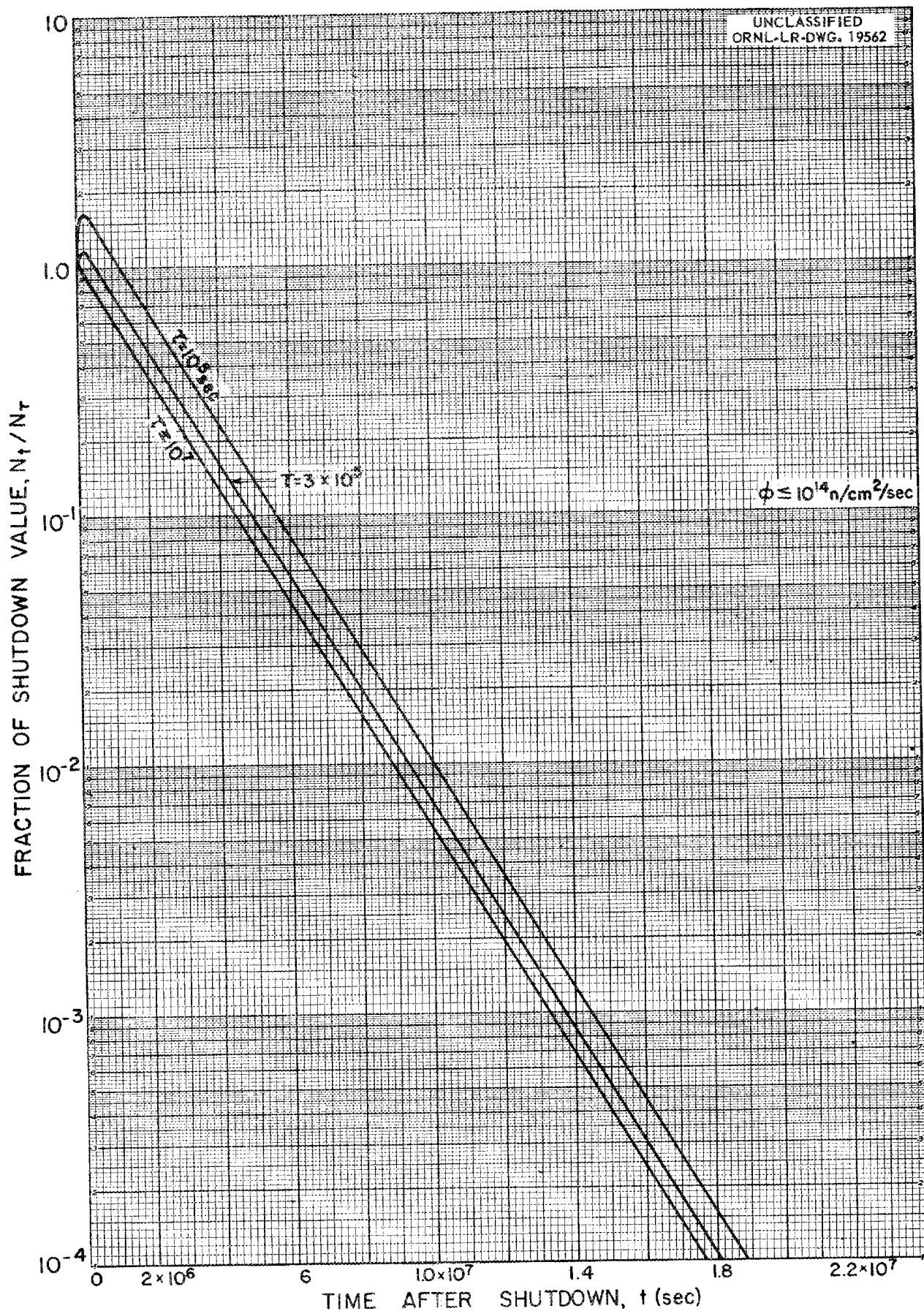


Fig. C-40. Fraction of Shutdown Value of $15.4d.Eu^{156}$ Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

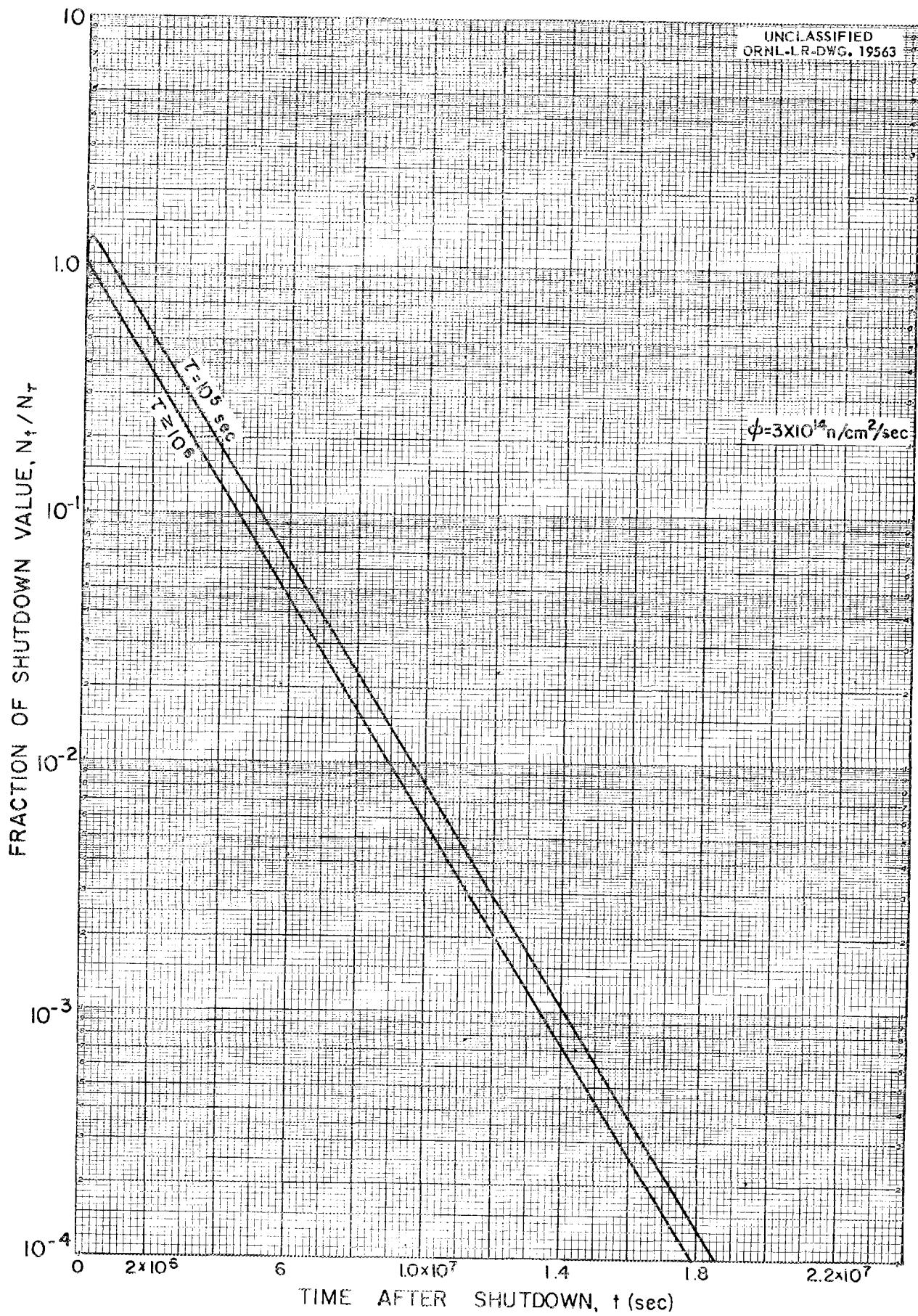


Fig. C-40a. Fraction of Shutdown Value of 15.4d Eu¹⁵⁶ Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

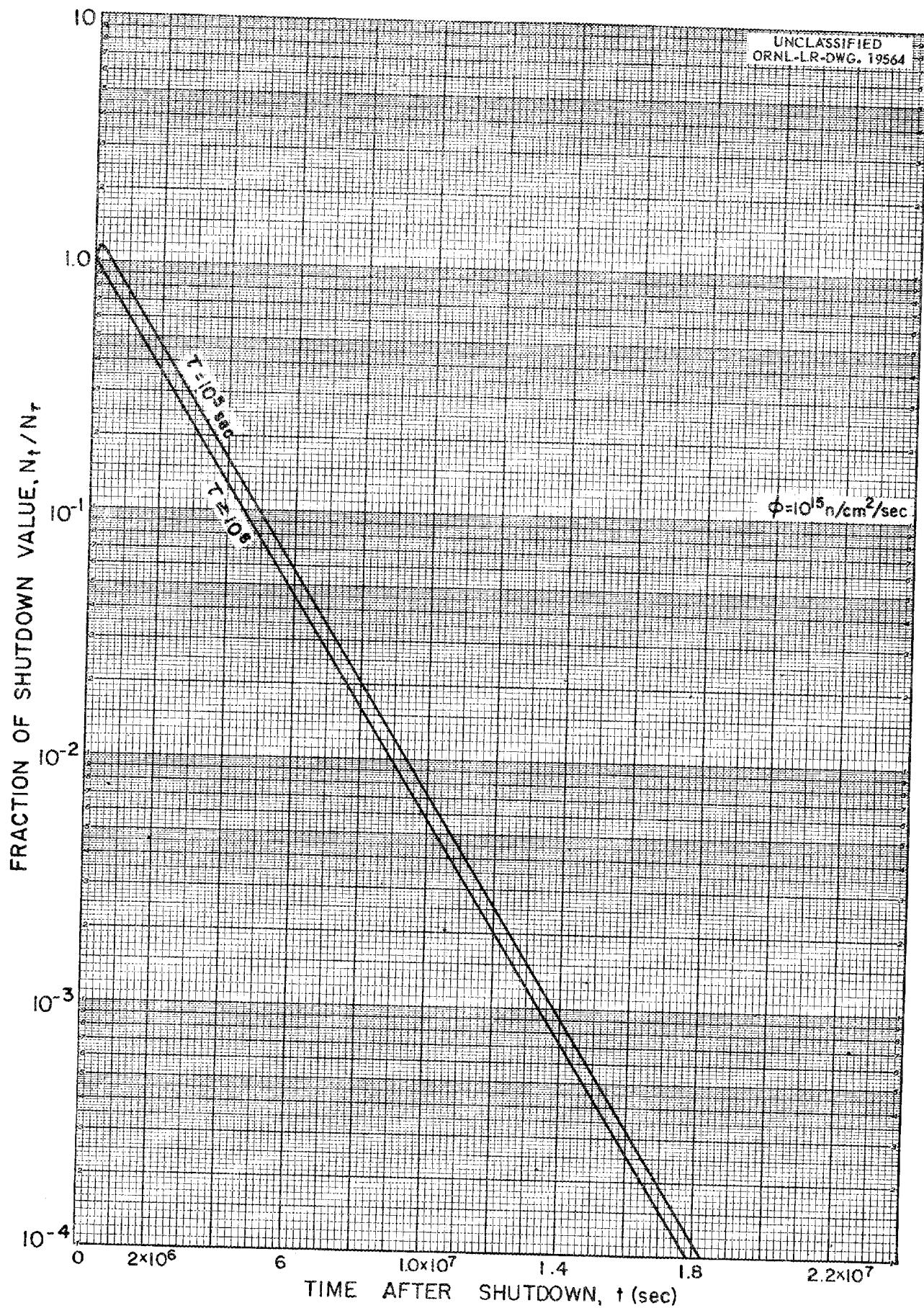


Fig. C-40b. Fraction of Shutdown Value of 15.4d Eu¹⁵⁶ Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

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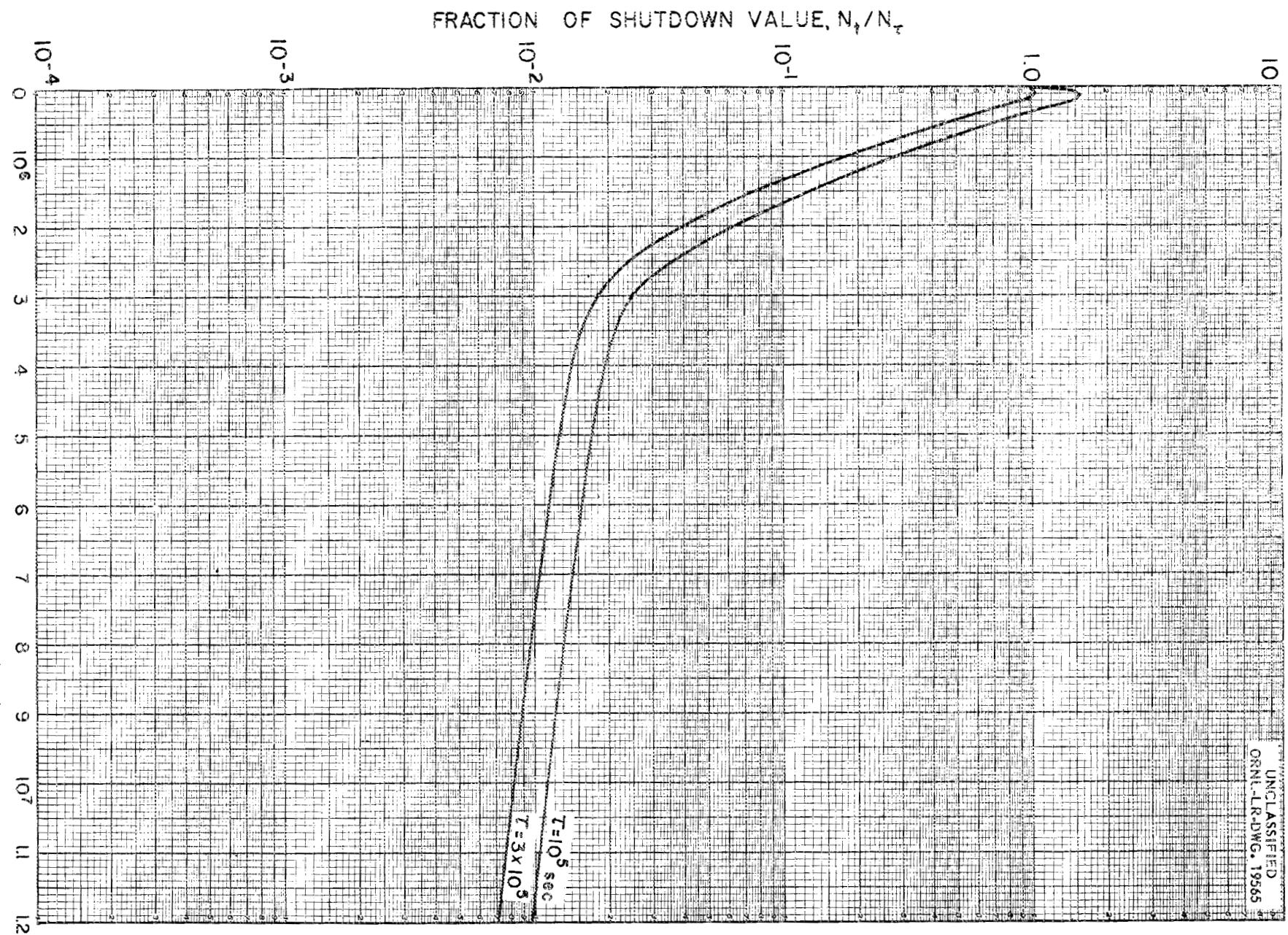
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Fig. C-41. Fraction of Shutdown Value of 9.3 h T_{e27} Remaining
at Various Times After Shutdown.

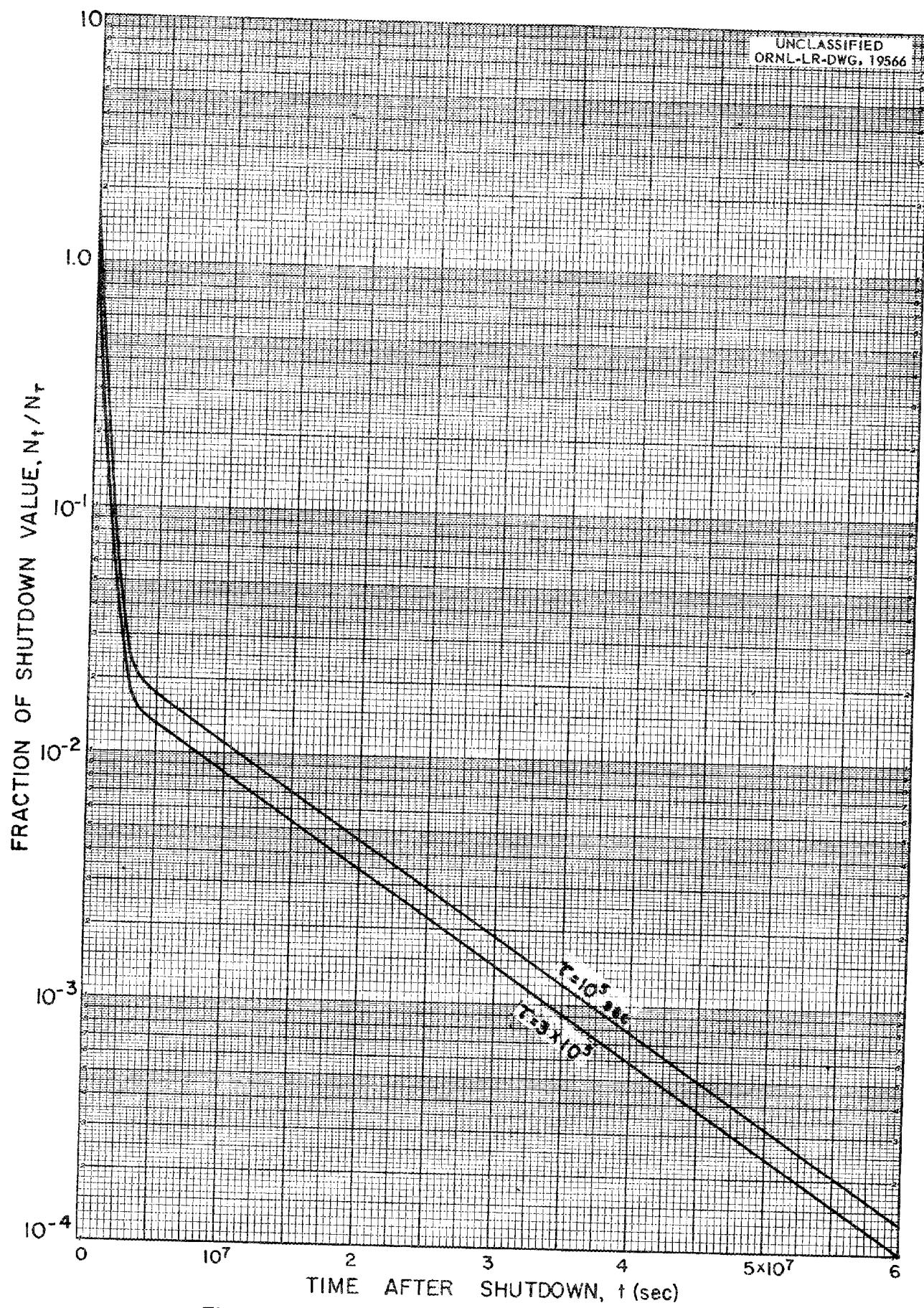


Fig. C-4la. Fraction of Shutdown Value of $^{93}\text{h Te}^{27}$ Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

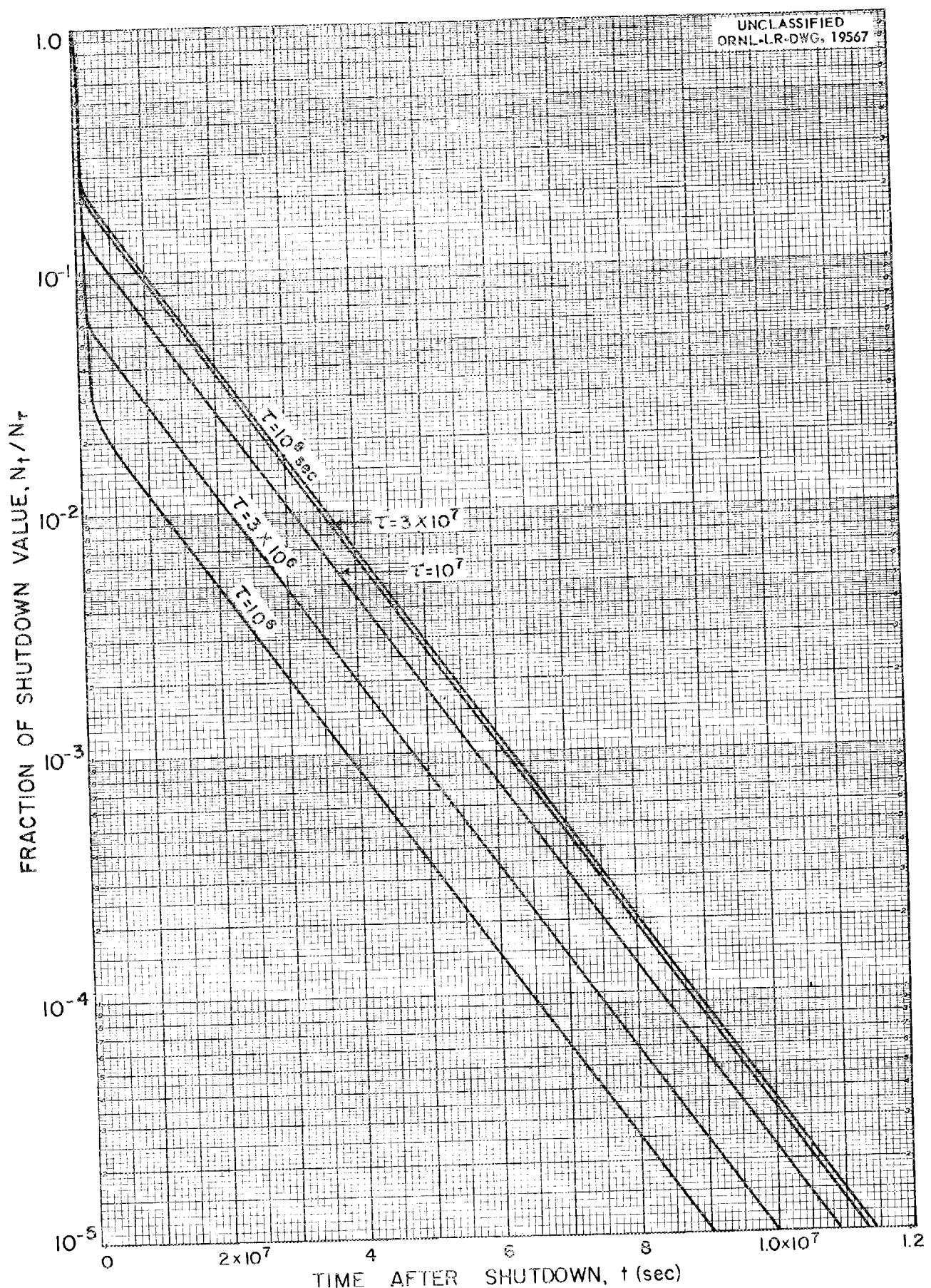


Fig. C-41b. Fraction of Shutdown Value of 9.3h Te^{127} Remaining
at Various Times After Shutdown.

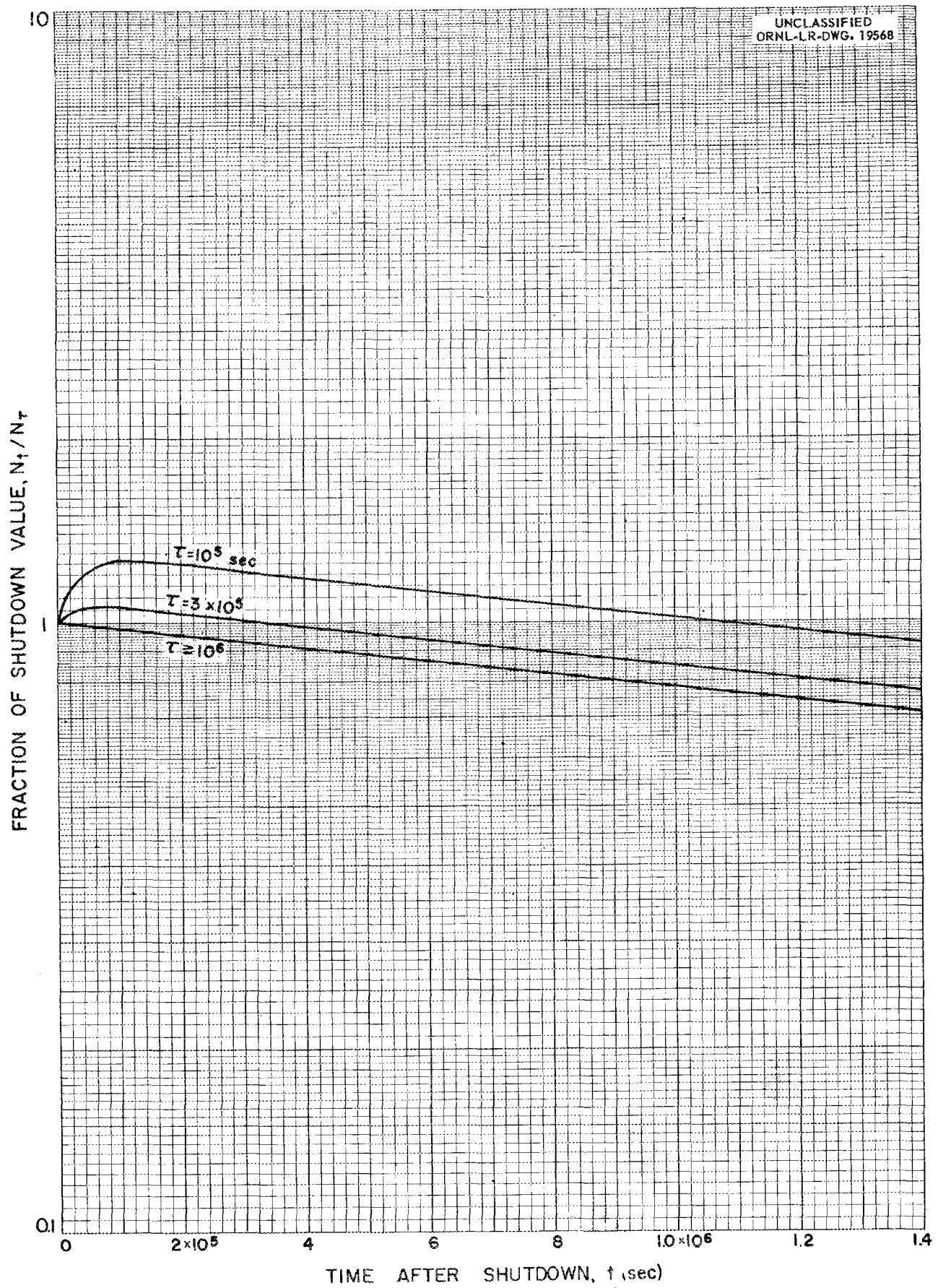


Fig. C-42. Fraction of Shutdown Value of $33d\ Te^{129m}$ Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

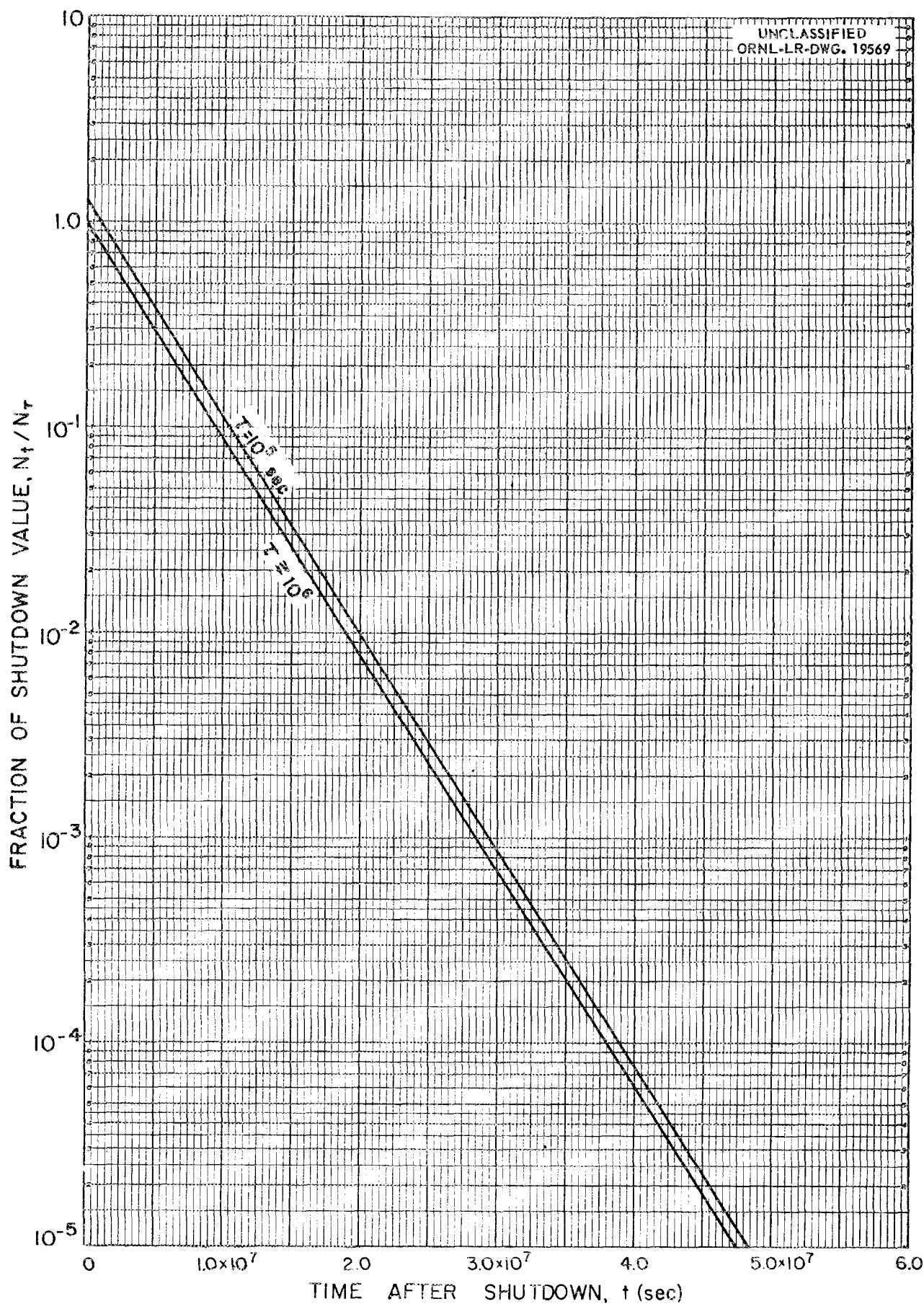


Fig. C-42a. Fraction of Shutdown Value of $33d\ Te^{129m}$ Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

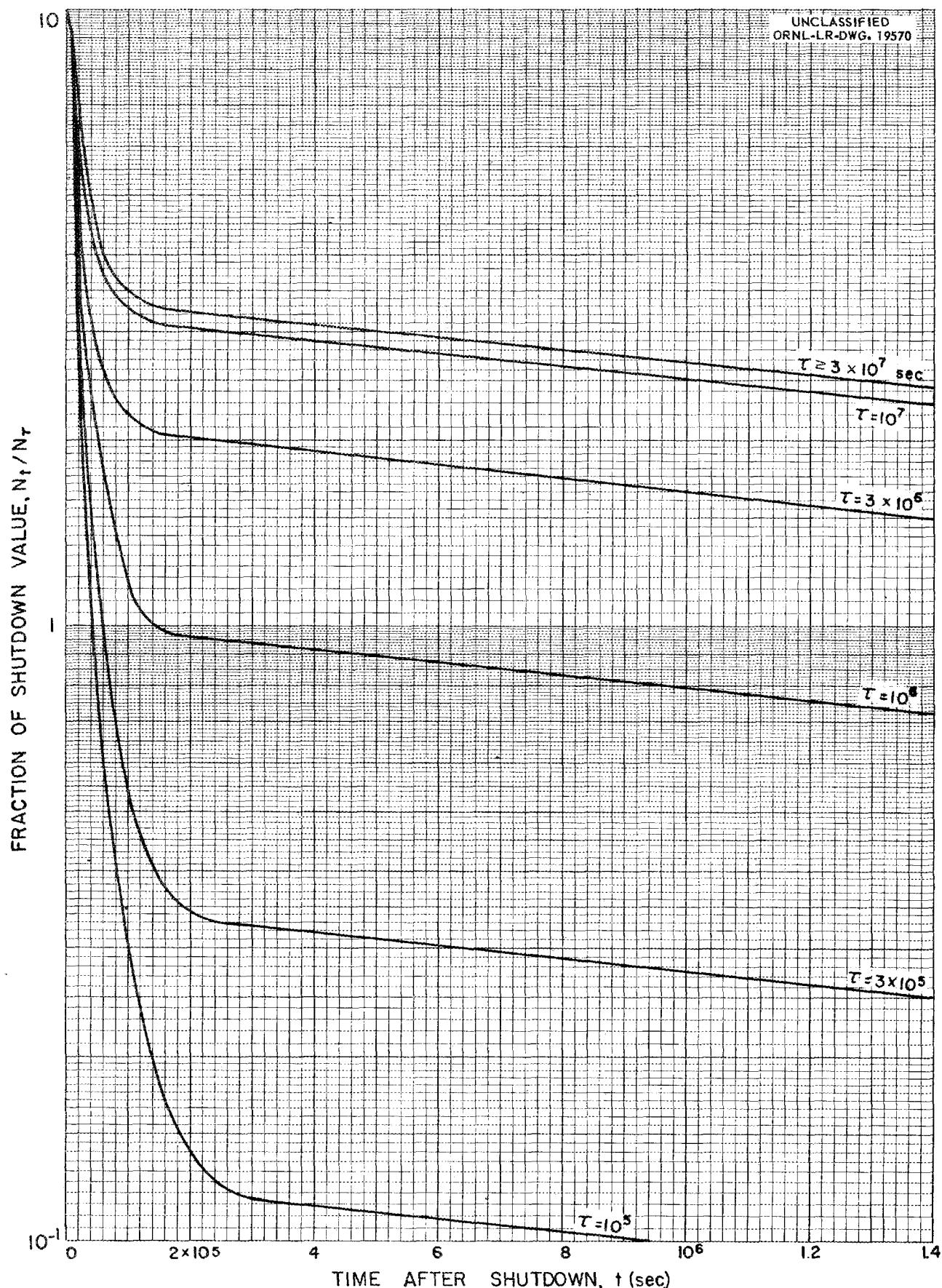


Fig. C-43. Fraction of Shutdown Value of $^{72m}\text{Te}^{129}$ Remaining
at Various Times After Shutdown.

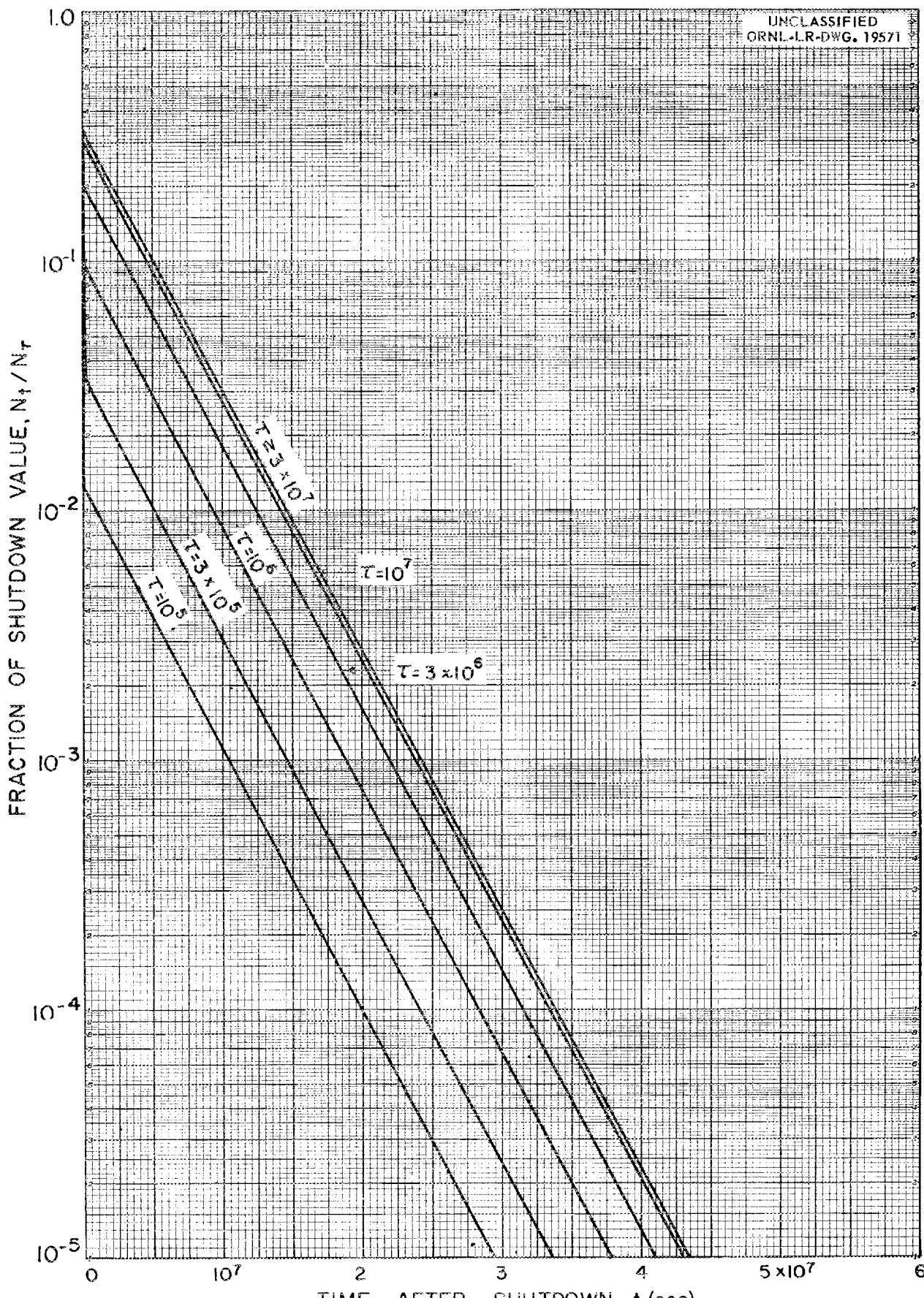


Fig.C-43a. Fraction of Shutdown Value of $^{72m}\text{Te}^{129}$ Remaining
at Various Times After Shutdown.

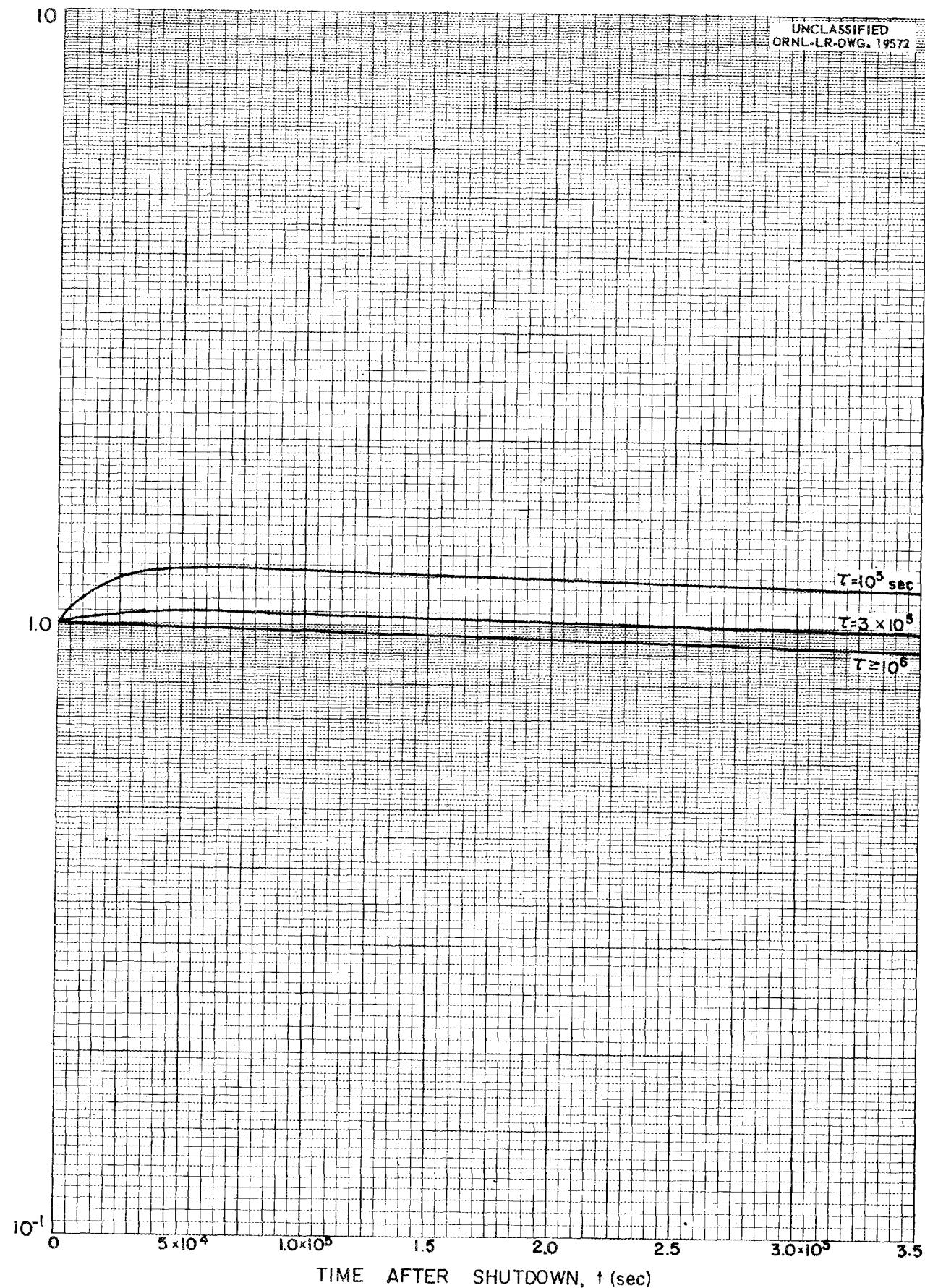


Fig. C-44. Fraction of Shutdown Value of $^{32}\text{d Ce}^{141}$ Remaining
at Various Times After Shutdown.

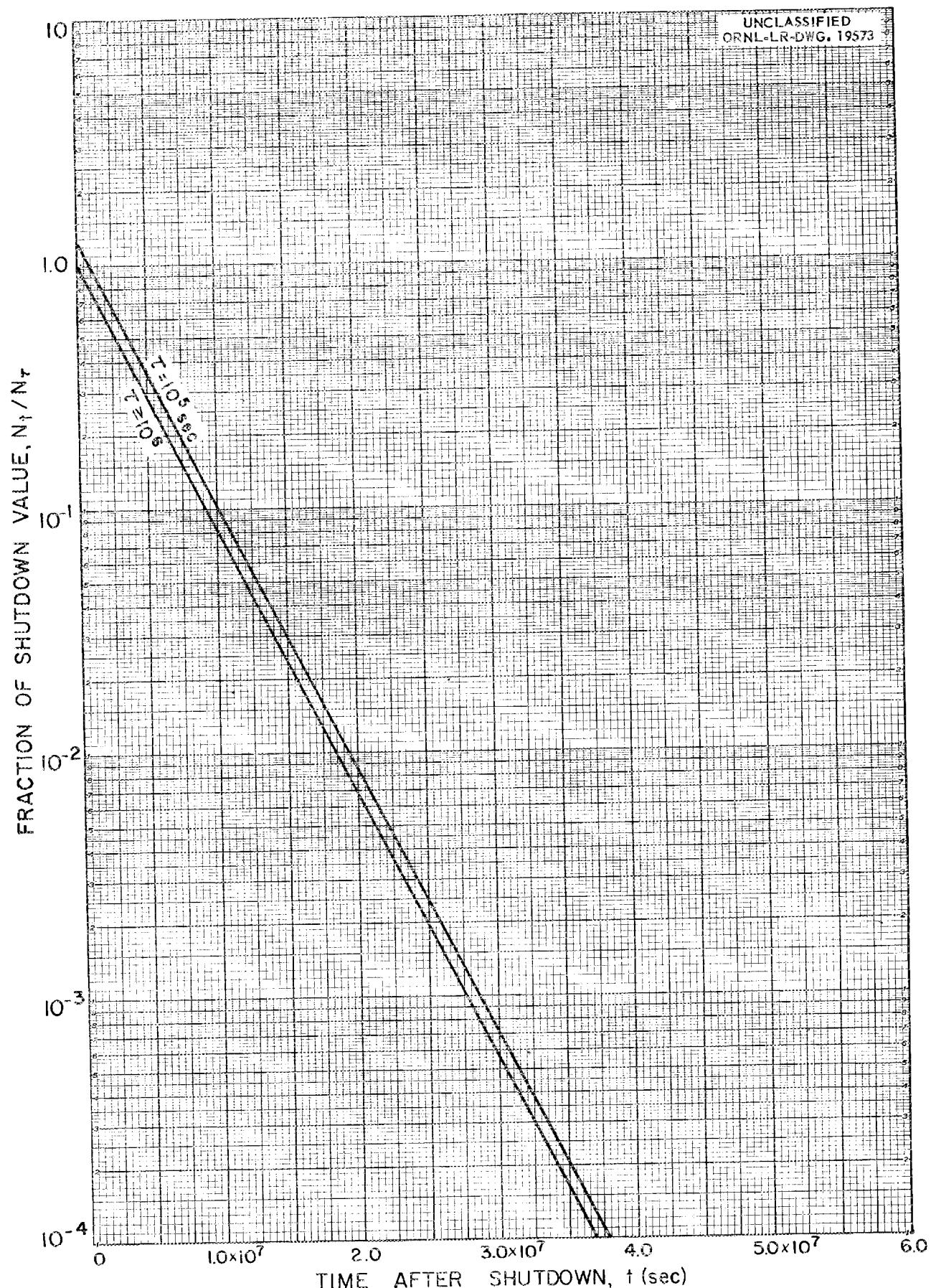


Fig. C-44a. Fraction of Shutdown Value of $32d$ Ce^{141} Remaining
at Various Times After Shutdown.

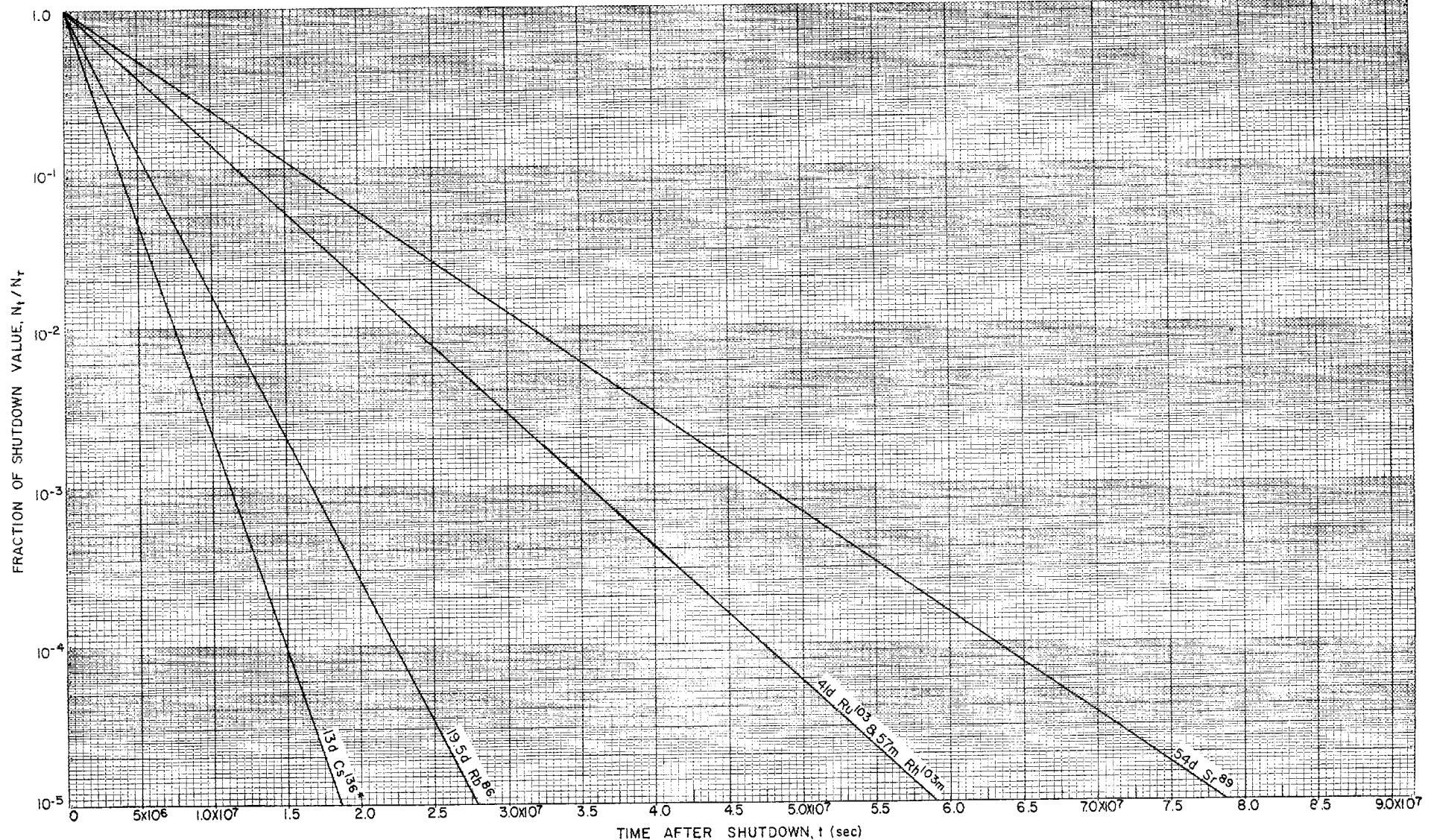


Fig. C-45. Fraction of Shutdown Value of Radioactive Fission Products Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

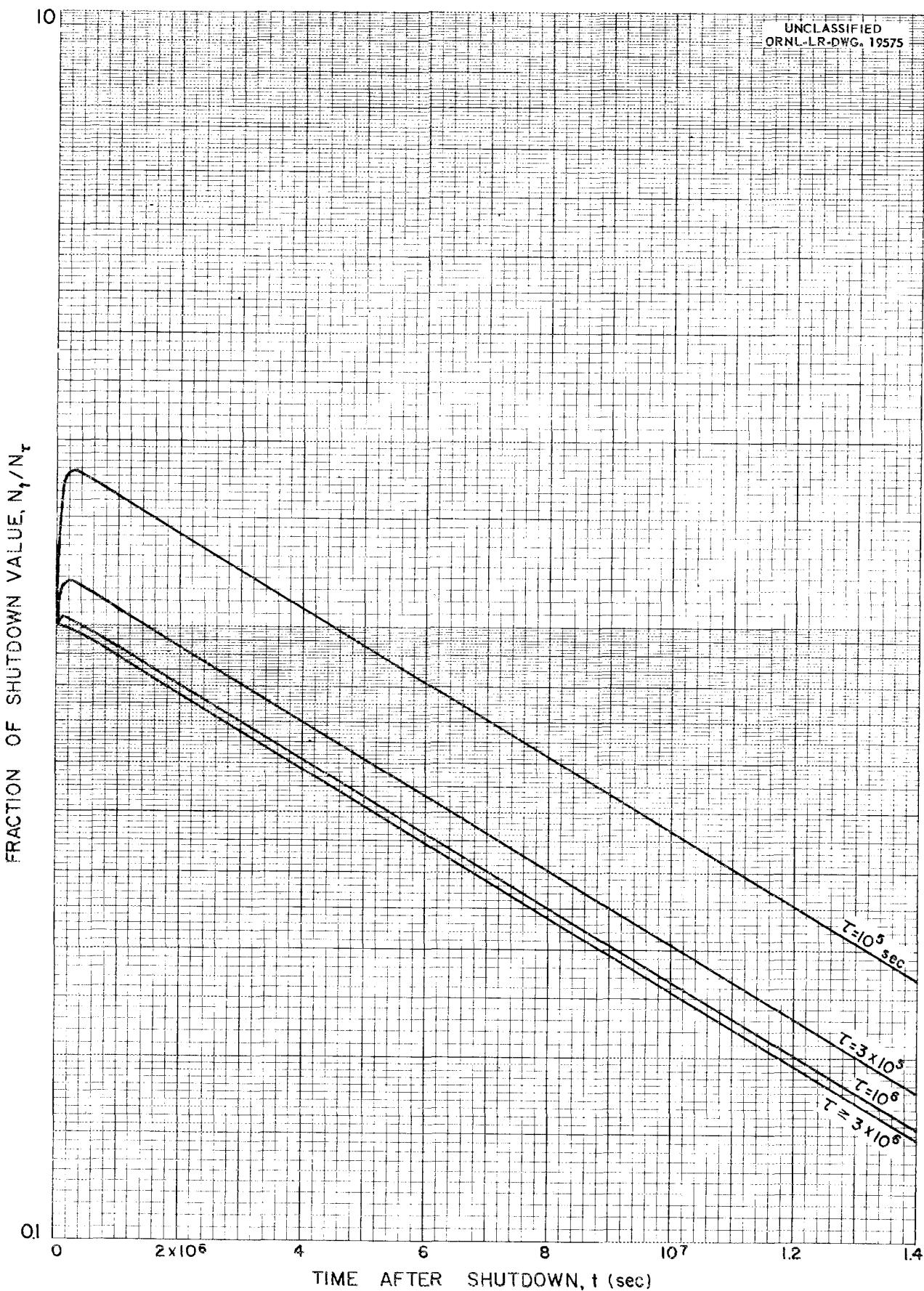


Fig. C-46. Fraction of Shutdown Value of 58d Y⁹¹ Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

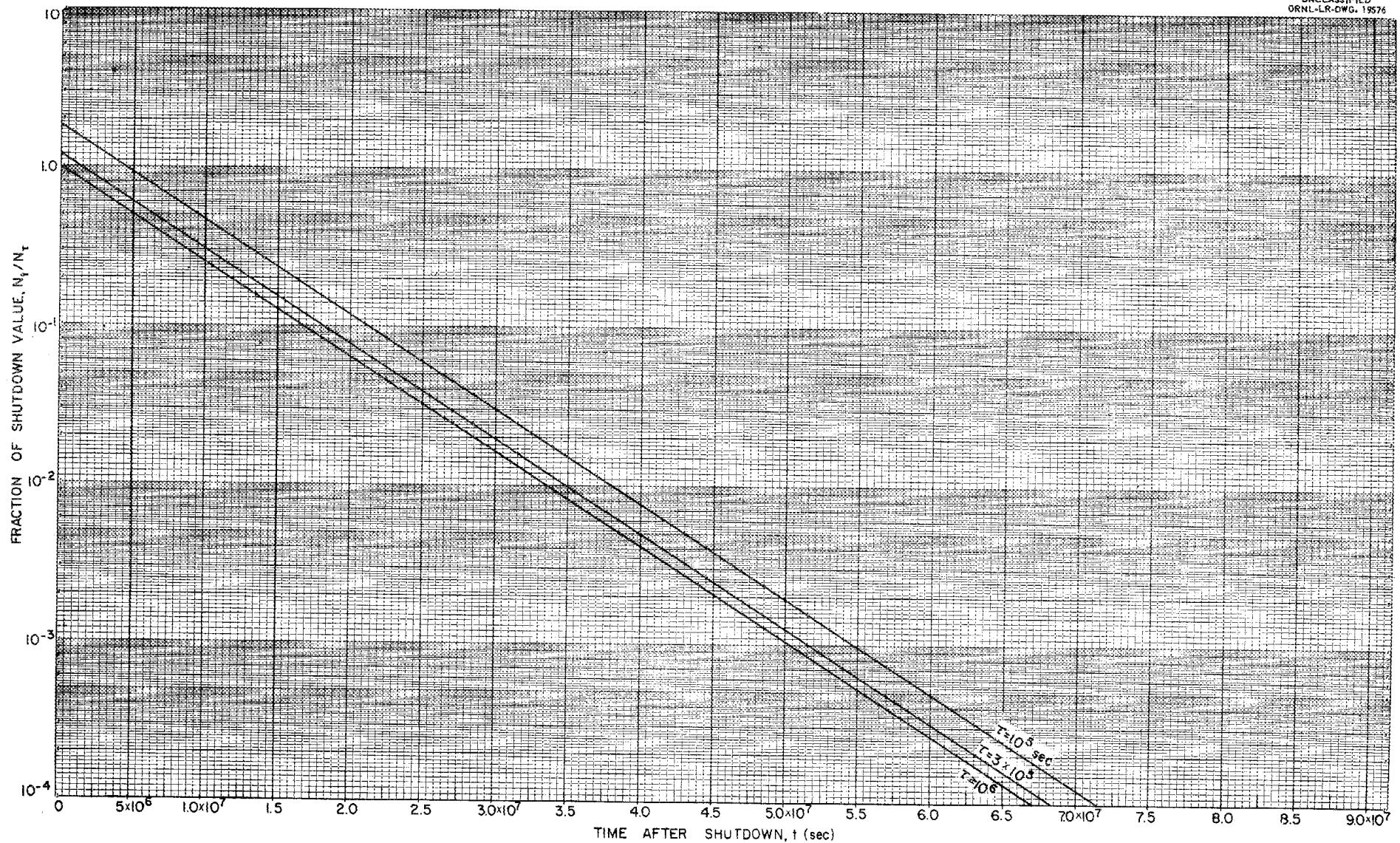


Fig. C-46a. Fraction of Shutdown Value of $^{58}\text{d Y}^{91}$ Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

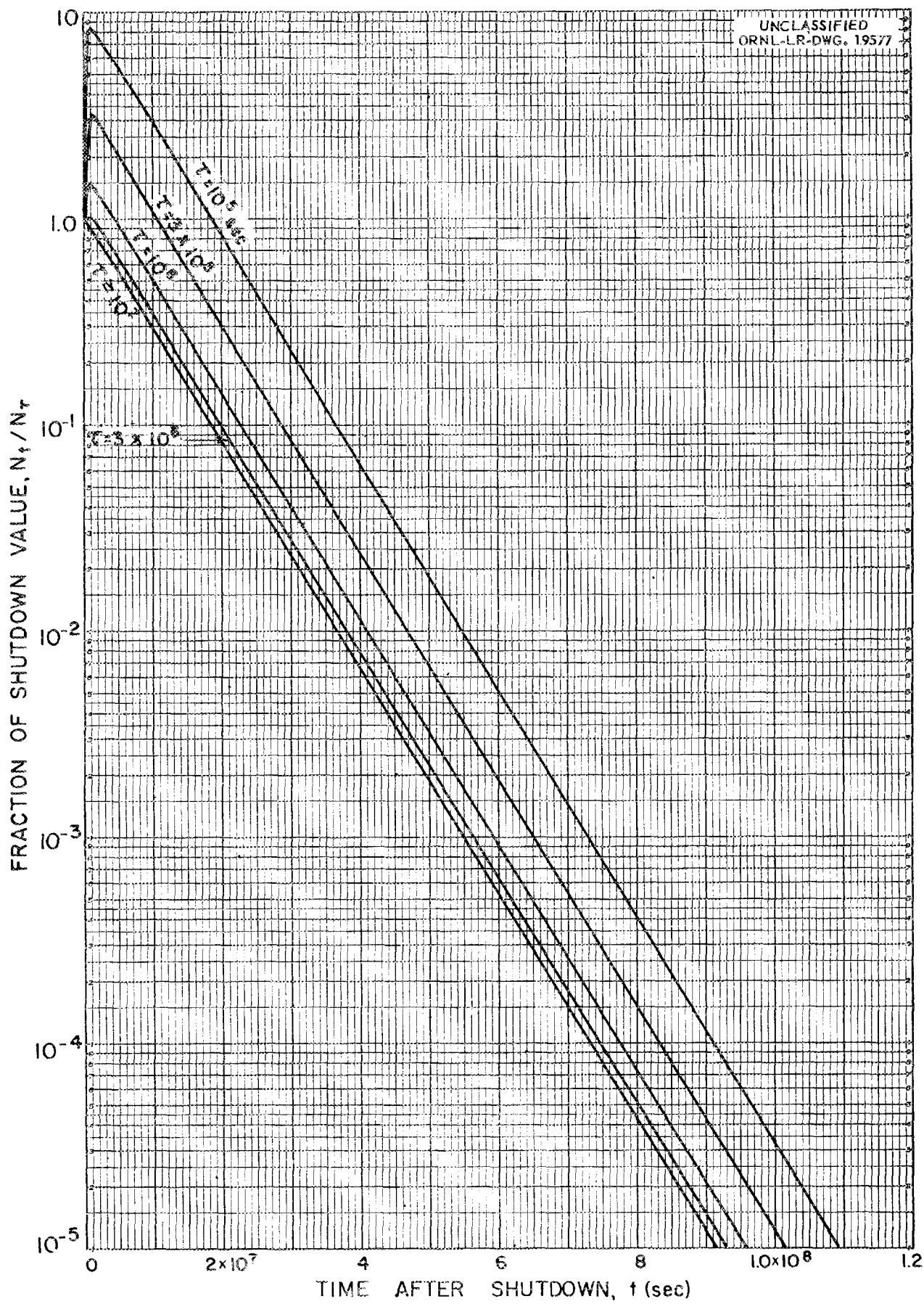


Fig. C-47. Fraction of Shutdown Value of $^{90}\text{Nb}^{95m}$ Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

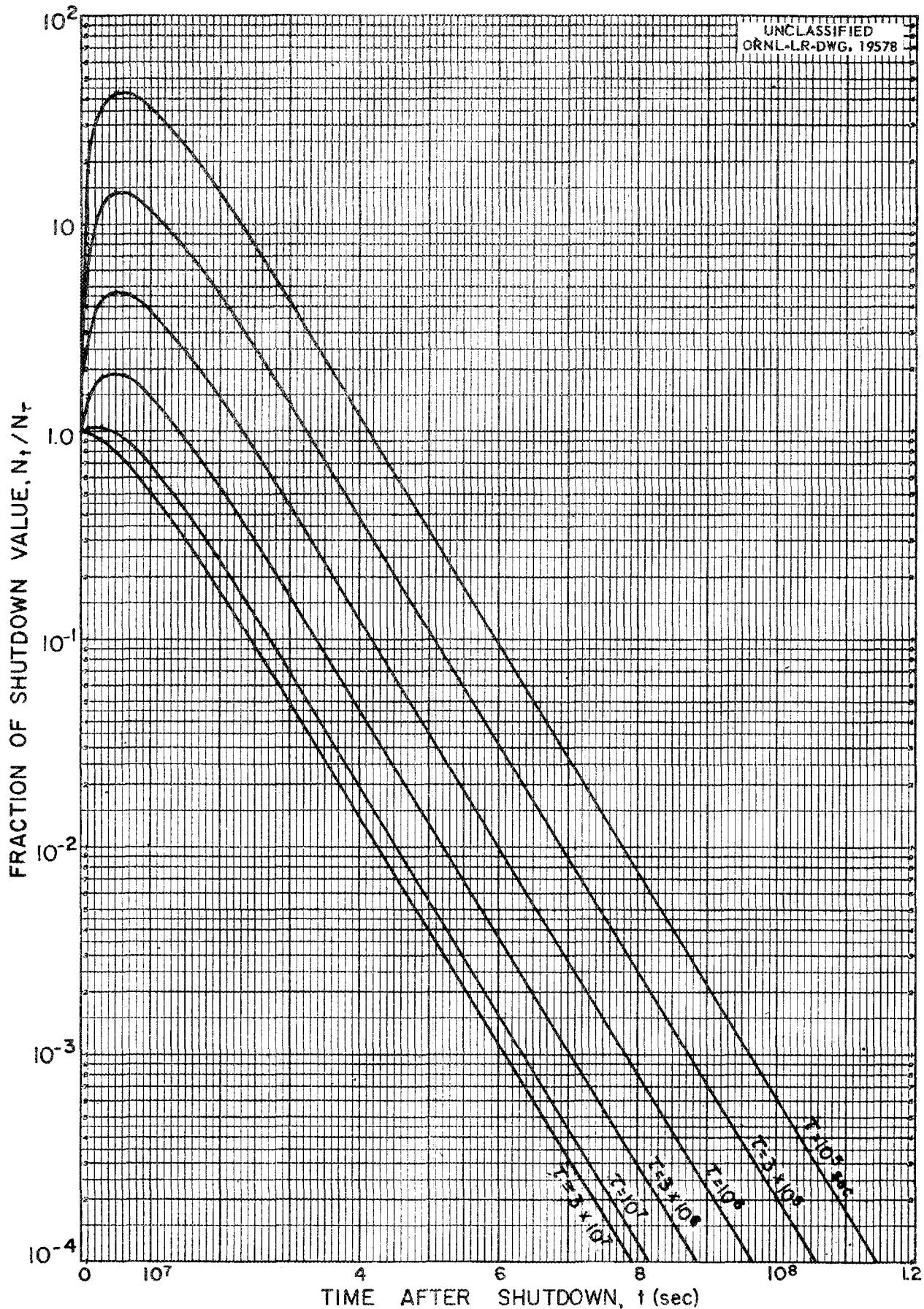


Fig. C-48. Fraction of Shutdown Value of $35d$ Nb^{95} Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

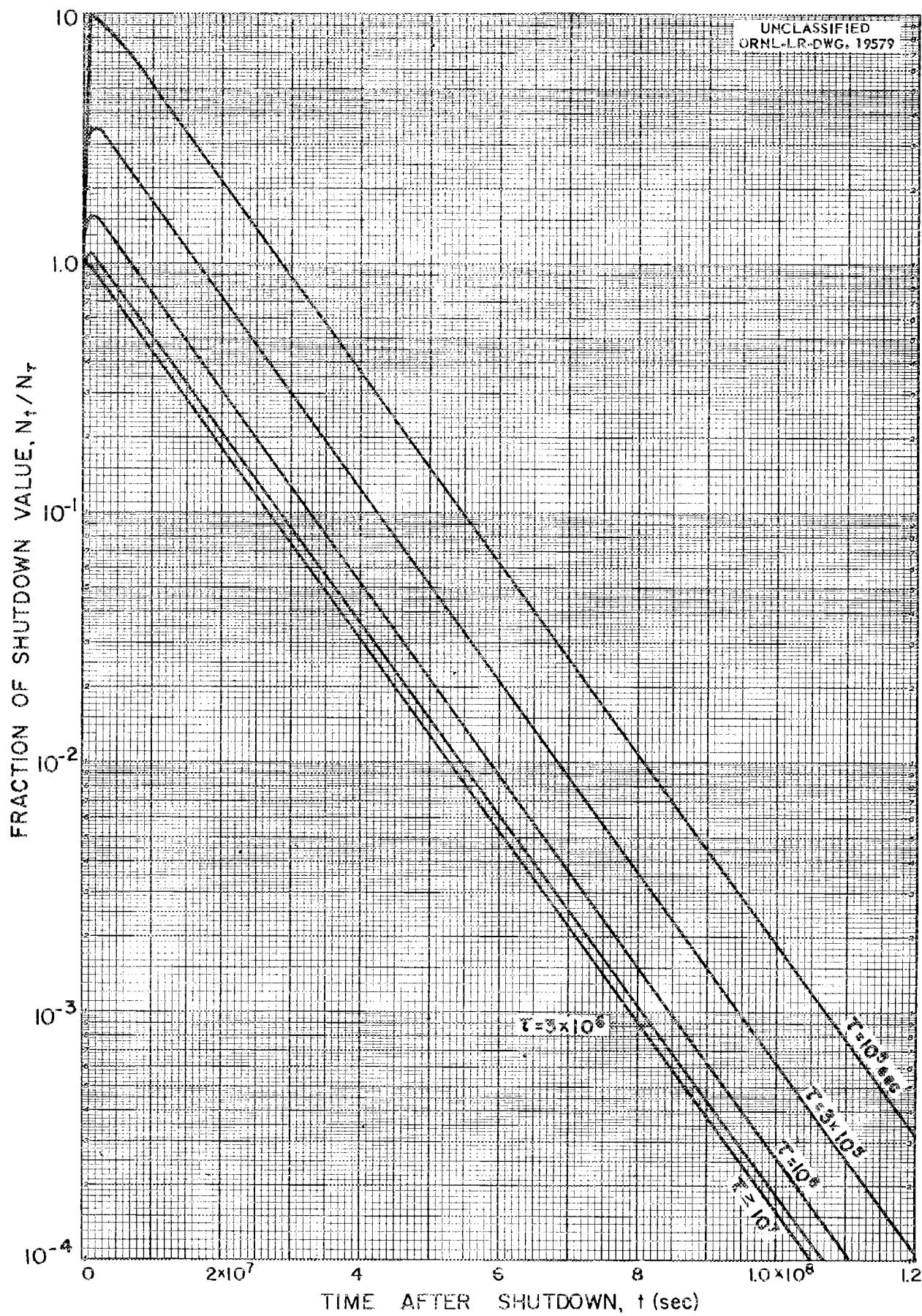


Fig. C-49. Fraction of Shutdown Value of 90d Te^{127m} Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

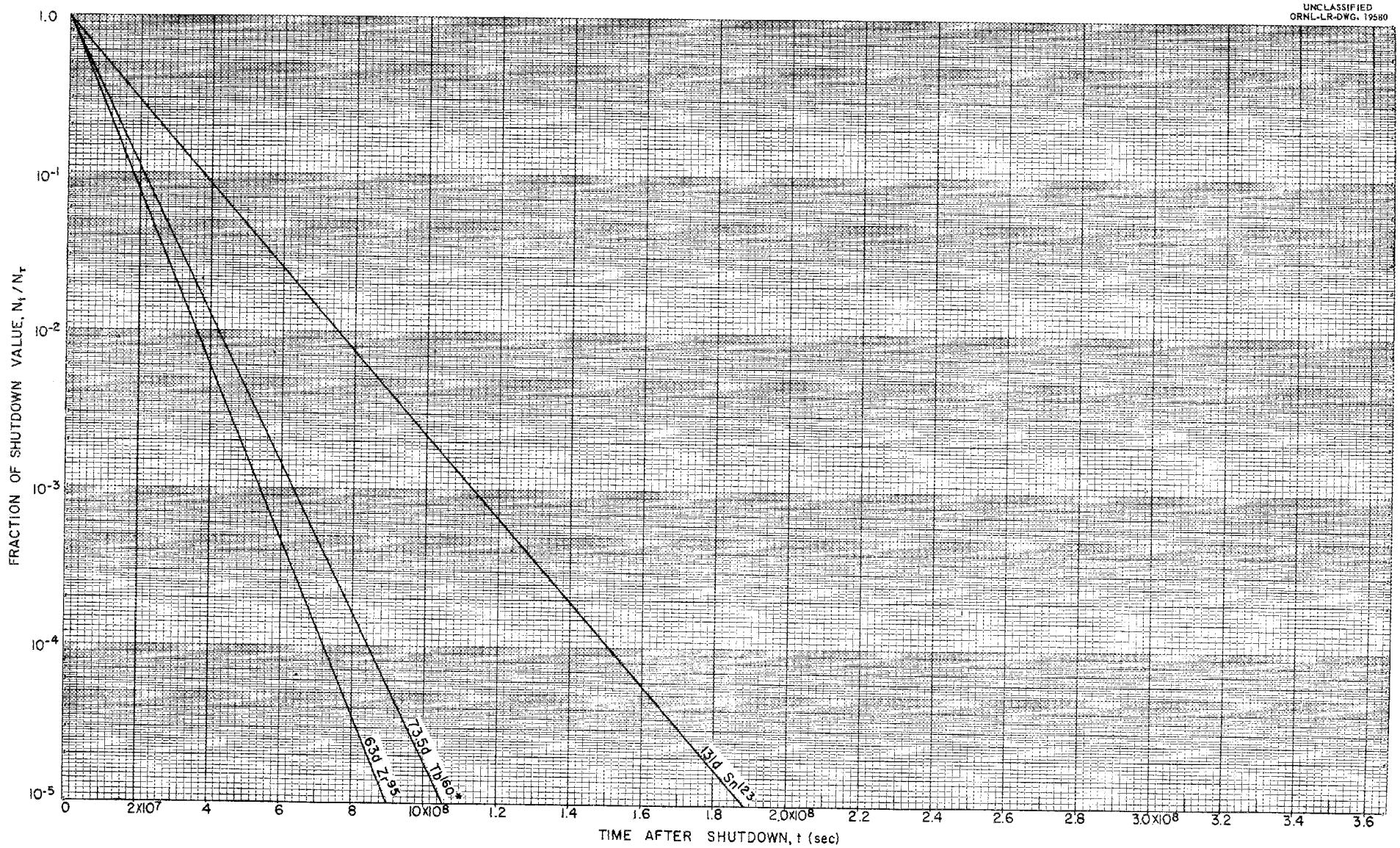


Fig. C-50. Fraction of Shutdown Value of Radioactive Fission Products Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

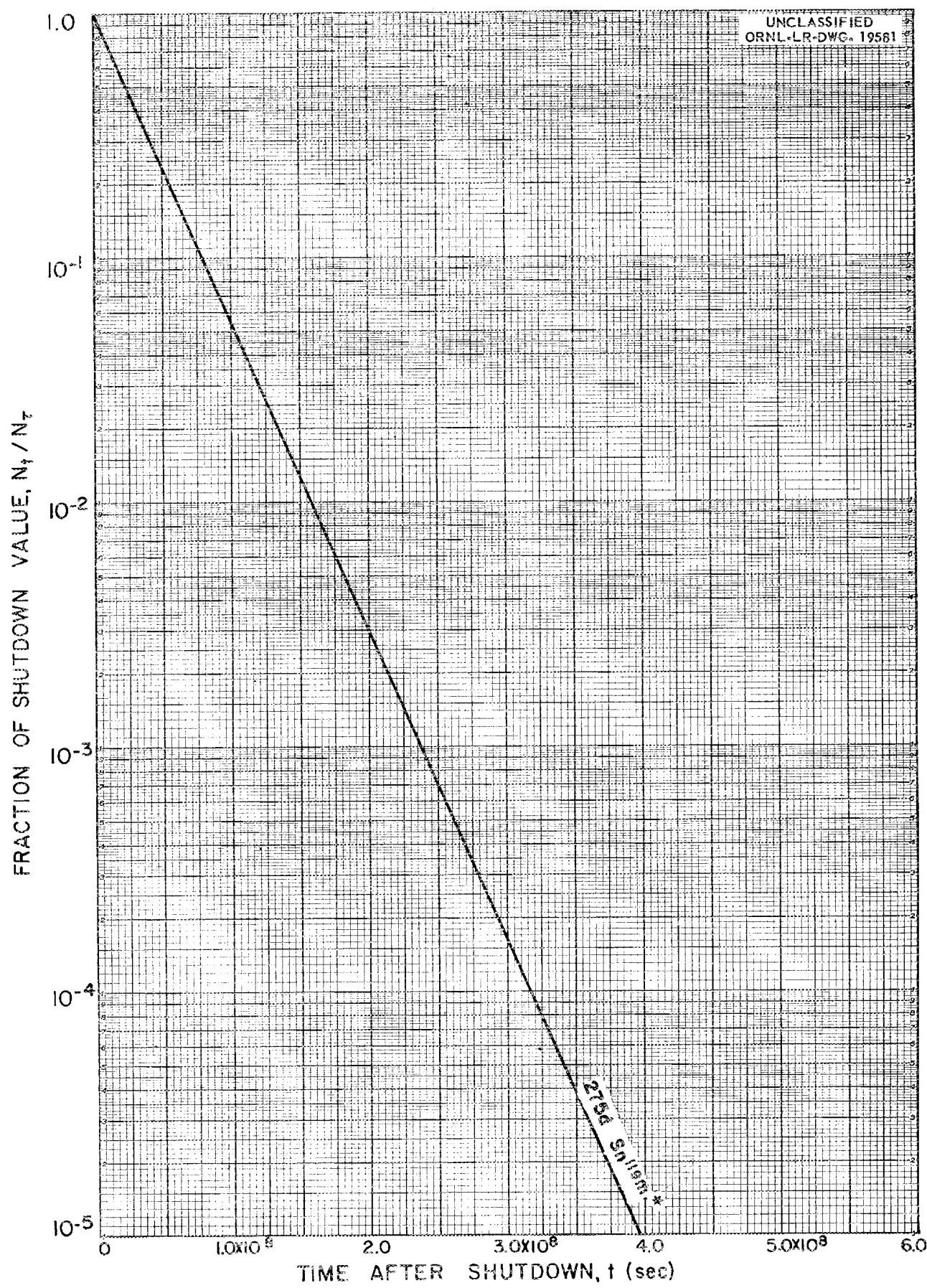


Fig. C-51. Fraction of Shutdown Value of 275d $\text{Sn}^{119\text{m}}\text{*}$ Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

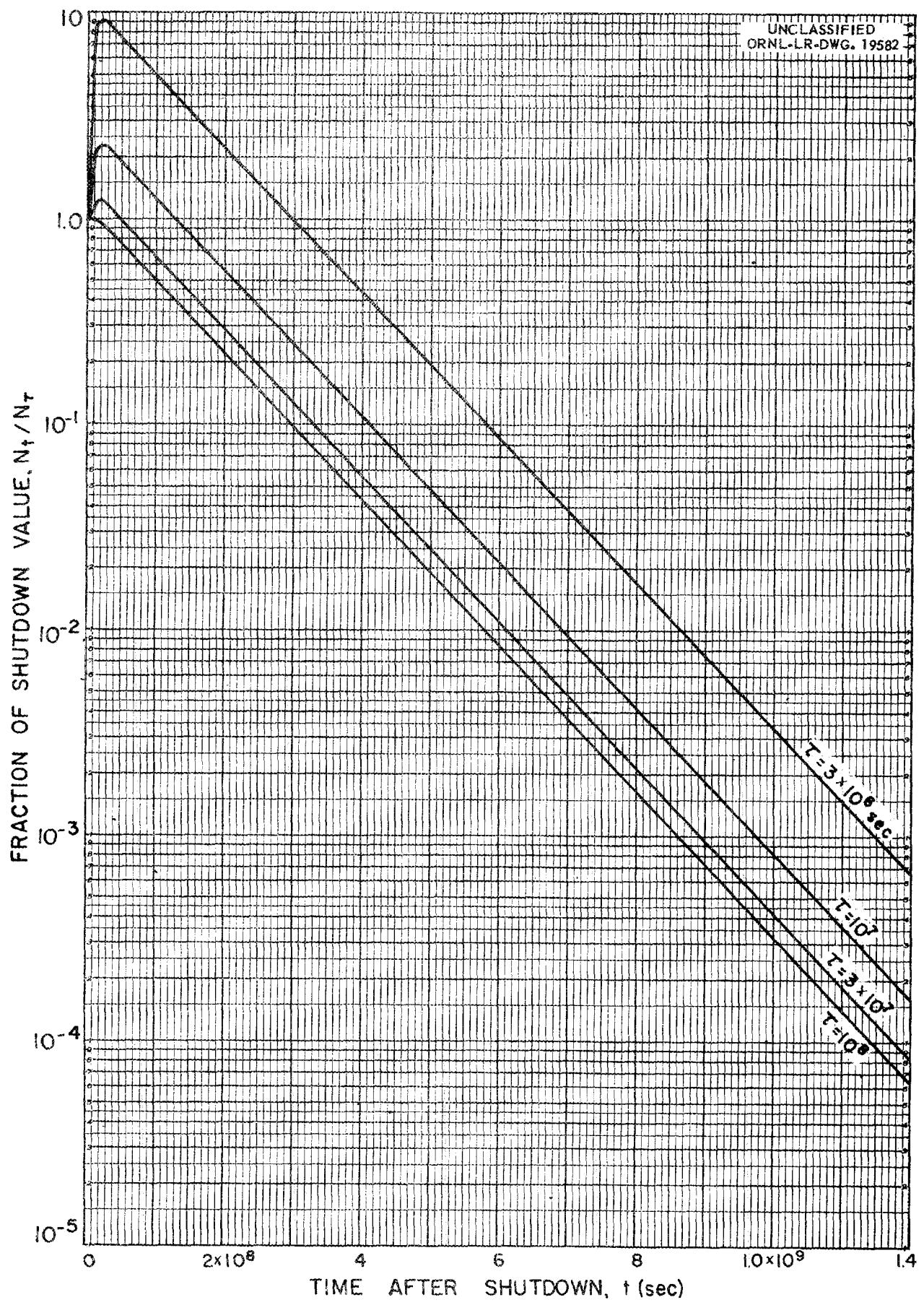


Fig. C-52. Fraction of Shutdown Value of 58d Te^{125m} Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

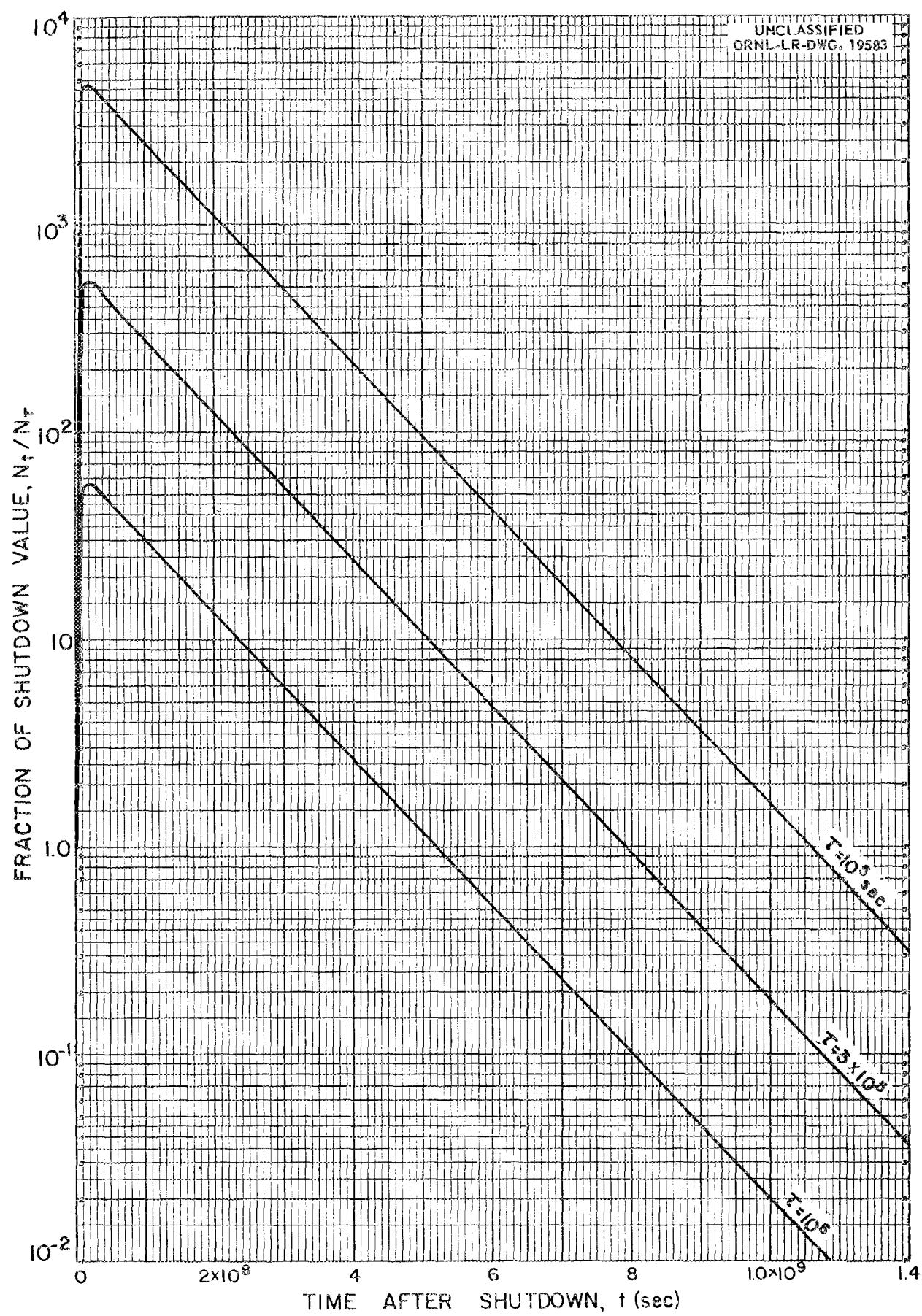


Fig. C-52a. Fraction of Shutdown Value of 58d Te^{125m} Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

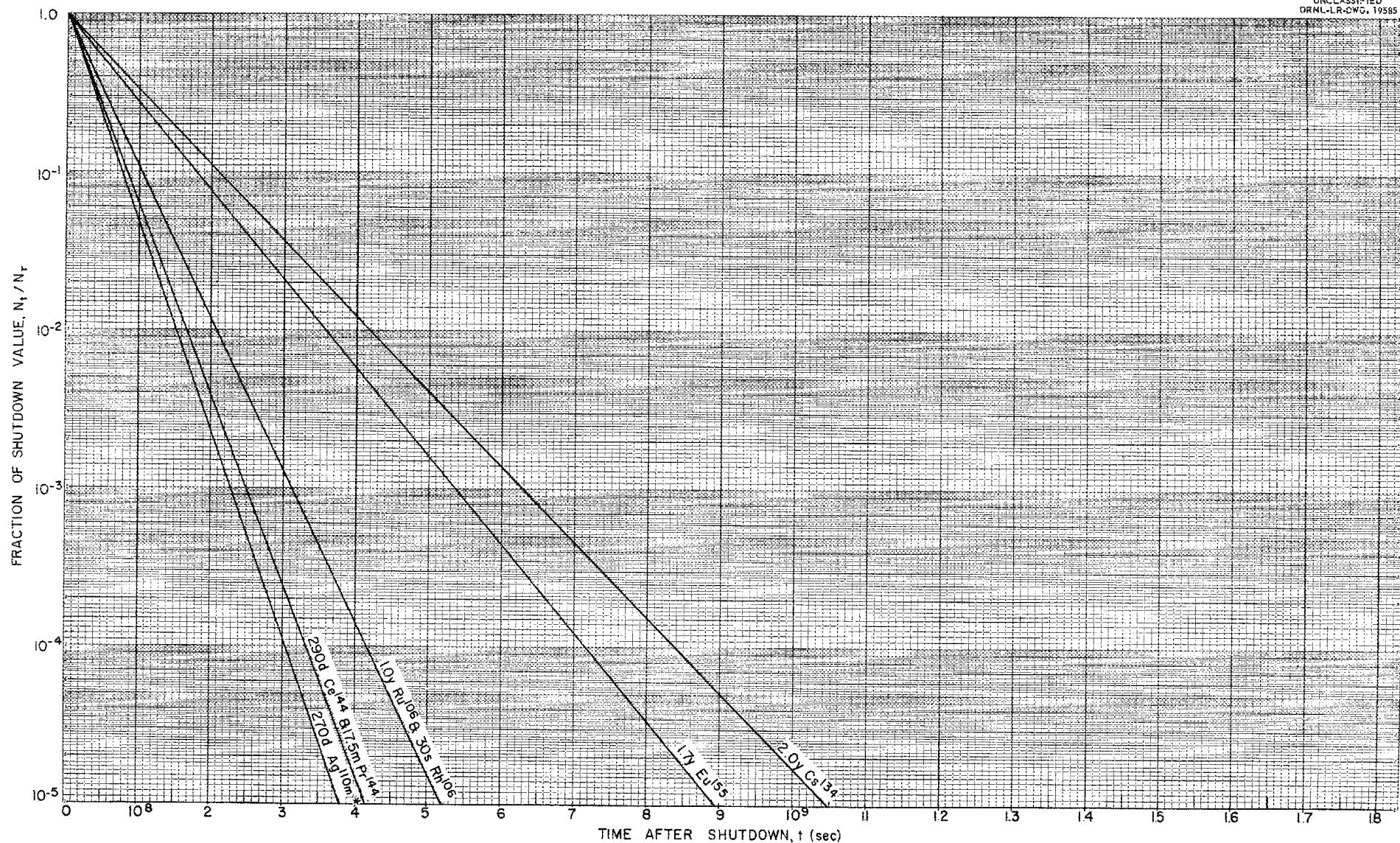


Fig. C-53. Fraction of Shutdown Value of Radioactive Fission Products Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

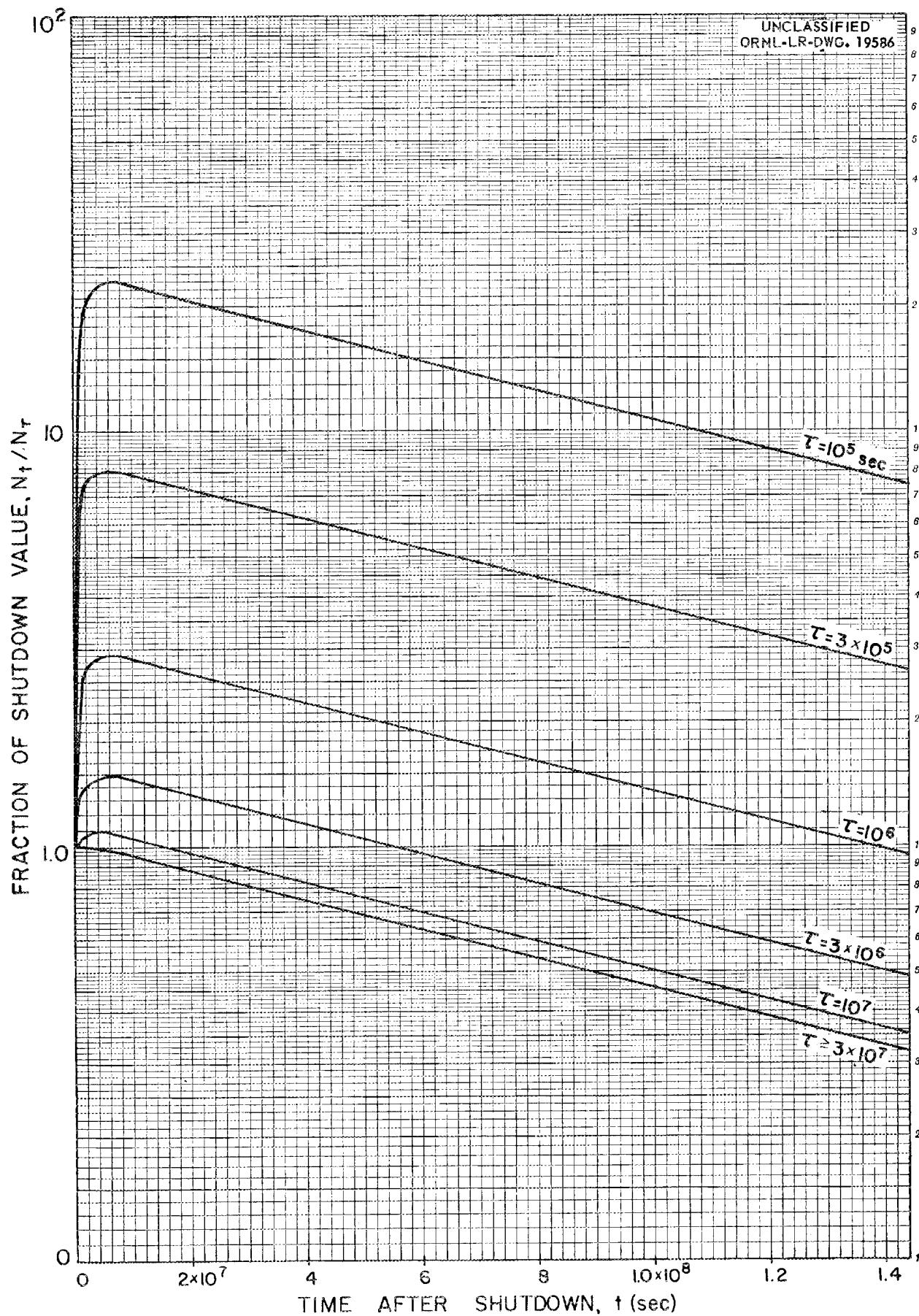


Fig. C-54. Fraction of Shutdown Value of 2.7y Sb¹²⁵ Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

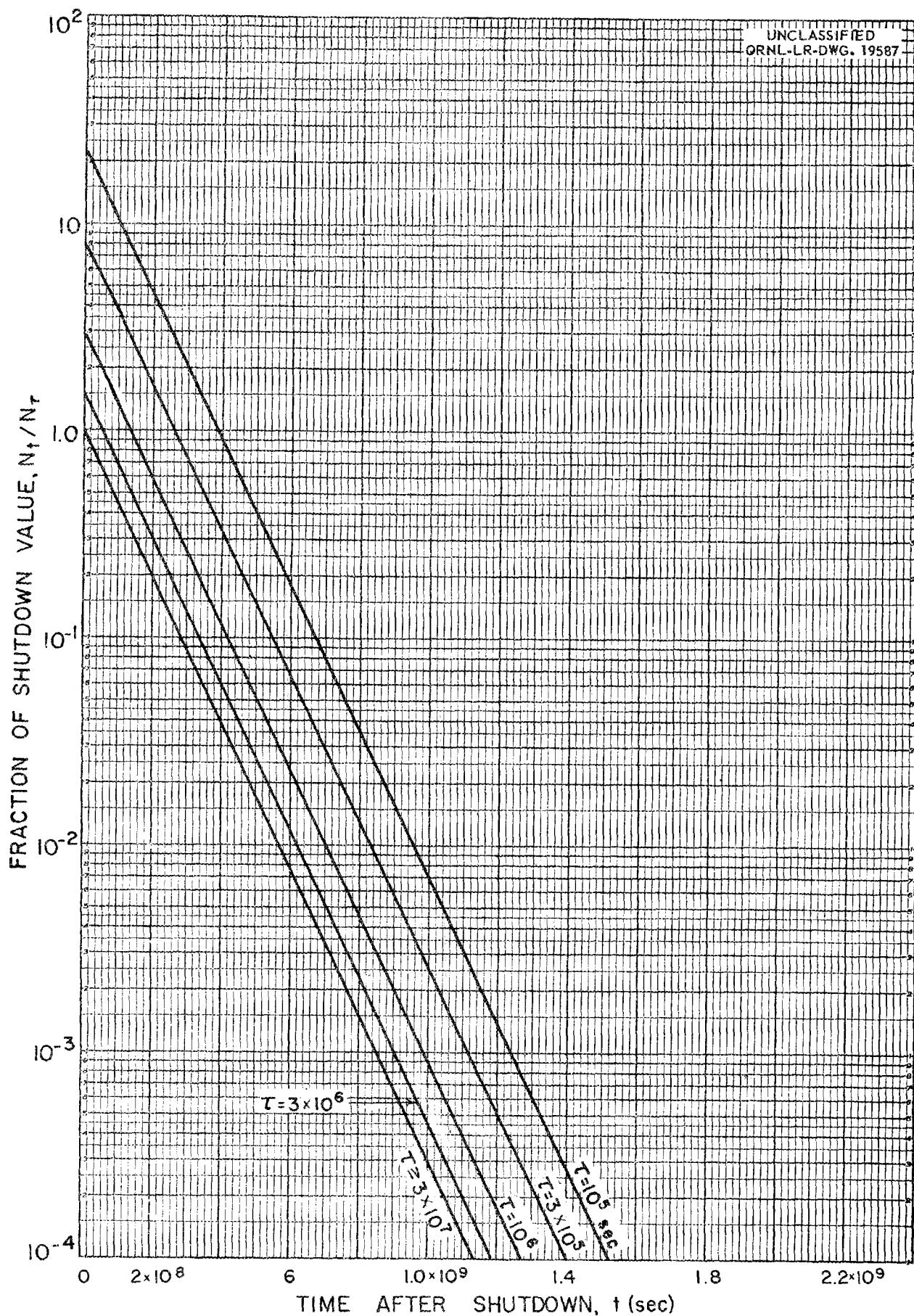


Fig. C-54a. Fraction of Shutdown Value of 2.7y Sb¹²⁵ Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

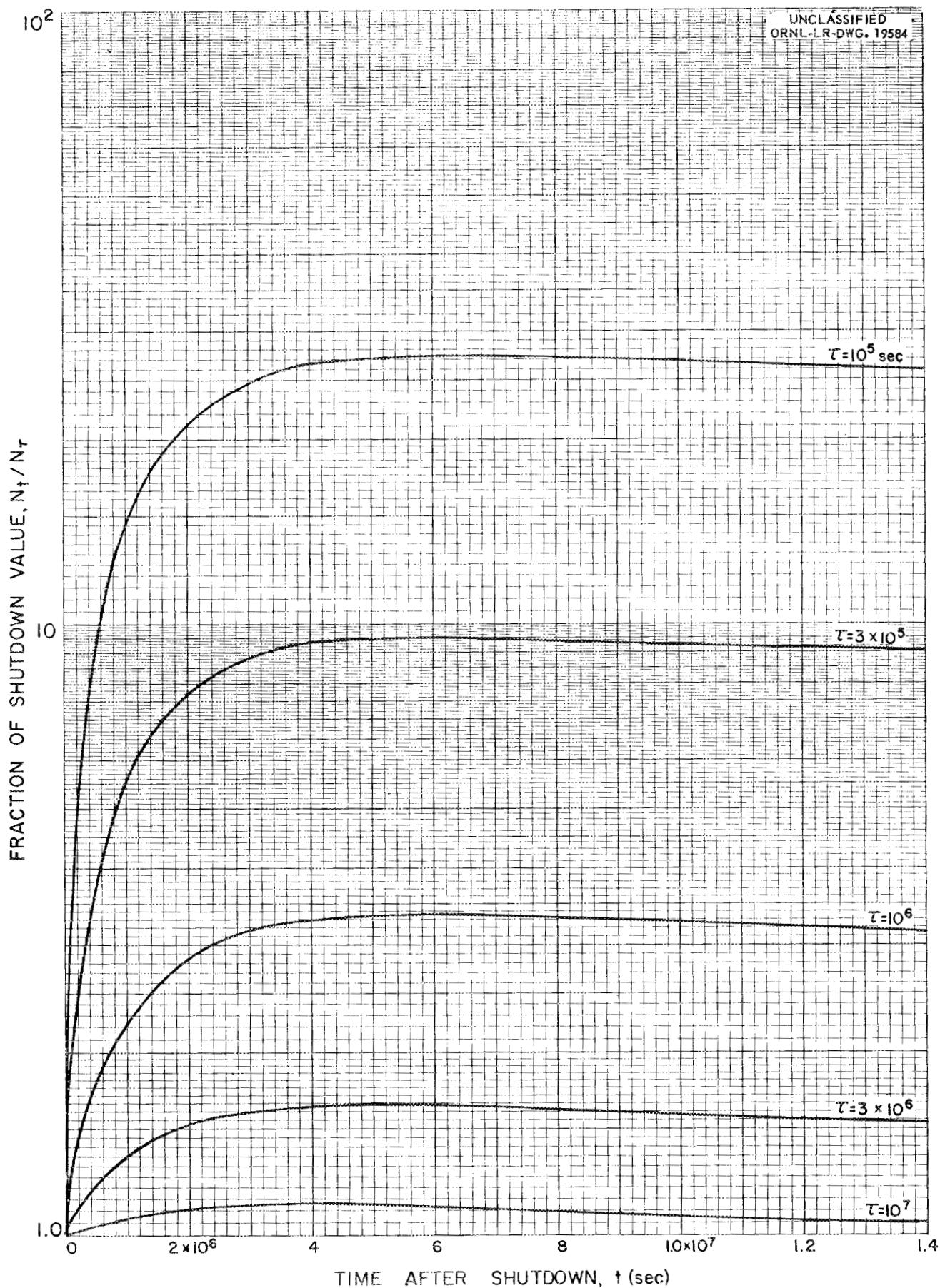


Fig. C-55. Fraction of Shutdown Value of 2.6y Pm^{147} at Various Times After Shutdown.

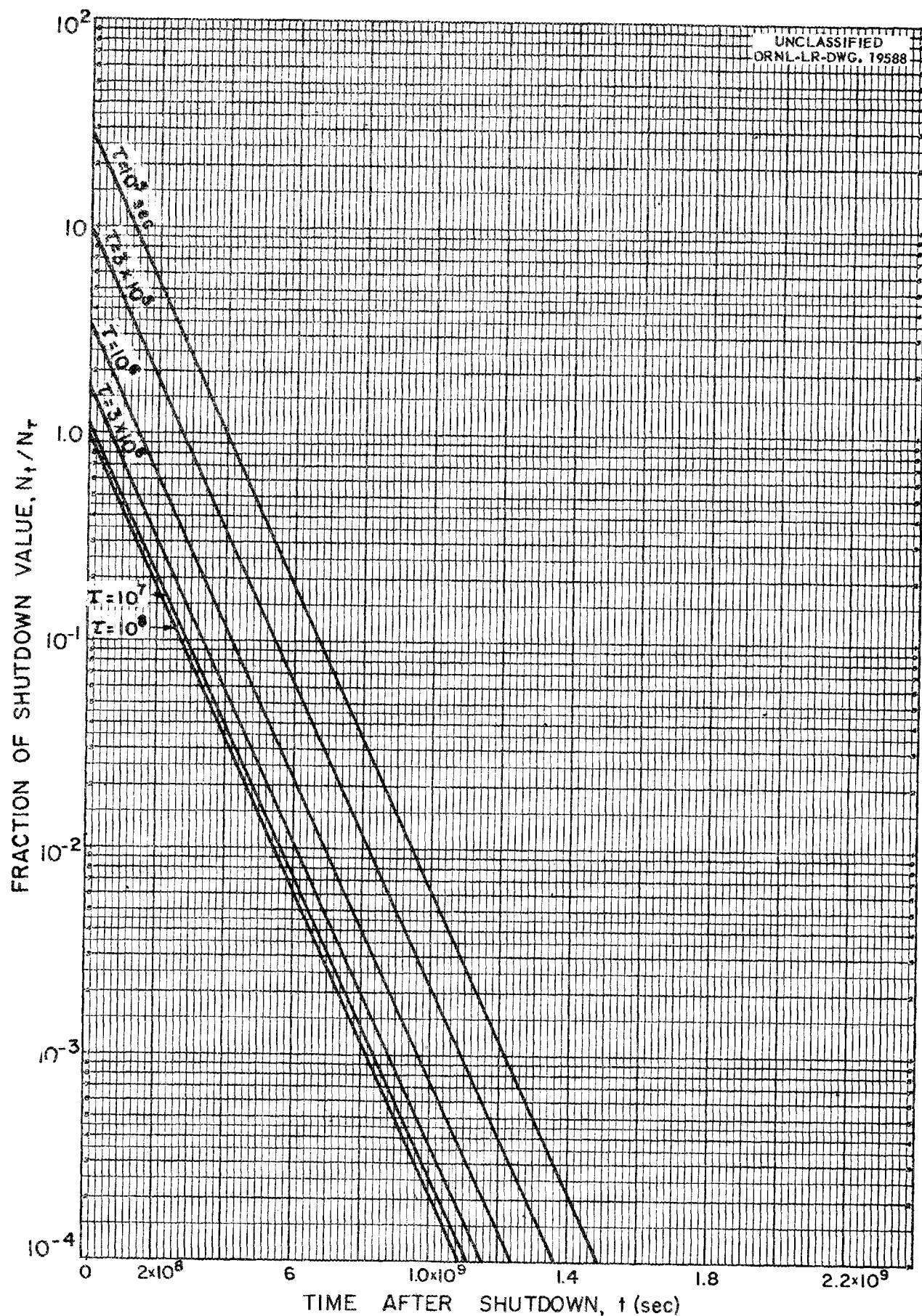


Fig.C-55a. Fraction of Shutdown Value of 2.6y Pm^{147} Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

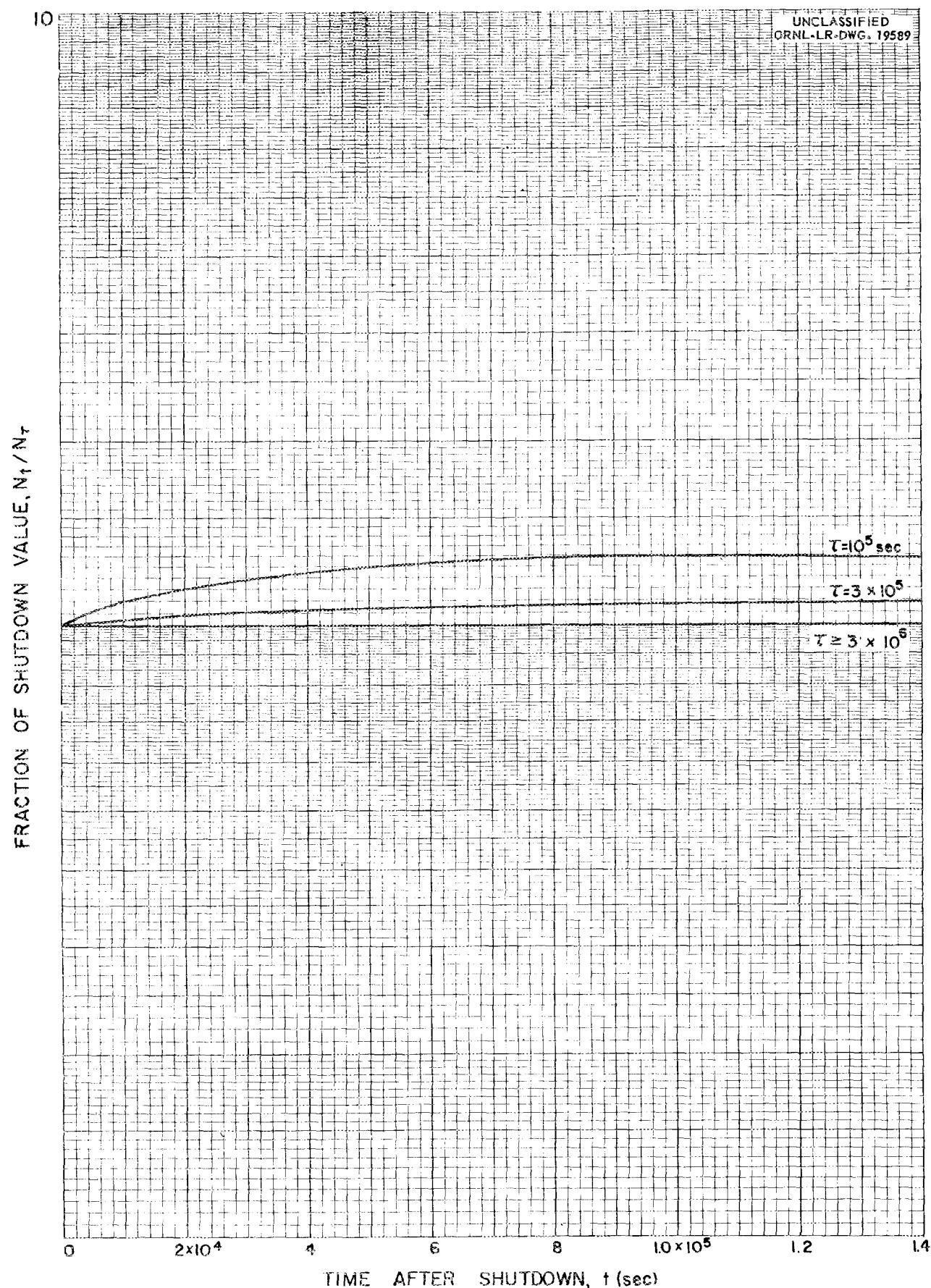


Fig. C-5G. Fraction of Shutdown Value of $10.27\text{y } \text{Kr}^{85}$ at Various Times After Shutdown.

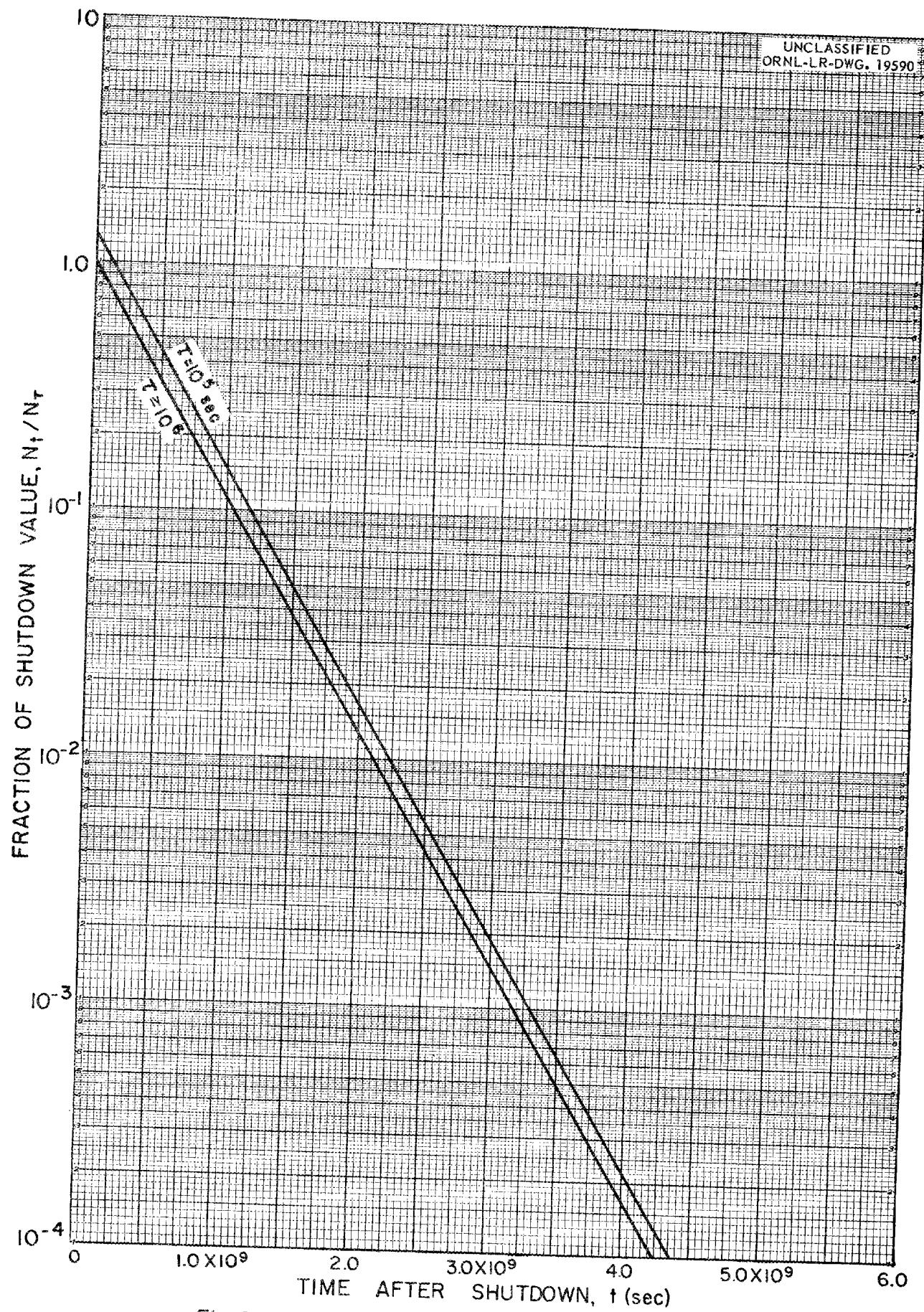


Fig. C-56a. Fraction of Shutdown Value of 10.27y Kr^{85} Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

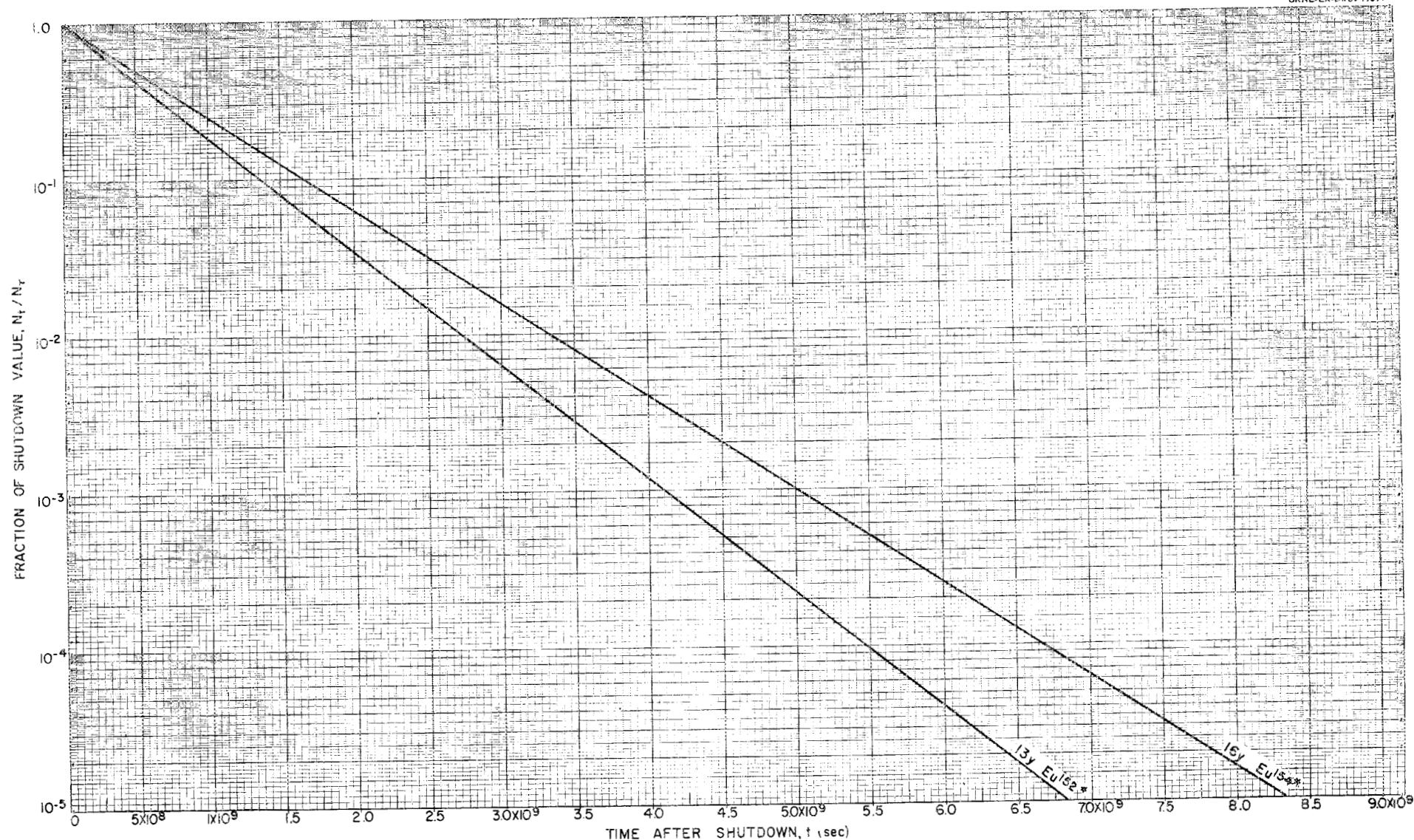


Fig. C-57. Fraction of Shutdown Value of Radioactive Fission Products Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

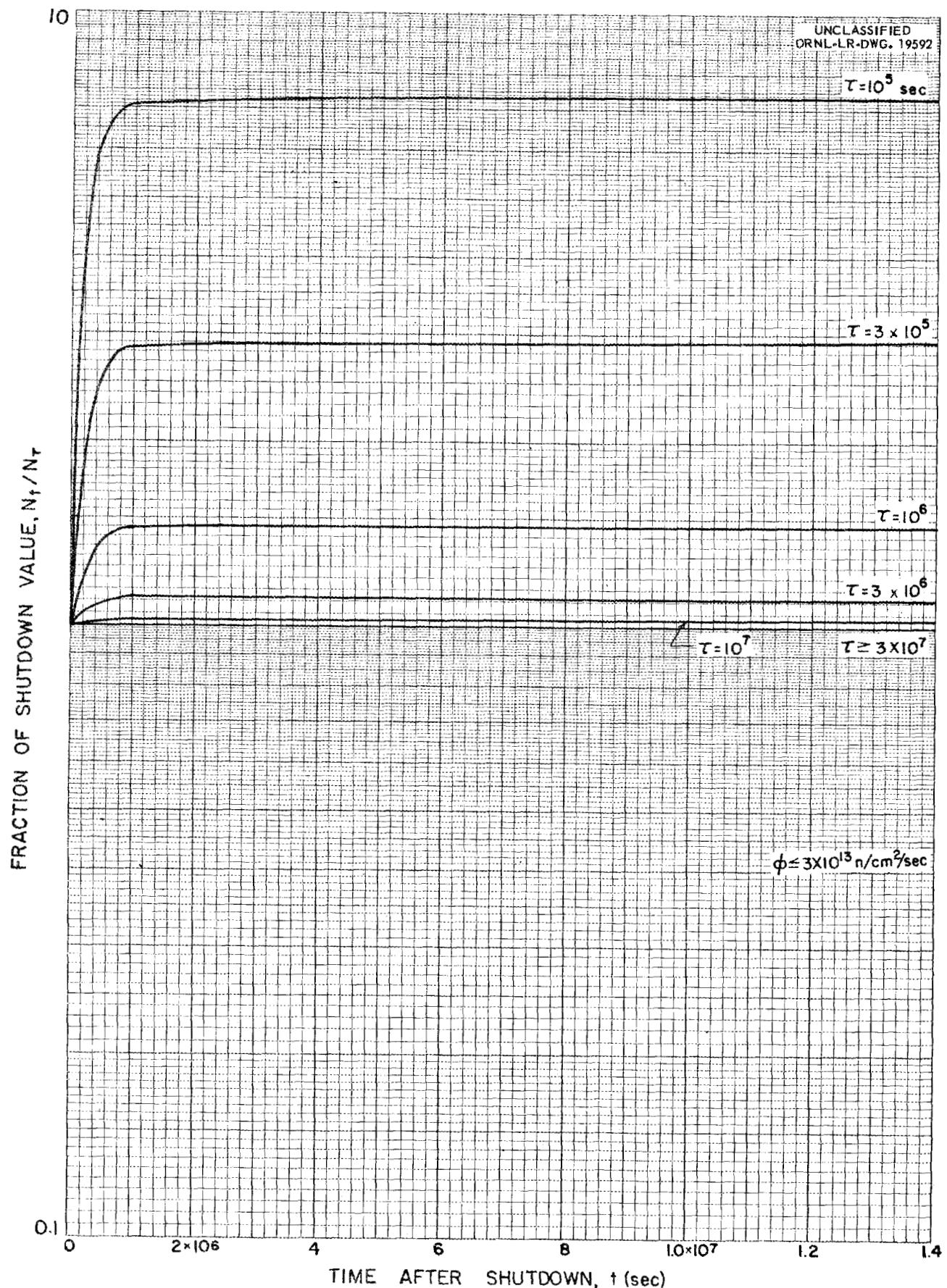


Fig. C-58. Fraction of Shutdown Value of $64.5\text{h } Y^{90}$ Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

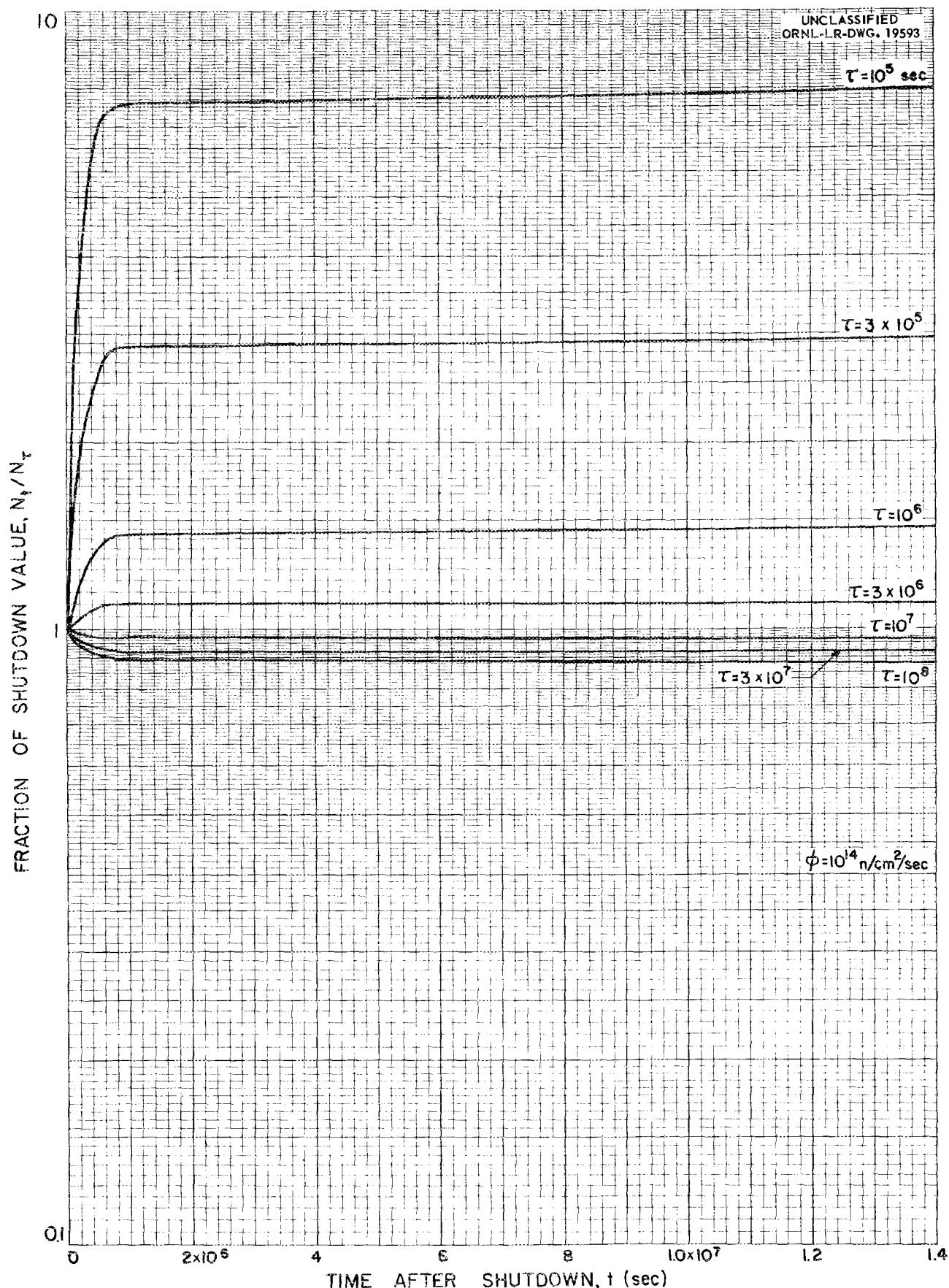


Fig.C-58a. Fraction of Shutdown Value of 64.5h Y⁹⁰ Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

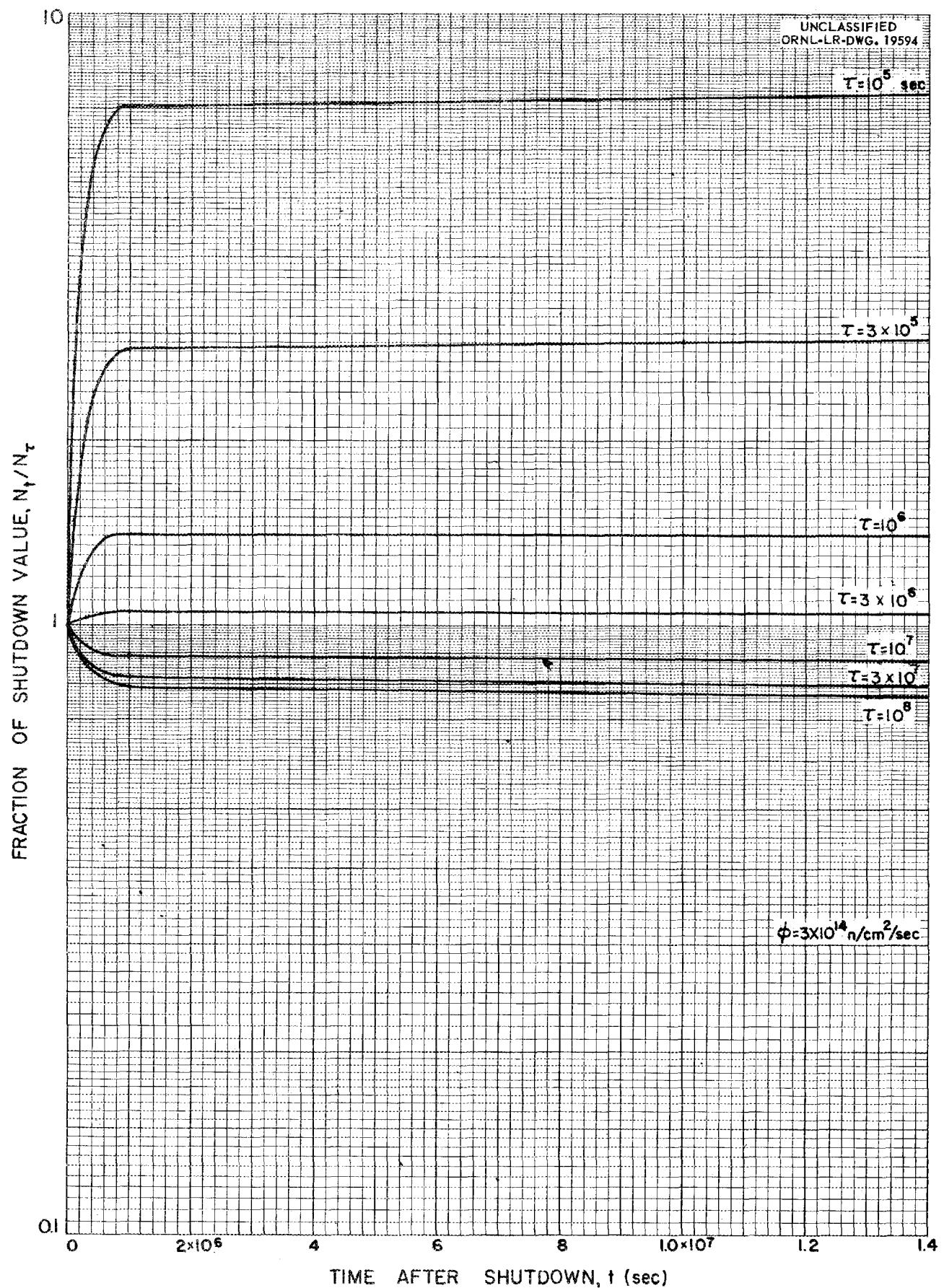
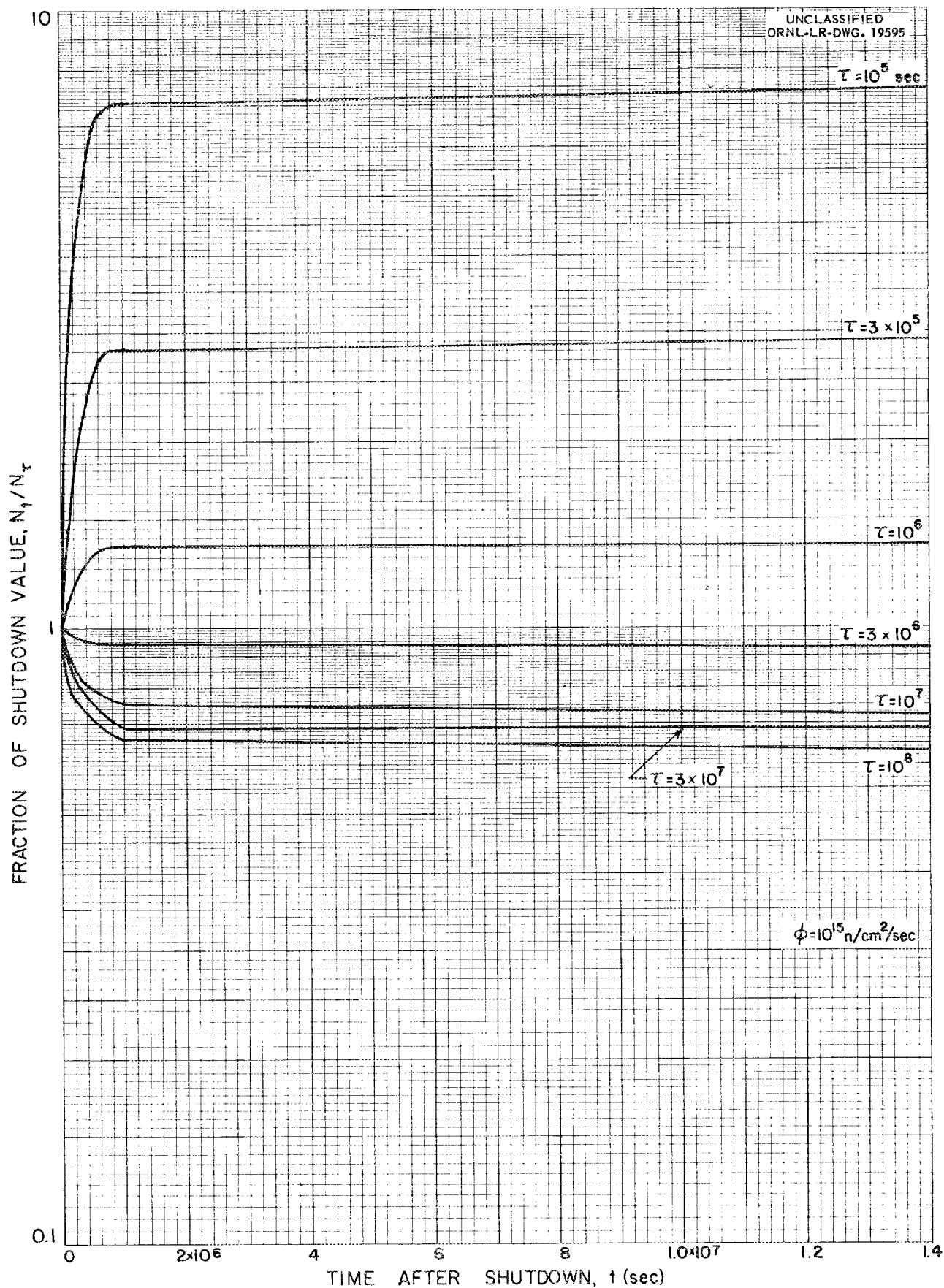


Fig.C-58 b. Fraction of Shutdown Value of $64.5\text{h } Y^{90}$ Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

Fig. C-58c. Fraction of Shutdown Value of $64.5\text{h } Y^{90}$ Remaining

at Various Times After Shutdown.

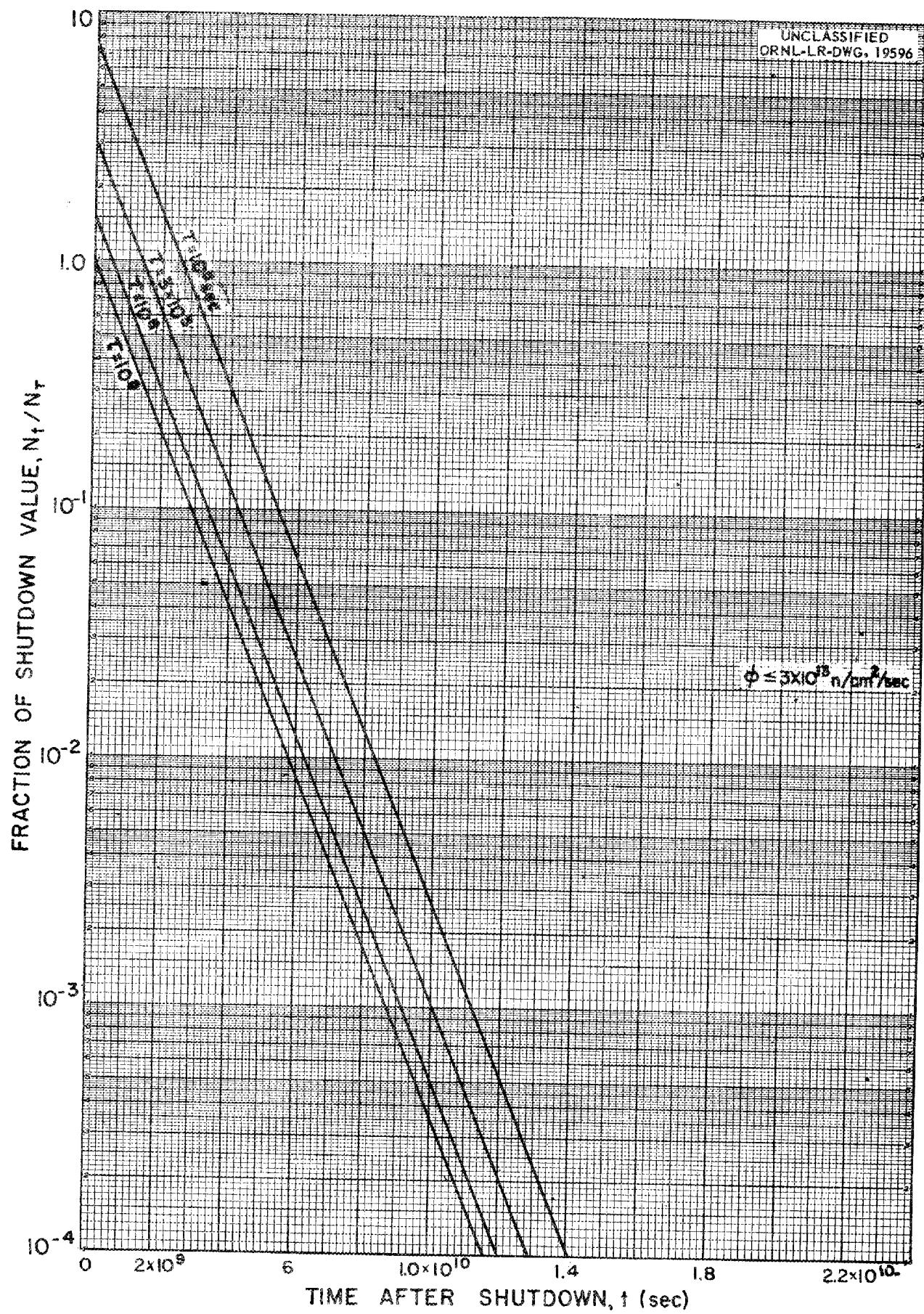


Fig. C-58d. Fraction of Shutdown Value of 64.5h Y^{90} Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

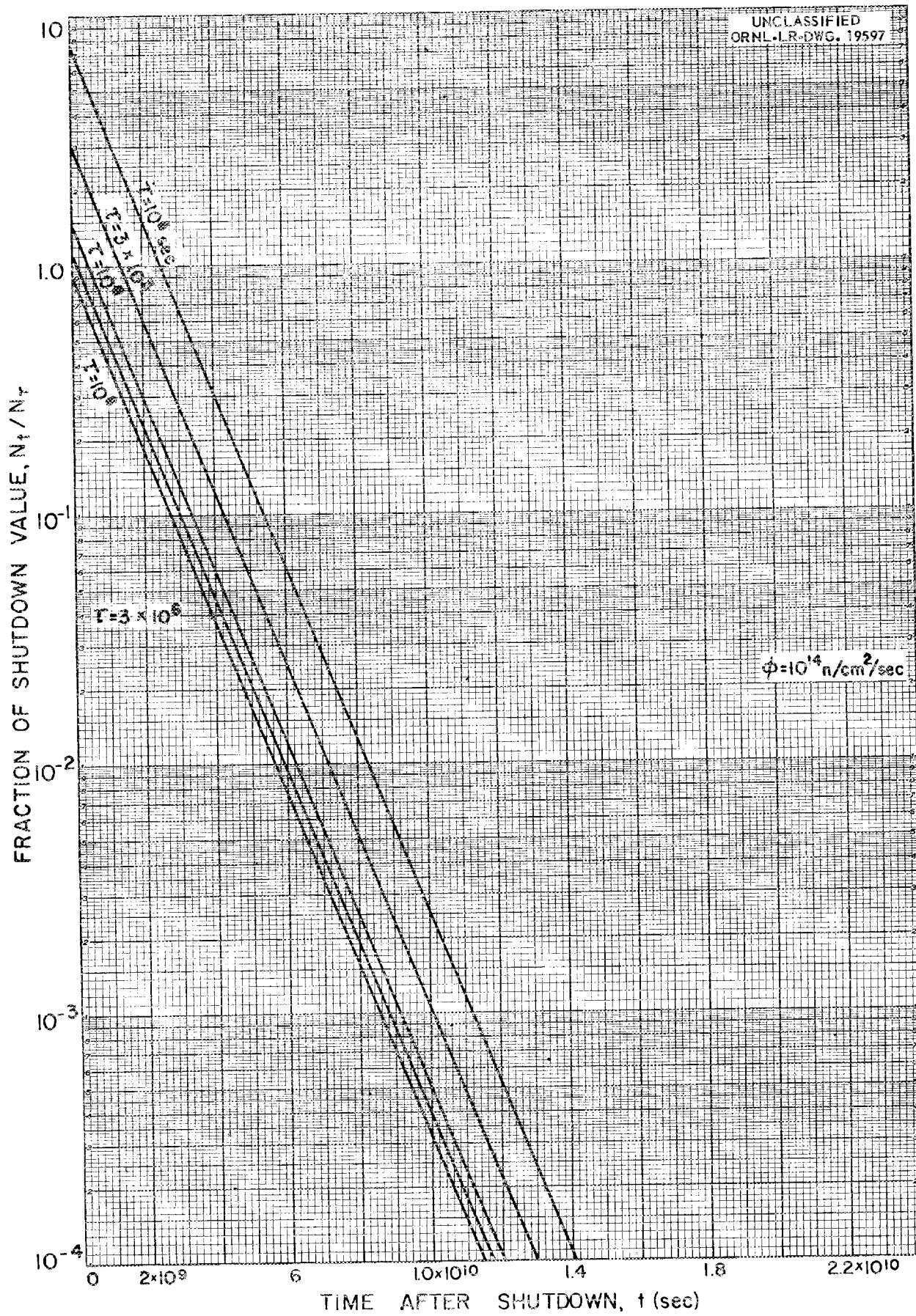


Fig. C-58e. Fraction of Shutdown Value of 64.5h Y^{90} Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

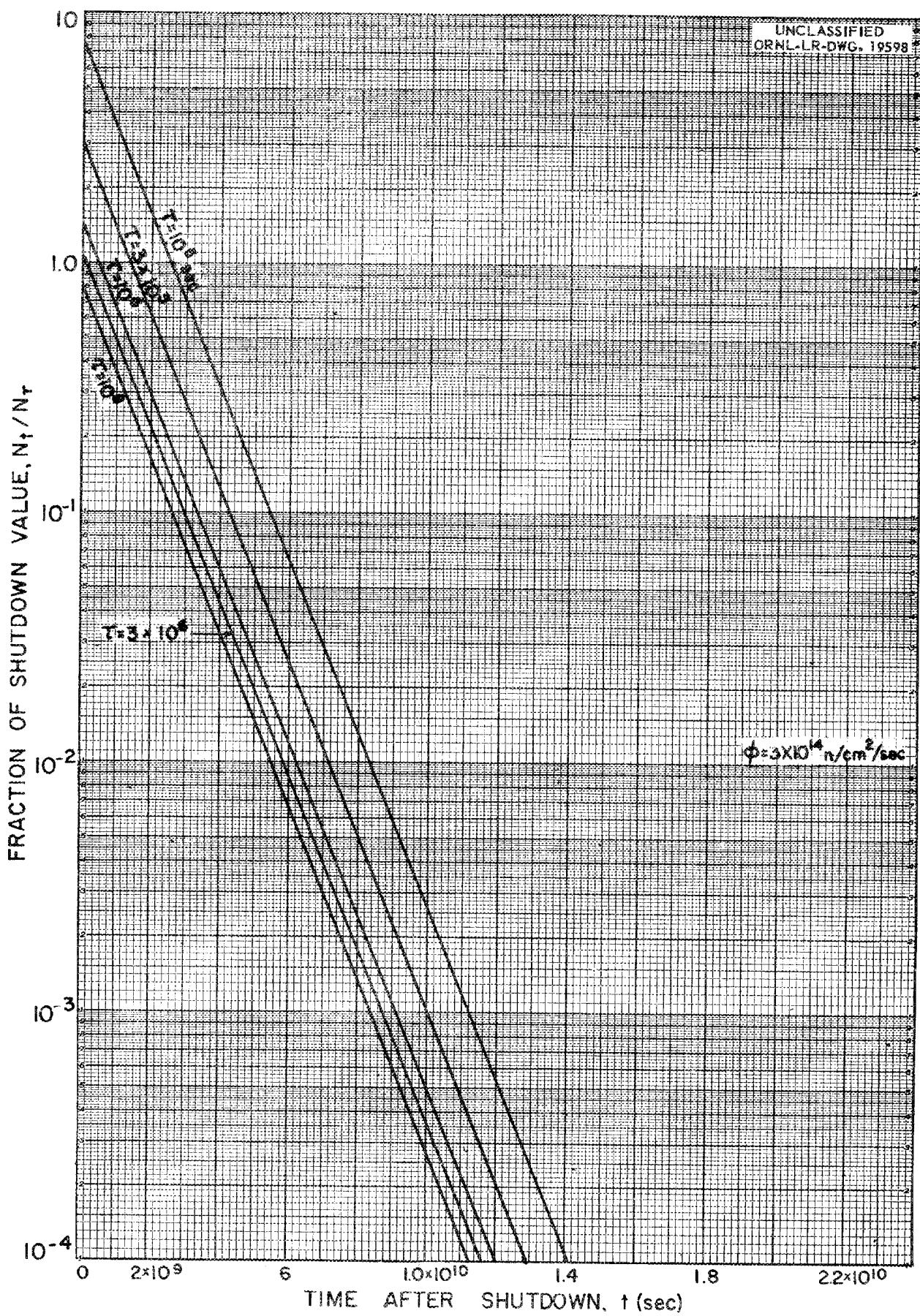


Fig. C-58f. Fraction of Shutdown Value of 64.5h Y^{90} Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

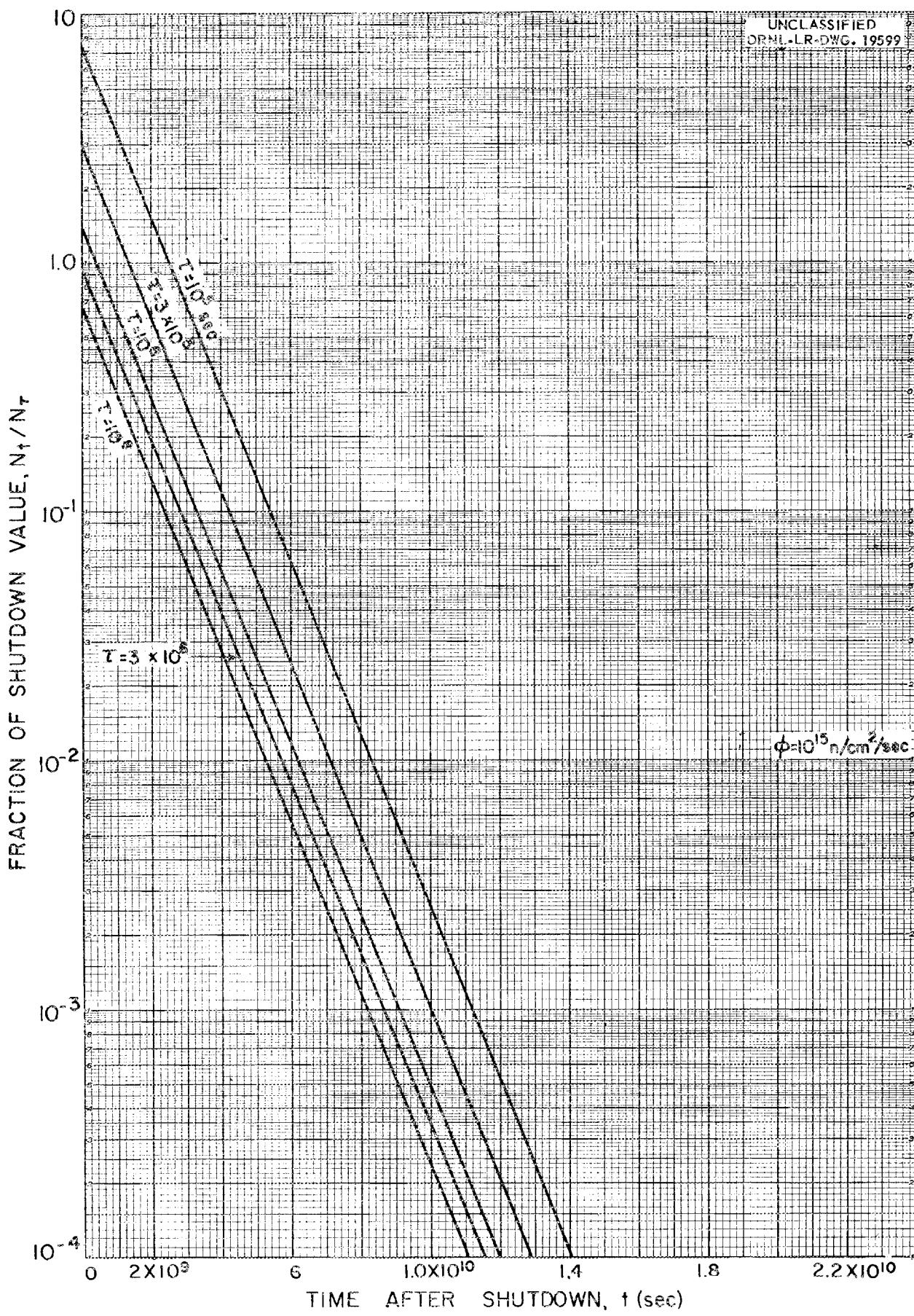


Fig.C-58g Fraction of Shutdown Value of 64.5h Y^{90} Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

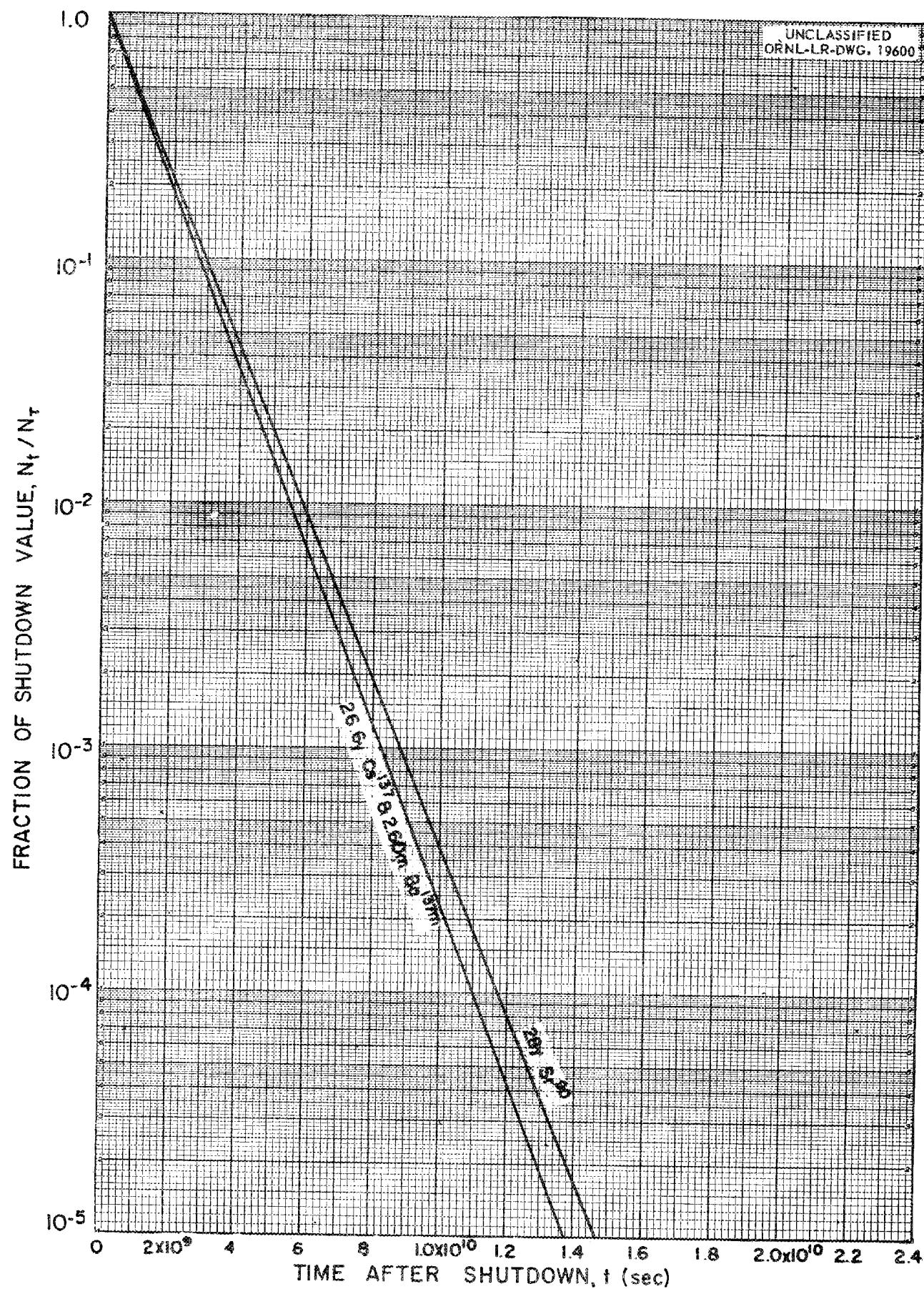


Fig. C-59. Fraction of Shutdown Value of Radioactive Fission Products Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

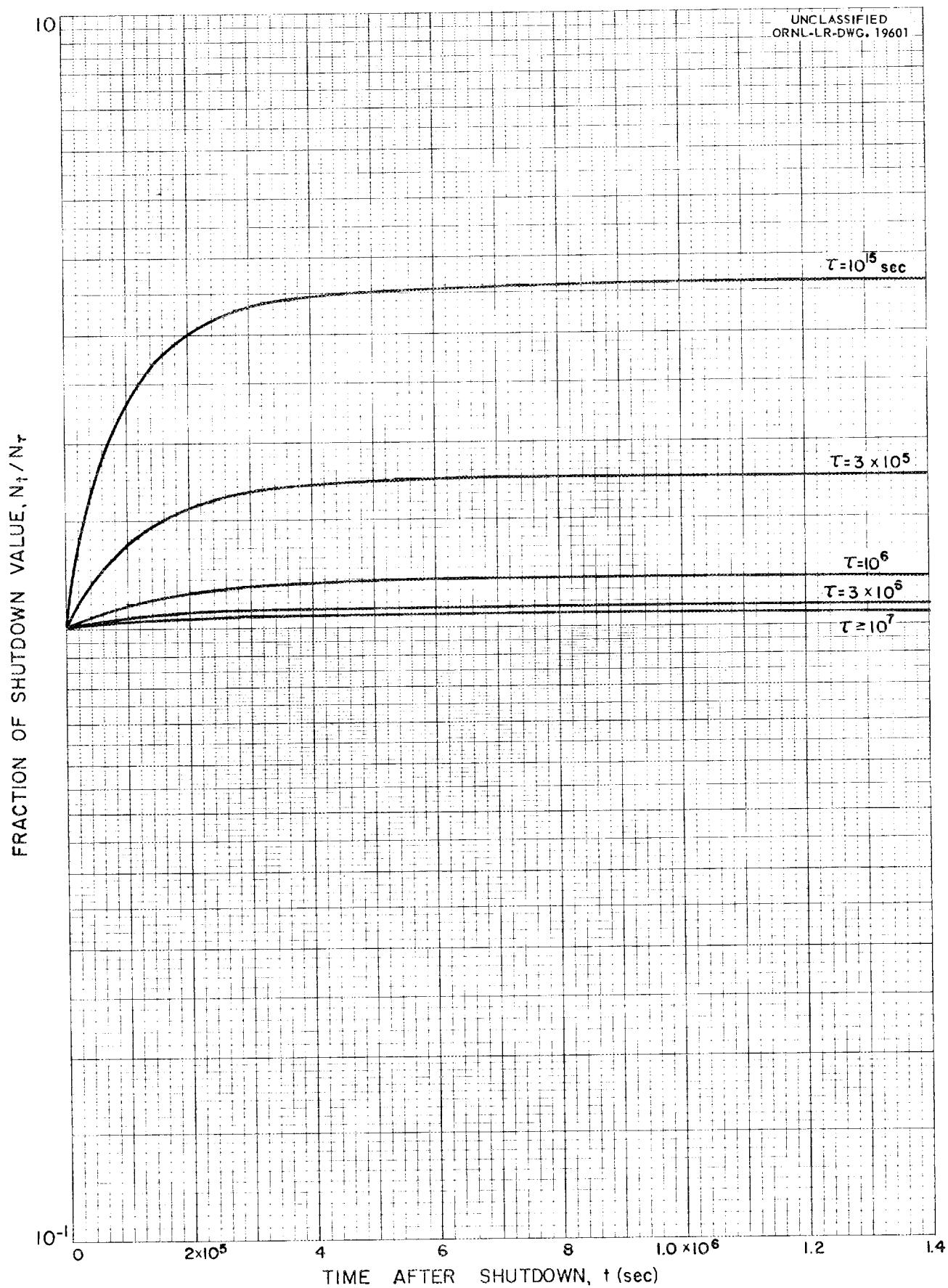
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Fig. C-60. Fraction of Shutdown Value of $^{93}\text{y Sm}^{151}$ Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.

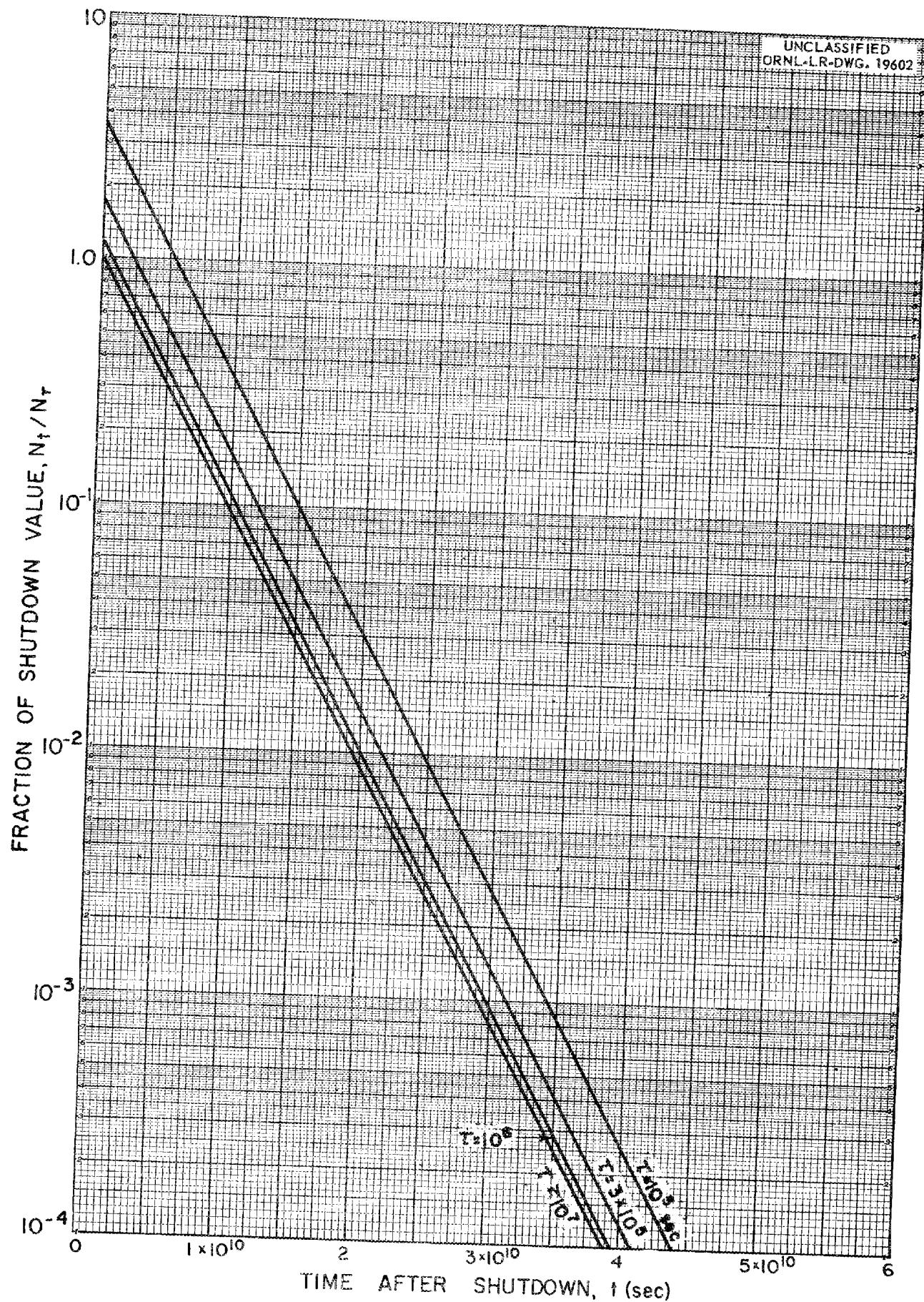


Fig. C-60a. Fraction of Shutdown Value of $^{93y}\text{Sm}^{151}$ Remaining at Various Times After Shutdown.